Experiment No.2#e

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<u>Aim:</u> To study advanced Data types and functions in Python.

Write a menu-driven program to demonstrate the use of dictionary in python:

- i) Create key/value pair dictionary.
- ii) Update/concatenate and delete item from existing dictionary.
- iii) Find a key and print its value.

Theory:

There are four different types in Python:

- 1. int(plain integers): this one is pretty standard -plain integers are just positive or negative whole numbers.
- 2. long (long integers): long integers are integers of infinite size. They look like plain integers except they're followed by letter "L".
- 3. float (floating point real values): floats represent real numbers, but are written with decimal points(for scientific notation) to divide the whole number into fractional parts.
- 4. complex(complex numbers): Represented by the formula a+bj where a and b are floats, and j is the square root of -1 (the result of which is an imaginary number). Complex numbers are used sparingly in Python.
- 5. A tuple is a collection type data structure which is immutable by design and holds a sequence of heterogeneous elements.
- 6. Tuples store a fixed set of elements and don't allow changes whereas the list has the provision to update its content.

Algorithms:

- 1. Begin
- 2. While True
- 3. Create a menu user i/p statement with the input choice using print
- 4. Take the input from the user and store it in var choice
- 5. Create a dictionary name my_dict which has key and values respectively.
- 6. Create another dictionary named my dict1
- 7. If choice == 1:
- 8. Print the original dictionary
- 9. Choice == 2:
- 10. Update the dictionary
- 11. By giving the value to the key
- 12. Choice == 3:
- 13. Extract and print down the value of the specified key
- 14. Choice == 4:
- 15. Print my_dict and my_dict1
- 16. To concatenate my_dict with my_dict1 use update keyword
- 17. Del the dictionary by del my dict[key to del]
- 18. Choice == 5:
- 19. Break
- 20. Exit

Codes:

```
while True:
  print("\n")
  print("Menu Driven Program")
  print("1. Print out the Dictionary: ")
  print("2. Update your Dictionary: ")
  print("3. Find a key & print value: ")
  print("4. concatenate and delete the dictionary: ")
  print("5. Exit ")
  choice = int(input("Enter your Choice: "))
  my_dict = {"Name": "Tom","Address": "Mumbai","Age": "19"}
  my dict1 = {"Car":"Mercedes-AMG","Model":2020,"Class":"A-Class"}
  if choice == 1:
    print("-"*30+"Dictionary-1"+"-"*30)
    print(my dict)
    print("-"*30+"Dictionary-2"+"-"*30)
    print(my dict1)
  elif choice == 2:
    my_dict["Name"] = "Frason"
    my_dict["Address"] = "Pune"
    print(my dict)
  elif choice == 3:
    print("Name: ",my_dict['Name'])
```

```
elif choice == 4:
    print("My dictionary1: ",my_dict)
    print("My dictionary2: ",my_dict1)
    my_dict.update(my_dict1)
    print("Final Dict after Concat: ",my_dict)
    key_to_del = input("Enter the key to delete: ")
    if key_to_del in my_dict:
        del my_dict[key_to_del]
    else:
        print("Enter a valid key.")
    print("Final Dict: ",my_dict)

elif choice == 5:
    break

else:
    print("You entered wrong choice")
```

Output:

```
In [9]: runcell(0, 'C:/Users/jkfra/Desktop/Py-Labs/Exp-2e.py')
Menu Driven Program
1. Print out the Dictionary:
2. Update your Dictionary:
3. Find a key & print value:
4. concatenate and delete the dictionary:
5. Exit
Enter your Choice: 1
-----Dictionary-1-----
{'Name': 'Tom', 'Address': 'Mumbai', 'Age': '19'}
-----Dictionary-2-----
{'Car': 'Mercedes-AMG', 'Model': 2020, 'Class': 'A-Class'}
Menu Driven Program
1. Print out the Dictionary:
Update your Dictionary:
3. Find a key & print value:
4. concatenate and delete the dictionary:
5. Exit
Enter your Choice: 2
{'Name': 'Frason', 'Address': 'Pune', 'Age': '19'}
Menu Driven Program
1. Print out the Dictionary:
Update your Dictionary:
3. Find a key & print value:
4. concatenate and delete the dictionary:
5. Exit
```

```
Menu Driven Program
1. Print out the Dictionary:
2. Update your Dictionary:
3. Find a key & print value:
4. concatenate and delete the dictionary:
5. Exit
Enter your Choice: 4
My dictionary1: {'Name': 'Tom', 'Address': 'Mumbai', 'Age': '19'}
My dictionary2: {'Car': 'Mercedes-AMG', 'Model': 2020, 'Class': 'A-Class'}
Final Dict after Concat: {'Name': 'Tom', 'Address': 'Mumbai', 'Age': '19', 'Car': 'Mercedes-AMG',
'Model': 2020, 'Class': 'A-Class'}
Enter the key to delete: Class
Final Dict: {'Name': 'Tom', 'Address': 'Mumbai', 'Age': '19', 'Car': 'Mercedes-AMG', 'Model':
2020}
Menu Driven Program
1. Print out the Dictionary:
2. Update your Dictionary:
3. Find a key & print value:
4. concatenate and delete the dictionary:
5. Exit
Enter your Choice: 5
In [10]:
```

Conclusion:

In this experiment we have successfully implement dictionary data structure and used different types of methodology to extract the given information.