# cquadr Stata module: User's Guide

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# The cquadr package

cquadr collects Stata routines that allow to execute the R package cquad inside Stata. This package makes use of the Stata module rcall that lets Stata and R to communicate.

The R package performs the estimation, based on conditional maximum likelihood, of the quadratic exponential model proposed by Bartolucci and Nigro (2010) and of a simplified and a modified version of this model. The quadratic exponential model (cquadextr) is suitable for the analysis of binary longitudinal data when state dependence (further to the effect of the covariates and a time-fixed individual intercept) has to be taken into account. Therefore, this is an alternative to the dynamic logit model having the advantage of easily allowing conditional inference in order to eliminate the individual intercepts and then getting consistent estimates of the parameters of main interest (for the covariates and the lagged response). The simplified version of this model (cquadbasicr) does not distinguish, as the original model does, between the last time occasion and the previous occasions. The modified version (cquadequr) formulates in a different way the interaction terms and it may be used to test in a easy way state dependence as shown in Bartolucci et al. (2018). The package also includes estimation of the dynamic logit model by a pseudo conditional estimator (cquadpseudor) based on the quadratic exponential model, as proposed by Bartolucci and Nigro (2012). Further details are provided in Bartolucci and Pigini (2017).

# **Preliminaries**

#### Install R

First of all, users are required to install the software R on their machines. It is a multi-platform free software, available for UNIX, Windows and MacOS. Further details and instructions are available at https://www.r-project.org/

#### cquad

Once the user has a working version of R, it is possible to install the cquad (version 2.1 or later) package (https://cran.r-project.org/package=cquad). All we need to do is to type in the R console:

> install.packages("cquad")

At this point, R should be ready. We're halfway there.

#### Stata

We have now to install three additional packages in Stata: github, rcall and clearly cquadr.

#### github

First we have to install this very useful module for managing Stata packages from GitHub (https://github.com/haghish/github). We just need to type in our Stata console:

. net install github, from("https://haghish.github.io/github/")

#### rcall

Once github is ready, we install the rcall function, which lets R and Stata interact (https://github.com/haghish/rcall).

. github install haghish/rcall

#### cquadr

Finally, it is possible to install the cquadr package by the ad hoc GitHub repository by:

. github install fravale/cquadr

This package includes four different functions: cquadbasicr, cquadextr, cquadequr and cquadpseudor. We can obtain the documentation for all the specific functions typing the help command, for example:

. help cquadbasicr

# Usage

This section reports a simple example that shows how to use the cquadr package.

### Input

The usage of the functions is very simple. The function command must be followed by the panel identifier id, the dependent variable depvar and the optional list of explanatory variables indepvars.

cquadbasicr id depvar [indepvars]

Here an example of a standard displayed output.

- . webuse union (NLS Women 14-24 in 1968)
- . cquadbasicr idcode union age grade

#### Unbalanced panel data

		l l
iteration		   lk-lko
1	-3439.91	Inf
2	-3138.46	301.45
3	-3137.59	0.872128
4	-3137.59	1.36272e-05
5	-3137.59	3.18323e-12

Call:
cquad\_basic(id = A[, 1], yv = A[, ncol(A)],

## Output

The package also provide some interesting quantities. The whole set of objects returned by the function can be displayed by:

```
. return list
```

scalars:

$$r(rc) = 0$$

matrices:

r(vcov) : 3 x 3 r(serr) : 3 x 1 r(ser) : 3 x 1 r(He) : 3 x 3 r(coefficients) : 3 x 1

Specifically, in order to manage a specific object, we need to type:

```
. matrix list r(coefficients)
```

```
r(coefficients)[3,1]
c1
age .02848173
grade -.03391173
y_lag 1.4491248
```

. matrix X = r(coefficients)

. di X[1,1] .02848173

Here above, two examples on how to show a specific object and how to store it for other purposes.

# References

- Bartolucci, F. and Nigro, V. (2010). A dynamic model for binary panel data with unobserved heterogeneity admitting a  $\sqrt{n}$ -consistent conditional estimator. *Econometrica*, 78(2):719–733.
- Bartolucci, F. and Nigro, V. (2012). Pseudo conditional maximum likelihood estimation of the dynamic logit model for binary panel data. *Journal of Econometrics*, 170(1):102–116.
- Bartolucci, F., Nigro, V., and Pigini, C. (2018). Testing for state dependence in binary panel data with individual covariates by a modified quadratic exponential model. *Econometric Reviews*, 37(1):61–88.
- Bartolucci, F. and Pigini, C. (2017). cquad: An r and stata package for conditional maximum likelihood estimation of dynamic binary panel data models. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 78.