



VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

# Trelliscope in the Tidyverse

Ryan Hafen

Author, TrelliscopeJS

# Stock Market Data

```
library(dplyr)
glimpse(stocks)
```

```
Observations: 125,928
```

```
Variables: 8
```

```
$ symbol <chr> "TWOU", "TWOU", "TWOU", "TWOU", "TWOU", "TWOU", "TWOU", "T...
$ date   <date> 2016-01-04, 2016-01-05, 2016-01-06, 2016-01-07, 2016-01-0...
$ open   <dbl> 27.21, 26.92, 26.19, 25.84, 25.31, 24.87, 23.82, 23.40, 21...
$ high   <dbl> 27.500, 27.420, 26.530, 26.470, 25.790, 24.870, 24.100, 23...
$ low    <dbl> 26.360, 26.280, 25.950, 24.523, 24.220, 23.220, 22.430, 21...
$ close  <dbl> 27.04, 26.54, 26.38, 25.23, 24.32, 23.72, 23.27, 21.85, 22...
$ volume <dbl> 530200, 448800, 297200, 635200, 364500, 404900, 1012100, 6...
$ adjusted <dbl> 27.04, 26.54, 26.38, 25.23, 24.32, 23.72, 23.27, 21.85, 22...
```



# Visualizing Stock Data

```
library(dplyr)
library(plotly)

candlestick_plot <- function(d)
  plot_ly(d, x = ~date, type = "candlestick",
    open = ~open, close = ~close,
    high = ~high, low = ~low)

candlestick_plot(filter(stocks, symbol == "AAPL"))
```

# Tidyverse: Nested Data Frames

```
by_symbol <- stocks %>%  
  group_by(symbol) %>%  
  nest()
```

```
by_symbol
```

```
# A tibble: 500 x 2  
  symbol data  
  <chr>   <list>  
1 TWOU   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
2 JOBS   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
3 ABMD   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
4 ACHC   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
5 ACAD   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
6 ACIW   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
7 ATVI   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
8 ADBE   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
9 AAPL   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
10 AEIS   <tibble [252 x 7]>  
# ... with 490 more rows
```

# Tidyverse: Computing on Nested Data Frames

## The `purrr map_*()` functions

```
by_symbol <- mutate(by_symbol,  
  last_close = map_dbl(data, function(x) tail(x$close, 1)))
```

```
by_symbol
```

```
# A tibble: 500 x 3  
  symbol data                last_close  
  <chr>  <list>                 <dbl>  
1 TWOU   <tibble [252 x 7]>         30.2  
2 JOBS   <tibble [252 x 7]>         33.8  
3 ABMD   <tibble [252 x 7]>        113  
4 ACHC   <tibble [252 x 7]>         33.1  
5 ACAD   <tibble [252 x 7]>         28.8  
6 ACIW   <tibble [252 x 7]>         18.2  
7 ATVI   <tibble [252 x 7]>         36.1  
8 ADBE   <tibble [252 x 7]>        103  
9 AAPL   <tibble [252 x 7]>         26.8  
10 AEIS   <tibble [252 x 7]>         54.8  
# ... with 490 more rows
```



# Trelliscope in the Tidyverse: Plot Columns

```
map_plot()
```

```
library(trelliscopejs)
```

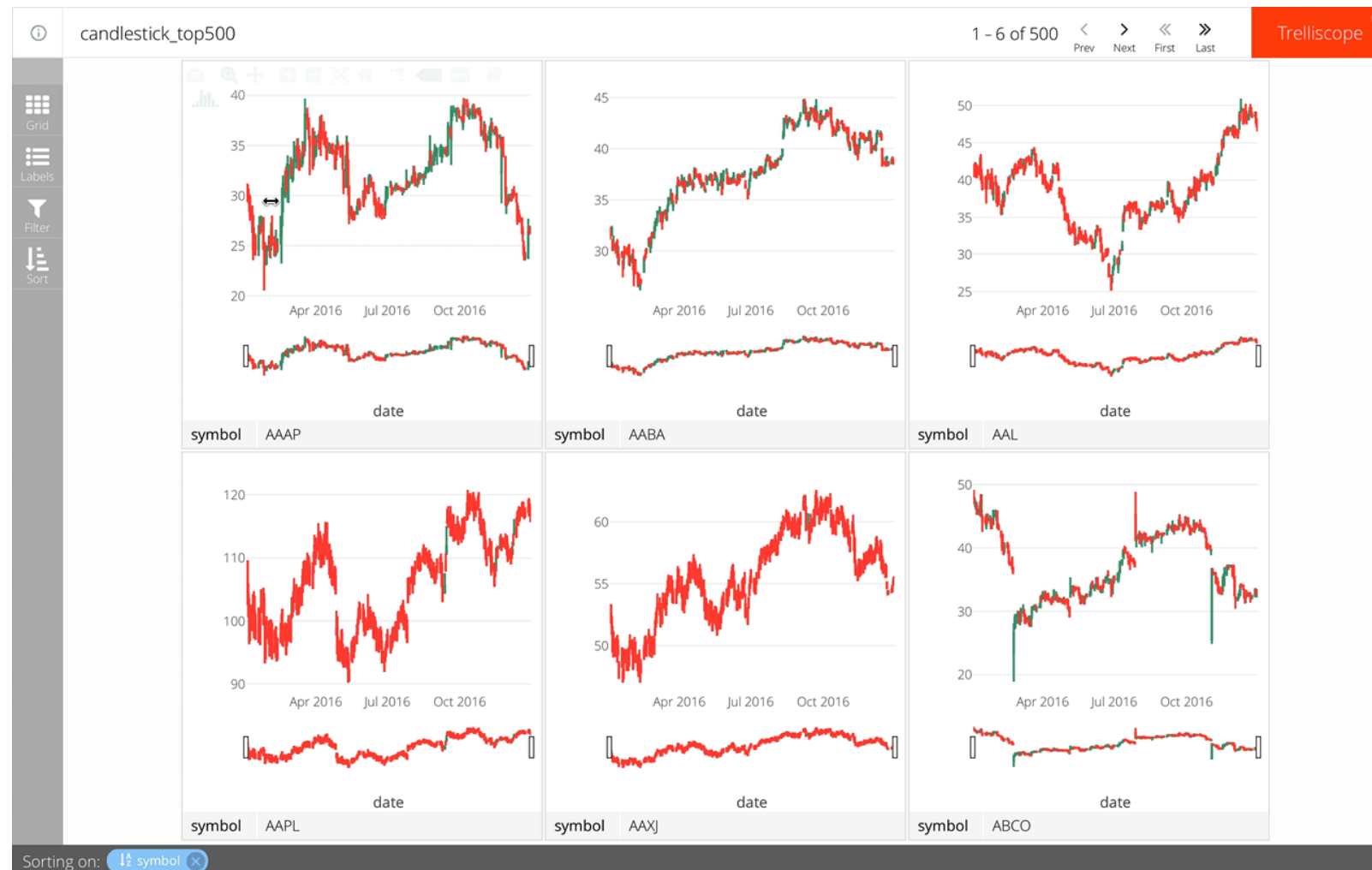
```
by_symbol <- mutate(by_symbol,  
  panel = map_plot(data, candlestick_plot))
```

```
# A tibble: 500 x 4  
  symbol data                last_close panel  
  <chr>   <list>              <dbl>   <list>  
1 TWOU   <tibble [252 x 7]>        30.2   <S3: plotly>  
2 JOBS   <tibble [252 x 7]>        33.8   <S3: plotly>  
3 ABMD   <tibble [252 x 7]>       113     <S3: plotly>  
4 ACHC   <tibble [252 x 7]>        33.1   <S3: plotly>  
5 ACAD   <tibble [252 x 7]>        28.8   <S3: plotly>  
6 ACIW   <tibble [252 x 7]>        18.2   <S3: plotly>  
7 ATVI   <tibble [252 x 7]>        36.1   <S3: plotly>  
8 ADBE   <tibble [252 x 7]>       103     <S3: plotly>  
9 AAPL   <tibble [252 x 7]>        26.8   <S3: plotly>  
10 AEIS   <tibble [252 x 7]>        54.8   <S3: plotly>  
# ... with 490 more rows
```



# Creating the Display

```
trelliscope(by_symbol,  
  name = "candlestick_top500",  
  nrow = 2, ncol = 3)
```





## VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

**Let's practice!**





VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

# Cognostics

Ryan Hafen

Author, TrelliscopeJS

# Variables = Cognostics

```
by_symbol
```

```
# A tibble: 500 x 4
  symbol data                last_close panel
  <chr>   <list>              <dbl> <list>
1 TWOU   <tibble [252 x 7]>        30.2 <S3: plotly>
2 JOBS   <tibble [252 x 7]>        33.8 <S3: plotly>
3 ABMD   <tibble [252 x 7]>       113    <S3: plotly>
4 ACHC   <tibble [252 x 7]>        33.1 <S3: plotly>
5 ACAD   <tibble [252 x 7]>        28.8 <S3: plotly>
6 ACIW   <tibble [252 x 7]>        18.2 <S3: plotly>
7 ATVI   <tibble [252 x 7]>        36.1 <S3: plotly>
8 ADBE   <tibble [252 x 7]>       103    <S3: plotly>
9 AAPL   <tibble [252 x 7]>        26.8 <S3: plotly>
10 AEIS   <tibble [252 x 7]>        54.8 <S3: plotly>
# ... with 490 more rows
```

# Adding Cognostics to the Stock Data

```
stocks_meta
```

```
# A tibble: 500 x 6
  symbol company      market_cap ipo_year sector industry
  <chr>   <chr>          <dbl>    <dbl> <chr>   <chr>
1 AAPL   Apple Inc.      7917300000000 1980 Technol... Computer Manufa...
2 GOOGL  Alphabet Inc.   6685000000000 NA Technol... Computer Softwa...
3 GOOG   Alphabet Inc.   6578900000000 2004 Technol... Computer Softwa...
4 MSFT   Microsoft Corporation 5689600000000 1986 Technol... Computer Softwa...
5 FB     Facebook, Inc.   4900300000000 2012 Technol... Computer Softwa...
6 AMZN   Amazon.com, Inc. 4594300000000 1997 Consume... Catalog/Special...
7 CMCSA  Comcast Corporation 1782600000000 NA Consume... Television Serv...
8 INTC   Intel Corporation 1777600000000 NA Technol... Semiconductors
9 CSCO   Cisco Systems, Inc. 1651500000000 1990 Technol... Computer Commun...
10 AMGN  Amgen Inc.       1353300000000 1983 Health ... Biotechnology: ...
# ... with 490 more rows
```

```
library(dplyr)
by_symbol <- left_join(by_symbol, stocks_meta)
```

# Cognostics as Nested Data Frames

```
by_symbol <- mutate(by_symbol,  
  volume_stats = map(data, function(x) {  
    data_frame(  
      min_volume = min(x$volume),  
      max_volume = max(x$volume)  
    )  
  })  
))
```

```
> by_symbol %>% select(symbol, data, volume_stats) %>% head(3)  
# A tibble: 3 x 3  
  symbol data                volume_stats  
  <chr>  <list>                <list>  
1 TWOU   <tibble [252 x 8]> <tibble [1 x 2]>  
2 JOBS   <tibble [252 x 8]> <tibble [1 x 2]>  
3 ABMD   <tibble [252 x 8]> <tibble [1 x 2]>
```

```
> by_symbol$stats[[1]]  
# A tibble: 1 x 2  
  min_volume max_volume  
  <dbl>      <dbl>  
1    139800    1843900
```



# Customizing Cognostics

`cog()` function allows specification of cognostic behaviors in the viewer:

- `desc`: a free text description
- `default_label`: should this cognostic be shown by default in the viewer?

```
by_symbol <- mutate(by_symbol,  
  company = cog(  
    val = company,  
    desc = "company name",  
    default_label = TRUE  
  )  
)
```



## VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

**Let's practice!**



VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

# Trelliscope Options

Ryan Hafen

Author, TrelliscopeJS



# Trelliscope Options

`facet_trelliscope()` and `trelliscope()` provide several options for handling the display output:

- The directory in which to store the display
- Storing multiple displays in the same directory
- Providing more detailed descriptions of the display
- The plot aspect ratio
- Specifying the default viewer state

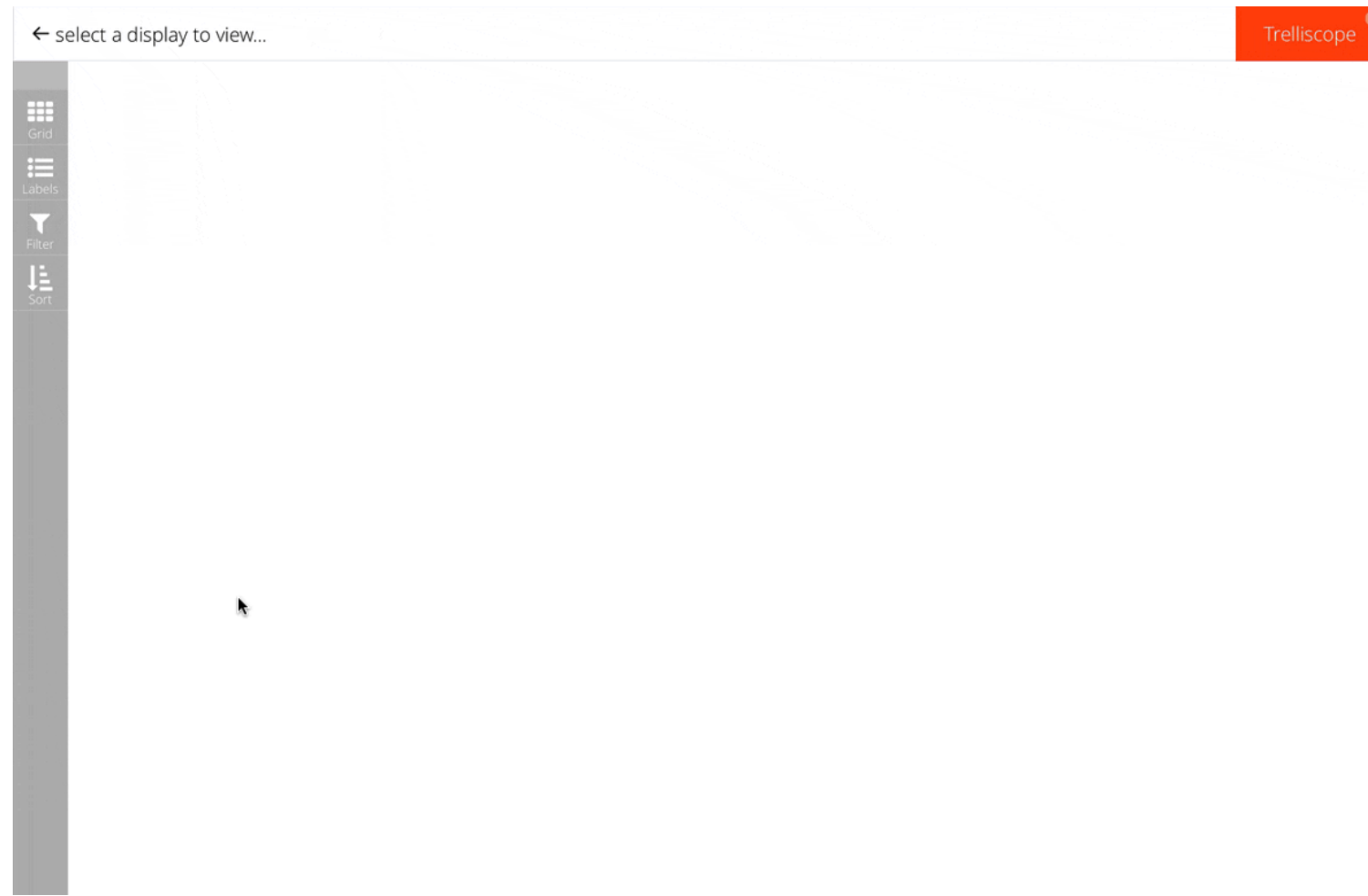




# Specifying the Output Directory

```
trelliscope(dat, path = "...", ...)
```

```
ggplot(...) +  
  ... +  
  facet_trelliscope(path = "...", ...)
```

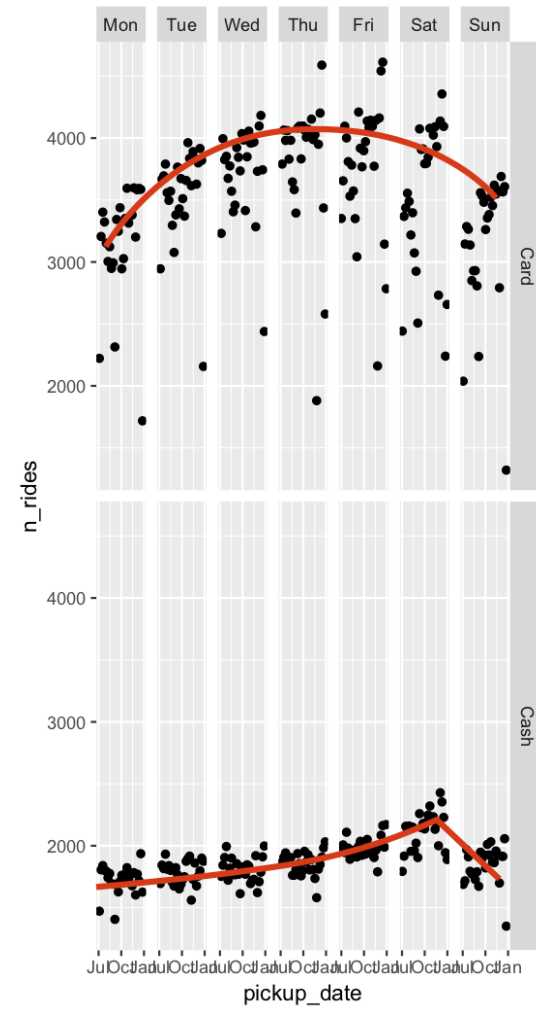




# Detailed Descriptions

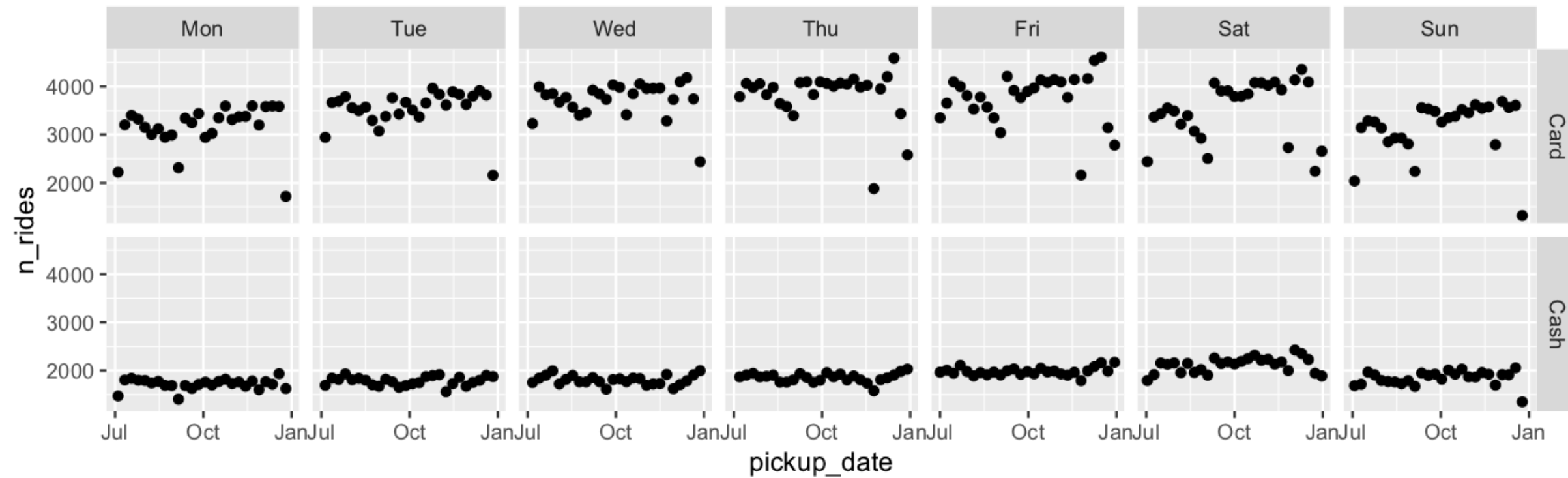
```
trelliscope(by_symbol,  
  name = "candlestick_top500",  
  desc = "Candlestick plot of the 500 most-traded NASDAQ stocks in 2016",  
  md_desc = "  
## Candlestick Plot  
  
A [candlestick plot](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Candlestick_chart)  
is a financial plot...  
  
...  
")
```

# Plot Aspect Ratio





# Plot Aspect Ratio





# Plot Aspect Ratio

```
trelliscope(dat, width = 600, height = 300, ...)
```

```
ggplot(...) +  
  ... +  
  facet_trelliscope(width = 600, height = 300, ...)
```



# Default Viewer State

```
trelliscope(dat, state = ..., ...)
```

```
ggplot(...) +  
  ... +  
  facet_trelliscope(state = ..., ...)
```



## VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

**Let's practice!**



VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

# Visualizing Databases of Images

Ryan Hafen

Author, TrelliscopeJS



# Pokemon!

```
> pokemon
# A tibble: 801 x 30
  pokemon      id species_id height weight base_experience type_1 type_2 attack
  <chr>    <int> <chr>      <int>  <int>      <int> <chr>  <chr>  <int>
1 bulbasa...    1  1         7      69         64 grass  poison    49
2 ivysaur      2  2        10     130        142 grass  poison    62
3 venusaur     3  3        20    1000        236 grass  poison    82
4 venusau...   4  3        24    1555        281 grass  poison   100
5 charman...   5  4         6      85         62 fire   NA      52
6 charmel...   6  5        11     190        142 fire   NA      64
7 chariza...   7  6        17     905        240 fire   flying    84
8 chariza...   8  6        17    1105        285 fire   dragon   130
9 chariza...   9  6        17    1005        285 fire   flying   104
10 squirtle  10  7         5      90         63 water  NA      48
# ... with 791 more rows, and 21 more variables: defense <int>, hp <int>,
#   special_attack <int>, special_defense <int>, speed <int>, ability_1 <chr>,
#   ability_2 <chr>, ability_hidden <chr>, color_1 <chr>, color_2 <chr>,
#   color_f <chr>, egg_group_1 <chr>, egg_group_2 <chr>, url_image <chr>,
#   generation_id <chr>, evolves_from_species_id <chr>,
#   evolution_chain_id <chr>, shape_id <chr>, shape <chr>, pokebase <chr>,
#   pokedex <chr>
```



# Image Panels

```
> select(pokemon, url_image)
# A tibble: 801 x 1
  url_image
  <chr>
1 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/001.png
2 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/002.png
3 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/003.png
4 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/003_f2.png
5 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/004.png
6 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/005.png
7 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/006.png
8 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/006_f2.png
9 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/006_f3.png
10 http://assets.pokemon.com/assets/cms2/img/pokedex/full/007.png
# ... with 791 more rows
```



# img\_panel()

```
pokemon <- mutate(pokemon,  
  panel = img_panel(url_image))
```

```
trelliscope(pokemon, name = "pokemon", nrow = 3, ncol = 6)
```



# A Database of Images

pokemon 1 - 18 of 801

Trelliscope

Filter Panels

Select a variable to filter on:

pokemon id species\_id

height weight

base\_experience type\_1

type\_2 attack defense

hp special\_attack

special\_defense speed

ability\_1 ability\_2

ability\_hidden color\_1

color\_2 color\_f



















egg\_group\_1 egg\_group\_2

generation\_id

evolves\_from\_species\_id

evolution\_chain\_id shape\_id

shape pokebase image

 pokemon id 1 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 2 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 3 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 4 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 5 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 6 generation_id 1
 pokemon id 7 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 8 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 9 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 10 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 11 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 12 generation_id 1
 pokemon id 13 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 14 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 15 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 16 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 17 generation_id 1	 pokemon id 18 generation_id 1

Sorting on: id generation\_id

# Local Images

```
path <- file.path(tempdir(), "pokemon_local")
dir.create(path)
for (url in pokemon$url_image)
  download.file(url, destfile = file.path(path, basename(url)))
```

```
pokemon$image <- basename(pokemon$url_image)
pokemon <- mutate(pokemon,
  panel = img_panel_local(image))

trelliscope(pokemon, name = "pokemon", nrow = 3, ncol = 6,
  path = path)
```



## VISUALIZING BIG DATA WITH TRELLISCOPE

**Let's practice!**