<u>Arrays</u>

• Concatenation of Array

```
class Solution {
   public int[] getConcatenation(int[] nums) {
      int n=nums.length;
      int[] ans=new int[n*2];
      for(int i=0;i<n*2;i++)
      {
        int x=i%n;
        ans[i]=nums[x];
      }
      return ans;
   }
}</pre>
```

• Contains duplicate

```
class Solution {
    public boolean hasDuplicate(int[] nums) {
        Arrays.sort(nums);
        for(int i=0;i<nums.length-1;i++)
        {
            if(nums[i]==nums[i+1])
            {
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
}</pre>
```

Valid anagram

```
}
}
```

```
class Solution {
    public boolean isAnagram(String s, String t) {
        if(s.length() != t.length())
            return false;
        HashMap<Character,Integer> map=new HashMap<>();
        for(int i=0;i<s.length();i++)</pre>
            char ch=s.charAt(i);
            map.put(ch,map.getOrDefault(ch,0)+1);
        for(char c : t.toCharArray())
            if(map.containsKey(c)==false)
            map.put(c,map.get(c)-1);
            if(map.get(c)==0)
                map.remove(c);
        return map.isEmpty();
```

```
class Solution {
   public boolean isAnagram(String s, String t) {
     if(s.length()) != t.length())
```

```
return false;

char[] ss=s.toCharArray();
 char[] tt=t.toCharArray();
 Arrays.sort(ss);
 Arrays.sort(tt);
 return Arrays.equals(ss,tt);
}
```

Two sum

```
class Solution {
   public int[] twoSum(int[] nums, int target) {

        HashMap<Integer,Integer> map=new HashMap<>();
        int[] arr=new int[2];

        for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++)
        {
            int x=target-nums[i];
            if(map.containsKey(x))
            {
                 arr[0]=map.get(x);
                 arr[1]=i;
                 break;
            }
            map.put(nums[i],i);
        }
        return arr;
    }
}</pre>
```

• Longest common prefix

```
class Solution {
   public String longestCommonPrefix(String[] strs) {
       if(strs.length==0)
           return "";
       else if(strs.length==1)
           return strs[0];
       String w=strs[0]; // Storing first string as initial prefix
       int l=w.length(),f=0; // flag
       while(!w.equals("")) // until w!=""
           f=0; // resetting flag each time
           for(int i=1;i<strs.length;i++)</pre>
                if(strs[i].length()<w.length()) // checking if current string is</pre>
                    f=1;
                    break;
                String wd=strs[i].substring(0,w.length());
                if(!w.equals(wd))
                    f=1;
                    break;
                }
           if(f==0) // if flag stays 0 it means prefix is ccommon in all
                return w;
           if(w.length()==0) // if the length of prefix is 0 we break to avoid
               break;
```

```
w=strs[0].substring(0,1--);
}
return "";
}
```

• Group anagrams

```
class Solution {
    public List<List<String>> groupAnagrams(String[] strs) {
        if(strs==null || strs.length==0)
            return new ArrayList<>();
        HashMap<String,List<String>> map=new HashMap<>();
        for(String s: strs)
            char[] c = s.toCharArray(); // converting string to character array
           Arrays.sort(c); // sorting anagrams give common string
           String wd=new String(c); // reverting back to string
           if(!map.containsKey(wd))  // searching if the common strings is
                map.put(wd,new ArrayList<>());
           map.get(wd).add(s); // adding anagrams in the key's list
        return new ArrayList<>(map.values());
```

```
class Solution {
    public int removeElement(int[] nums, int val) {
        int i=0,j=nums.length-1;
        while(i<=j)</pre>
            if(nums[i]==val)
                if(nums[j]!=val)
                     int t=nums[i];
                     nums[i]=nums[j];
                     nums[j]=t;
                    i++;
                j--;
                i++;
        return j+1;
```

```
class Solution {
   public int removeElement(int[] nums, int val) {
     int k=0;

     for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++)
     {
        if(nums[i]!=val)
           nums[k++]=nums[i];
     }</pre>
```

```
return k;
}
```

```
class Solution {
   public int removeElement(int[] nums, int val) {

      int k=0;
      ArrayList<Integer> list=new ArrayList<>();

      for(int i: nums)
      {
        if(i!=val)
            list.add(i);
      }

      for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++)
      {
        nums[i]=list.get(i);
      }
      return list.size();
   }
}</pre>
```

Majority element

```
class Solution {
   public int majorityElement(int[] nums) {

        HashMap<Integer,Integer> map=new HashMap<>();

        for(int i: nums)
            map.put(i,map.getOrDefault(i,0)+1);

        int max=-1,val=Integer.MIN_VALUE;
```

```
for(int i: map.keySet())
{
     if(map.get(i)>max)
     {
        max=map.get(i);
        val=i;
     }
}
return val;
}
```

```
public class Solution {
    public int majorityElement(int[] nums) {
        Arrays.sort(nums);
        return nums[nums.length / 2];
    }
}
```

```
public class Solution {
   public int majorityElement(int[] nums) {
      int candidate=0,count=0;  // Moore voting algorithm

      for(int i: nums)
      {
        if(count==0)
            candidate=i;
        count=count+((i==candidate)? 1 : -1);
      }
}
```

```
return candidate;
}
```

Design hashset

```
public class MyHashSet {
    private boolean[] data;

public MyHashSet() {
    data = new boolean[1000001];
```

```
public void add(int key) {
    data[key] = true;
}

public void remove(int key) {
    data[key] = false;
}

public boolean contains(int key) {
    return data[key];
}
```

Design HashMap

```
class MyHashMap {
   int[] arr;
   public MyHashMap() {
        arr=new int[1000001];
        Arrays.fill(arr,-1);
   }
   public void put(int key, int value) {
        arr[key]=value;
   }
   public int get(int key) {
        return arr[key];
   }
   public void remove(int key) {
        arr[key]=-1;
   }
}
```

• Sort an array

```
class Solution {
    public int[] sortArray(int[] nums) {
        int l=nums.length;
        mergesort(nums,0,1-1);
        return nums;
    static void mergesort(int[] arr,int 1, int r)
        if(1>=r)
        int mid=(l+r)/2;
        mergesort(arr,1,mid);
        mergesort(arr,mid+1,r);
        merge(arr,1,mid,r);
    static void merge(int[] arr,int l,int mid,int r)
        int n1,n2;
        n1=mid-l+1;
        n2=r-mid;
        int a[]=new int[n1];
        int b[]=new int[n2];
        for(int i=0;i<n1;i++)</pre>
            a[i]=arr[l+i];
        for(int i=0;i<n2;i++)</pre>
            b[i]=arr[mid+i+1];
        int i=0,j=0,k=1;
        while(i<n1 && j<n2)</pre>
            if(a[i]<b[j])</pre>
```

Sort colors

```
}
}
```

• Top K frequent elements

```
class Solution {
    public int[] topKFrequent(int[] nums, int k) {
        HashMap<Integer, Integer> map=new HashMap<>();
        for(int i:nums)
            map.put(i,map.getOrDefault(i,0)+1);
        int[] n=new int[map.size()];
        int a=0;
        for(int i:map.keySet())
            n[a++]=map.get(i);
        Arrays.sort(n);
        a=n.length-k;
        int[] ans=new int[k];
        int x=0;
        for(int i=a;i<n.length;i++)</pre>
            for(int j:map.keySet())
                if(map.get(j)==n[i])
                    ans[x++]=j;
                    map.remove(j);
                    break;
```

```
return ans;
}
```

```
class Solution {
   public int[] topKFrequent(int[] nums, int k) {
       // Step 1: Count frequency of each number using HashMap
       HashMap<Integer, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
       for (int i : nums) {
           map.put(i, map.getOrDefault(i, 0) + 1);
       ArrayList<Integer>[] bucket = new ArrayList[nums.length + 1];
       for (int key : map.keySet()) {
            int freq = map.get(key);
           if (bucket[freq] == null) {
                bucket[freq] = new ArrayList<>();
           bucket[freq].add(key);
       List<Integer> res = new ArrayList<>();
        for (int i = bucket.length - 1; i >= 0 && res.size() < k; i--) {
            if (bucket[i] != null)
                res.addAll(bucket[i]); // Add all numbers with this frequency
```

```
// Step 5: Convert result list to int[] for the final answer
int[] ans = new int[k];
for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)
        ans[i] = res.get(i);

return ans; //  ( O(n) overall time complexity
}
</pre>
```

• Encode and Decode strings

```
class Solution {
    public String encode(List<String> strs) {
        String wd="";
        for(String s:strs)
            wd+=s+"/";
        return wd;
    public List<String> decode(String str) {
        ArrayList<String> wd=new ArrayList<>();
        String w="";
        for(int i=0;i<str.length();i++)</pre>
            char ch=str.charAt(i);
            if(ch!='/')
                w+=ch;
            else
                wd.add(w);
                w="";
        return wd;
```

J

Or

```
class Solution {
    public String encode(List<String> strs) {
        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
        for (String s : strs) {
            sb.append(s.length()).append('#').append(s);
        return sb.toString();
    public List<String> decode(String str) {
        List<String> result = new ArrayList<>();
        int i = 0;
        while (i < str.length()) {</pre>
            int j = i;
            while (str.charAt(j) != '#') j++;
            int len = Integer.parseInt(str.substring(i, j));
            j++;
            result.add(str.substring(j, j + len));
            i = j + len;
        return result;
```

• Range sum query 2d immutable

```
class NumMatrix {
```

```
int[][] matrix;

public NumMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
    this.matrix=matrix;;
}

public int sumRegion(int row1, int col1, int row2, int col2) {
    int sum=0;
    for(int i=row1;i<=row2;i++)
    {
        for(int j=col1;j<=col2;j++)
        {
            sum+=matrix[i][j];
        }
    }
    return sum;
}</pre>
```

Products of arrays except self

```
class Solution {
    public int[] productExceptSelf(int[] nums) {
        int p=1,zero=0;
        for(int i:nums)
            if(i!=0)
                p*=i;
            else
                zero++;
        for(int i=0;i<nums.length;i++)</pre>
            if(zero>1)
                nums[i]=0;
            else if(zero==1)
                nums[i]=(nums[i]==0) ? p : 0;
                nums[i]=p/nums[i];
        return nums;
```

