


Article

Single-Cell Analysis of Human Pancreas Reveals Transcriptional Signatures of Aging and Somatic Mutation Patterns

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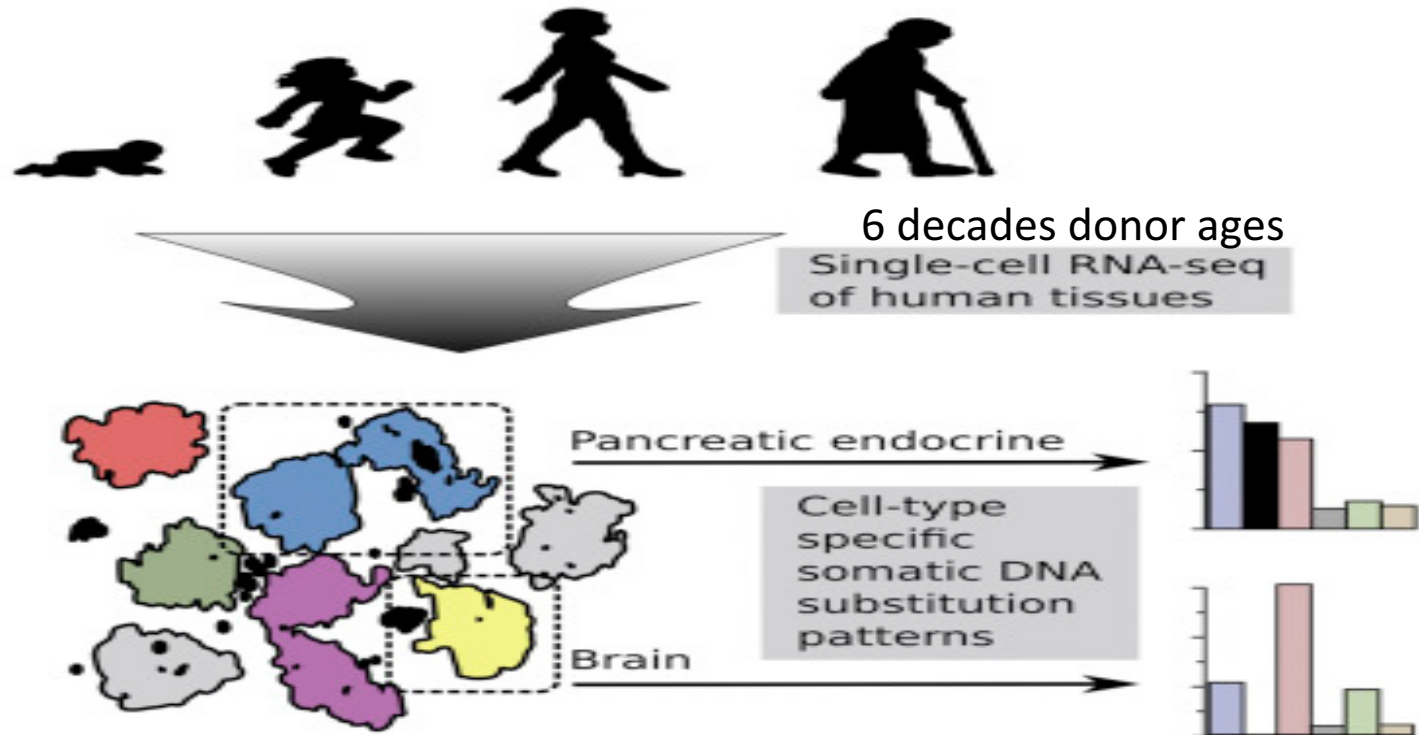
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RNA-seq of single cells from donors allows detection of stochastic age-related errors:

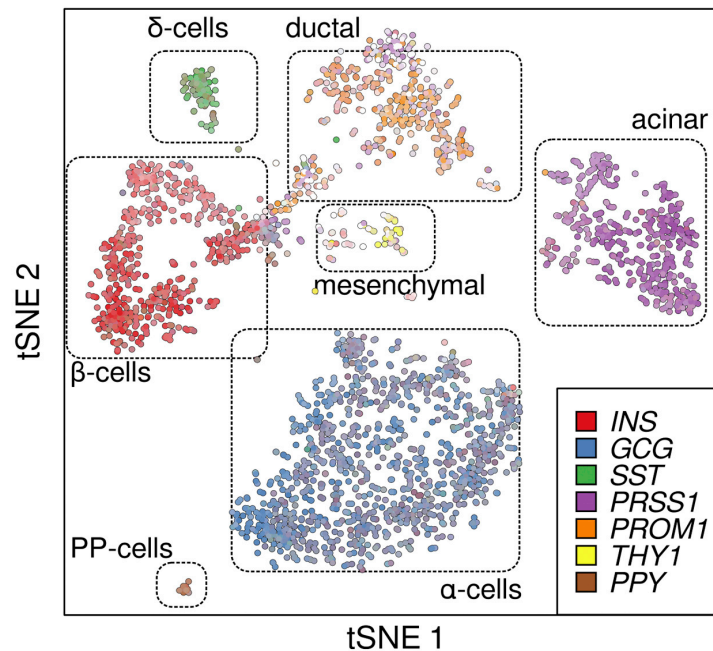
- Cells from older donors have increased transcriptional noise and signs of fate drift
- Endocrine pancreas cells display an oxidative stress-related mutational signature
- Cellular stress and metabolic genes are high in cells with accumulation of errors

Some definitions

- Transcriptional Noise: ***transcriptome instability*** or *Increased dysregulation of gene expression.*
- ERCC: ***RNA spike-in*** is an ***RNA transcript*** of ***known sequence*** and ***quantity*** used to ***calibrate measurements*** in RNA hybridization assays, such as RNA-Seq.
- Linear regression: In statistics, ***linear regression*** is a linear approach for ***modeling the relationship*** between ***a variable y*** and ***one or more explanatory variables*** (or independent variables) denoted *X*.
- CPM: *Counts per million. Unit to count gene expression level*

A Comprehensive Survey of Single Pancreatic Cells from Human Donors across Different Ages

A



Pancreas function:

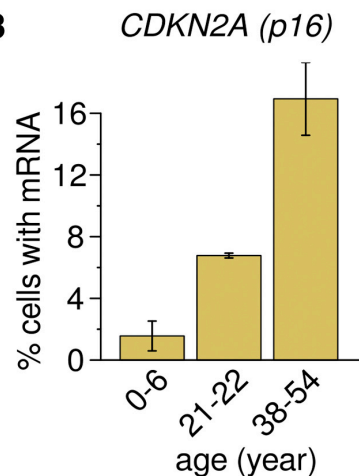
Endocrine gland: alpha- (*GluCaGon*),
beta- (*INSulin*) et delta- cells and
pancreatic PP .

- Glucagon: UP glucose levels in blood.
- Insulin: DOWN glucose levels in blood.

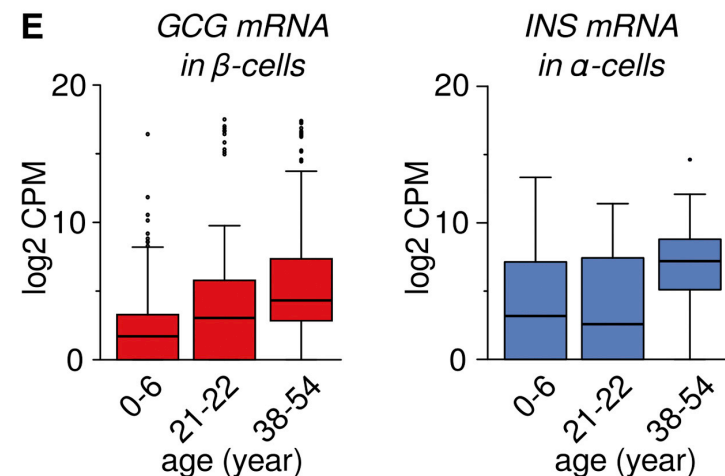


Type2 Diabetes (age-related disease)

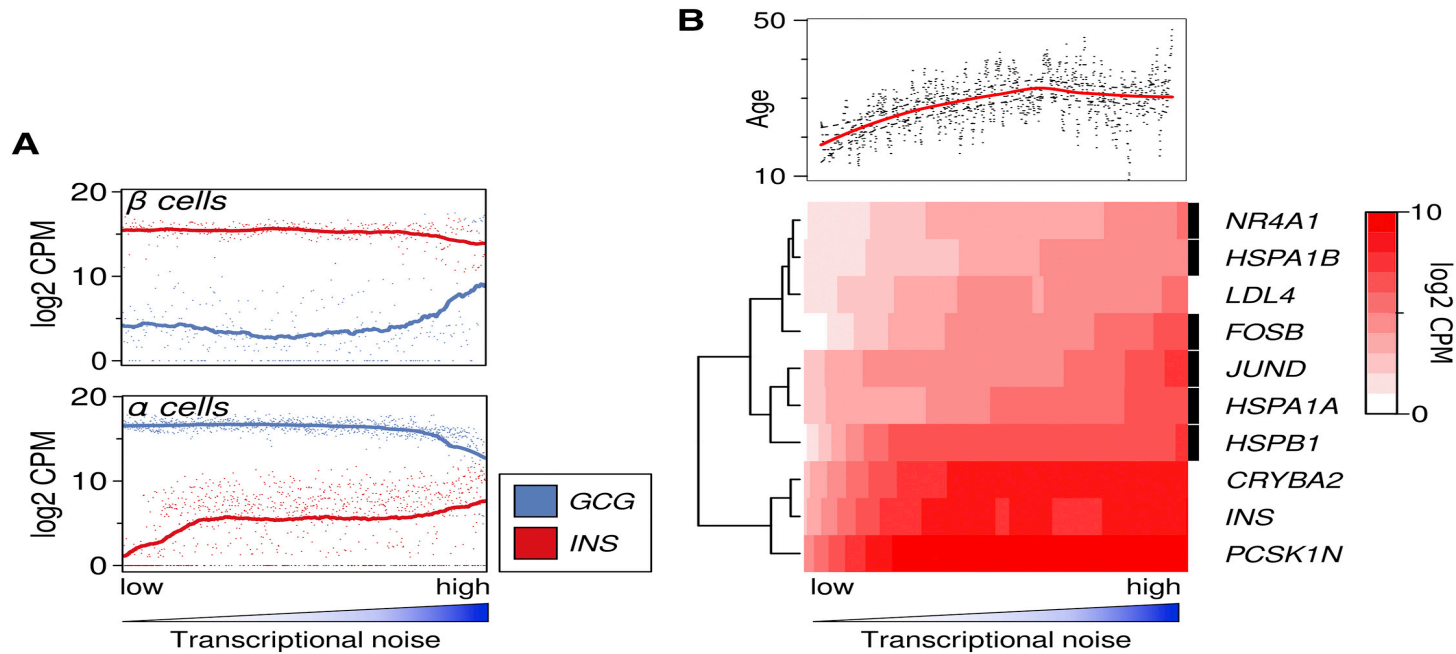
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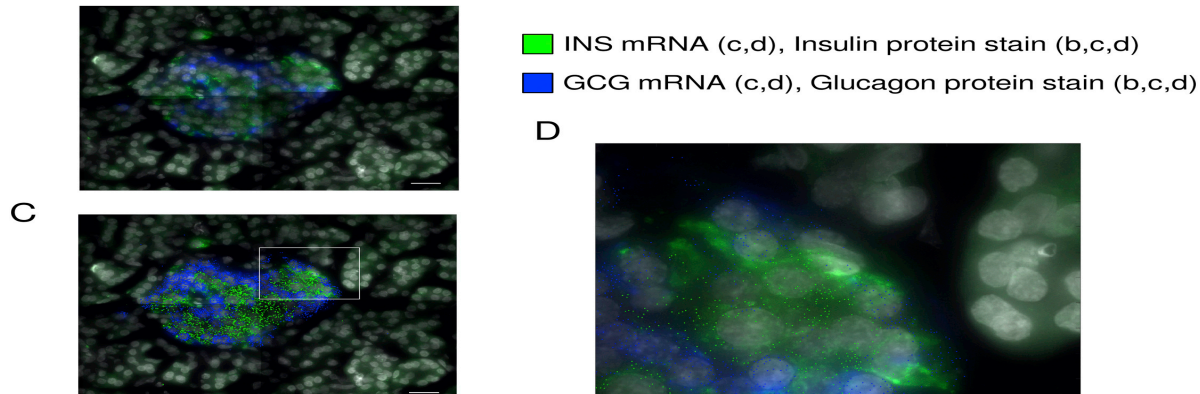
E



Transcriptional Instability and Fate Drift in Cells from Older Donors

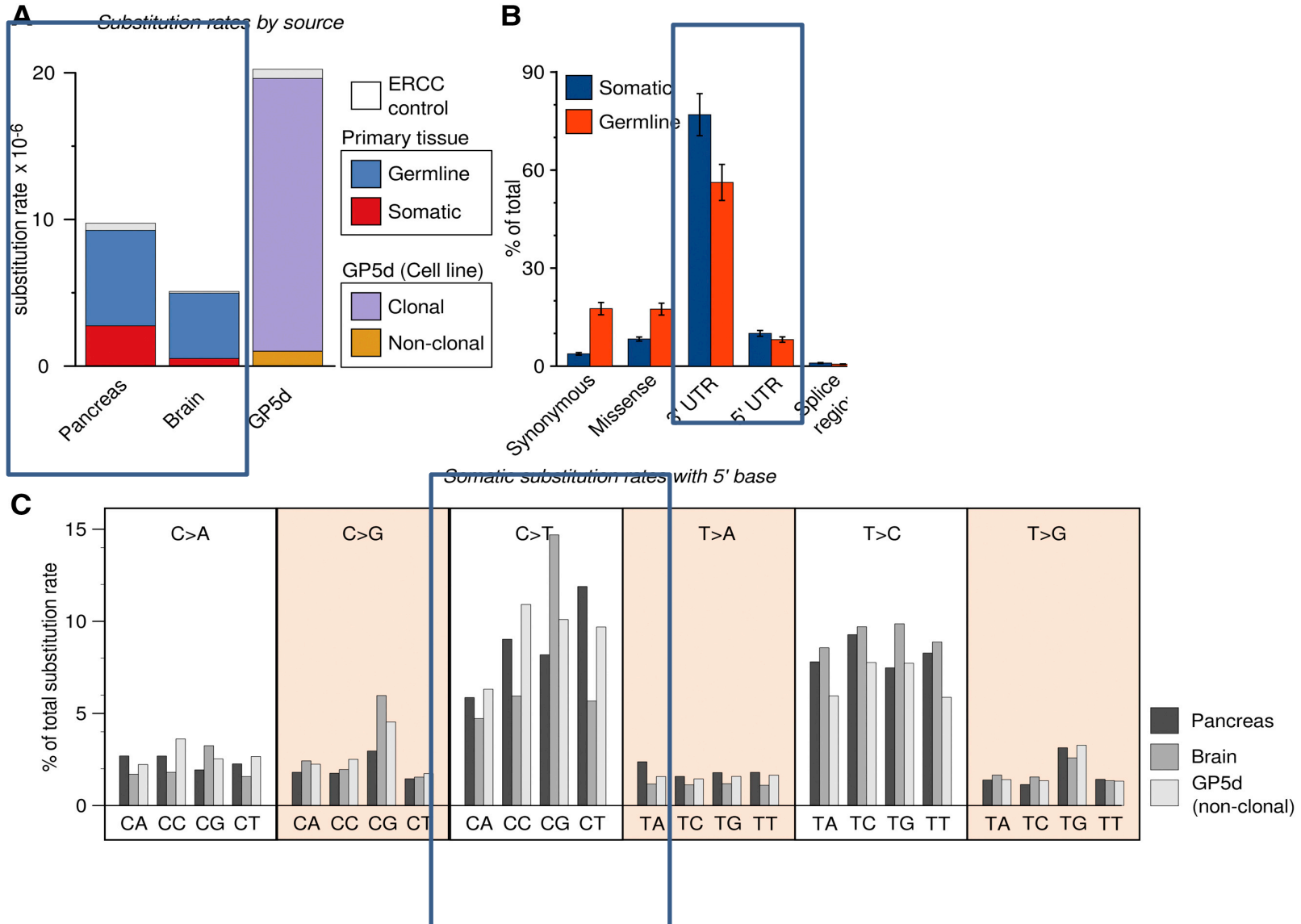


pancreatic islet containing cells with atypical hormone expression

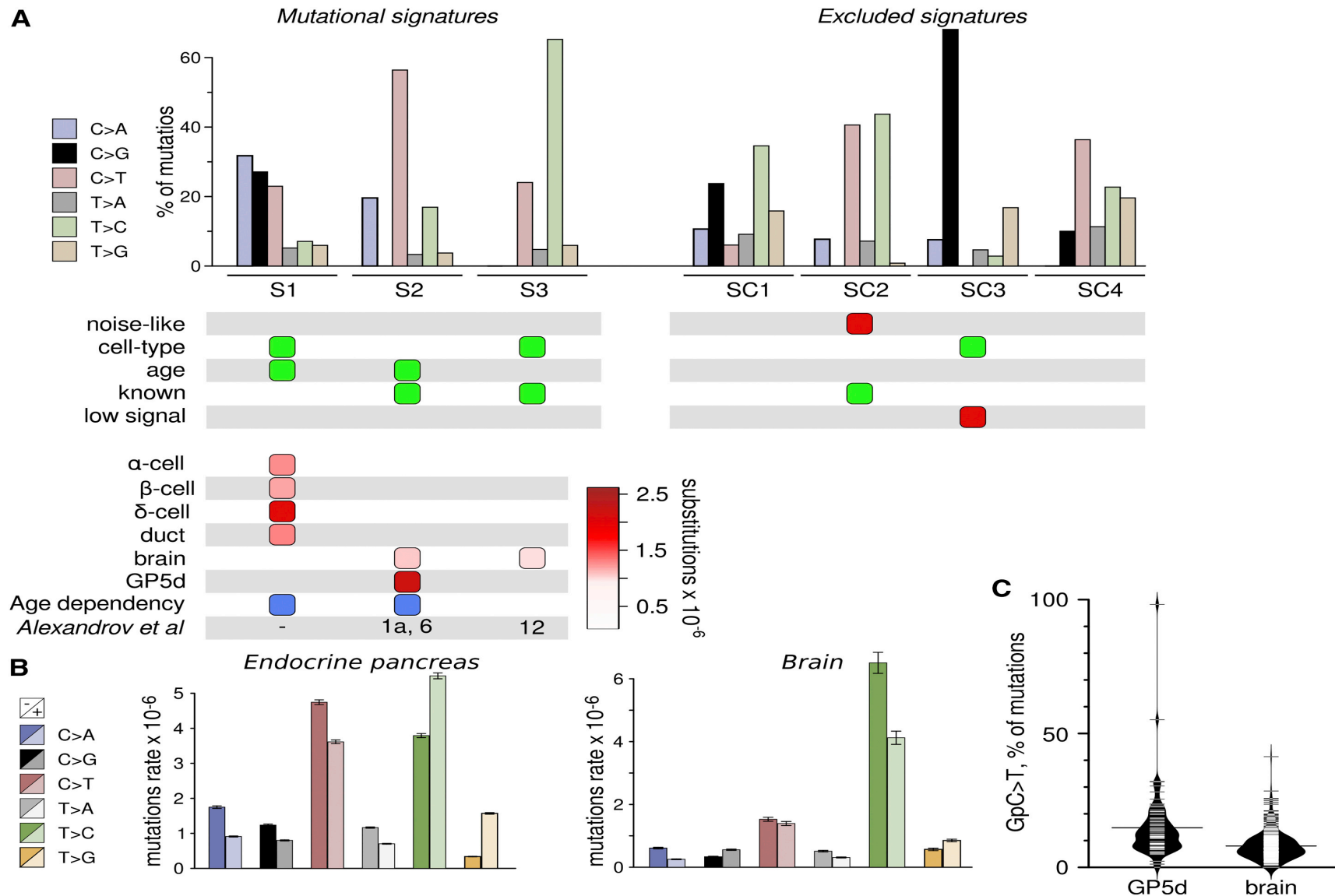


Aging is accompanied by the **accumulation of somatic mutations**

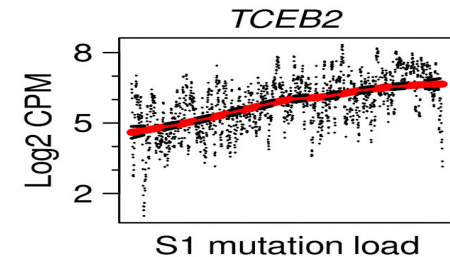
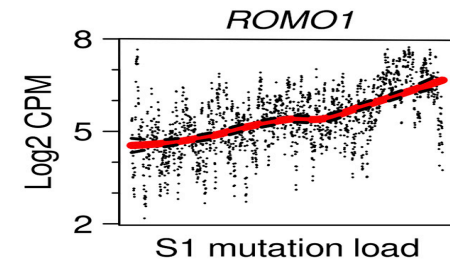
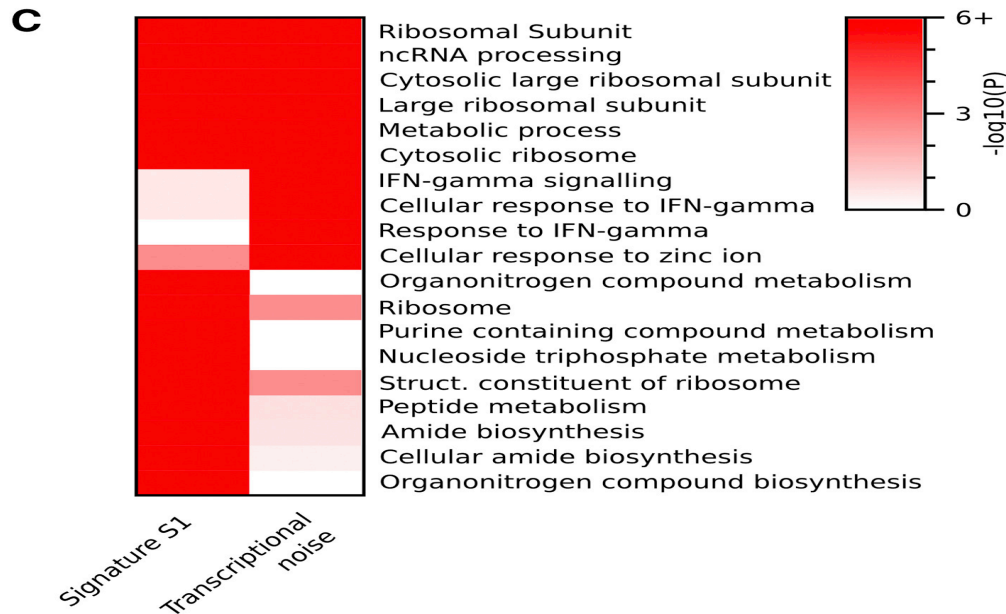
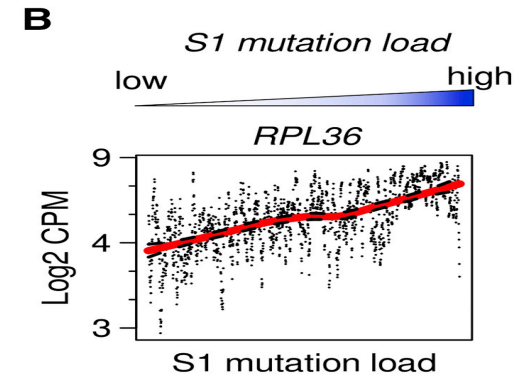
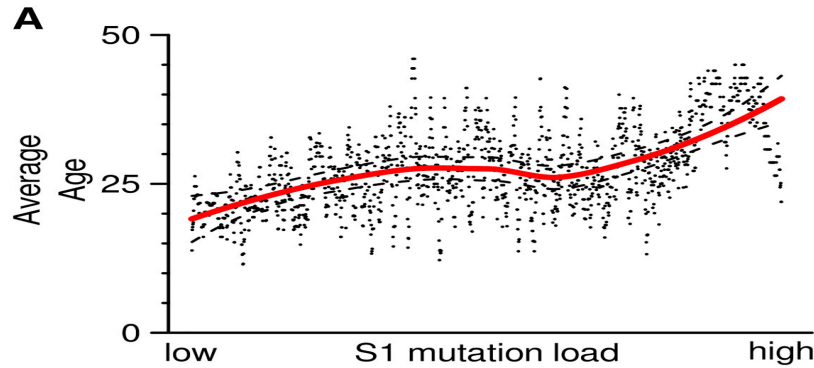
Somatic Mutation Profiles Derived from Single Primary Human Cells



Endocrine Cells Display a Specific Mutational Signature Related to Oxidative Stress



Mutational Load of Signature S1 Is Higher in Endocrine Cells from Older Donors and Correlate with Induction of Protein Synthesis-Related Genes



Conclusion

- Aging is accompanied of increase in transcriptome noise and accumulation of genetic errors.
- Absence of causal link between transcriptional instability and mutational load.
- The cellular heterogeneity suggests that aging-dependent changes are due to events in a subset of cells.
- Age specific mutational signature observed in endocrine is due to ROS-dependent lesions of DNA.
- They defined a method to determine transcriptome instability and mutations signatures from scRNAseq on arbitrary cells on primary tissue.