

Instructions: Show all your work in order to receive credit.

Problem 1. (3.3 points) Let  $f(x) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^x$ . Find both  $g(-3)$  and  $g(3)$ .

$$g(3) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{4^3}{3^3}$$

$$= \frac{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}$$

$$= \frac{64}{27}$$

$$g(-3) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-3}$$

the negative exponent flips the fraction

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3$$

$$= \frac{3^3}{4^3}$$

$$= \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4} = \frac{27}{64}$$

Problem 2. (3.3 points) Solve for  $x$ ,  $16^{2x+1} = 2^{4x}$ .

$$\begin{array}{c} \wedge \\ 2 \ 8 \\ \wedge \\ 2 \ 4 \\ \wedge \\ 2 \ 2 \end{array}$$

$$16^{2x+1} = 2^{4x}$$

$$(2^4)^{2x+1} = 2^{4x}$$

$$2^{4(2x+1)} = 2^{4x}$$

$$4(2x+1) = 4x$$

$$8x+4 = 4x$$

$$8x-4x+4 = 0$$

Solve for  $x$

$$4x+4 = 0$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-4}{4}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$(a^x)^b = a^{x \cdot b}$$

when  $a^n = a^m$   
then  $n=m$

**Problem 3.** (3.3 points) Solve for  $x$ ,  $\log_2(x+4) = \log_2(3x-2) - 1$

move everything that has  $\log/\ln$  to one side and leave the numbers "-1" on the other

$$\log_2(x+4) - \log_2(3x-2) = -1$$

$$\log_b(M) - \log_b(N) = \log_b\left(\frac{M}{N}\right)$$

$$\log_2\left(\frac{x+4}{3x-2}\right) = -1$$

raise 2 to the power of and

$$2^{\log_2\left(\frac{x+4}{3x-2}\right)} = 2^{-1}$$

cross multiply

$$\frac{x+4}{3x-2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2(x+4) = 3x-2$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x + 8 & = & 3x - 2 \\ -2x & & -2x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 8 & = & x - 2 \\ +2 & & +2 \\ 10 & = & x \end{array}$$

**Problem 4.** (0.1 point) What year am I dropping my mixtape?

mmh....

