Frederick Wittman Lars Kotthoff Rajiv Khadka COSC 3015 09/27/19

## 1. Code

```
function divideAndConquerSum (a) {
 if (a.constructor == Array) {
   if (a.length == 0) {
     return 0;
   if (a.length == 1) {
     return a[0];
   else {
     return divideAndConquerSum(a.splice(0,1)) +
divideAndConquerSum(a.splice(0,1)) + divideAndConquerSum(a.splice(0));
 else {
 console.log("Function argument must be an array.");
```

## 2. T(n)

Let n be the number of elements in the array. In the base case, where n = 0, it is clear that  $T(0) = \Theta(1)$ . In general,  $T(n) = \Theta(2) + T(n - 2)$ . I solve the recurrence relation below.

$$T(n) = \Theta(2) + T(n - 2)$$

It is clear that the number of operations increases linearly with n. k is a constant factor. Since we have  $T(0) = \Theta(1) = 1$ , we allow n - k = 0.

= 
$$k + T(n - k)$$
  
=  $n + T(0)$   
=  $n + 1$   
=  $\Theta(n)$