# INF250 Assignment 1

```
In [1]: # Imports
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   from skimage import io
```

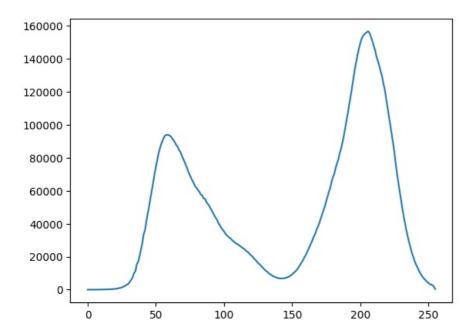
#### Task 1

```
In [2]: image = io.imread('gingerbread.jpg')
plt.imshow(image);
```



## Task 2

```
In [3]: def histogram(image):
             shape = np.shape(image)
             histogram = np.zeros(256)
             if len(shape) == 3:
                 image = image.mean(axis=2)
             elif len(shape) > 3:
                 raise ValueError('Must be at 2D image')
             histogram = np.zeros(256)
             shape = np.shape(imagemean)
for i in range(shape[0]):
                 for j in range(shape[1]):
                     pixval = int(imagemean[i,j])
                     histogram[pixval] += 1
             return histogram
        image.shape
        image_red = image[:,:,0]
        imagemean = image.mean(axis=2)
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(histogram(image))
        plt.show()
```



### Task 3

```
In [4]: def otsu(image):
             his, bins = np.histogram(image, bins=256, range=(0,256))
num_pixels = np.sum(his)
             mean_weight = 1.0 / num_pixels
             th = -1
             final_value = -1
             for t in range(1, len(bins)-1):
                  w0_count = np.sum(his[:t])
                  w1_count = np.sum(his[t:])
                  w0 = w0_count * mean_weight w1 = w1_count * mean_weight
                  if w0_count == 0 or w1_count == 0:
                      continue
                  u0 = np.sum(np.arange(0, t) * his[:t]) / w0_count
                  u1 = np.sum(np.arange(t, 256) * his[t:]) / w1_count
                  value = w0 * w1 * (u0 - u1) ** 2
                  if value > final_value:
                      th = t
                      final_value = value
             return th
         print(otsu(image))
```

# Task 4

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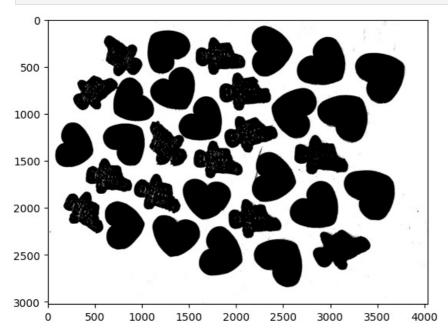
```
In [5]:
    def threshold(image, th=None):
        shape = np.shape(image)
        binarised = np.zeros([shape[0], shape[1]], dtype=np.uint8)

    if len(shape) == 3:
        image = image.mean(axis=2)
    elif len(shape) > 3:
        raise ValueError('Must be at 2D image')

    if th is None:
        th = otsu(image)

    binarised = image.copy()
    binarised[binarised < th] = 0
    binarised[binarised >= th] = 255

    return binarised
```



In [ ]: