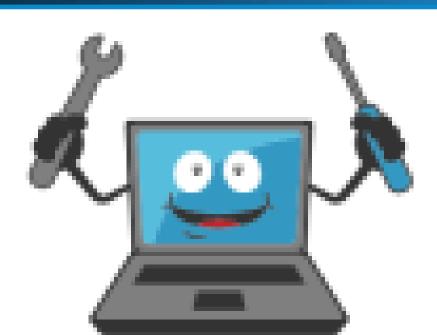


TYPE-DIRECTED COMPONENT-BASED SYNTHESIS

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OBJECTIVES



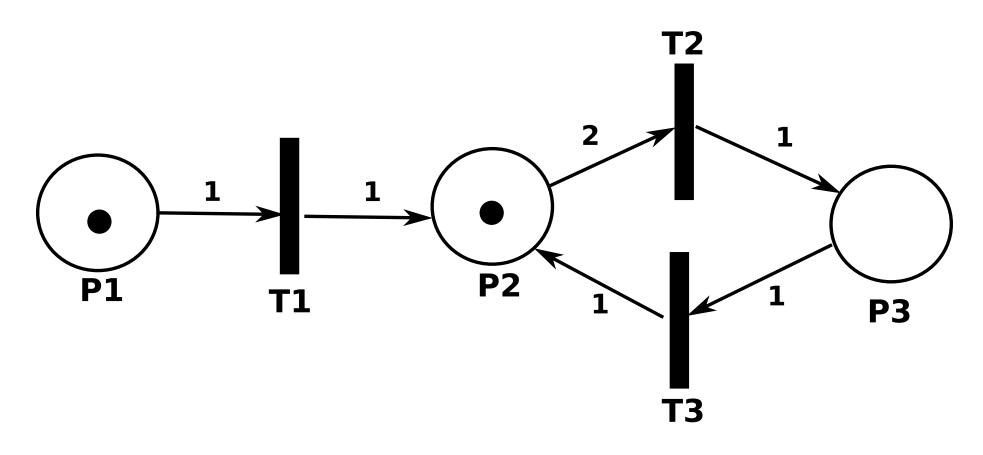
SyPet

SYPET is a component-based synthesizer for *large* libraries that automatically synthesizes executable programs by composing API calls.

Key components:

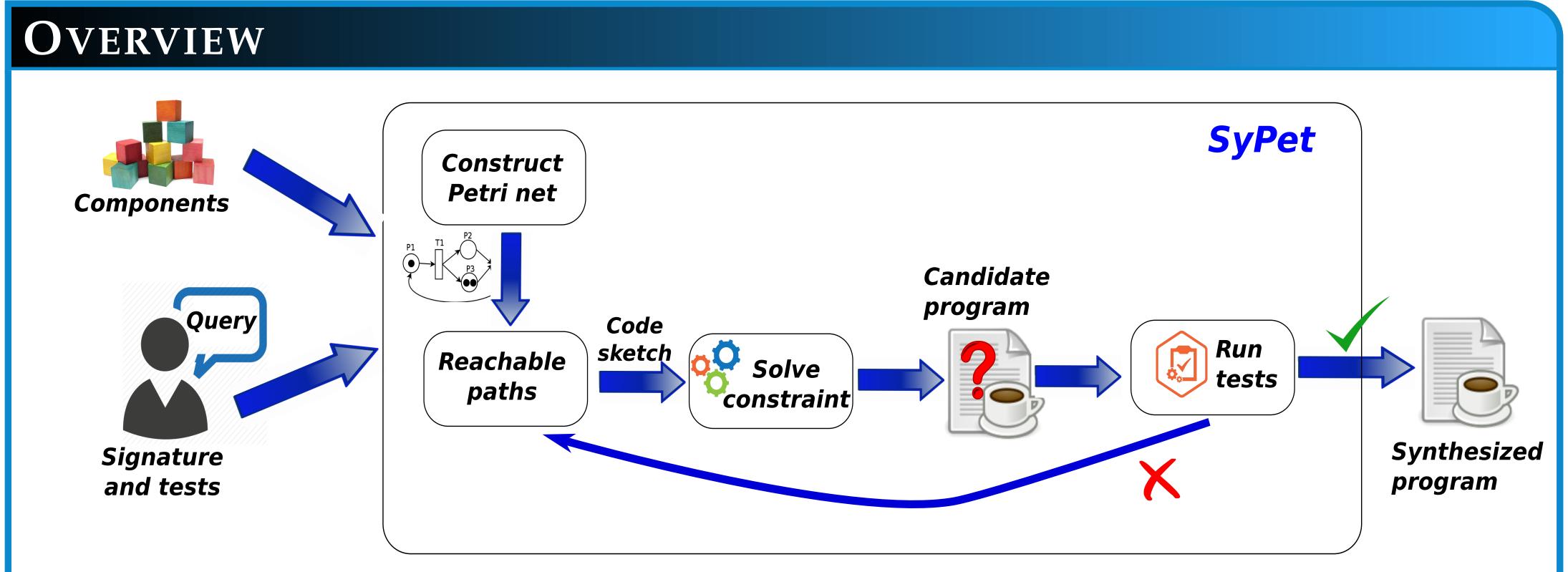
- 1. Synthesis of program sketches: SYPET uses Petri nets to generate programs sketches from signatures of the desired method and underlying library components.
- 2. Completion of program sketches: SYPET generates constraints on the synthesized program with holes and uses a SAT solver to find a candidate method.

PETRI NET IN A NUTSHELL



A Petri net is a bipartite graph with two types of nodes:

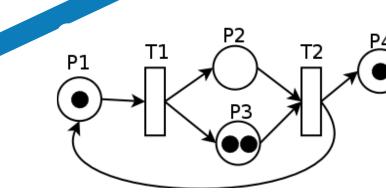
- *Place (in circle):* it can contain a number of *tokens,* which are drawn as dots and typically represent resources.
- *Marking*: a mapping from each place p to the number of tokens at p.
- *Transition (in solid bar):* corresponds to events that change the marking.



OUR APPROACH BY EXAMPLE

Example: Determine the roots of a polynomial equation

Complex[] findRoots(PolynomialFunction arg0, double arg1) {



Synthesizing sketches

Complex[] findRoots(PolynomialFunction arg0, double arg1) {
 LaguerreSolver v1 = new LaguerreSolver();
 double[] v2 = ?.getCoefficients();
 Complex[] v3 = ?.solveAllComplex(?, ?);
 return ?;
}



Filling sketches

Complex[] findRoots(PolynomialFunction arg0, double arg1) {
 LaguerreSolver v1 = new LaguerreSolver();
 double[] v2 = arg0.getCoefficients();
 Complex[] v3 = v1.solveAllComplex(v2, arg1);
 return v3;
}

Places: Transitions: API methods PolyFunction getCoefficients

A reachable path in the Petri net corresponds to a program sketch. For example:

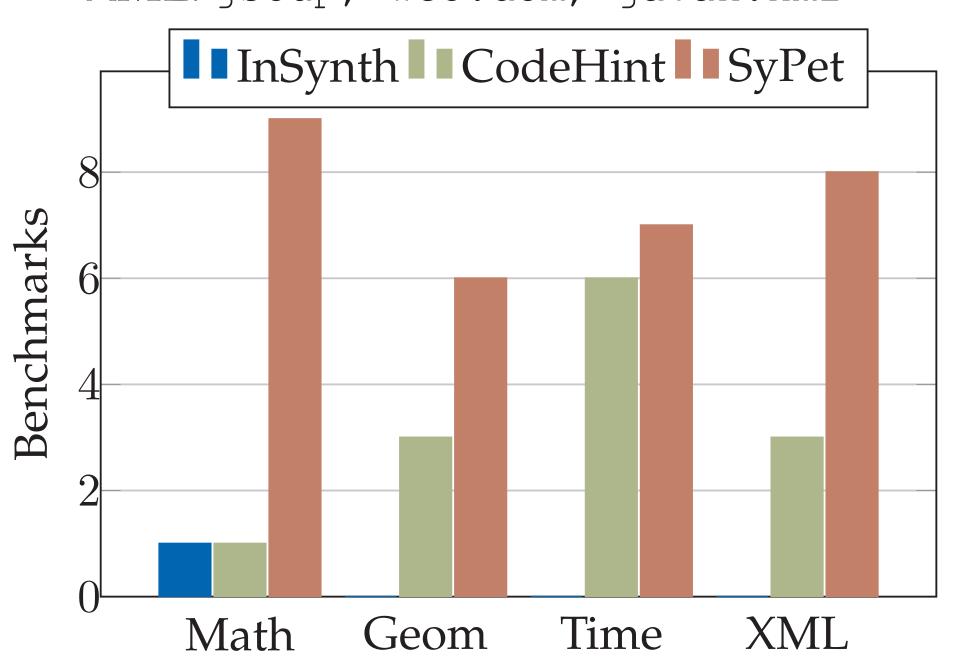
- new LaguerreSolver
- getCoefficients
- solveAllComplex

RESULTS

double

Java libraries:

- Math: apache.commons.math
- Geometry: awt.geom
- Time: joda
- XML: jsoup, wc3.dom, javax.xml



SyPet can handle *large* libraries:

- 49-246 classes (218 average)
- 725-4105 methods (2080 average)

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