## CSCI-UA.0102-006/008 Data Structures - Recitation

Problem 1 of Lab 3 (Combinations)

By: Qi Feng

Given two integers n and k, return all possible combinations of k numbers out of  $1 \cdots n$ . For example, If n = 4 and k = 2, a solution is:

Use this codes to start:

```
public class Combinations {
    public List<List<Integer>>> combine(int n, int k) {
        // Your codes here.
    }
}
```

Please note that you are required to use the same name of the class and the same signature of the method as is given here in your codes.

## CSCI-UA.0102-006/008 Data Structures - Recitation

Problem 2 of Lab 3 (Permutations)

By: Qi Feng

Given a collection of distinct numbers, return all possible permutations. For example, [1, 2, 3] have the following permutations:

$$[[1, 2, 3], [1, 3, 2], [2, 1, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2], [3, 2, 1]]$$

Use this codes to start:

```
public class Permutations {
    public List<List<Integer>>> permute (int[] nums) {
    }
}
```

Please note that you are required to use the same name of the class and the same signature of the method as is given here in your codes.