



GPS Data/AI Strategy FY23

Delivered by CSA Team
22/09/2022

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Azure Data & AI technical intensity plan

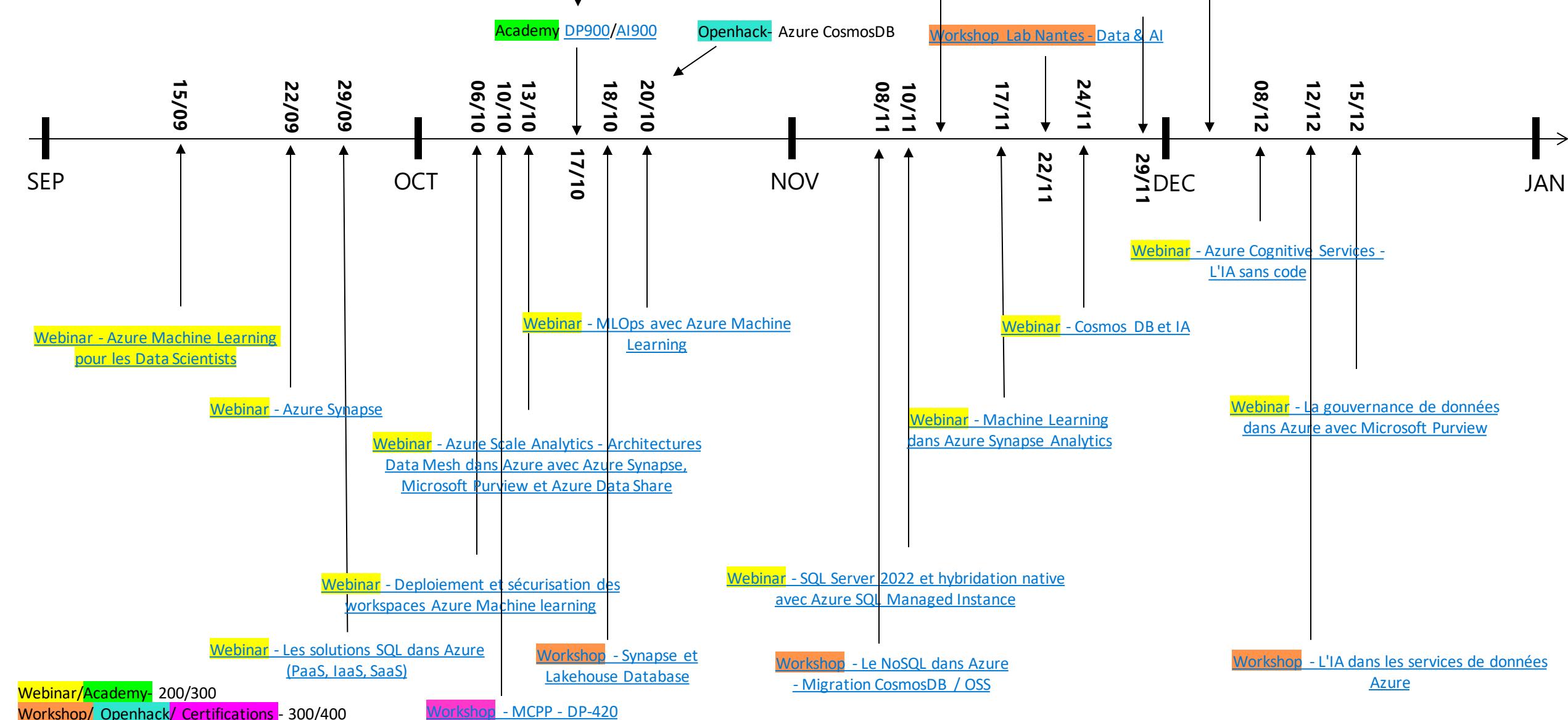
- From June 2022 to June 2023
- Focus on "Azure Data & AI" tech intensity
- Many content, from L100 Beginner to L400 Expert level
 - Academy L100
 - Webinar L200/L300
 - Workshop L300/L400
 - Certification kickstart L300/L400
 - Openhack / Microhack L400

Kickstart (17/10)

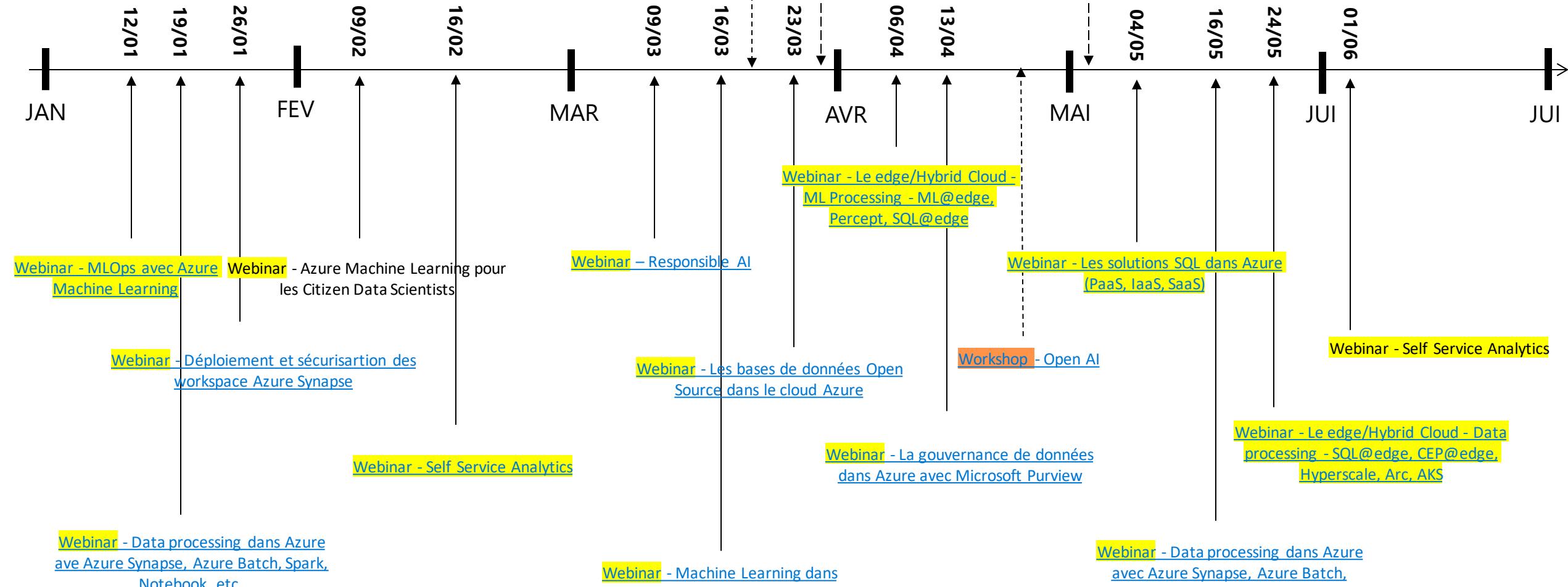
Dry Run (14/11)

Q&A (05/12)

Plan GPS Data/AI global FY23 (H1)



Plan GPS Data/AI global FY23 (H2)



Liste des évènements de type Webinar 2H

Event Webinar (Les jeudis de la Data & AI) - L200/300	Date	Duration (min)	Link
Azure Machine Learning pour les Data Scientists	15/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2454281594
Azure Synapse	22/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=857781749
Les solutions SQL dans Azure (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS)	29/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=502366997
Déploiement et sécurisation des workspaces Azure Machine learning	06/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1505714138
Azure Scale Analytics - Architectures Data Mesh dans Azure avec Azure Synapse, Microsoft Purview et Azure Data Share	13/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=139685175
MLOps avec Azure Machine Learning	20/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1245885767
SQL Server 2022 et hybridation native avec Azure SQL Managed Instance	10/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=145826476
Machine Learning dans Azure Synapse Analytics	17/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3637723312
Azure Cosmos DB et IA	24/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2646013445
Azure et les Services Cognitifs	08/12/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3772037220
La gouvernance de données dans Azure avec Microsoft Purview	15/12/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1499560981
MLOps avec Azure Machine Learning	12/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=4115194515
	19/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1537241181
Data processing dans Azure ave Azure Synapse, Azure Batch, Spark, Notebook, etc.	26/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1806467748
Déploiement et sécurisation des workspace Azure Synapse	09/02/2023	120	En cours
Azure Machine Learning pour les Citizen Data Scientists	16/02/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1401519679
L'IA responsable avec Azure machine learning	09/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2072953112
Machine Learning dans Azure Synapse Analytics	16/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3413014857
Les bases de données Open Source dans le cloud Azure	23/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2727487131
Hybridation des services de Machine Learning Azure	06/04/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1624914222
La gouvernance de données dans Azure avec Microsoft Purview	13/04/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3909342839
Les solutions SQL dans Azure (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS)	04/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1162207895
	16/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3517068442
Data processing dans Azure ave Azure Synapse, Azure Batch, Spark, Notebook, etc.	24/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2996507398
Self Service Analytics	01/06/2023	120	En cours

Liste des évènements de type Workshop/Prepa Cert/Academy

Event Workshop L300/400	Date	Duration (min)	Link
Synapse et Lakehouse Database	18/10/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdURE1RMVgwTDNISTE1TDFSDVLR0cyS1kwWS4u
Le NoSQL dans Azure - Migration CosmosDB / OSS	08/11/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdURE1RMVgwTDNISTE1TDFSDVLR0cyS1kwWS4u
Lab Lyon - Data & AI	22/11/2022	240	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUMIZZORETORSWjcyTERYRkJGTIFFUjaUi4u
Lab Nantes - Data & AI	29/11/2022	240	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUMIZZORETORSWjcyTERYRkJGTIFFUjaUi4u
L'IA dans les services de données Azure	12/12/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdURE1RMVgwTDNISTE1TDFSDVLR0cyS1kwWS4u
Open AI	H2	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdURE1RMVgwTDNISTE1TDFSDVLR0cyS1kwWS4u

Event Academy, kickstart certifications, workshop certifications	Date	Duration (min)	Link
MCPP - DP-420	10/10/2022	420	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUMkJSIRKSU1RRFA0OVgzSFdtSTY0RE9WQ4u
Micro Hack CosmosDB	20/10/2022	420	H1 - Inscriptions PTA
Academy DP900	17-21/10/2022	300	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3250818161
Academy AI900	17-21/10/2022	300	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2717528090
Kickstart DP-500	17/10/2022	60	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNEk3WFQ1TEdNNTO2Uk85V0cxQzM3TE9ZRS4u
Dry Run DP-500	14/11/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNEk3WFQ1TEdNNTO2Uk85V0cxQzM3TE9ZRS4u
Q&A DP-500	05/12/2022	90	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNEk3WFQ1TEdNNTO2Uk85V0cxQzM3TE9ZRS4u
Kickstart DP-100	17/10/2022	60	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNDAxV0hSN0FHM1YzUzI30UNMFYxSkRIMi4u
Dry Run DP-100	14/11/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNDAxV0hSN0FHM1YzUzI30UNMFYxSkRIMi4u
Q&A DP-100	05/12/2022	90	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUNDAxV0hSN0FHM1YzUzI30UNMFYxSkRIMi4u
Kickstart DP-203	17/10/2022	60	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUOVFWOUVCNFcyQk5SVjFBUFczNktCUFpLMi4u
Dry Run DP-203	14/11/2022	120	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUOVFWOUVCNFcyQk5SVjFBUFczNktCUFpLMi4u
Q&A DP-203	05/12/2022	90	https://forms.office.com/Pages/ResponsePage.aspx?id=v4j5cvGGr0GRqy180BHB3zwJTO3s11AuaqpNnBbrwdUOVFWOUVCNFcyQk5SVjFBUFczNktCUFpLMi4u

Total

16

Les solutions SQL dans Azure (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS)

La modernisation des bases de données SQL est au cœur de vos enjeux de transformation digitale ? Rejoignez-nous pour une session découverte des services SQL dans Azure pour tirer pleinement bénéfice des avantages du cloud natif. Nous détaillerons tous les types de déploiement disponibles, PaaS, Managed Instance et Serverless.

Agenda (2h)

- + Introduction à « SQL dans Azure »
- + Déploiement de SQL Server en mode IaaS à l'aide de l'extension SQL (IaaS managé)
- + Azure SQL Database (PaaS), nouveautés, spécifications, déploiements et cas d'usages
- + Azure SQL Managed Instance (PaaS), présentations, nouveautés, déploiements et cas d'usages
- + Et si on parlait migration ?



Ali Bouhaddou
Cloud Solution Architect
Data Analytics



Frederic Gisbert
Cloud Solution Architect
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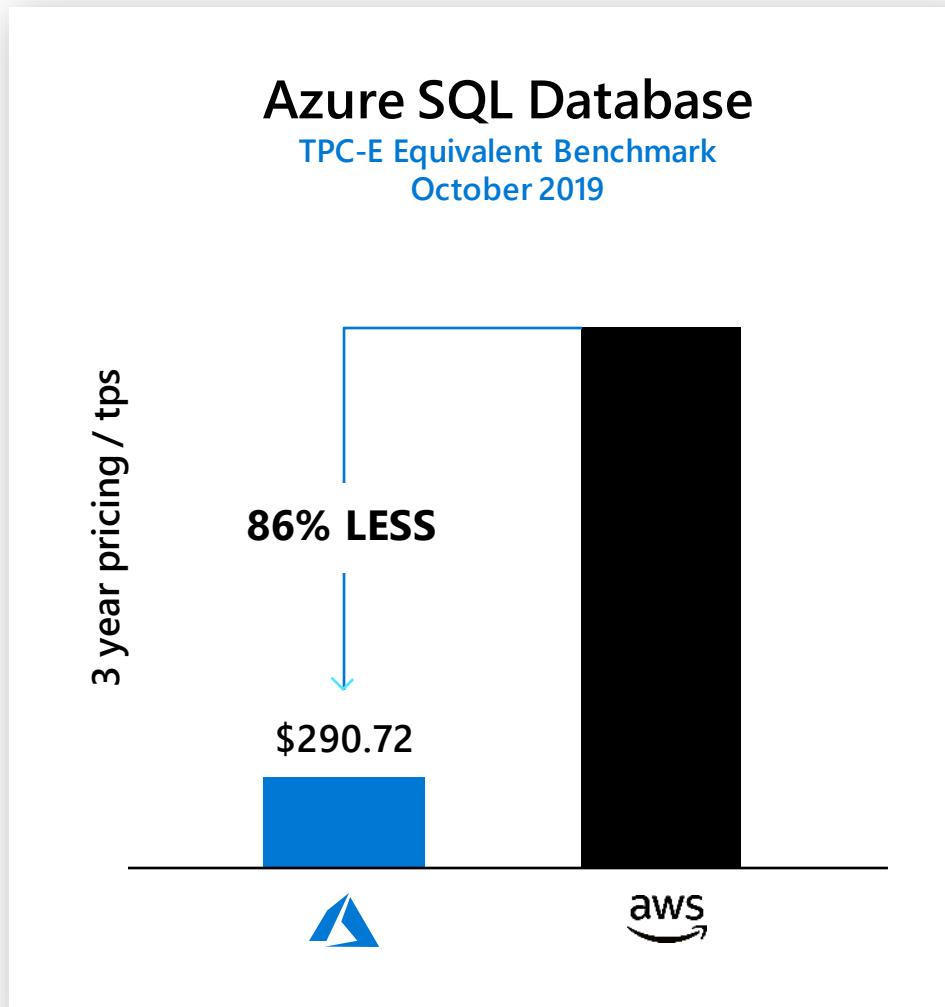


Franck Gaillard
Cloud Solution Architect
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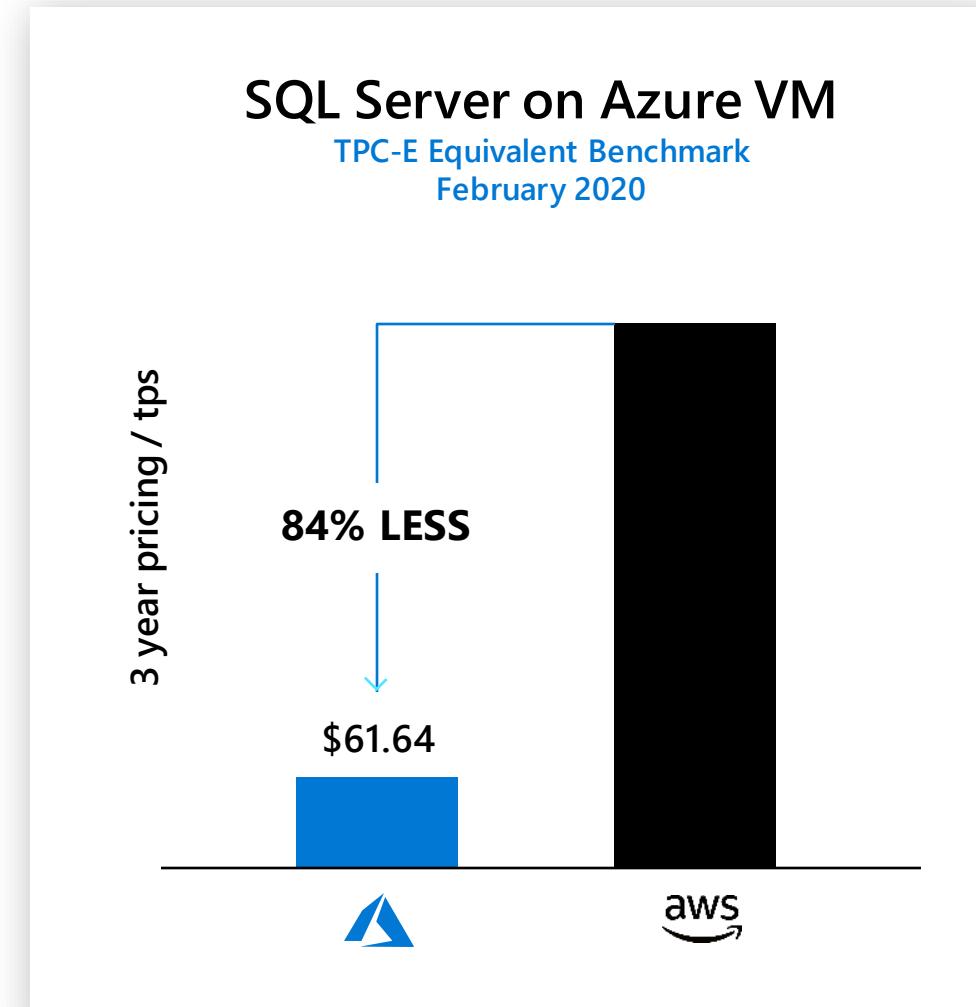


Narjes Majdoub
Cloud Solution Architect
Data AI

Azure SQL provides more price-performance value



price performance between a single, 80 vCore, Gen 5 Azure SQL Database on the business critical service tier and the db.r4.16xlarge offering for SQL Server on AWS RDS



price performance between SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition on Windows Server 2019 Datacenter edition in Azure E32as_v4 instance type with P30 Premium SSD Disks and the SQL Server 2019 Enterprise Edition on Windows Server 2019 Datacenter edition in AWS EC2 r5a.8xlarge instance type with General Purpose (gp2) volumes

Key use cases

Rehost on-premises workloads to Linux-based SQL Server virtual machines



Modernize in the cloud for efficient business operations



Optimize costs of unpredictable and intermittent workloads



Simplify and secure IoT data with hybrid or edge computing



“

Using Microsoft SQL Server 2017 on Azure, we've reduced the effort and cost of running our platform while increasing our agility and speed of deployment—and optimizing performance."

Matteo Lazzari, Product Owner and CloudOps ERP Product Team Lead



“

With Azure, we didn't have to reinvent everything. We could manage the database, its scale, backups, and redundancy right out of the box."

Paul Hill, Principal Cloud Architect



“

We've realized three major benefits. One: We only pay for what we use. Two: relying on serverless automatic scaling instead of our own home-grown solution frees more time for innovation. And three: It helps our customers always get the right performance levels they need, day or night."

Purna Rao, Senior DevOps Architect



“

We can remotely deploy Azure SQL Edge and gain SQL capabilities almost instantly. This is a game-changer, opening up possibilities of having multiple dedicated instances, all maintained remotely."

Pim Peereboom, Global Project Manager, Integrated Marine Management

Migrate to IaaS, continue to PaaS and boost your ROI

Enterprise Strategy Group examined potential cost savings and business benefits enterprises would achieve from migrating on-premises workloads to Azure SQL, first to IaaS then to PaaS.

The image shows the cover of a whitepaper titled "The Economic Value of Migrating On-premises SQL Server Instances to Microsoft Azure SQL Solutions". The cover features the Enterprise Strategy Group (ESG) logo at the top left, a yellow and orange geometric background graphic, and the subtitle "ESG Economic Validation" at the bottom left. The main title is centered above a detailed summary section.

Executive Summary

Organizations have relied on Microsoft SQL Server to successfully power operations, applications, and business intelligence for decades. These companies have invested significant time and resources in training, developing, and integrating with other systems. In order to maximize the utility of their data, organizations need to be able to

47% Savings
(when shifting on-premises workloads to SQL Server on Azure VMs)

Key report benefits and findings¹

Up to 47%

Cost savings on Azure SQL VMs vs on-premises SQL Server

Modernizing on Azure SQL yields even **greater** benefits...

+17%

Additional cost savings on Azure SQL managed databases vs Azure SQL VMs

53%

Lower cost of application administration

90%

Lower cost of systems administration

+\$30M

Additional revenue due to faster time to market

¹ Results are based on interviewed customers. "The Economic Value of Migration On-premises SQL Server Instances to Microsoft Azure SQL Solutions," a commissioned study conducted by The Enterprise Strategy Group on behalf of Microsoft, October 2020.

Modernize directly onto PaaS for maximum benefit

Forrester Consulting examined potential cost savings and business benefits enterprises would achieve from migrating on-premises workloads to fully managed Azure SQL Database and Azure SQL Managed Instance

“We needed our DBAs and IT staff to focus on improving the customer experience and other things critical to our company, not on patching databases and trying to manage our own infrastructure.”

*Chief architect, financial services company
Head of development,
technology company*

”



Key report benefits and findings¹

238% Total ROI

3 years after initial investment & migration to Azure SQL's managed databases

3 months or less

Payback post migration

25%

Increase in productivity
for IT teams

40%

Improvement in productivity
for in-house DBAs

\$10.9M

Savings from avoided hardware, network, storage and ongoing maintenance costs

¹ Results are for a composite organization based on interviewed customers. "The Total Economic Impact™ of Migration to Microsoft Azure SQL Managed Databases," a commissioned study conducted by Forrester Consulting on behalf of Microsoft, March 2020.

Choose the right Azure SQL database service for you

Let us help point you in the right direction in three easy steps

- 1** Visit our interactive tool
- 2** Answer a few simple questions
- 3** Receive a service recommendation



Try it at aka.ms/choose_your_AzureSQL_database

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/products/azure-sql/#choose-your-database>

Azure SQL

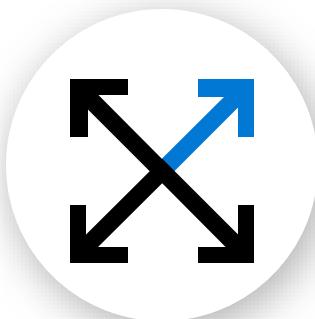
Azure SQL Database and Azure SQL Managed Instance

Streamline app modernization



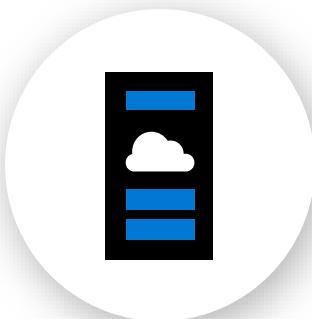
Accelerate app modernization with minimal code changes on the only cloud with evergreen SQL

Hyperscale demanding workloads



Rapidly adapt to changing requirements with Hyperscale storage up to 100 TB

Optimize price-performance with serverless compute



Build modern apps your way with flexible compute options that include auto-scaling serverless. Pay only for what you use.

Save with the best total cost of ownership



Meet mission critical requirements while costing up to 86% less than the competition

Built-in AI

Optimizes performance and durability for you

Advanced data security

Secure your data with layers of protection, built-in controls and leading compliance

Always On reliability

Maximize uptime with built-in high availability and an industry-leading availability SLA up to 99.995%

Azure SQL

SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Save with the best total cost of ownership



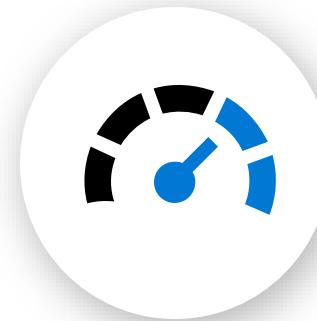
Pay up to 84% less than AWS

Rehost onto an industry-leading database



Built on an enterprise-grade, unified data platform

Experience high performance on any operating system



High performance virtual machines for SQL Server on Linux and Windows

Protect your data and ease maintenance

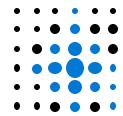


Automatic security updates and built-in availability

Get the performance, security, and analytics of SQL Server backed by the flexibility and hybrid connectivity of Azure

Azure SQL

Azure SQL Edge



Time series, data streaming and AI

Stream, store, and analyze IoT data and apply business logic using built-in AI & ML capabilities



Native data movement to Azure

Consistent app development and management from cloud to data center to edge



Your choice of platform

Run SQL on your choice of platform including ARM 64 and x64 architecture



Unparalleled performance & security

Flexible high availability and industry-leading data protection and security tools



Simplified pricing for IoT

\$10 per month/device or as low as \$60 per year/device for a 3-year commitment*.



Azure SQL

Develop once

Consistent application development and management experience



SQL Server

Deploy anywhere

Simplify your architecture from ground to cloud to edge



Azure SQL Edge

Optimized for IoT edge gateways and devices, this small-but-mighty SQL engine enables real-time insights, in **connected, disconnected, or hybrid** environments



SQL IaaS Extension

Driving customer adoption of IaaS++ benefits

Save time, save money, and enhance security with SQL Server on Azure

Virtual Machines

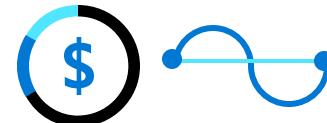
Turn on SQL Server IaaS Agent Extension* for automated virtual machine management at no additional cost

Only on Azure

Enjoy a suite of **free** manageability capabilities for SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines that enable you to run your virtual machines in a cost effective, secured and optimized manner. Available only on Azure.

Optimize Cost

Simplified license conversion between SQL BYOL (Azure Hybrid Benefit) and pay-as-you-go licensing to optimize your cost.



Enhance Security

Automate security patching and easily implement encryption features for better security and compliance.



Boost Uptime

Easily configure high availability, automate backup, and take advantage of HA/DR license benefits to enhance business continuity.



Simplify Management

Implement best practices automatically and configure your storage settings more optimally for SQL Server.

SQL IaaS Agent Extension benefits

Simplify management and save with SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Optimize cost	Enhance Security	Boost uptime	Simplify management
<p>See all your SQL Server on Azure VMs in one location, convert between license types, and save by paying only for what you use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Inventory Management- Counts licenses of different types. Helps you understand your data estateFlexible licensing – Enables immediate conversions between pay as you go (PAYG) and Azure Hybrid Benefit (AHB) license models with no availability impact. Enables conversion between Developer and Enterprise editionIn-place edition updates – Enables upgrades or downgrades of SQL Server edition for supported upgrade paths with no availability impact. Automatically reflects the pricing change	<p>Manage security patching and easily implement encryption features for better security and compliance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Automated Patching–Automates installation of SQL Server Security updates within customer defined maintenance windowAzure Key Vault Integration- Configure Azure Key Vault for the SQL Server instance to leverage Key Vault for Transparent Database Encryption(TDE), Column Level Encryption and Always Encrypted features of SQL Server to enable encryption of data at rest and in motion	<p>Automate backup, easily configure high availability, and take advantage of HA/DR license benefits to enhance business continuity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Automated backup–set up SQL Server backups with various options including encrypting backups, setting a retention period, backing up system databases, configuring a manual backup schedule, or setting up an automated backup.Automated high availability configuration – Configure Always On availability groups for SQL Server on virtual machines, easing complex administration task such as creating a new cluster or onboarding an existing clusterDisaster Recovery license type –<u>Leverage SQL Server HA/DR Software Assurance benefits</u> in Azure. Enable using Azure as a Disaster Recovery site for your on-premises SQL Server at no additional license cost for customers with Software Assurance or SQL Server subscription licenses.	<p>Automatically implement storage best practices and configure your storage settings more optimally for SQL Server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Automated storage management – simplify storage configuration while setting up the virtual machine using pre-configured storage. This ensures that you are picking the right storage configuration for your data, log and tempdb filesCentralized administration - Easily manage your SQL VM and SQL PaaS deployments from one central locationImplement best practices - Deploy SQL Server with pre-configured best practices

SQL VM registration become easy

What's coming: Easy opt-in for SQL IaaS Agent Extension

In October we will launch a SQL VM registration button in the SQL Virtual Machine blade on Azure Portal

- Checking the box provides consent to register all existing and future SQL Server on Azure VMs in the subscription
- An automated job will run at a scheduled frequency, registering any new SQL Server on Azure VM created in the subscription as well

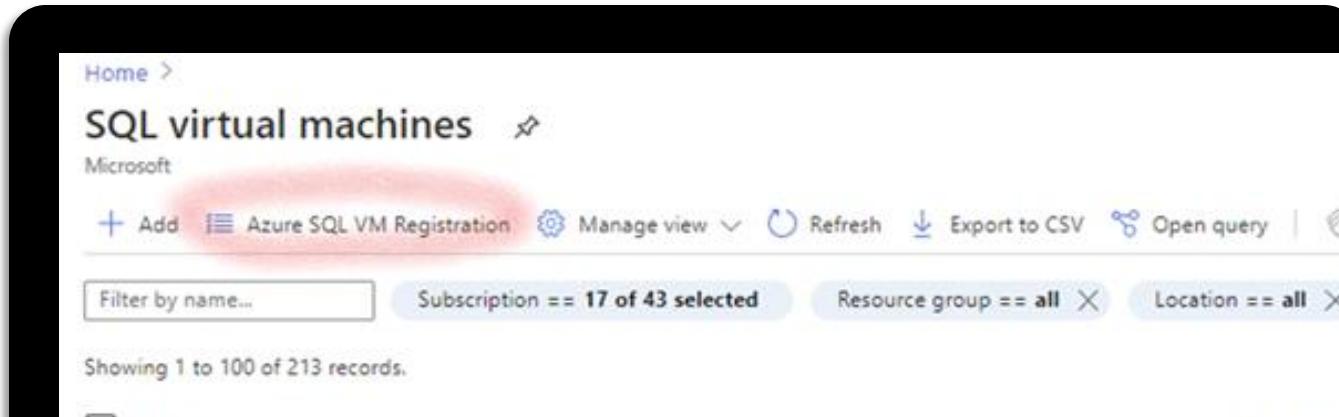
Benefits

- Fast and easy vs. script or manually adding VMs. One person can ack by portal or CLI for the whole subscription. Customer can register all versions 2008+ (on WS 2008 R2+), without needing to turn on telemetry

Statement of no SQL IaaS Agent Extension data use for audit

Change to data privacy policy to shield SQL registration data from audit

Enables to-customer statement in the opt-in that data can't be used for audit unless the customer agrees: "**SQL Server VM registration data will not be used for a SAM audit unless the customer asks us to leverage the data for the same**"



Internal FAQ – SQL IaaS Agent Extension registration

Q: What is SQL IaaS Agent Extension (aka SQL resource provider)?

SQL IaaS Agent Extension is an Azure VM Extension that enables additional management capabilities for self-installed SQL Server on Azure VMs. SQL RP is an easy way to adopt PaaS-like capabilities with IaaS-based SQL Server. Read more in this [recent blog](#).

Q: What is self-installed SQL Server?

Self-installed SQL Server is created when a customer brings their own VM image to Azure rather than using a SQL Server image from the Azure portal.

Q: Why is SQL IaaS Agent Extension registration a priority?

SQL IaaS Agent Extension provides differentiating capabilities on Azure VMs and starts the customer down the path to PaaS. In addition, registered VMs count as both ADS & ACR, regardless of when the VM was created.

Q: What are we announcing about SQL IaaS Agent Extension in October?

In October we will launch a new registration button in the SQL Virtual Machine blade on Azure Portal. Checking the box provides consent to register all existing and future SQL Server VMs in the subscription. An automated job will run at a scheduled frequency, registering any new SQL Server VM created in the subscription.

Q: What will customers be able do that they could not do before?

Customers will now register in a fast and easy way, instead of running a script or manually adding VMs. One person can agree to register by portal or CLI for the whole subscription, and they don't have to be a subscription admin. The customer can register all SQL Server 2008 and higher versions (on WS 2008 R2+), with or without SQL Server telemetry turned on.

Q: Will turning on SQL IaaS Agent Extension cause a licensing audit?

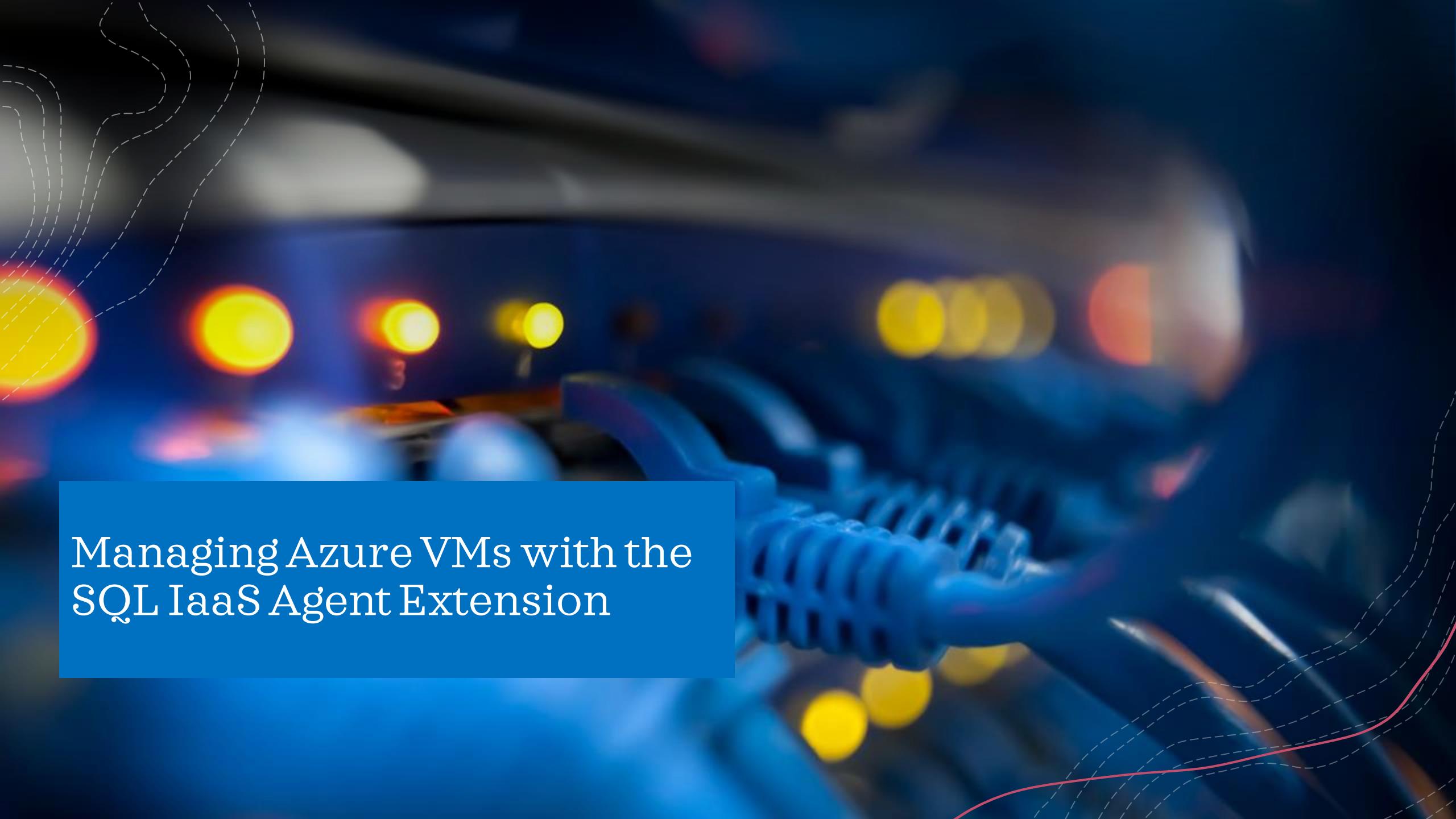
In response to customer concerns, we have recently clarified the usage rules for SQL IaaS Agent Extension (OII) data. Now, the data can only be used for license audit if the customer volunteers it. This enables a statement in the opt-in "SQL Server VM registration data will not be used for a SAM audit unless the customer asks us to leverage the data for the same."

Q: How does this affect our competitive positioning vs. SQL on other cloud providers?

SQL IaaS Agent Extension continues to offer a unique set of cost optimization, manageability, HA, and security features not offered by SQL Server on IaaS in other major cloud vendors.

Q: What seller actions are required?

Drive this sales play with your customers, landing the benefits of SQL IaaS Agent extension and asking them to use the registration button when it becomes available beginning early October.



Managing Azure VMs with the
SQL IaaS Agent Extension

Virtual machines

Microsoft

[Add](#) [Reservations](#) [Manage view](#) [Refresh](#) [Export to CSV](#) [Open query](#) | [Assign tags](#) [Start](#) [Restart](#) [Stop](#) [Delete](#) [Services](#) | [Feedback](#) [Leave preview](#)

Filter by name...

Subscription == TigerPMDemos

Resource group == pamdemos

Location == all

[Add filter](#)

Showing 1 to 4 of 4 records.

No grouping

<input type="checkbox"/> Name ↑	Subscription ↑↓	Resource group ↑↓	Location ↑↓	Status ↑↓	Operating system ↑↓	Size ↑↓	Public IP address ↑↓
pamNonMPSQL2019	TigerPMDemos	PAMDEMONS	West US	Running	Windows	Standard_D4s_v3	104.40.86.11
pamSQL2019FULLRP	TigerPMDemos	PAMDEMONS	West US	Running	Windows	Standard_D4as_v4	13.64.233.237
pamSQLplusSSRS	TigerPMDemos	PAMDEMONS	West US	Running	Windows	Standard_D4as_v4	13.88.18.99
pamTestSQLSecurity	TigerPMDemos	PAMDEMONS	West US	Running	Windows	Standard_D4as_v4	13.64.95.186

Microsoft Azure (Preview) Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > Virtual machines > Virtual machines >

Virtual machines

pamNonMPSQL2019 Virtual machine

Add Reservations ... Search (Ctrl+ /)

Filter by name...

Name	... More options
pamNonMPSQL2019	...
pamSQL2019FULLRP	...
pamSQLplusSSRS	...
pamTestSQLSecurity	...

Overview Activity log Access control (IAM) Tags Diagnose and solve problems Settings Networking Connect Windows Admin Center (previ... Disks Size Security Advisor recommendations Extensions Continuous delivery Availability + scaling Configuration Identity Properties Locks

Connect Start Restart Stop Capture Delete Refresh Open in mobile

Advisor (1 of 9): All network ports should be restricted on network security groups associated to your virtual machine →

Essentials

Resource group (change) : PAMDEMONS	Operating system : Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)
Status : Running	Size : Standard D4s v3 (4 vcpus, 16 GiB memory)
Location : West US	Public IP address : 104.40.86.11
Subscription (change) : TigerPMDemos	Virtual network/subnet : PamDemos-vnet/default
Subscription ID : 61868ab8-16d4-44ec-a9ff-f35d05922847	DNS name : Configure
Tags (change) : Click here to add tags	

Properties Monitoring Capabilities Recommendations (9) Tutorials

Virtual machine

Computer name	pamNonMPSQL2019
Operating system	Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)
Publisher	MicrosoftWindowsServer
Offer	WindowsServer
Plan	2019-Datacenter
VM generation	V1
Agent status	Ready
Agent version	2.7.41491.993
Host	-
Proximity placement group	N/A
Colocation status	N/A

Networking

Public IP address	104.40.86.11
Public IP address (IPv6)	-
Private IP address	172.16.26.8
Private IP address (IPv6)	-
Virtual network/subnet	PamDemos-vnet/default
DNS name	Configure

Size

Size	Standard D4s v3
vCPUs	4
RAM	16 GiB

Disk

OS disk	pamNonMPSQL2019_OsDisk_1_cd73194f
Azure disk encryption	Not enabled

SQL VM without SQL IaaS Extension

Page 1 of 1

Virtual machines

pamSQL2019FULLRP

Virtual machine



Microsoft

[Add](#) [Reservations](#) ...

Search (Ctrl+/)

Filter by name...

Name

pamNonMPSQL2019



pamSQL2019FULLRP



pamSQLplusSSRS



pamTestSQLSecurity

[Overview](#)[Activity log](#)[Access control \(IAM\)](#)[Tags](#)[Diagnose and solve problems](#)[Settings](#)[Networking](#)[Connect](#)[Disks](#)[Size](#)[Security](#)[Advisor recommendations](#)[Extensions](#)[Continuous delivery](#)[Availability + scaling](#)[Configuration](#)[Identity](#)[SQL Server configuration](#)[Properties](#)[Locks](#)[Operations](#)[Bastion](#)[Auto-shutdown](#)[Connect](#) [Start](#) [Restart](#) [Stop](#) [Capture](#) [Delete](#) [Refresh](#) [Open in mobile](#)

i Advisor (1 of 10): Management ports of virtual machines should be protected with just-in-time network access control →

Essentials

Resource group (change) : PAMDEMONS

Operating system : Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)

Status : Running

Size : Standard D4as_v4 (4 vcpus, 16 GiB memory)

Location : West US

Public IP address : 13.64.233.237

Subscription (change) : TigerPMDemos

Virtual network/subnet : PamDemos-vnet/default

Subscription ID : 61868ab8-16d4-44ec-a9ff-f35d05922847

DNS name : Configure

Tags (change) : Click here to add tags

[Properties](#)[Monitoring](#)[Capabilities](#)[Recommendations \(10\)](#)[Tutorials](#)[Virtual machine](#)

Computer name : pamSQL2019FULLR

Operating system : Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)

Publisher : microsoftsqlserver

Offer : sql2019-ws2019

Plan : enterprise

VM generation : V1

Agent status : Ready

Agent version : 2.7.41491.993

Host : -

Proximity placement group : N/A

Colocation status : N/A

[Networking](#)

Public IP address : 13.64.233.237

Public IP address (IPv6) : -

Private IP address : 172.16.26.7

Private IP address (IPv6) : -

Virtual network/subnet : PamDemos-vnet/default

DNS name : Configure

[Size](#)

Size : Standard D4as_v4

vCPUs : 4

RAM : 16 GiB

[Disk](#)

OS disk : pamSQL2019FULLRP_OsDisk_1_773fe869

Azure disk encryption : Not enabled

Ephemeral OS disk : N/A

SQL VM with SQL IaaS Extension

Virtual machines

Microsoft

[+ Add](#) [Reservations](#) [...](#) Search (Ctrl+ /)

Filter by name...

Name ↑

[pamNonMPSQL2019](#)

...

[Overview](#)[Activity log](#)[Access control \(IAM\)](#)[Tags](#)[Diagnose and solve problems](#)[Settings](#)[Networking](#)[Connect](#)[Disks](#)[Size](#)[Security](#)[Advisor recommendations](#)[Extensions](#)[Continuous delivery](#)[Availability + scaling](#)[Configuration](#)[Identity](#)[SQL Server configuration](#)[Properties](#)[Locks](#)[Operations](#)[Bastion](#)[Auto-shutdown](#)

pamSQL2019FULLRP | SQL Server configuration



SQL management experience on Virtual Machines

The new SQL focused management experience provides a single view of all your [Virtual Machines](#) running [SQL Server](#). You can manage your [SQL Virtual Machines](#) with features like automated patching, automated backup, licensing and edition flexibility.

Earlier SQL manageability was offered for only [SQL Server Azure marketplace images](#), but you can now register any Azure virtual machine, with SQL Server installed, with the [SQL VM Resource provider](#) and unlock all manageability features.

All upcoming manageability features and improvements will only be made available through this new experience.

[Manage SQL virtual machine](#)

pamSQL2019FULLRP

SQL virtual machine

[Refresh](#) [Delete](#) [Feedback](#)

Overview

Resource group (change) : PAMDEMONS

Version : SQL Server 2019

Status : Online

Edition : Enterprise

Location : West US

Virtual machine : pamSQL2019FULLRP

Subscription (change) : TigerPMDemos

Virtual machine OS : Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)

Subscription ID : 6186ab8-16d4-44ec-a9ff-f35d05922847

Virtual machine size : Standard D4as v4

SQL configuration : [Click here to view SQL extension configuration](#)

License type : Azure Hybrid Benefit

Tags (change) : [Click here to add tags](#)

Notifications (0)

Features (7)

[All](#) [Pricing \(2\)](#) [Security \(2\)](#) [Configuration \(3\)](#)

License type

Configure the licensing model and SQL server edition for the SQL Server virtual machine.

CONFIGURED

Storage configuration

Automate your storage configuration by attaching storage to the VM, making that storage accessible to SQL Server.

CONFIGURED

SQL connectivity

Configuration the connection to the SQL Server instance running on your Azure virtual machine.

CONFIGURED

Azure Key Vault integration

Configure the Azure Key Vault (AKV) service to manage and store the cryptographic keys.

NOT CONFIGURED

Automated patching

Establish a maintenance window for an Azure Virtual Machine running SQL Server.

NOT CONFIGURED

Automated backup

Configure the backups options for SQL Server running in a Windows virtual machine.

NOT CONFIGURED

R Services (Advanced analytics)

Configure the machine learning capabilities for your virtual machine.

Microsoft Azure (Preview) Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)

Home > SQL virtual machines Microsoft

Add Automatic SQL Server VM registration Manage view Refresh Export to CSV Open query Assign tags Feedback

Filter by name... Subscription == TigerPMDemos Resource group == pamdemos Location == all Add filter

No grouping

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 records.

Name	Resource group	License type	Version	Edition	Location	Subscription
pamSQL2019FULLRP	PamDemos	Azure Hybrid Benefit	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos
pamTestSQLSecurity	PamDemos	Pay As You Go	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos

< Previous Page 1 of 1 Next >

SQL virtual machin...

Microsoft



pamSQL2019FULLRP | Configure



Search (Ctrl+ /)

Feedback

Filter by name...

Name ↑

pamSQL2019FULLRP

pamTestSQLSecurity

Settings

Configure

Security

Patching

Backups

Additional features

High Availability (Preview)

Properties

Automation

Tasks

Support + troubleshooting

New support request

SQL Server License

Save up to 43% with a license you already own with Azure Hybrid Benefit. Get a free SQL server licenses in Azure for High Availability and Disaster Recovery through Software Assurance. These discounts are only supported for Standard and Enterprise editions. [Learn more](#)

Pay As You Go

Azure Hybrid Benefit

HA/DR



I confirm that I have a SQL server license with Software Assurance to apply this Azure Hybrid Benefit for SQL Server

Edition

Edition of SQL Server running on the virtual machine. SQL Server is billed based on this edition type.

Edition

Enterprise

STORAGE USAGE

Review your storage optimization configuration here or extend your storage capacity by selecting from a variety of disk types.

Storage for this virtual machine is optimized for Transactional processing use.

Drive	Drive capacity	
Data	SQLVM DATA1 (F:) 1022 Gib free of 1023 Gib	Not extendable
Log	SQLVM LOG (G:) 1023 Gib free of 1023 Gib	Not extendable
TempDb	Temporary Storage (D:) 30 Gib free of 32 Gib	Not extendable

SQL virtual machin...

Microsoft



pamSQL2019FULLRP | Security

SQL virtual machine

[Add](#) ...[Search \(Ctrl+/\)](#)[Feedback](#) Filter by name...

Name ↑

[pamSQL2019FULLRP](#)[pamTestSQLSecurity](#)[Overview](#)[Access control \(IAM\)](#)[Tags](#)

Settings

[Configure](#)[Security](#)[Patching](#)[Backups](#)[Additional features](#)[High Availability \(Preview\)](#)[Properties](#)

Automation

[Tasks](#)

Support + troubleshooting

[New support request](#)

Security & Networking

SQL connectivity *

[Private \(within Virtual Network\)](#)

Port *

1433

SQL CREDENTIALS

SQL Authentication ⓘ

 Disable Enable

AZURE KEY VAULT INTEGRATION

Configure your virtual machine to be able to connect to the Azure Key Vault service.

Azure Key Vault integration ⓘ

 Disable Enable

SQL virtual machin...

Microsoft



pamSQL2019FULLRP | Patching

SQL virtual machine

[Add](#) ... Search (Ctrl+ /)[Feedback](#)

Filter by name...

Name ↑

[pamSQL2019FULLRP](#)[pamTestSQLSecurity](#)[Overview](#)[Access control \(IAM\)](#)[Tags](#)

Settings

[Configure](#)[Security](#)[Patching](#)[Backups](#)[Additional features](#)[High Availability \(Preview\)](#)[Properties](#)

Automation

[Tasks](#)

Support + troubleshooting

[New support request](#)

Automated patching

Set a patching window during which all Windows and SQL patches will be applied.

Only Windows and SQL Server updates marked **Important** are installed. Other SQL Server updates, such as Cumulative Updates, must be [installed manually](#). [Learn more](#)

[Disable](#)[Enable](#)

Microsoft Azure (Preview) Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > SQL virtual machines > pamSQL2019FULLRP

pamSQL2019FULLRP | Backups

Add ...

Search (Ctrl+/)

Feedback

Overview

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Automated backup

Configure

Security

Patching

Backups

Additional features

High Availability (Preview)

Properties

Tasks

Automated backup

Disable Enable

Filter by name...

Name ↑

pamSQL2019FULLRP

pamTestSQLSecurity

Support + troubleshooting

New support request

Page 1 of 1

Apply Cancel

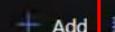
This screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for managing a SQL virtual machine named "pamSQL2019FULLRP". The main title bar includes the Microsoft Azure logo, a "Report a bug" button, a search bar, and various navigation icons. The left sidebar lists several service icons, and the main content area displays the "Backups" settings for the selected VM. The "Backups" section is currently active, indicated by a highlighted tab. It contains options for enabling or disabling automated backups, along with links to "Configure", "Security", "Patching", and "Additional features". Below the backups section, there are tabs for "Automation" (Tasks) and "Support + troubleshooting" (New support request). The overall theme is dark, and the Azure logo is present in the top right corner.



Home >

SQL virtual machines

Microsoft



Automatic SQL Server VM registration

Manage view



Refresh



Export to CSV



Open query



Assign tags



Feedback

Filter by name...

Subscription == TigerPMDemos

Resource group == pamdemos

Location == all

Add filter

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 records.

No grouping

Name	Resource group	License type	Version	Edition	Location	Subscription
pamSQL2019FULLRP	PamDemos	Azure Hybrid Benefit	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos
pamTestSQLSecurity	PamDemos	Pay As You Go	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos

Automatic registration of SQL IaaS Extension for all self installed SQL VMs in your subscription



Home >

SQL virtual machines

Microsoft

[Add](#) [Automatic SQL Server VM registration](#) [Manage view](#) [Refresh](#) [Export to CSV](#) [Open query](#) | [Assign tags](#) | [Feedback](#)[Filter by name...](#)Subscription == **TigerPMDemos**Resource group == **pamdemos**Location == **all**[Add filter](#)

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 records.

Name	Resource group	License type	Version
pamSQL2019FULLRP	PamDemos	Azure Hybrid Benefit	SQL2019-WS2019
pamTestSQLSecurity	PamDemos	Pay As You Go	SQL2019-WS2019

Automatic SQL Server VM registration

SQL virtual machine

Registering SQL Server on Azure virtual machines (VMs) with the SQL VM resource provider has several advanced manageability capabilities (such as automated patching and automated backup), as well as unlocking licensing capabilities provided will expand over time as Microsoft will continue to add new benefits over time. [Learn more](#)

Automatic SQL VM resource provider registration

The automatic registration of a subscription will register all currently available SQL VMs with the SQL VM resource provider mode as well as any SQL VMs deployed to the subscription in the future. This process does not restart the SQL VMs. Upgrading to full manageability mode is recommended to take advantage of the full feature set. [Learn more](#)

Subscription*

 TigerPMDemos

EULA

 I accept the terms in the agreement*

By clicking "I accept", I confirm that I have authority to enter into agreements on behalf of the above subscription. I consent to allow Microsoft to access SQL Server environment information on all Azure Virtual Machines belonging to this subscription ID. Furthermore, I permit Microsoft to register all SQL Server instances with the SQL VM resource provider.

To learn more about SQL Server data processing and privacy controls, please see the [SQL Server Privacy Statement](#).



Home >

SQL virtual machines

Microsoft

Add Automatic SQL Server VM registration Manage

Filter by name...

Subscription == TigerPMDemos

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 records.

 Name ↑

pamSQL2019FULLRP

 pamTestSQLSecurity

```
C:\Windows\system32>az sql vm create --name pamNonMPSQL2019 --resource-group PamDemos --location WestUS --license-type PAYG...  
AYG -sql-mgmt-type Lightweight  
Command group 'sql vm' is in preview. It may be changed/removed in a future release.  
- Running ..
```

No grouping

Subscription ↑↓

TigerPMDemos

TigerPMDemos

Microsoft Azure (Preview) Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs (G+) ☰ ? ☺

Home > SQL virtual machines Microsoft

Add Automatic SQL Server VM registration Manage view Refresh Export to CSV Open query Assign tags Feedback

Filter by name... Subscription == TigerPMDemos Resource group == pamdemos Location == all Add filter

No grouping

Name	Resource group	License type	Version	Edition	Location	Subscription
pamNonMPSQL2019	PamDemos	Pay As You Go	SQL2019-WS2019	Developer	West US	TigerPMDemos
pamSQL2019FULLRP	PamDemos	Azure Hybrid Benefit	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos
pamTestSQLSecurity	PamDemos	Pay As You Go	SQL2019-WS2019	Enterprise	West US	TigerPMDemos

Previous Page 1 of 1 Next

SQL virtual machin...

pamNonMPSQL2019

SQL virtual machine

Microsoft

Add

...

Filter by name...

Name ↑

pamNonMPSQL2019

pamSQL2019FULLRP

pamTestSQLSecurity

Search (Ctrl+ /)

Refresh

Delete

Feedback

Overview

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Settings

Configure

Security

Patching

Backups

Additional features

High Availability (Preview)

Properties

Automation

Tasks

Support + troubleshooting

New support request

Only license type and edition updates are available with the current SQL IaaS extension mode (LightWeight), to enable all manageability features for the SQL virtual machine click here.

Essentials

Resource group (change) : PamDemos

Version : SQL Server 2019

Status : Online

Edition : Developer

Location : West US

Virtual machine : pamNonMPSQL2019

Subscription (change) : TigerPMDemos

Virtual machine OS : Windows (Windows Server 2019 Datacenter)

Subscription ID : 61868ab8-16d4-44ec-a9ff-f35d05922847

Virtual machine size : Standard D4s v3

SQL configuration : Click here to view SQL extension configuration

License type : Pay As You Go

Tags (change) : Click here to add tags

Storage chart data is not available for current resource

Notifications (0)

Features (7)

All

Pricing (2)

Security (2)

Configuration (3)

License type

Configure the licensing model and SQL server edition for the SQL Server virtual machine.

CONFIGURED

Storage configuration

Automate your storage configuration by attaching storage to the VM, making that storage accessible to SQL Server.

NOT AVAILABLE

SQL connectivity

Configuration the connection to the SQL Server instance running on your Azure virtual machine.

NOT AVAILABLE

Options not available in lightWeight mode

pamNonMPSQL2019

Home > SQL virtual machines >

SQL virtual machine

Microsoft

[Add](#) ...

Filter by name...

Name ↑

[pamNonMPSQL2019](#)[pamSQL2019FULLRP](#)[pamTestSQLSecurity](#)

pamNonMPSQL2019

SQL virtual machine



Search (Ctrl+/)

Refresh

Delete

Feedback

[Overview](#)[Access control \(IAM\)](#)[Tags](#)[Settings](#)[Configure](#)[Security](#)[Patching](#)[Backups](#)[Additional features](#)[High Availability \(Preview\)](#)[Properties](#)[Automation](#)[Tasks](#)[Support + troubleshooting](#)[New support request](#)

Only license type and edition updates are available with the current SQL IaaS extension.

Essentials

Resource group ([change](#)) : PamDemos

Status : Online

Location : West US

Subscription ([change](#)) : TigerPMDemos

Subscription ID : 61868ab8-16d4-44ec-a9ff-f35d05922847

SQL configuration : [Click here to view SQL extension configuration](#)Tags ([change](#)) : [Click here to add tags](#)

Updating the manageability mode of SQL virtual machine to full will update the SQL IaaS extension and restart the SQL Server service on the virtual machine.

[Learn more](#)

I agree to restart the SQL Server service on the virtual machine. *

Storage chart data is not available for current resource

Confirm

Cancel

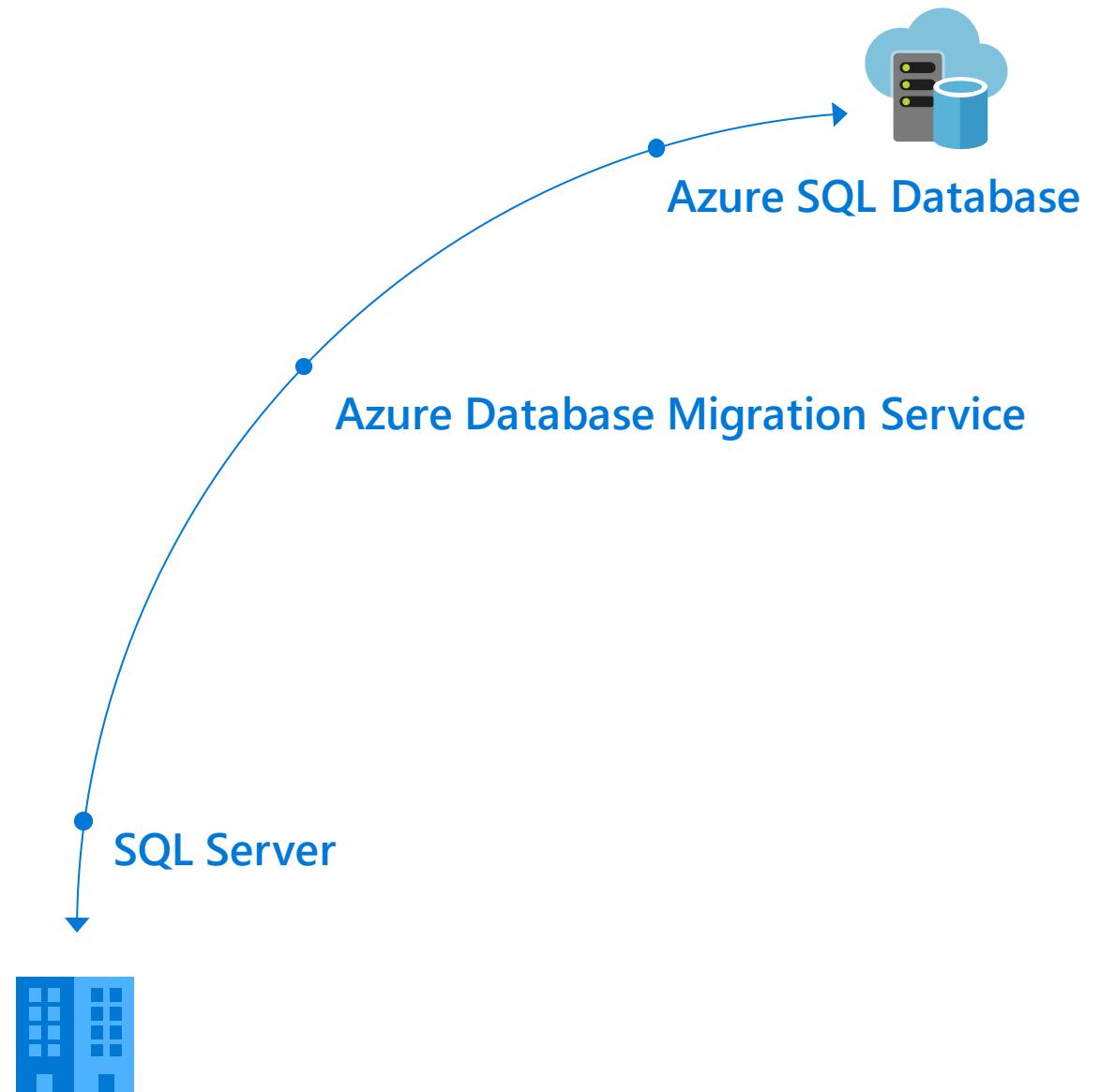
A hybrid Journey to the Cloud

Seamless hybrid deployment with integrated data synchronization

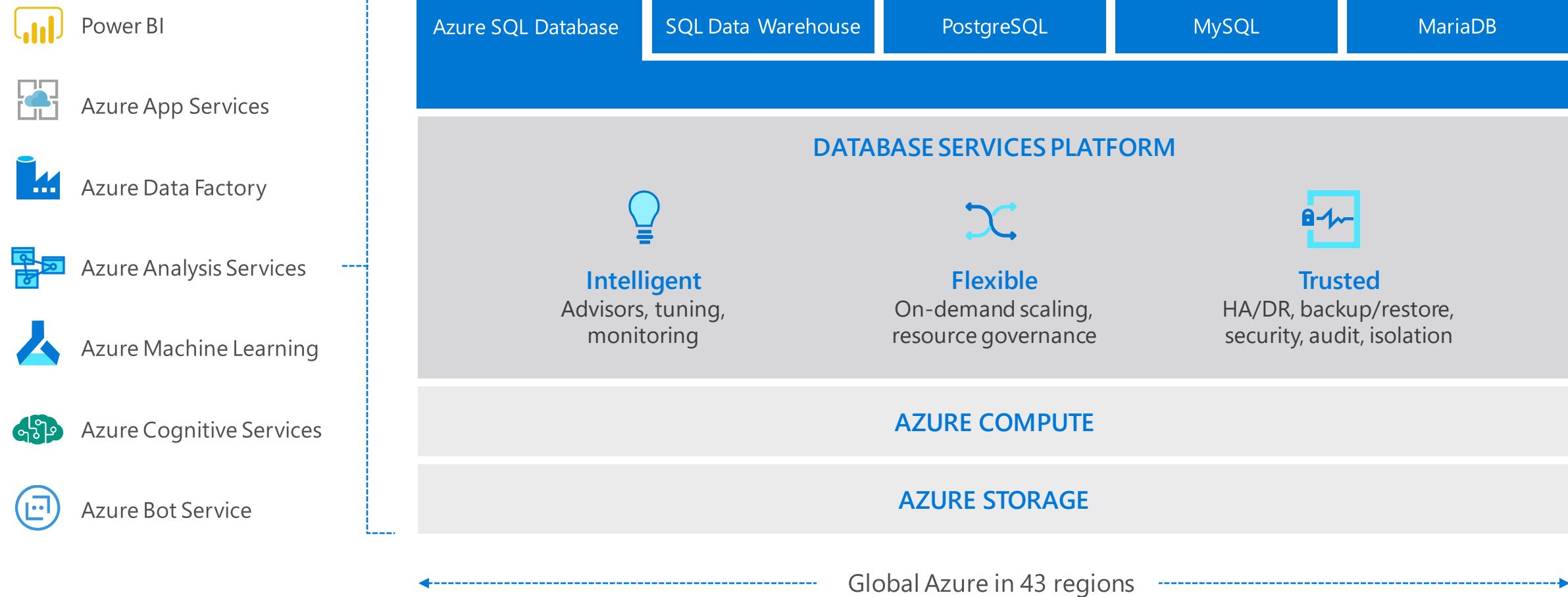
Reliable migration at scale

Lift and shift to the cloud with no code changes

Up to 55% cost savings



Azure Relational Database Platform



Azure SQL Database deployment option



Azure SQL Database

Single

Database-scoped deployment option with predictable workload performance

Best for apps that require **resource guarantee at database level**

Elastic Pool

Shared resource model optimized for greater efficiency of multi-tenant applications

Best for SaaS apps with multiple databases that can **share resources at database level**, achieving better cost efficiency

Managed Instance

Instance-scoped deployment option with high compatibility with SQL Server and full PaaS benefits

Best for modernization at scale with low friction and effort

Service Tiers

General Purpose

Business Critical

Hyperscale

Serverless

Data platform continuum

Shared lower cost

PaaS & SaaS

Azure SQL Database
Virtualized Database



IaaS

SQL Server in Azure VM
Virtualized Machines



Virtual

SQL Server Private Cloud
Virtualized Machine + Appliance



Physical

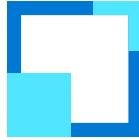
SQL Server
Physical Machine (raw iron)

Dedicated higher cost

Higher administration

Lower administration

Key benefits of Azure SQL Database



Independently scale compute and storage to match both performance and financial needs



High availability and disaster recovery with 99.99% uptime availability SLA and active-geo replication, point-in-time restore, and geo-restore



Up to 100x performance improvements with support for In-Memory Columnstore queries



Improved monitoring and troubleshooting with Extended Events and visibility into more than 100 new table views



Support for key programmability functions to drive more robust application design

Saving opportunity for modernizing your data estate is significant

Managed by customer

Managed by Microsoft

Machine-learning capability

On-premises costs tend to be driven by hardware and data center management costs

Infrastructure-as-a-Service reduces cost categories related to data center and compute

Platform-as-a-Service off-loads customers' most administrative tasks to Azure, further improving efficiency with machine-learning capabilities for performance and security

- **Managed Instance:** instance-level deployment for lift-shift existing apps to Azure, fully backward compatible
- **Single database:** database-level deployment for new apps

On-premises

Applications

Data

High availability /DR/Backups

Database Provision/ Patch/Scaling

O/S provision /patching

Virtualization

Hardware

Datacenter Management

Infrastructure
(as a Service)

Applications

Data

High availability /DR/Backups

Database Provision/ Patch/Scaling

O/S

Virtualization

Hardware

Datacenter Management

Platform
(as a Service)

Intelligent performance/security

Applications

Data

High Availability/ DR/Backups

Database Provision/ Patch/Scaling

O/S

Virtualization

Hardware

Datacenter Management

SQL Server 2017

Azure SQL VMs

Azure SQL Database

Focus on your business

Your work so far

Hardware purchasing and management

Protect data with backups (with health checks and retention)

High availability implementation

Disaster recovery implementation

Ensure compliance with standards on your own

Secure your data from malicious users and mistakes

Role out updates and upgrades

Monitor, troubleshoot, and manage at scale

Tune and maintain for predictable performance

How PaaS helps

Built-in scale on-demand

Built-in point-in-time restore

Built-in 99.99% SLA and auto-failover

Built-in geo-redundancy and geo-replication

Built-in easy to use features

Built-in easy to use features

Built-in updates and upgrades

Built-in easy to use features

Built-in easy to use features

We take care of your database chores

Updates to Azure SQL Database

Hybrid	Performance & scale	Security	Intelligence
<p>Azure Hybrid Benefit Managed Instance Business Critical – GA</p> <p>Managed Instance General Purpose - GA</p> <p>vCore Purchasing Model - GA</p> <p>Reserved Capacity Pricing - GA</p> <p>Data Sync – GA</p> <p>More vCore compute levels - GA</p>	<p>Zone Redundancy - Prev</p> <p>Elastic DB library for Java - GA</p> <p>Columnstore in Standard tier - GA</p> <p>Long Term backup retention - GA</p> <p>Zone Redundancy - GA</p> <p>Read Scale - Prev</p> <p>.Net/ODBC and SSDT - Prev</p> <p>Resumable Online Index Create – GA</p> <p>Storage add-ons - GA</p> <p>Adding DTU Standard perf levels- GA</p> <p>Elastic Jobs - Prev</p> <p>Auto Failover - GA</p> <p>Hyperscale – Prev</p> <p>Dev/test pricing for MI, single DB- GA</p> <p>Serverless - Prev</p>	<p>TDE with Azure Key Vault – GA</p> <p>Information Protection – Prev</p> <p>Vulnerability Assessment - GA</p>	<p>Automatic Tuning Improvements - GA</p> <p>Intelligent QP updates - Prev</p>

For latest information:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/updates/?product=sql-database>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-release-notes>

Previous updates to Azure SQL Database



Learn & Adapt

Operational analytics

- Columnstore
- In-Memory OLTP

Predictable performance

- Query Store
- Index Optimization
- Automatic tuning
- Auto query plan correction
- Performance Insight in OMS
- Adaptive Query Processing

SQL Graph Advanced analytics

- Native PREDICT
- R Services



Privacy & trust

Activity monitoring

- Engine Audit
- Threat Detection
- Centralized dashboard OMS

Access control

- SQL Firewall
- RLS, Dynamic data masking
- AAD and MFA

Data protection

- Encrypt in motion (TLS)
- Always Encrypted (equality)
- TDE & BYOK
- Service endpoint
- Always Encrypted (secure enclave)

Discovery & assessment

- Vulnerability assessment



Business Continuity

HA-DR built-in

- 99.99% SLA
- Geo-restore
- Active geo replicas (4)
- Multi-AZ
- Zone-redundant

Backup and restore

- Backup with health check
- 35 days PITR
- 10 years data retention

Distributed application

- Change Tracking
- Transaction replication
- Data sync
- SSIS service
- Read scale-out
- VNET endpoints



Seamless and Compatible

Biz model & SKUs

- DTU/eDTU
- <=1TB
- Bigger std: S4-S12
- Separate compute and storage
- Azure Hybrid Benefit
- vCore-based purchasing

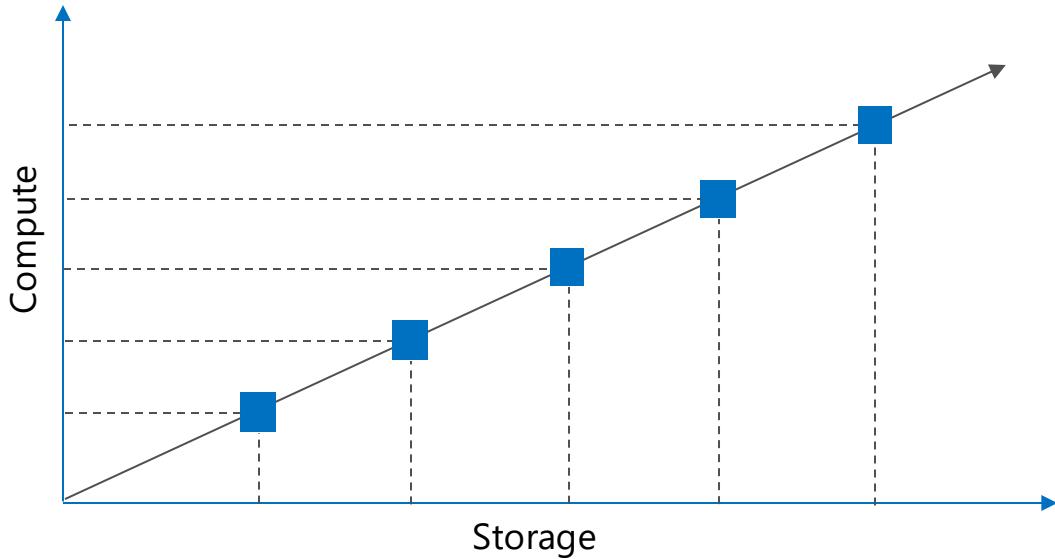
Cost optimization

- Intelligent PaaS

Flexible compute & storage options

DTU model

Simple, preconfigured



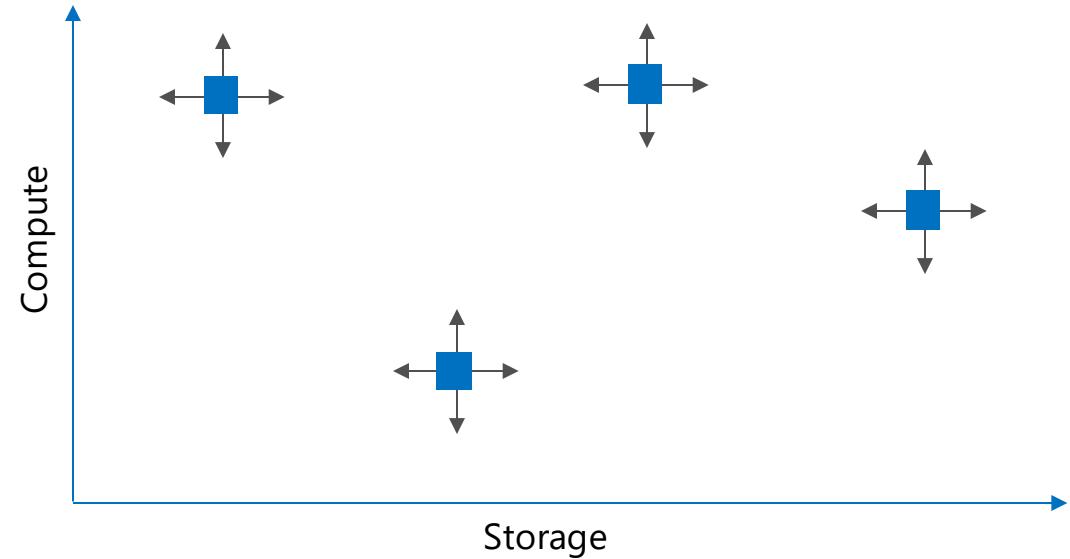
Pre-packaged, bundled unit that represents the database power

Designed for predictable performance, but somewhat inflexible and limited in options

DTU sizing offers simplicity of choice

vCore model

Independent scalability



This model allows you to independently choose compute and storage resources. It also allows you to use Azure Hybrid Benefit for SQL Server to gain cost savings.

Best for customers who value flexibility; control and transparency

Benefits of virtual cores

Choice between vCores and DTUs in Azure SQL Database as a unit of measure for available CPU

Understand your compute requirements in the cloud vs. what you use on-premises today

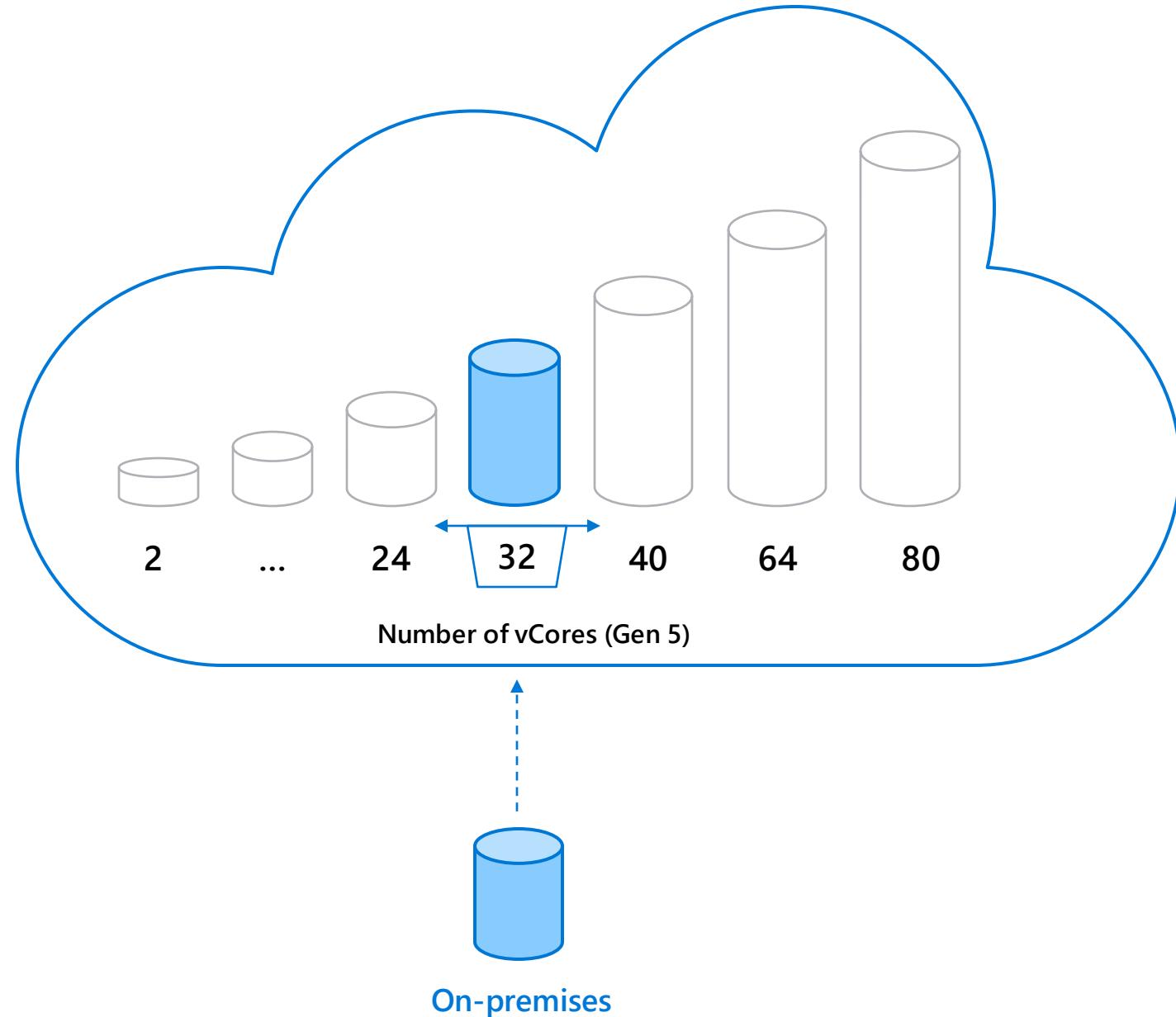
Easier to right-size the destination environment by removing the guesswork of DTUs

Gen 4 CPUs are based on Intel E5-2673 v3 (Haswell) 2.4 GHz processors. In Gen 4, 1 vCore = 1 physical CPU

1-24 vCores

Gen 5 logical CPUs are based on Intel E5-2673 v4 (Broadwell) 2.3 GHz processors. In Gen 5, 1 vCore = 1 hyper thread

2-80 vCores



Azure Hybrid Benefit for SQL Server

Take an inventory of on-premises licenses to determine potential for conversion

Convert on-premises cores to vCores to maximize value of investments

1 Standard license core =

1 General Purpose or Hyperscale core

1 Enterprise license core =

1 Business Critical core

1 Enterprise license core =

4 General Purpose or Hyperscale cores
(virtualization benefit)

License trade-in values

SQL Server cores with SA license



SQL Server Standard Edition



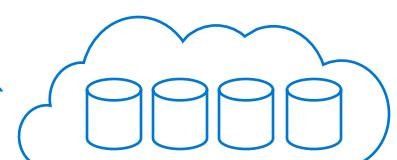
vCores on Azure SQL Database



General purpose or Hyperscale vCore



SQL Server Enterprise Edition



4x General purpose or Hyperscale vCores

Flexible compute, storage & performance options

Simplicity

We remain committed to the DTU-based model and the simplicity it offers customers who want a pre-configured solution

Flexibility:

The vCore-based model reflects our commitment to customer choice and to simplify the hybrid benefit for customers migrating from on-premises

Customers pay for:

Service tier + number of vCores

Type and amount of data storage

Number of IO

Backup storage (RA-GRS)

Service tier	 General purpose	 Business critical	 Hyperscale		
Best for	Most budget-oriented workloads	Critical business applications with high IO requirements.	VLDB OLTP and HTAP workloads with highly scalable storage and read-scale requirements		
Deployment option	Single / Elastic Pools	Managed Instance	Single / Elastic Pools	Managed Instance	Single
Compute tiers	Gen4: 1 to 24 vCore Gen5: 2 to 80 vCore	Gen4: 4 to 24 vCore Gen5: 4 to 80 vCore	Gen4: 1 to 24 vCore Gen5: 2 to 80 vCore	Gen4: 4 to 24 vCore Gen5: 4 to 80 vCore	Gen4: 1 to 24 vCore Gen5: 2 to 80 vCore
Storage		Premium remote		Local SSD	
In-Memory	Not supported		Supported		Not supported
Read-write IO	~2ms for all data access		<0.5ms for all data access		<0.5ms for hot data access ~2ms otherwise
Availability	2 read replicas		3 replicas, 1 read-scale replica, zone-redundant HA		Primary read/write replica + up to 4 read replicas
Backups	RA-GRS, 7-35 days (7 days by default)		RA-GRS, 7-35 days (7 days by default)		LRS, ZRS, RA-GRS, 7-35 days (7 days by default)

Choose from two hardware generations

Balance performance requirements and price
with two hardware generations

Match your on-premise application behavior

	Gen 4	Gen 5
Hardware	Intel E5-2673 v3 (Haswell) 2.4 GHz processors vCore = 1 PP (physical core)	Intel E5-2673 v4 (Broadwell) 2.3 GHz processors, fast eNVM SSD vCore=1 LP (hyper-thread)
Performance levels	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 24 vCores	2, 4, 6, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 32, 40, 80 vCores
Memory	7 GB per vCore	5.1 GB per vCore
Storage	5 GB to 4 TB with 1 GB increments. Premium blob storage	5 GB to 4 TB with 1GB increments. Local SSD storage. Hyperscale tier 5 GB to 100 TB with 1GB increments and only charge for storage based on usage.

Pay only for what you need

DTUs			vCores		
Basic	Standard	Premium	General Purpose	Business Critical	Hyperscale
Small databases particularly those in development phases	General purpose databases with moderate performance requirements	Mission-critical databases with high performance and high-availability requirements	Data applications with basic IO and basic availability requirements	Business critical data applications with fast IO and high availability requirements	VLDB OLTP and HTAP workloads with highly scalable storage and read-scale requirements



Elastic scale and performance: Three service tiers within DTU-based model, and two tiers within vCore-based model let you scale up and down based on throughput needs, and offer better resource isolation and an improved billing experience



Business continuity and data protection: A spectrum of business-continuity features across tiers lets you dial up control over data recovery and failover



Familiar and fully-managed: Near-complete SQL Server compatibility and unprecedented efficiencies as your applications scale with a near-zero maintenance service and a variety of familiar management tools and programmatic APIs



Scale your data workloads with Azure SQL Database

Challenges with managing Very Large Databases (VLDB)

Size of data



- Operations take a LONG time (days in some cases)
- Ongoing operations degrade database performance
- Can cause outages and downtime
- Provisioning more storage to expand the database can be painful

Scaling Compute



- Logistics of moving to larger box
- Economics of sizing for max peaks

Hyperscale is the foundation for massive app growth

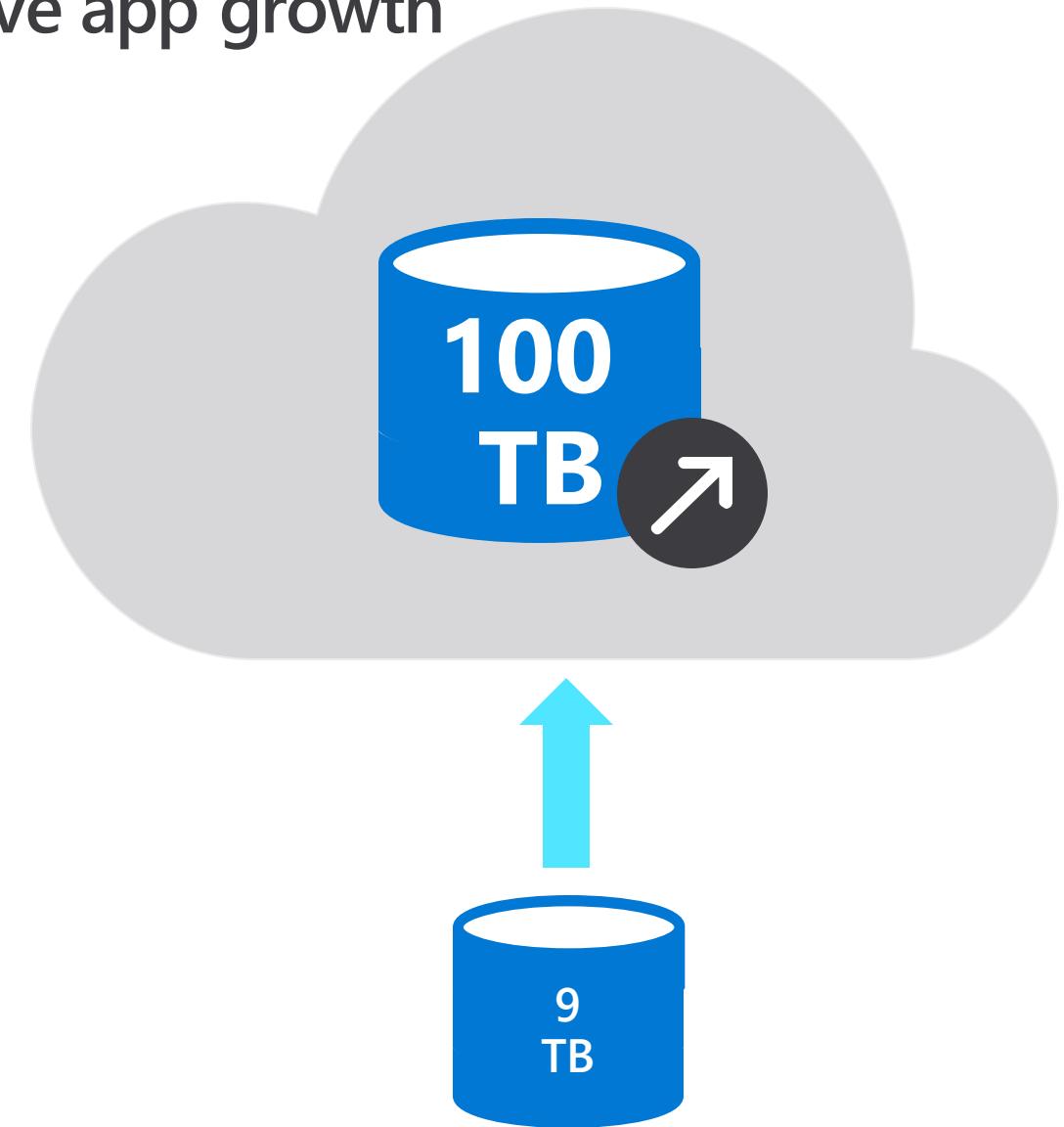
Hyperscale is a new, highly scalable service tier that adapts on-demand to your workload's needs, auto-scaling up to 100TB per database.

Storage dynamically adapts to your workloads' needs, auto-scaling up to 100TB.

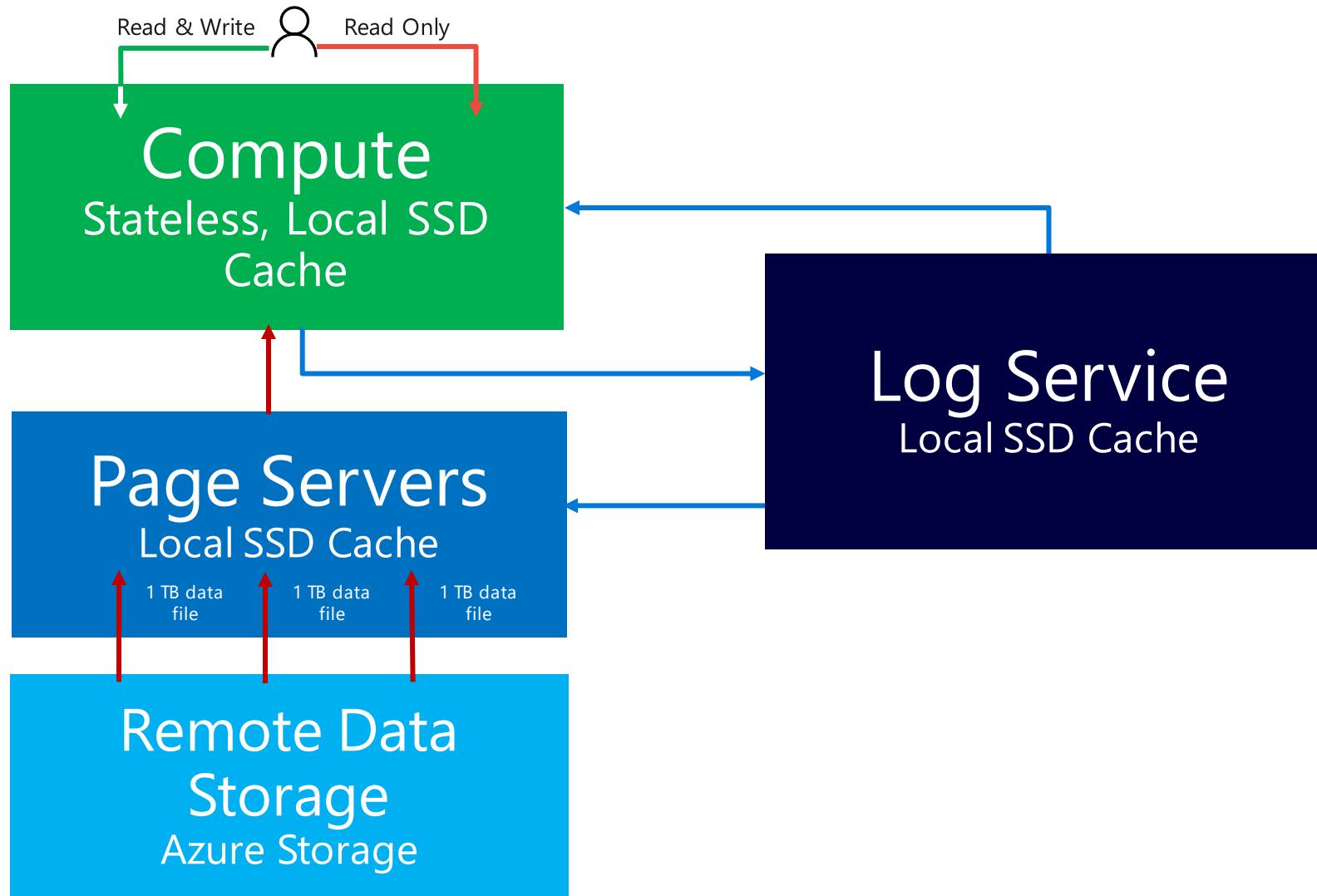
Provision one or more additional compute nodes that can serve your read-only workload and use them as a hot-standby, in case of failover.

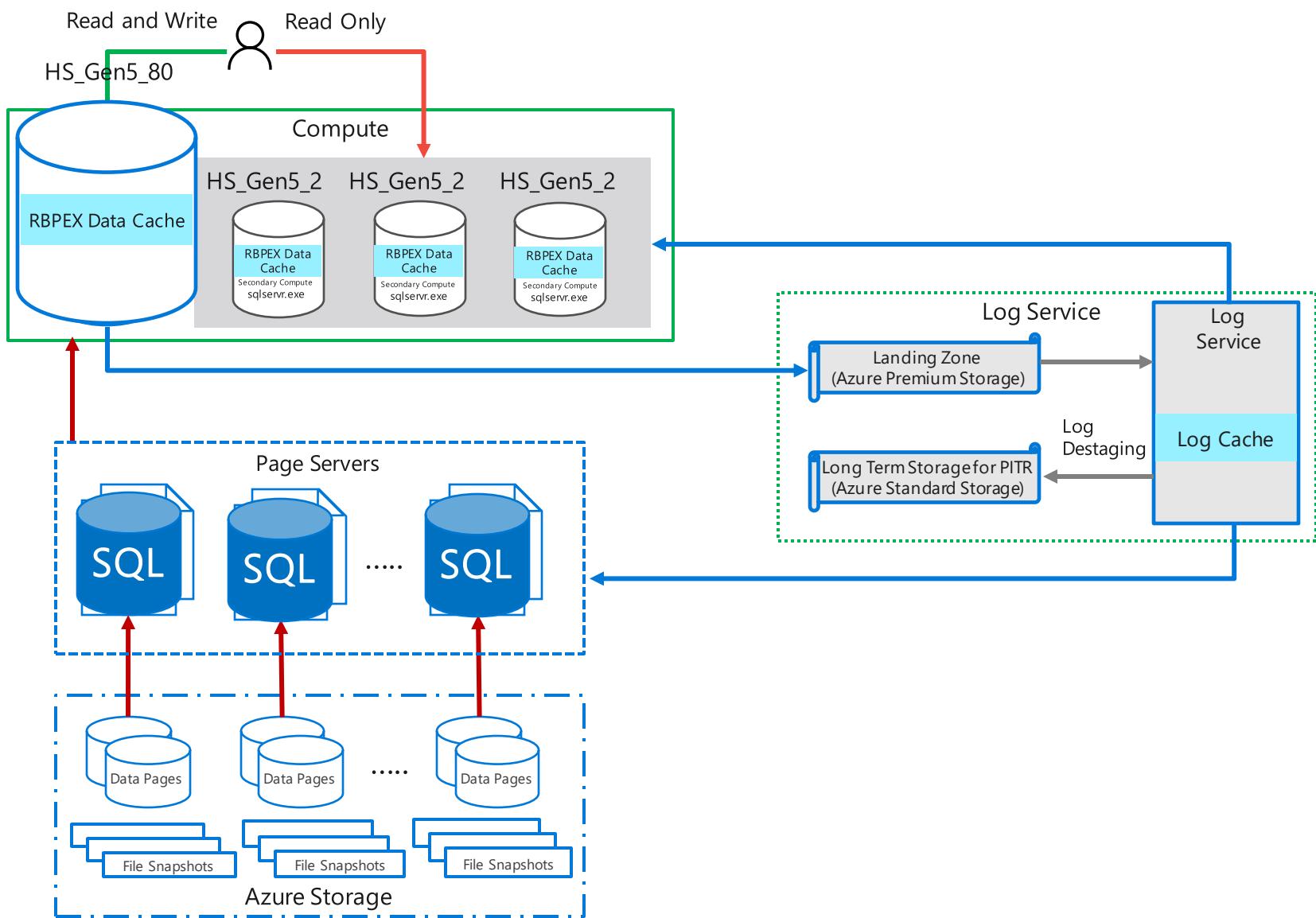
Perform operations in constant time, regardless of the size of the data operation.

Compute and storage resources scale rapidly and independently without sacrificing performance.



Hyperscale components





Constant time scale up and down

Offload read-only workload by adding read-scale replicas without data copy – constant time as well

Low log commit latency - <2.5ms with Premium Storage; < 0.5ms with Ultra SSD (future improvement)

High log generation rate and fast data loading

Page server instances work independently – infinite scale out

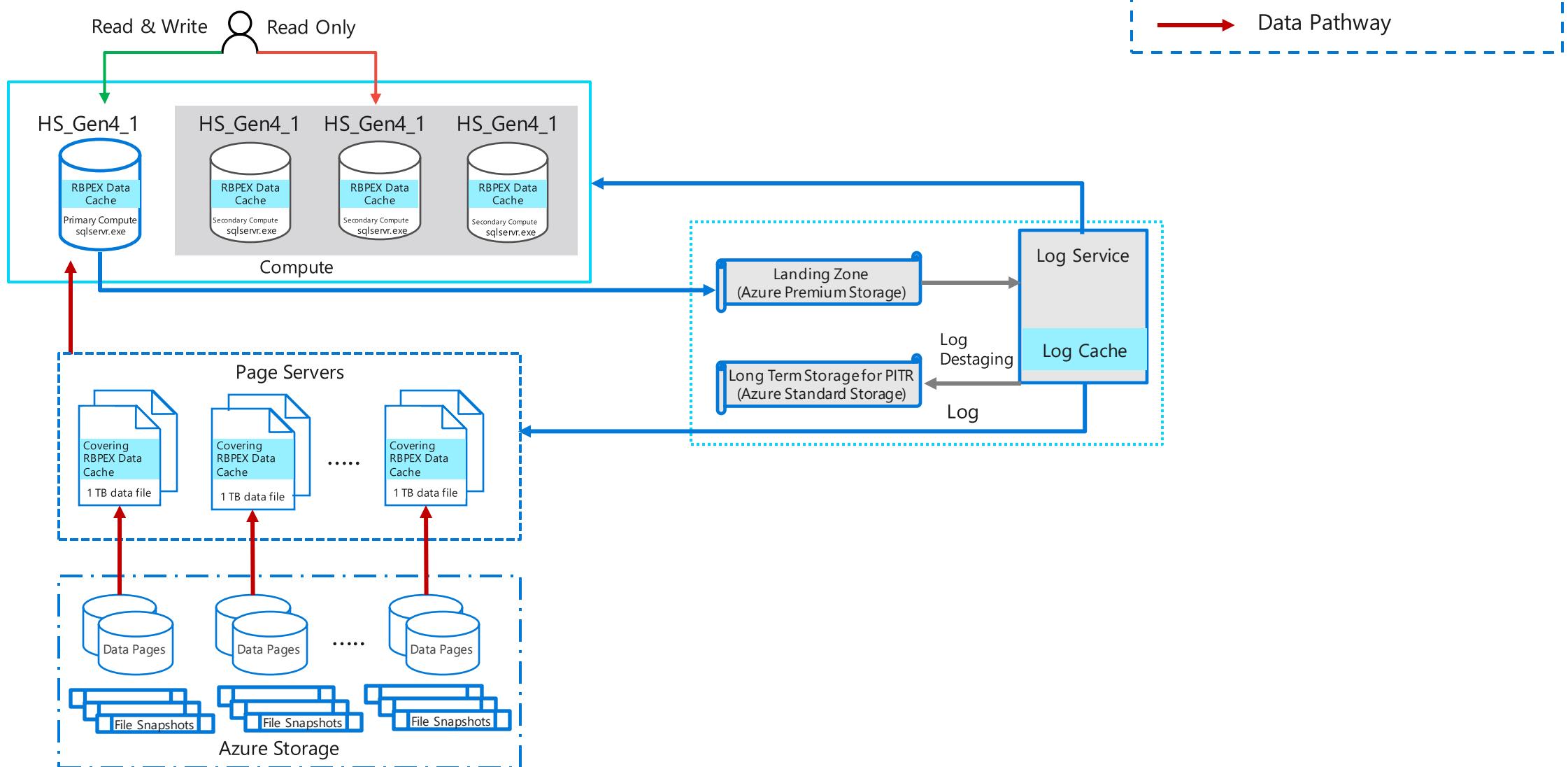
Adding more page servers as your database grows – pay by usage (start with 5GB with 1GB increments)

Snapshot backup + log offloading – zero impact to compute resource

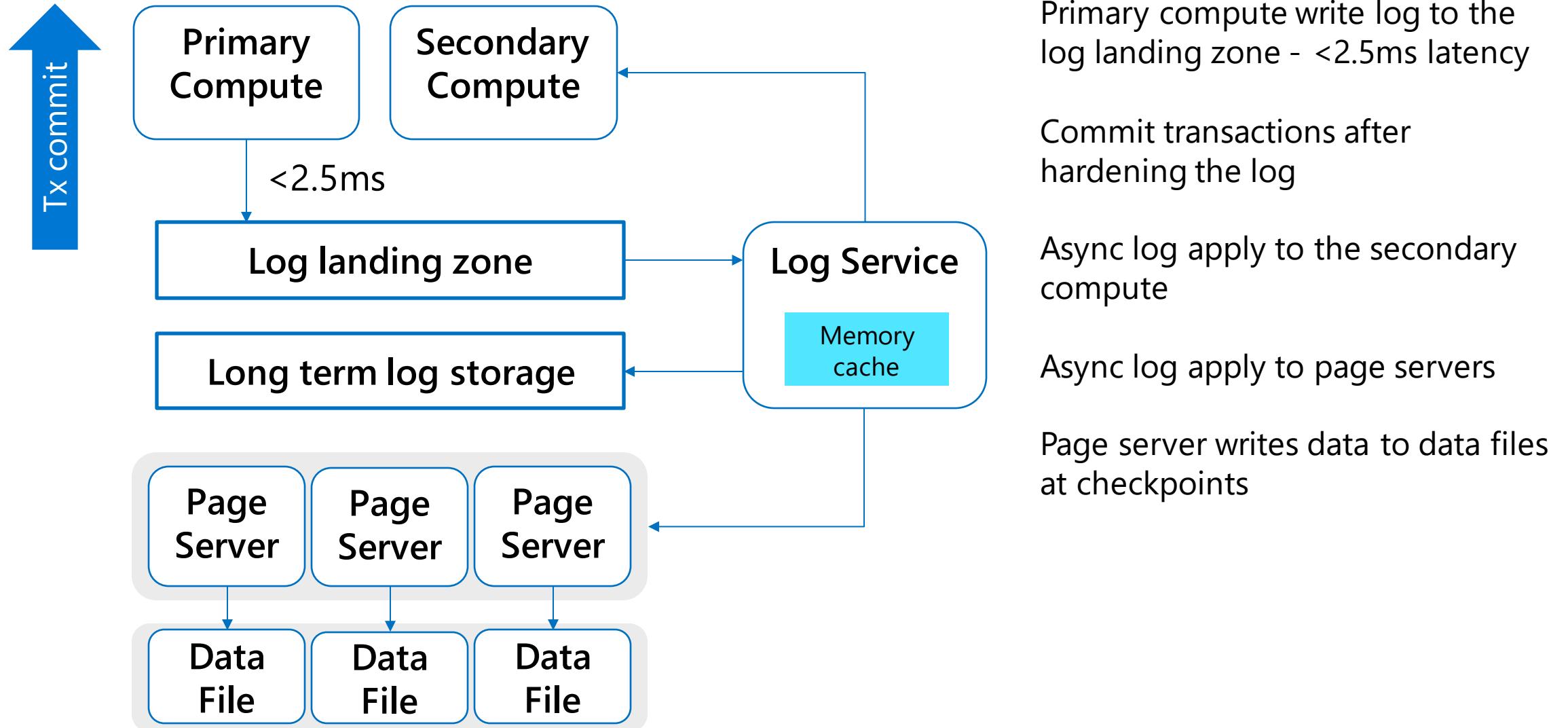
Restore database by copying snapshots and log records – constant time point in time restore

Checkpoints also offloaded to page servers

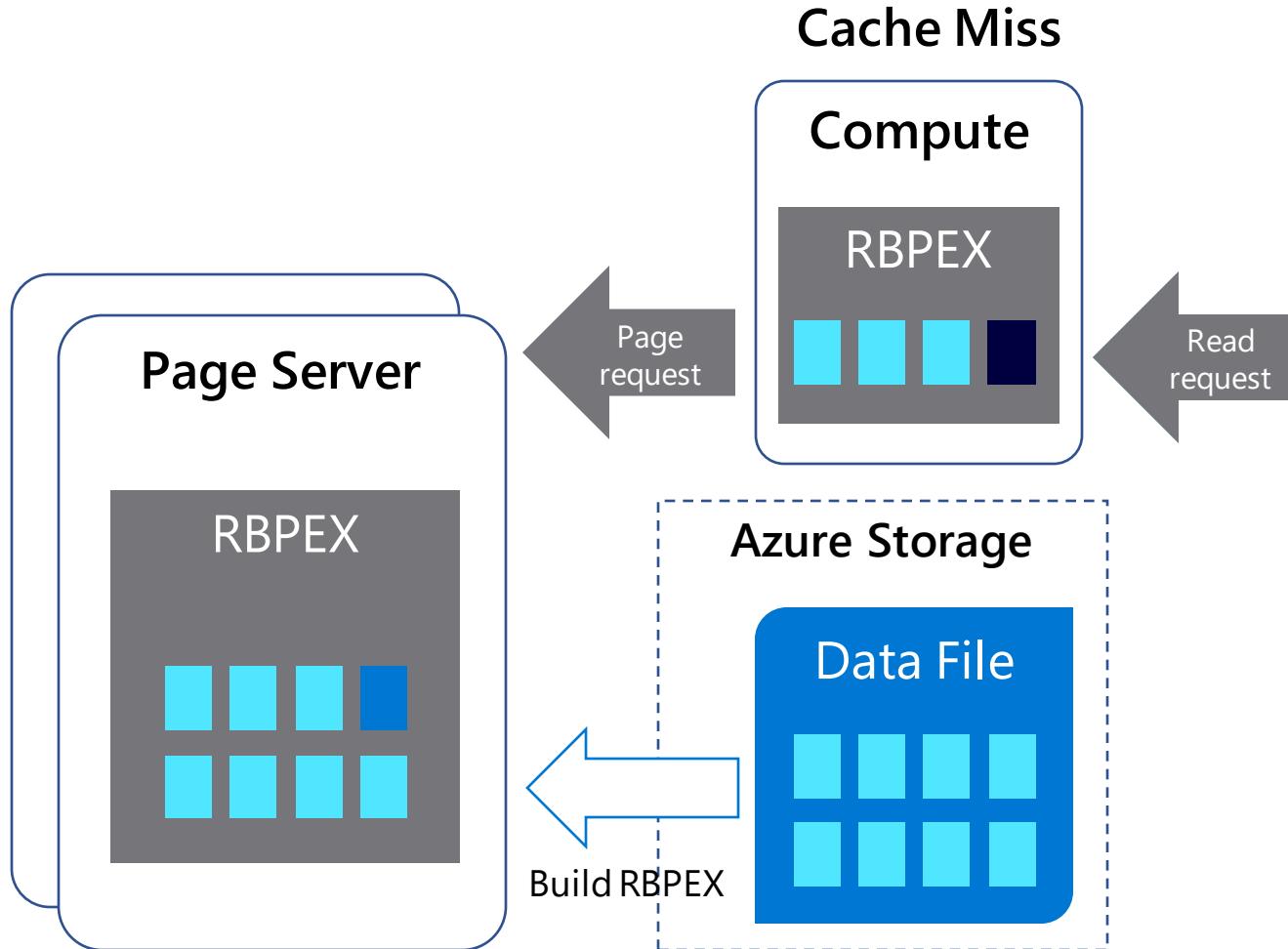
Hyperscale architecture



Write IO



Read IO



Pre-build RBPEX when page server instance started

Two page-server replicas guarantee IO latency

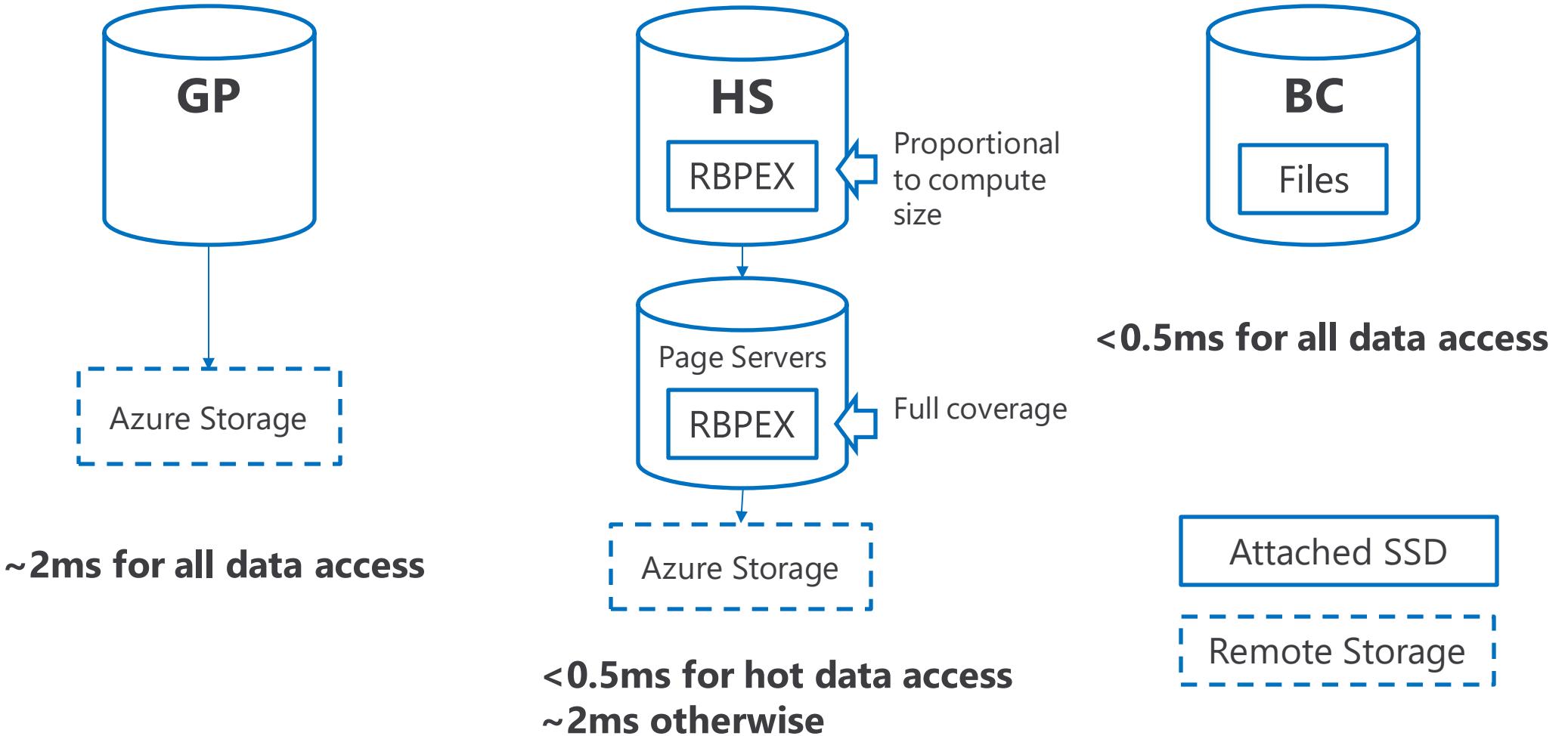
RBPEX on compute nodes is proportional to # of vCores

Hit local RBPEX - < 0.5ms
Hit page server RBPEX - < 2ms

Optimized for OLTP workload – operating on hot data

Use Column Store index to optimize HTAP/OLAP workload

Read IO





Scaling multiple databases across shared resources with elastic pools

Elastic database model

Elastic databases in elastic database pools

Pooled resources are used by many databases

Standard elastic database pools provide 50-3000 database throughput units (DTUs) for up to 500 databases

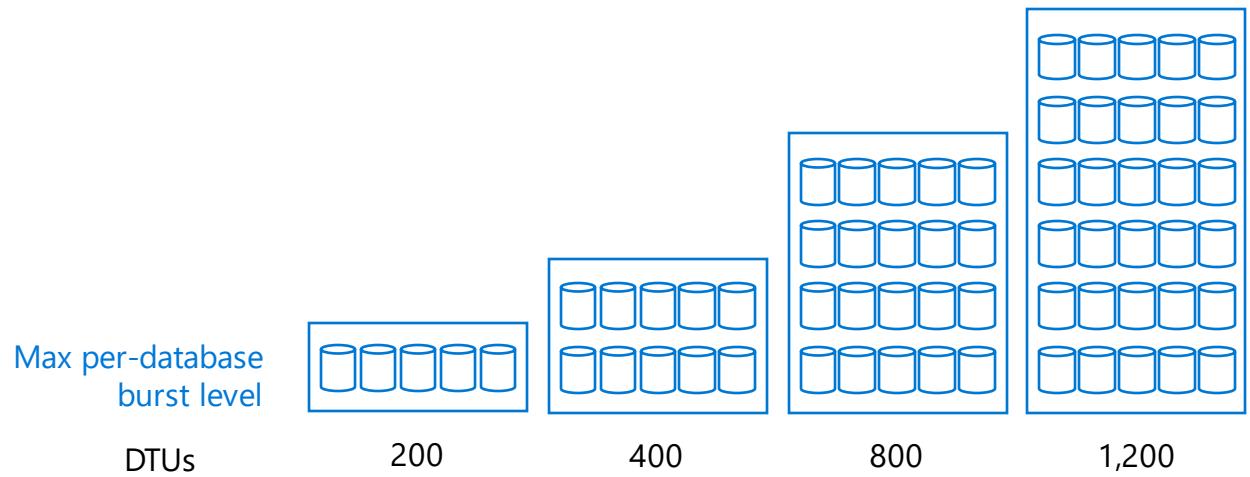
Max eDTUs per database can be set if available based on utilization by other database in the pool

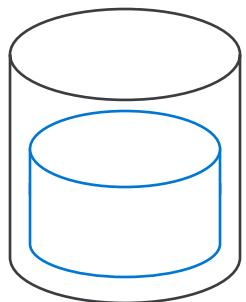
Create/configure pools using portal, Azure PowerShell, REST APIs

Move databases in/out using portal, Azure PowerShell, REST APIs, and T-SQL

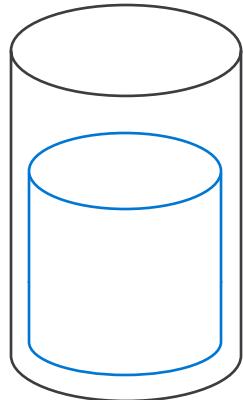
Databases remain online throughout

Monitoring and alerting available on both pools and databases

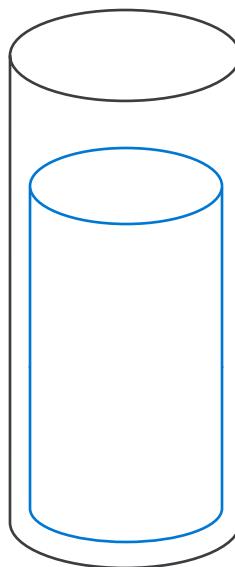




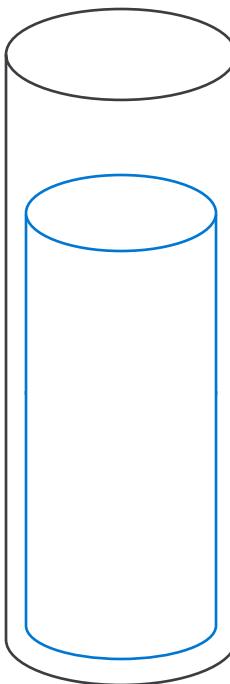
S0



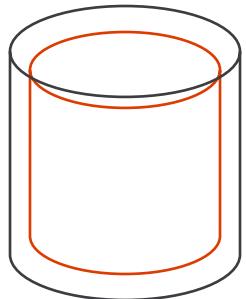
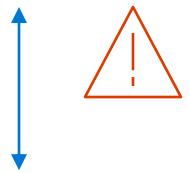
S1



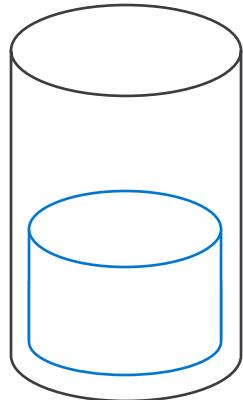
S2



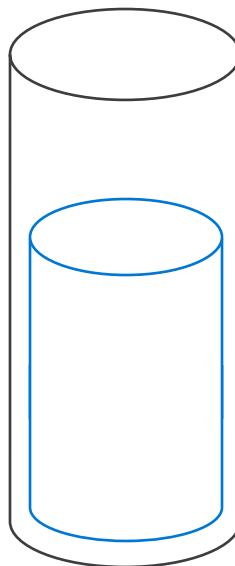
S3



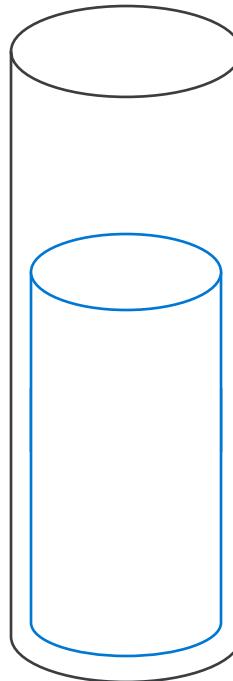
S0



S1

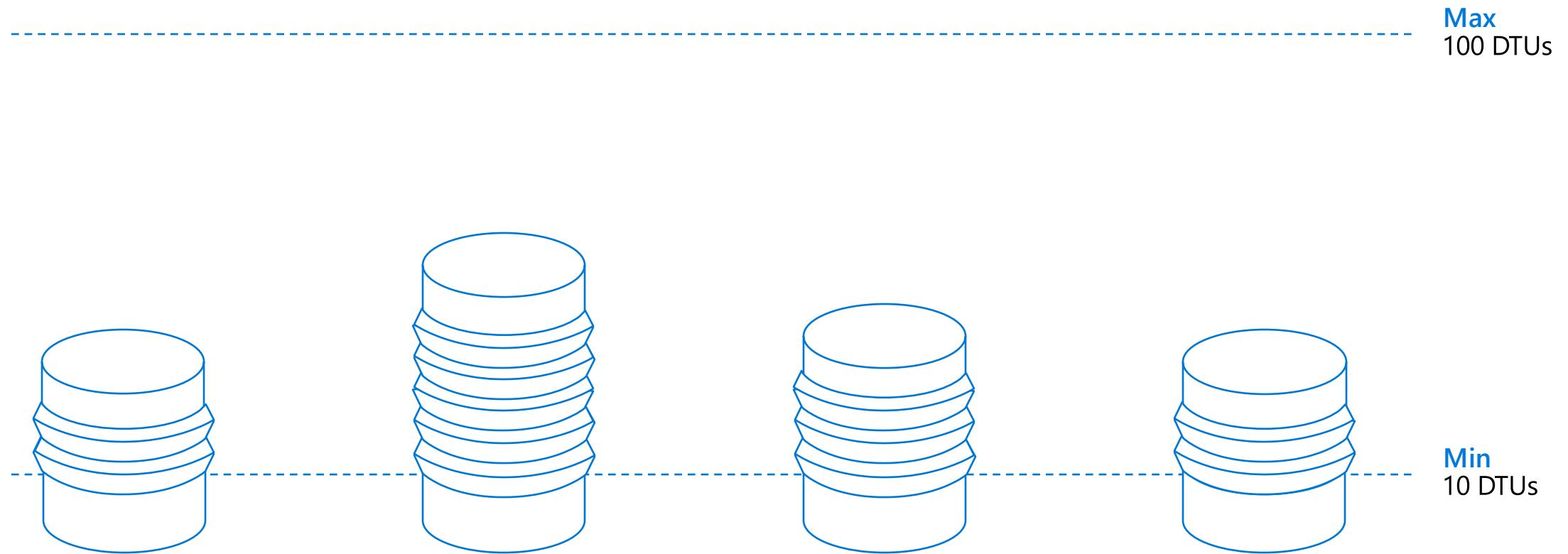


S2



S3

Elastic database pool

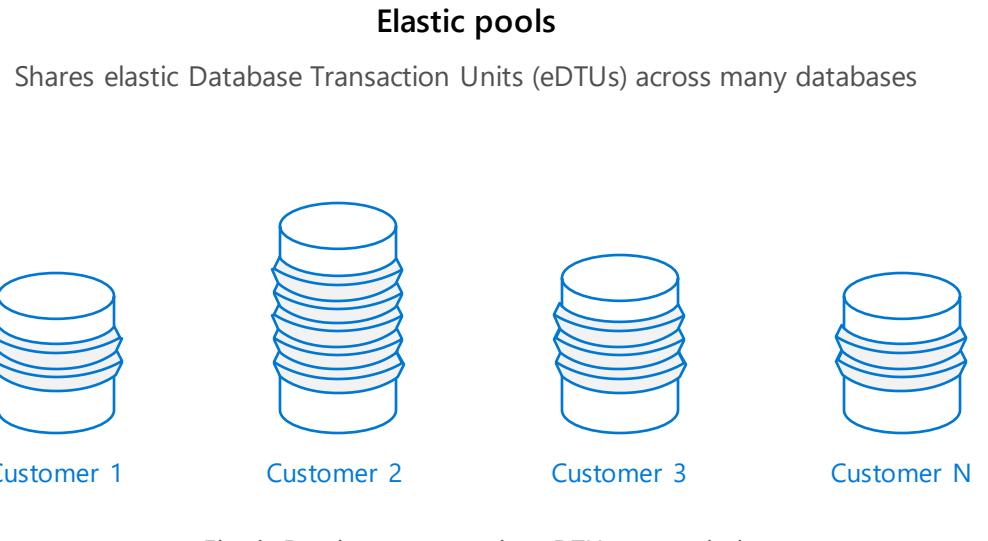


Auto-scaling you control with Elastic Database

Pools automatically scale performance and storage capacity for elastic databases—anytime, anywhere

Control the performance assigned to a pool, add or remove elastic databases on demand, and define performance of elastic databases without effecting overall pool cost

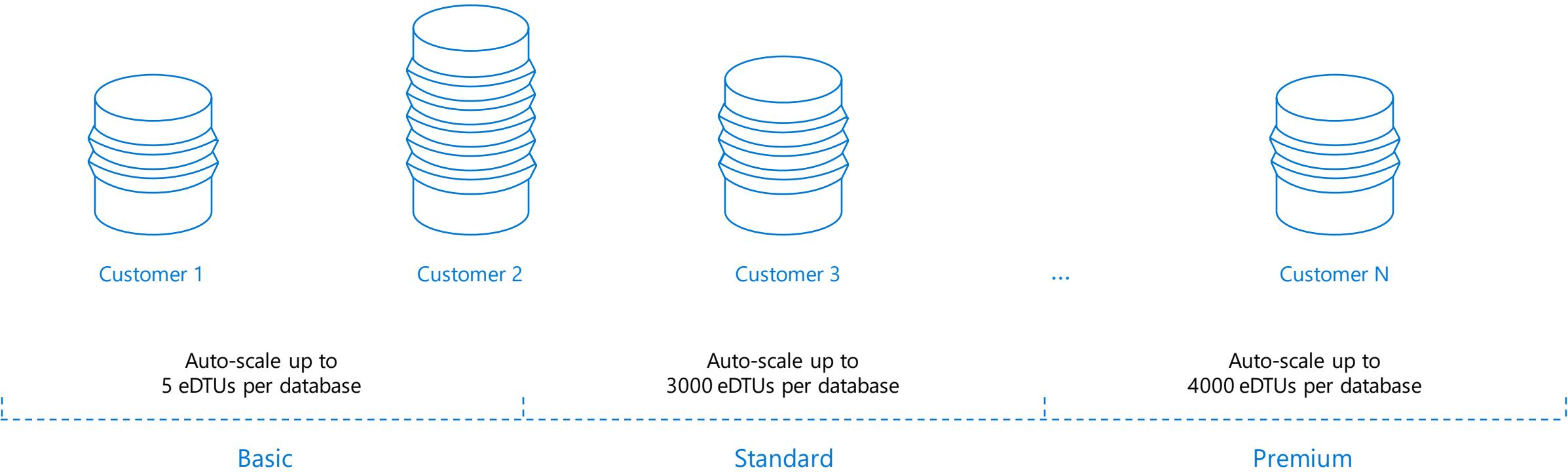
Don't worry about managing usage needs of individual databases



Elastic database pool service tiers

Buy a fixed number of eDTUs, share compute across many databases

ELASTIC DATABASE POOLS



Manage operational activities across multiple databases

Elastic database tools

Elastic database jobs

Elastic database queries

Elastic database transactions

Support management and increased efficiency for multi-database environments



Elastic database pools



Elastic database jobs overview

Elastic database jobs enables you to run T-SQL scripts (jobs) against all databases in an elastic database pool

Define, maintain, and persist T-SQL scripts to be executed across an elastic database pool

Execute T-SQL scripts reliably with automatic retry and at scale

Track job execution state



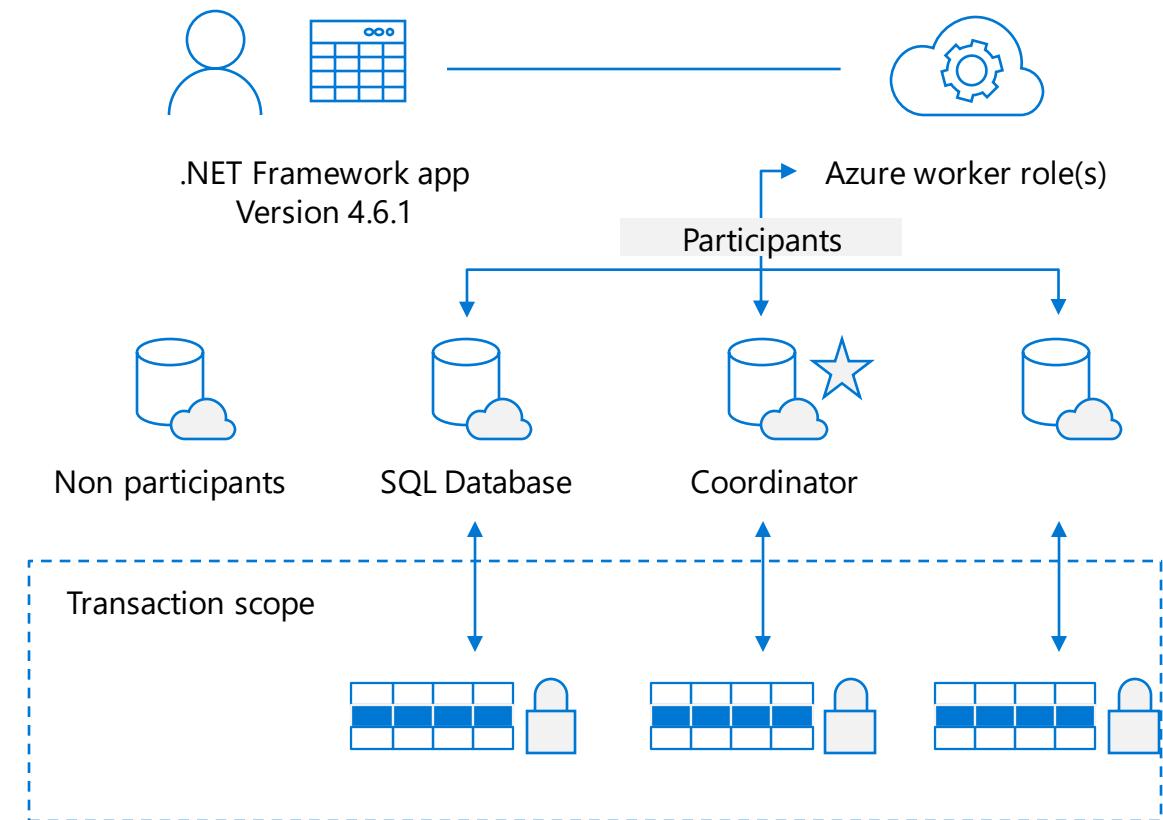
Elastic database transactions

Distributed transactions: perform operations across several databases with transactional properties in Azure SQL Database

Ensure that changes are made to all databases or not at all

Use the same .NET APIs that are used on-premises today

Distributed transactions on Azure SQL Database



Querying across many databases

Connect to a single Azure SQL Database instance using familiar Azure SQL Database connection strings

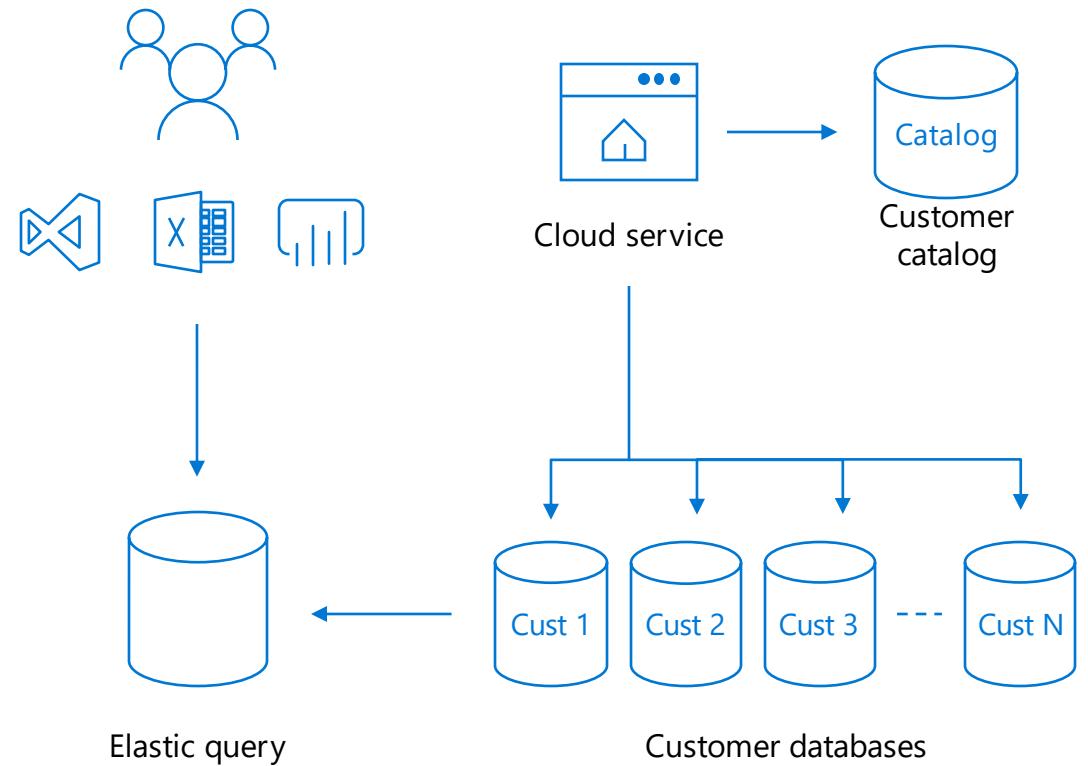
Simplify setup with Transact-SQL Data Definition Language (DDL)

Transparently query many databases from a single database

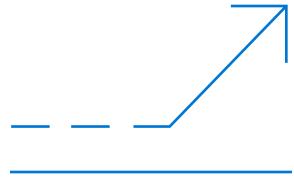
Familiar programming experience with Transact-SQL, ADO .NET LINQ, Entity Framework (EF), and others

Use familiar development and business-intelligence (BI) tools to query across many databases

Designed for interactive querying



Multiply capacity and density for scalability

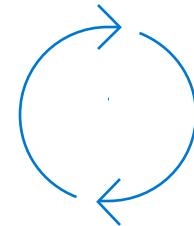


Adding more capacity

Identifying and breaking contention and choke points

How to add additional capacity to a solution?

Subtle constraints to consider...



Using capacity more efficiently

Traditional performance tuning

Maximizing application throughput
(for example, leveraging batching)

Improving network performance

Elastic database client library overview

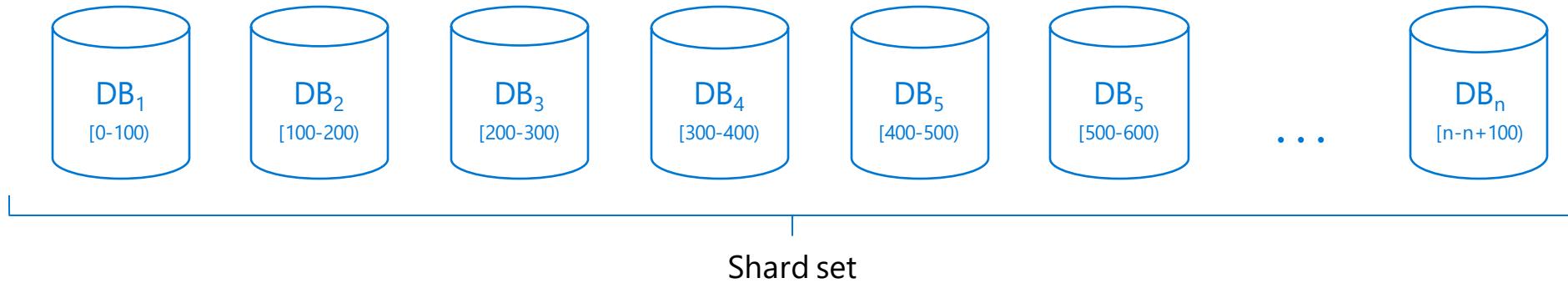
Two types of shard maps

Range: contiguous values

List: explicit values

Four types of sharding keys

INT, BIGINT, GUID, VARBINARY



[shardmaps_global]

smid	name
1	RangeShardMap

[shards_global]

sid	smid	Datasource	Databasename
1	1	serverName	DB2
2	1	serverName	DB2

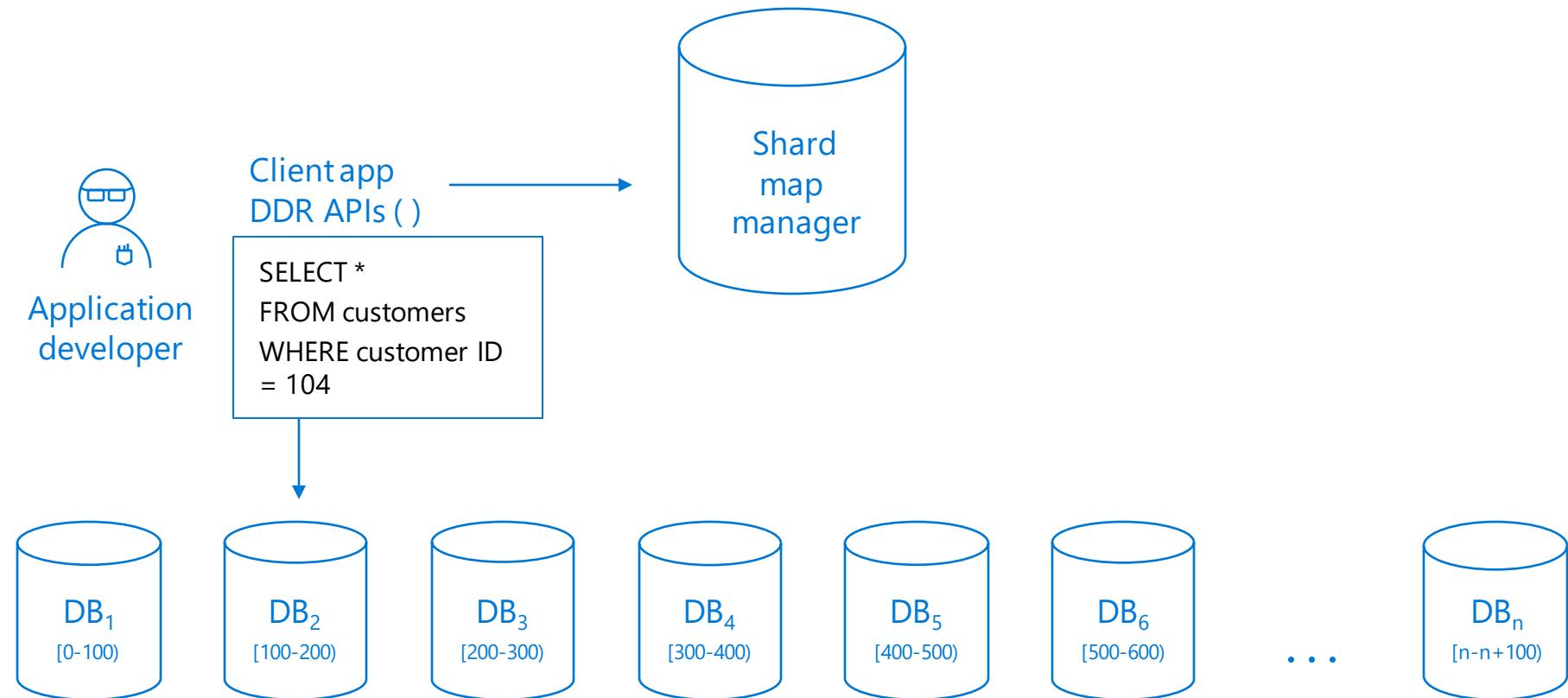
[shard_mappings_global]

mid	smid	min	max	Sid
1	1	0	100	1
2	1	100	200	2

Data Dependent Routing (DDR)

Scenario:

Query a shard with a specific shardlet key



Data Dependent Routing (DDR)

```
// Get a routed connection for a given shardingKey
using (SqlConnection conn = ShardMap.OpenConnectionForKey(
    shardingKey,
    connectionString /* Credentials Only */ ,
    ConnectionOptions.Validate /* Validate */ ));
{
    using (SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand())
    {
        cmd.Connection = conn;
        cmd.CommandText = "SELECT dbNameField, TestIntField, TestBigIntField FROM
ShardedTable";

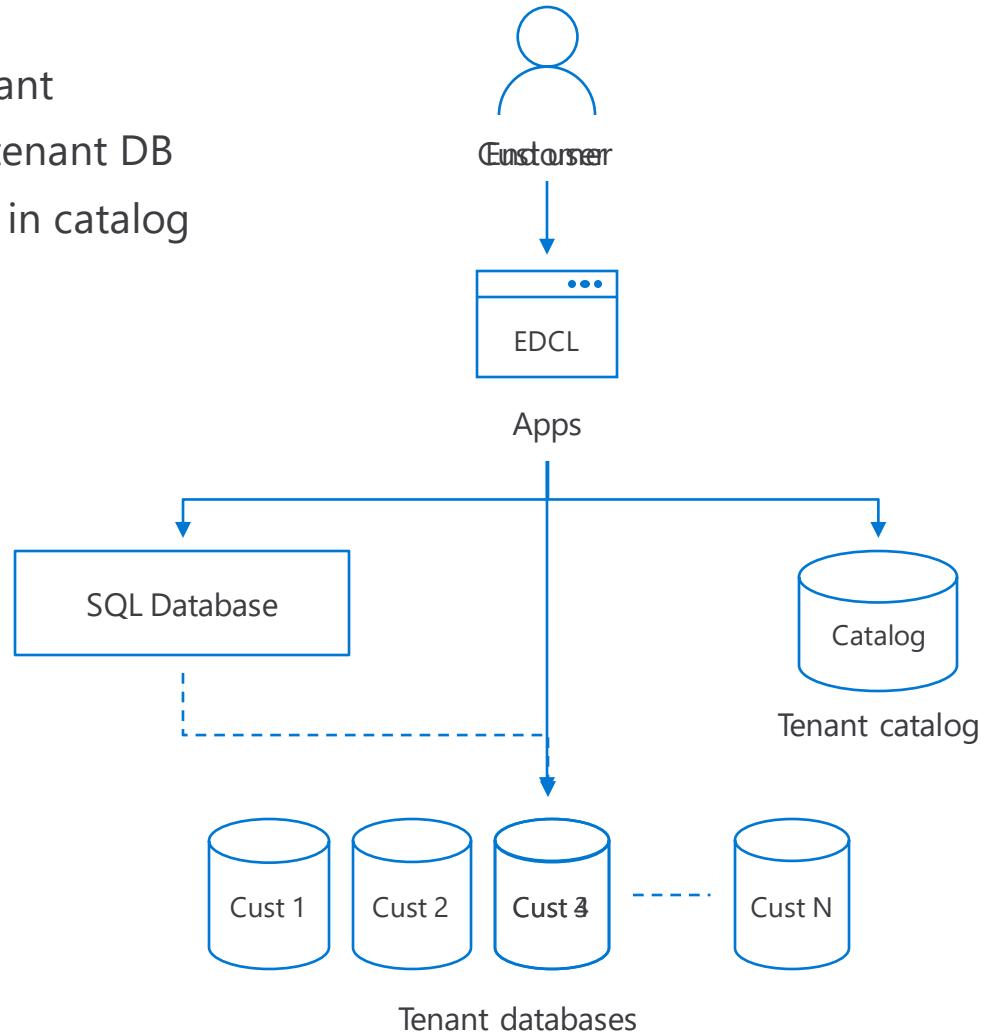
        SqlDataReader sdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();

        // Now consume results from the data reader...
    }
}
```

Mapping tenants to databases

Tenant onboarding

- A. Customer signs up as new tenant
- B. Cloud service provisions new tenant DB
- C. ...registers tenant id, DB name in catalog



Application use

1. End user connects via a front end to the cloud service
2. Cloud service looks up tenant in catalog
3. ...connects to correct tenant database
4. ...on subsequent requests, uses cached database location

Mapping tenants to databases

Elastic Database Client Library plus catalog schema

Define and manage tenant-to-database mapping

Supports database-per-tenant and sharded data models

Supports split/merge of shards

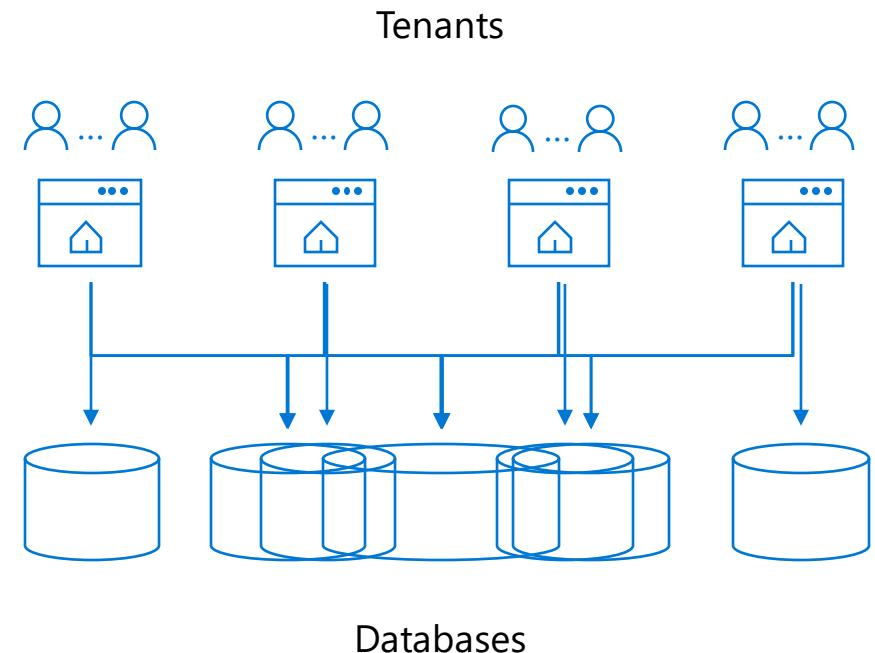
Route database requests (data-dependent routing)

Routes incoming requests to the correct database

Ensures correct routing if databases move or renamed

Caches server and database names to optimize performance

Can be used with native SQL access, EF



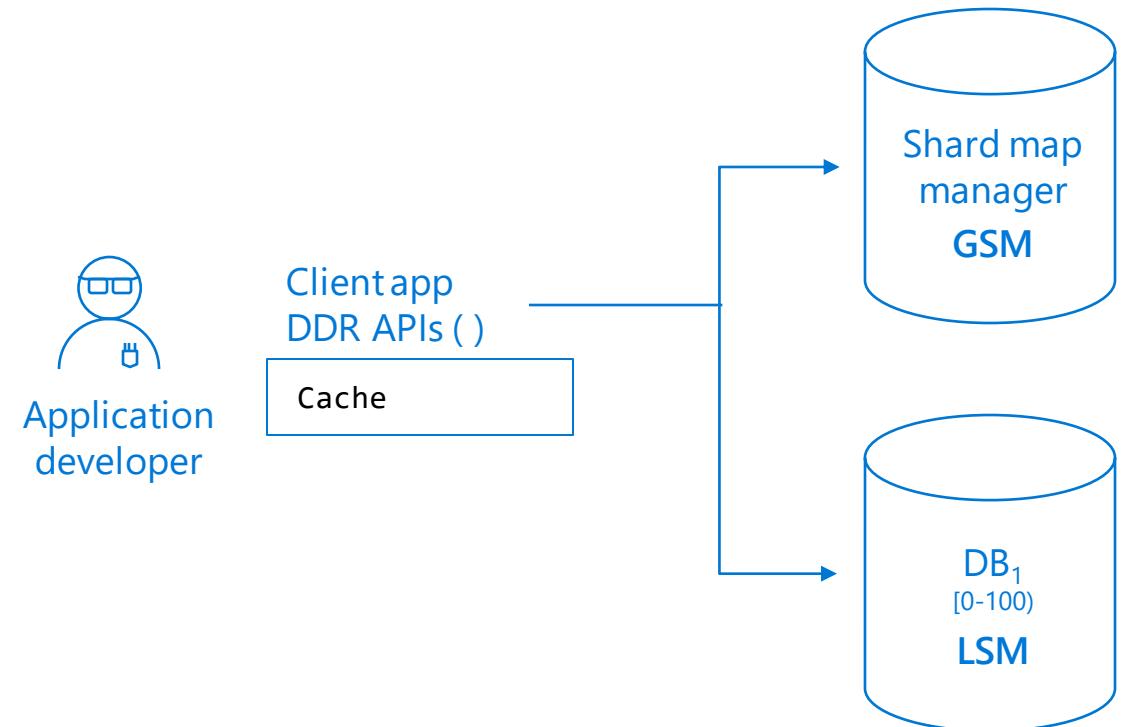
Shard map manager

Caching: Improve performance of shard operations

Global Shard Map (GSM) – state of all shards in the Shard Map

Local Shard Map (LSM) – state of all shards on a particular shard

Client Cache (eager/lazy) – state of all shards in the Shard Map/known shards



Multi-shard queries (MSQ)

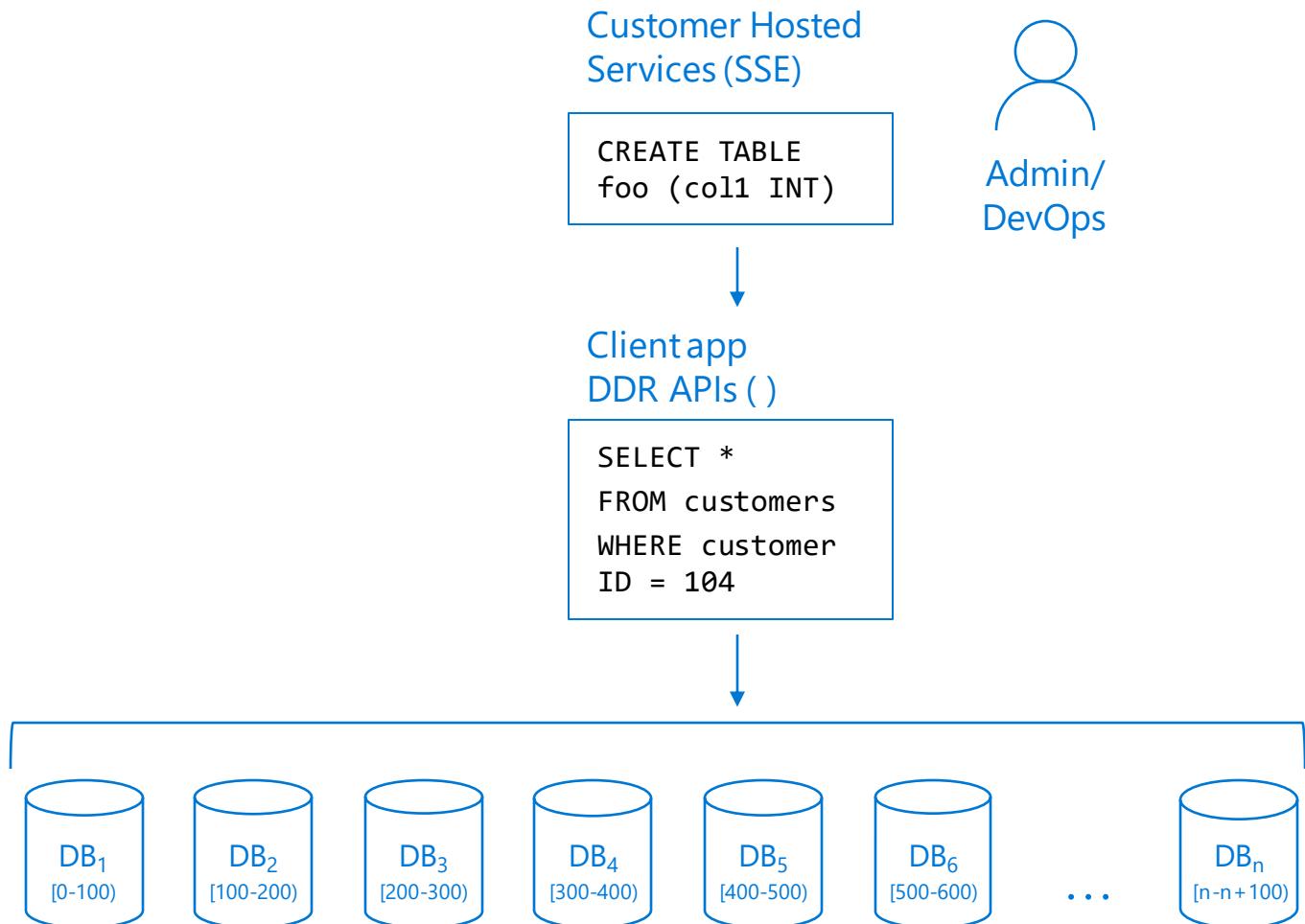
```
using (MultiShardConnection conn = new MultiShardConnection(m_shardMap.GetShards(),
MultiShardTestUtils.GetTestSqlCredential()))
{
    using (MultiShardCommand cmd = conn.CreateCommand())
    {
        cmd.CommandText = "SELECT dbNameField, TestIntField, TestBigIntField FROM ShardedTable";
        cmd.CommandType = CommandType.Text;
        cmd.ExecutionOptions = MultiShardExecutionOptions.IncludeShardNameColumn;
        cmd.ExecutionPolicy = MultiShardExecutionPolicy.PartialResults;

        using (MultiShardDataReader sdr = cmd.ExecuteReader())
        {
            while (sdr.Read())
            {
                var dbNameField = sdr.GetString(0);
                var testIntField = sdr.GetFieldValue<int>(1);
                var testBigIntField = sdr.GetFieldValue<Int64>(2);
                string shardIdPseudoColumn = sdr.GetFieldValue<string>(3);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Shard Set Executer (SSE)

Scenario:

Perform an admin action across set of shards



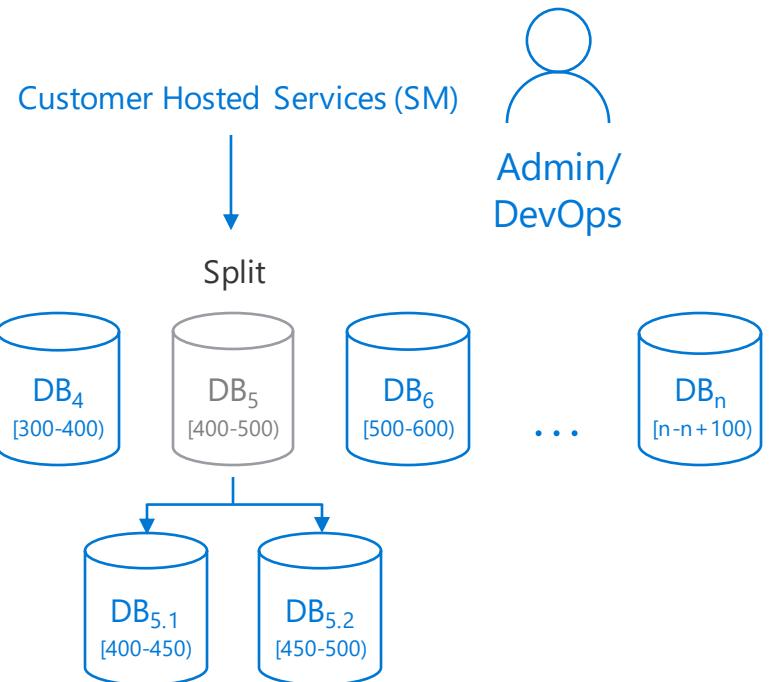
Split/Merge (SM)

Scenario:

Perform a split or merge action

Split: create two distinct shards from one

Merge: create one shard from two distinct shards



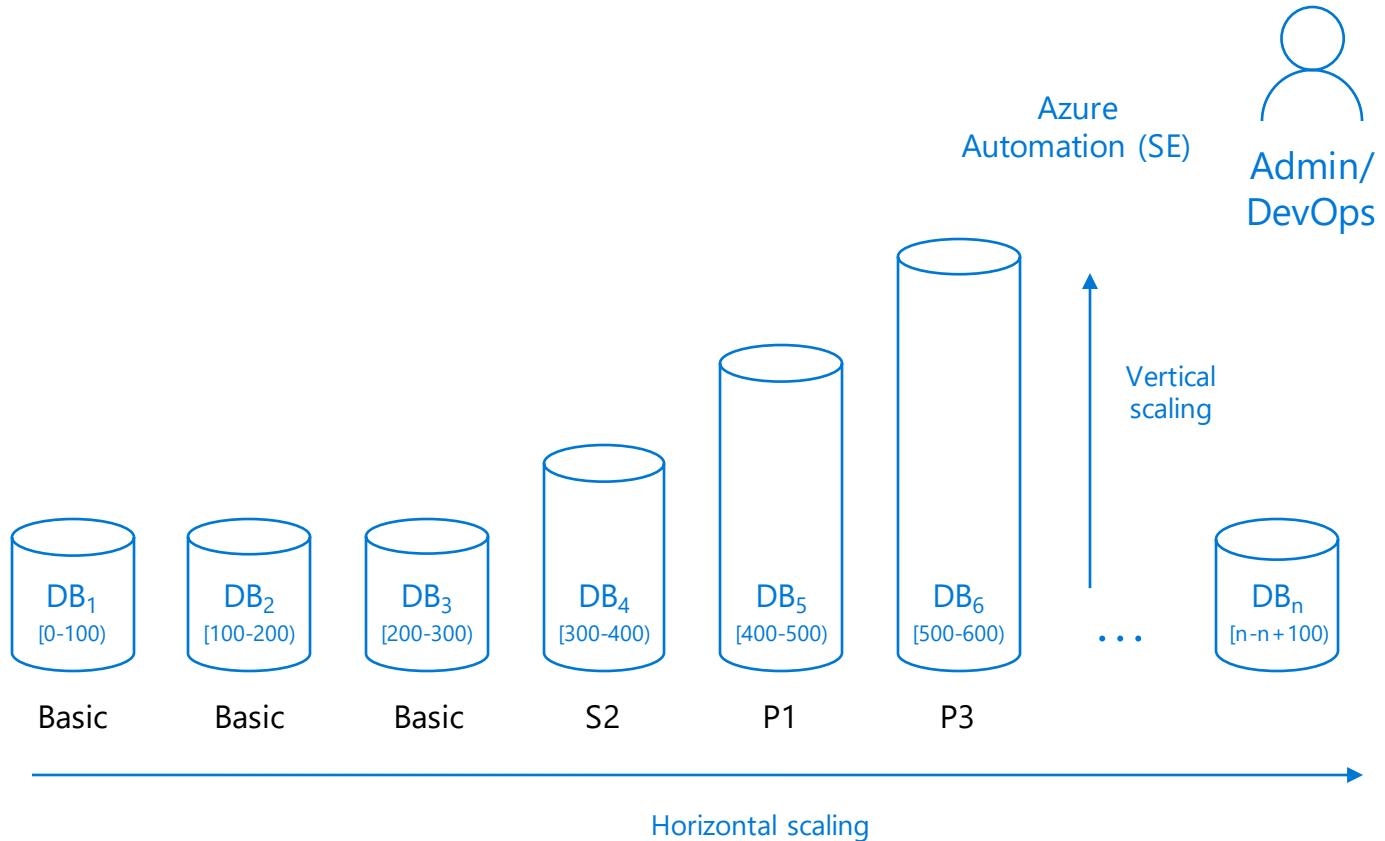
Shard Elasticity (SE)

Scenario:

Automation to vertically scale a shard or horizontally scale a shard set

Vertical scale: increase/decrease the performance level of the shard

Horizontal scale: add/remove a shard to the shard set





The growing need for serverless databases

Why serverless



Compute requirements for new apps may be unknown



Developers struggle to provide sufficient capacity and resources to support apps



Managing unpredictable and intermittent workloads is costly and time-consuming



Businesses struggle to ensure that database provisioning consistently aligns with workload requirements

Existing offerings cannot solve the problem

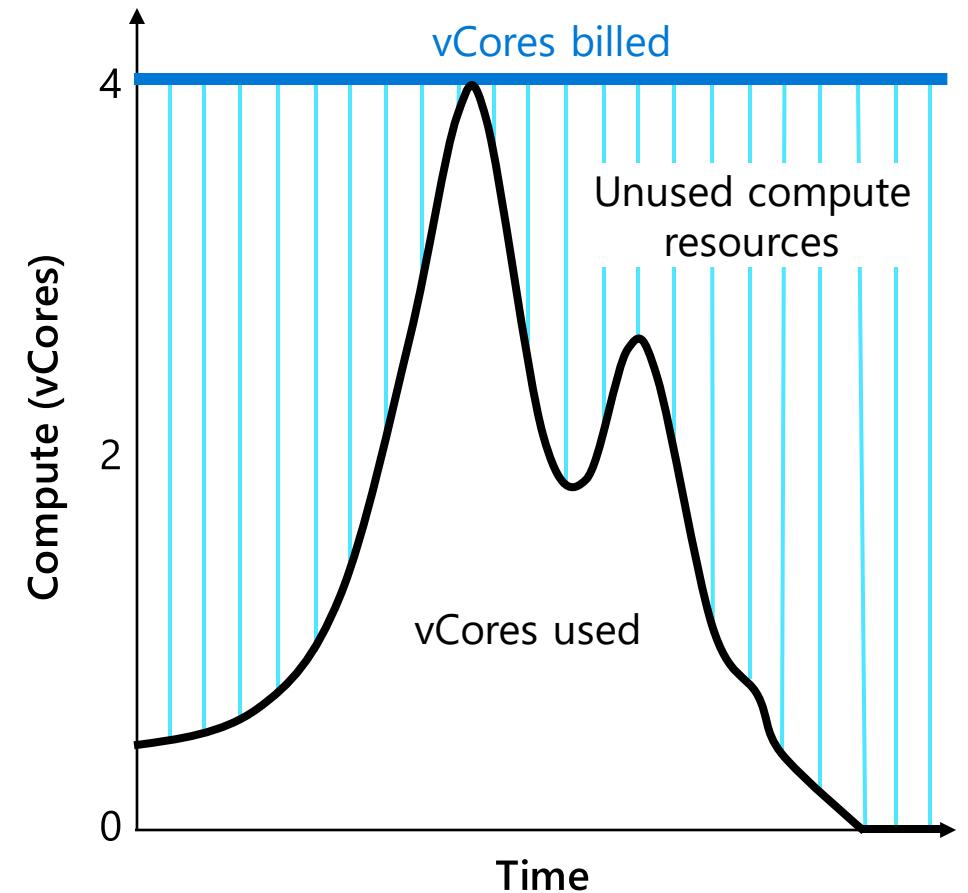
Provisioned compute databases are designed for predictable patterns and higher compute utilization

They struggle to meet high peaks in demand

They contribute to over-allocation of resources and costs during periods of inactivity or low usage

Lead to precious resources spent managing, not building

Provisioned compute with unpredictable and intermittent workloads



SQL Database serverless



On-demand flexible scale
Operate at the true rhythm of
your business

Adapts compute resources to the
workload without sacrificing
performance
Automatically pauses and resumes



Cost-effective
Pay for performance. Period.

Pay only for compute resources you
consume, on a per-second basis
Further optimize costs with configurable
compute thresholds



Fully managed & intelligent
Focus on your applications, not
your infrastructure

Fully-managed and intelligent
database service
Built-in 99.99% availability

**Best for unpredictable and intermittent
workloads on single databases, such as:**



Dev/test



Line of Business



E-commerce

Serverless supports common industry scenarios of sporadic or unpredictable usage



Line of business apps

Expense reporting and employee tracking apps

Procurement systems



E-commerce

Opening new marketplaces, marketing campaigns, sales promotions



Content management systems

Updating and publishing web content

Content clearinghouses that pull select content by third parties



Dev/test workloads

Handling unpredictable workload needs

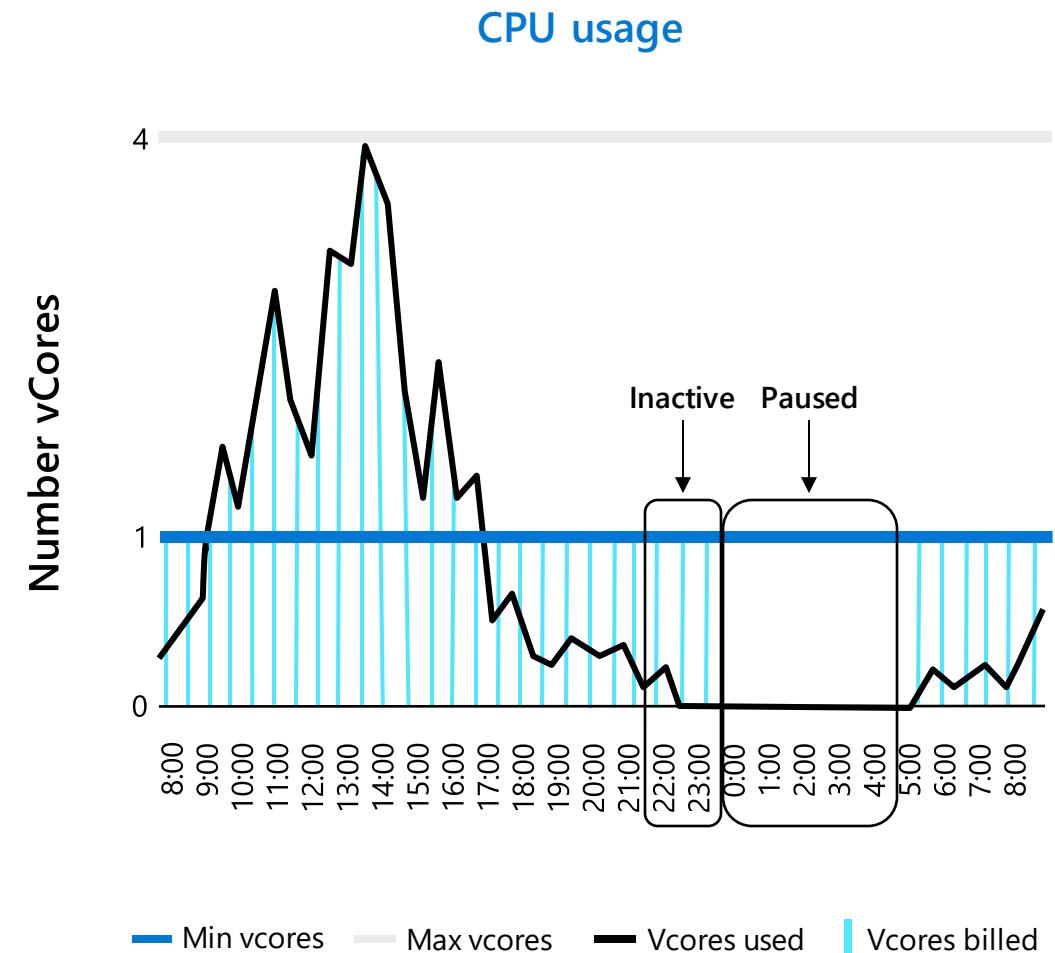
Optimize price to performance with per-second billing

Compute resources scale dynamically up or down based on workload requirements

Configure minimum and maximum vCores to define the range of available compute capacity

Use auto-pause delay to define the time period the dataset must be inactive before pausing

Pay for compute based on the vCores and memory used per second, with lowest billing based on configured vCore minimum



Provisioned compute and serverless meet different needs

Optimize compute provisioning and billing for your workload

Serverless databases...

Scale up or down to meet workload requirements, instead of pre-provisioning

Bill on a per-second basis

Common scenarios

Workloads with unpredictable and intermittent usage patterns or performance requirements

Workloads where the requirements are unknown and you can delegate compute sizing to the service



Databases with provisioned compute...

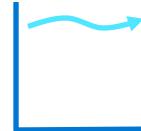
Provision compute resources upfront

Bill on an hourly basis

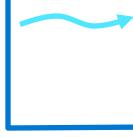
Common scenarios

Workloads with regular and substantial compute utilization

Multiple databases with bursty usage patterns that can be consolidated into a single server and use *elastic pools* for better price optimization



Choosing provisioned or serverless compute



Characteristics for provisioned compute

- More uniform resource utilization
- Need for higher compute responsiveness
- Scenarios where hourly billing granularity is ideal
- Desire to maintain resource allocation
- Interested in reserved capacity, Azure Hybrid Benefit, or elastic pools



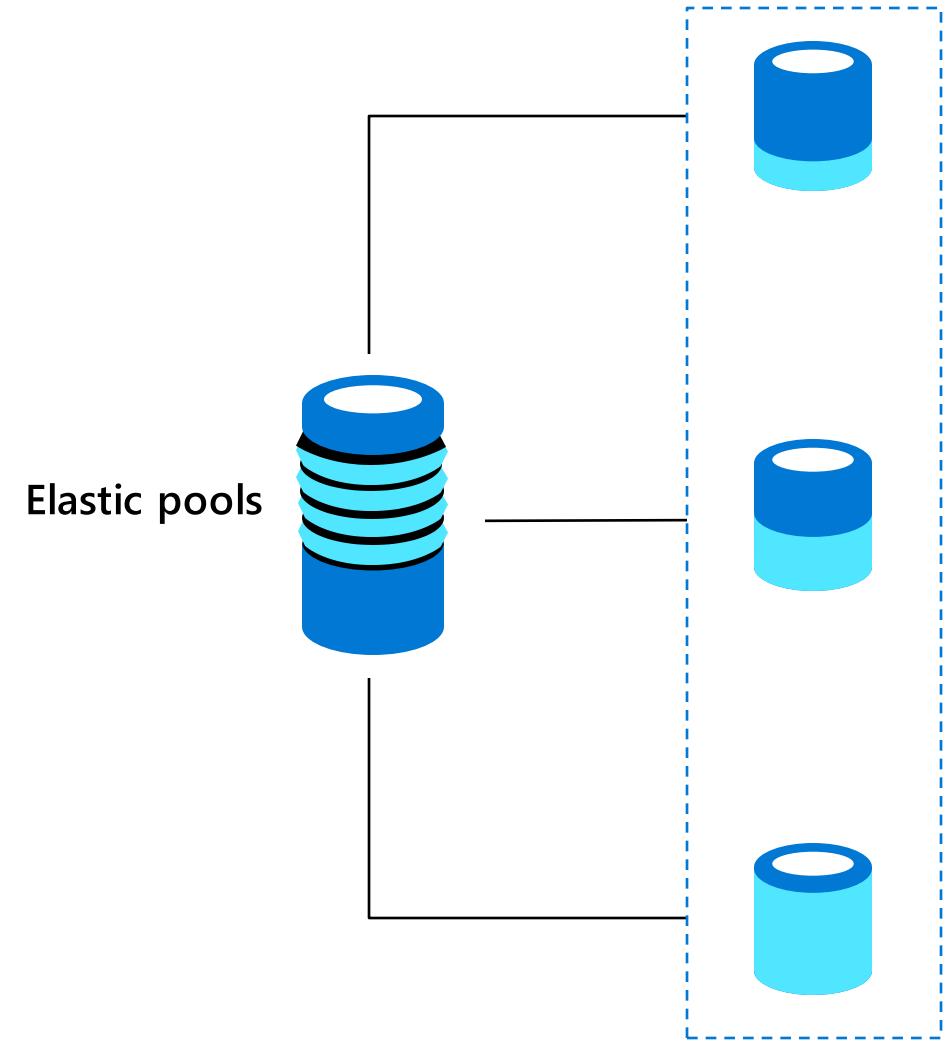
Characteristics for serverless compute

- Large shifts in usage and periods of inactivity
- Comfort with resume delay and memory reclamation
- Scenarios where per second billing granularity is ideal
- Desire to delegate resource allocation
- Currently using single databases on General Purpose service tier

Price optimization will help drive the decision between provisioned and serverless compute

When is elastic pools the right choice?

Multiple databases with unpredictable and intermittent usage patterns can be consolidated into a single server and use elastic pools for better price optimization





Intelligent performance
that learns and adapts with
your workloads

Learning Objectives

Single SQL code base

In-Memory OLTP

Query Store

Extended events

Query Performance Insight

Index Advisor

Automatic tuning

Monitoring at scale

Adaptive Query Processing



Single SQL Code Base

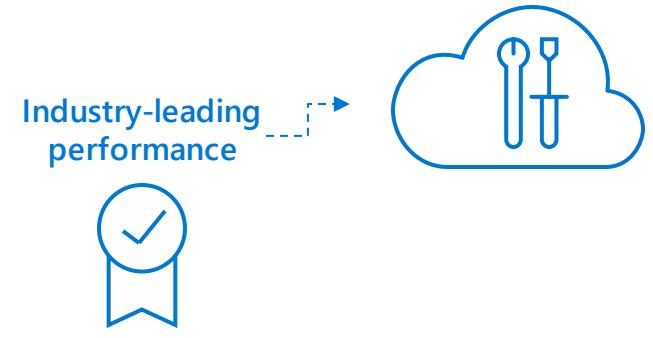
Eliminate app changes with full SQL Server programming surface

Use familiar SQL Server features in Azure SQL Database

Rapid development cycles with built-in testing across millions of databases

Innovation deployed to Azure first

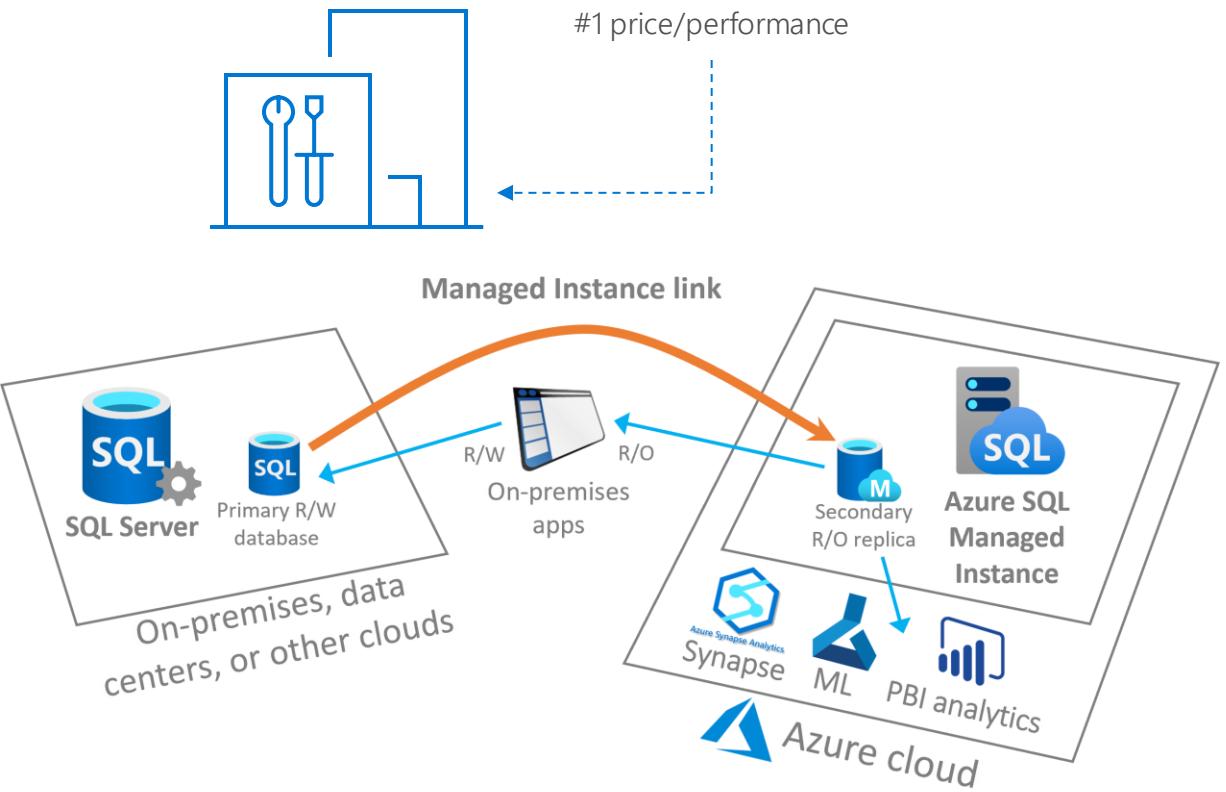
Industry-leading database engine



#1 OLTP performance

#1 DW performance

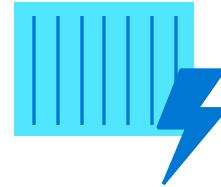
#1 price/performance



Breakthrough productivity and performance

Realize the benefits of real-time operational analytics

Enable scale-up with near zero downtime through cloud-born innovation



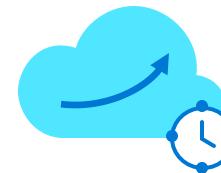
30x

faster transactions with In-Memory OLTP



100x

performance gains with in-memory analytics



Near

100% uptime with dynamic scalability

In-Memory OLTP

Customer benefits	High-performance data operations	Efficient business-logic processing	Frictionless scale up	Hybrid engine and integrated experience
Architectural pillars	Main-memory optimized	Transact-SQL compiled to native machine code	High concurrency	SQL Server integration
Drivers	Hardware trends	Business		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Optimized for in-memory dataIndexes (hash and range) exist only in memoryNo buffer pool or B-treesStream-based storage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Transact-SQL compiled to machine code by using C code generatorInvoking a procedure is just a DLL entry-pointAggressive compile-time optimizations	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Multi-version optimistic concurrency control with full ACID supportCore engine uses lock-free algorithmsNo lock manager, latches, or spinlocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Same manageability, administration, and development experienceIntegrated queries and transactionsIntegrated high availability and backup/restore

Real-time operational analytics

Capabilities

In-memory columnar index over in-memory/disk-based OLTP tables

Enhanced OLTP Transact-SQL surface area

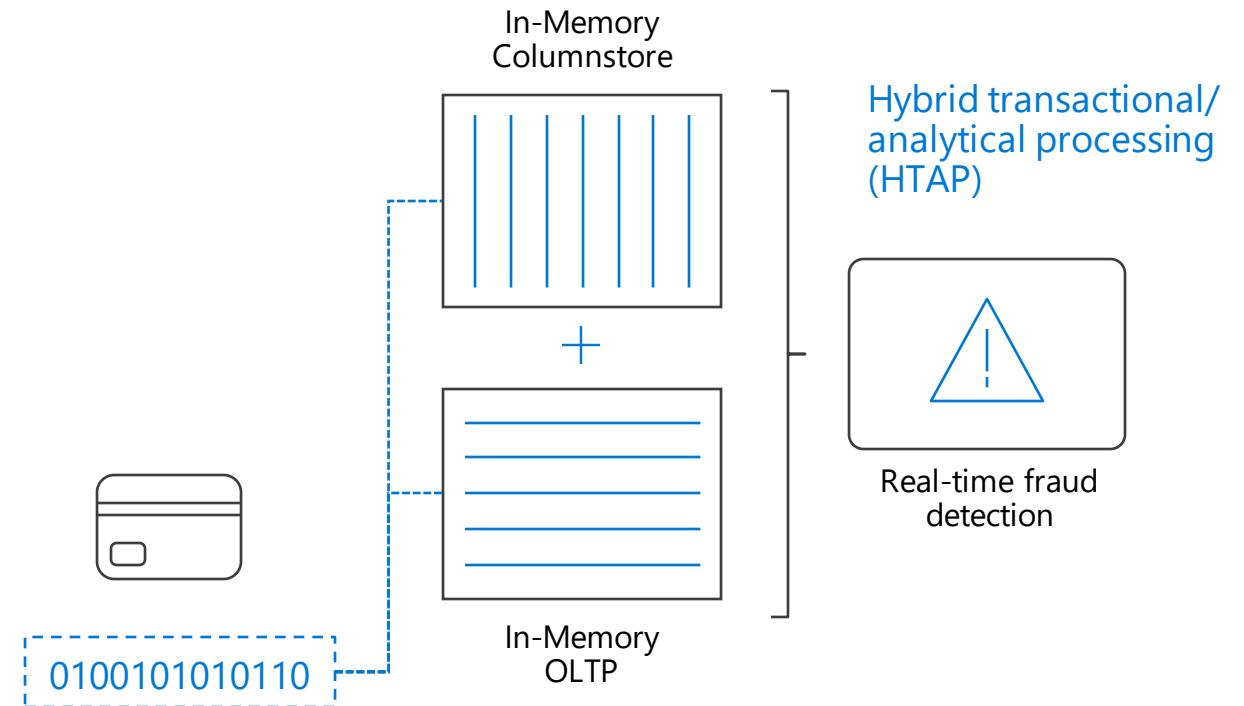
Scale to higher compute and memory

Benefits

Eliminate the need for ETL and a data warehouse

30x faster transactions and 100x better query performance

Run analytics in real time on up-to-date data



Query Store for comprehensive performance

Flight data recorder for your database

Captures history of queries, plans, and runtime statistics

Quickly finds performance differences caused by query plan changes

Separates data by time window

Query Store use

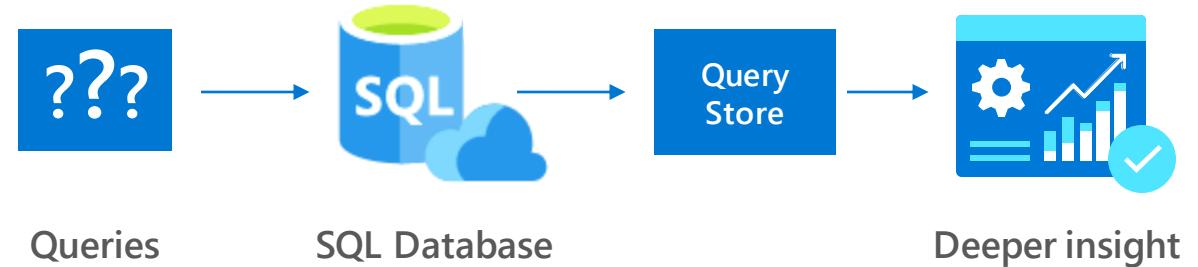
Enabled by default

Find regressed queries

Identify top resource-consuming queries

Optimize ad-hoc workloads

Streamline application upgrades



Working with Query Store

DB-level feature exposed through T-SQL extensions

ALTER DATABASE

Catalog views (settings, compile, and runtime stats)

Stored procs (plan forcing, query/plan/stats cleanup)

/*The following query returns information about queries and plans in the Query Store. */

SELECT

Txt.query_text_id, Txt.query_sql_text, Pl.plan_id, Qry.*

FROM sys.query_store_plan AS Pl

INNER JOIN sys.query_store_query AS Qry

ON Pl.query_id = Qry.query_id

INNER JOIN sys.query_store_query_text AS Txt

ON Qry.query_text_id = Txt.query_text_id;

```
/* (1) Turn ON Query Store */
ALTER DATABASE MyDB SET QUERY_STORE = ON;

/* (2) Review current Query Store parameters */
SELECT * FROM sys.database_query_store_options

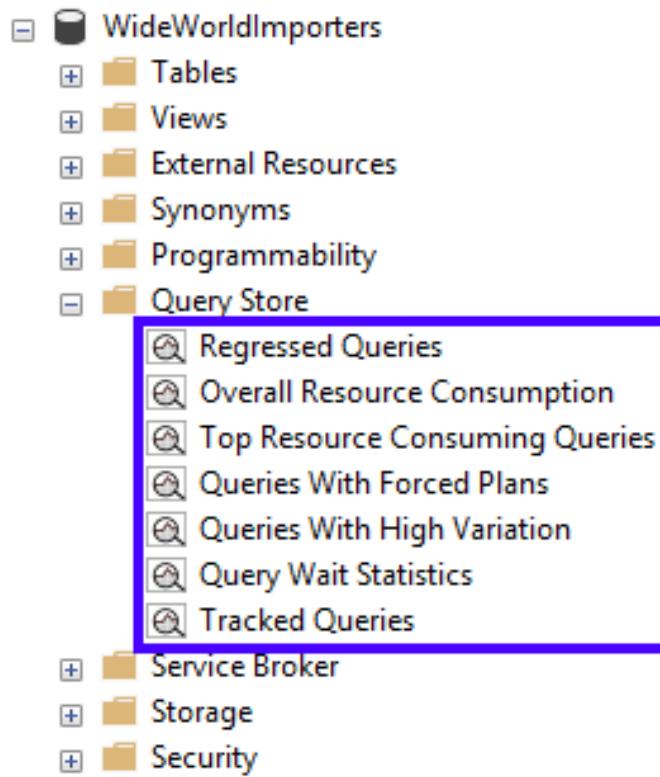
/* (3) Set new parameter values */
ALTER DATABASE MyDB
SET QUERY_STORE (
    OPERATION_MODE = READ_WRITE,
    CLEANUP_POLICY = (
        STALE_QUERY_THRESHOLD_DAYS = 30
    ),
    DATA_FLUSH_INTERVAL_SECONDS = 3000,
    MAX_STORAGE_SIZE_MB = 500,
    INTERVAL_LENGTH_MINUTES = 15
);

/* (4) Clear all Query Store data */
ALTER DATABASE MyDB SET QUERY_STORE CLEAR;

/* (5) Turn OFF Query Store */
ALTER DATABASE MyDB SET QUERY_STORE = OFF;
```

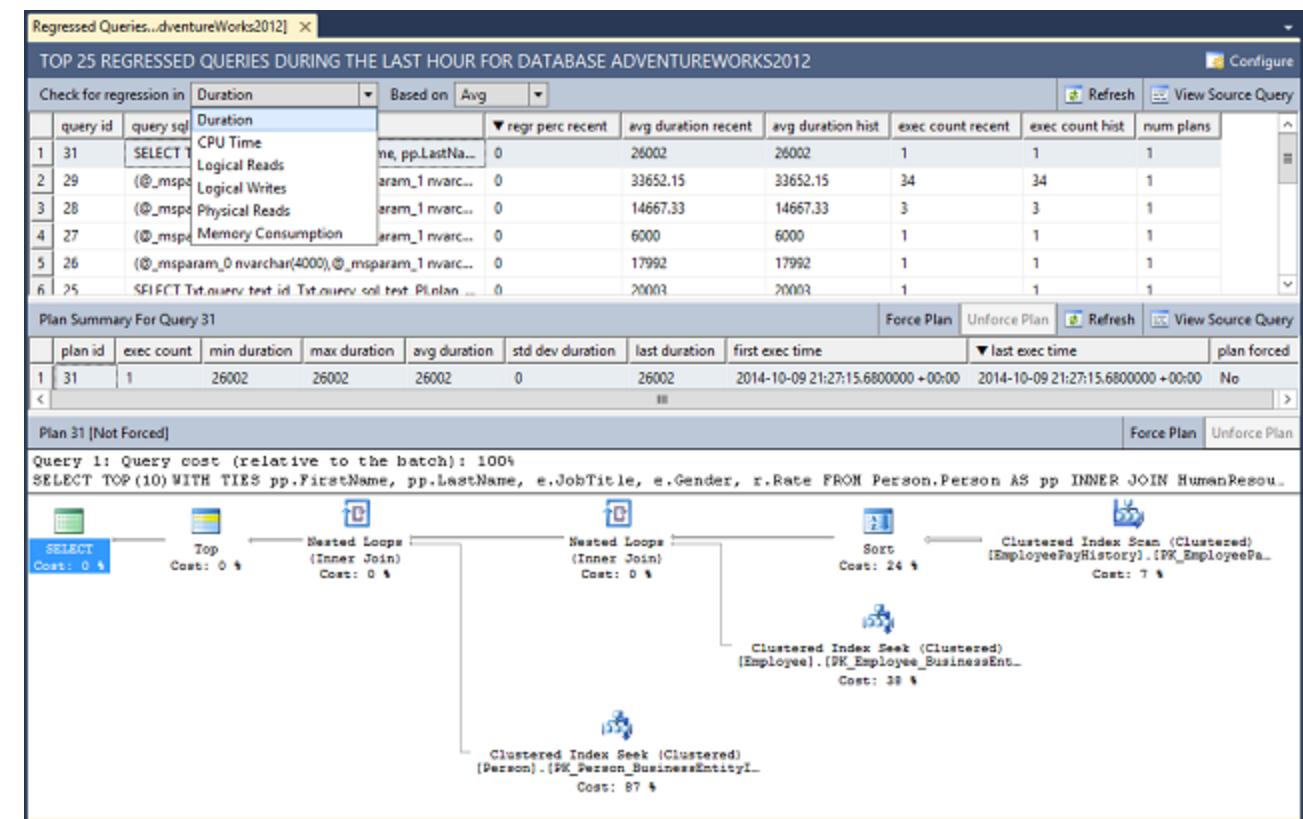
The following query returns information about queries and plans in the Query Store.

open the **Regressed Queries** pane in SQL Server Management Studio



WideWorldImporters

- Tables
- Views
- External Resources
- Synonyms
- Programmability
- Query Store**
 - Regressed Queries
 - Overall Resource Consumption
 - Top Resource Consuming Queries
 - Queries With Forced Plans
 - Queries With High Variation
 - Query Wait Statistics
 - Tracked Queries
- Service Broker
- Storage
- Security



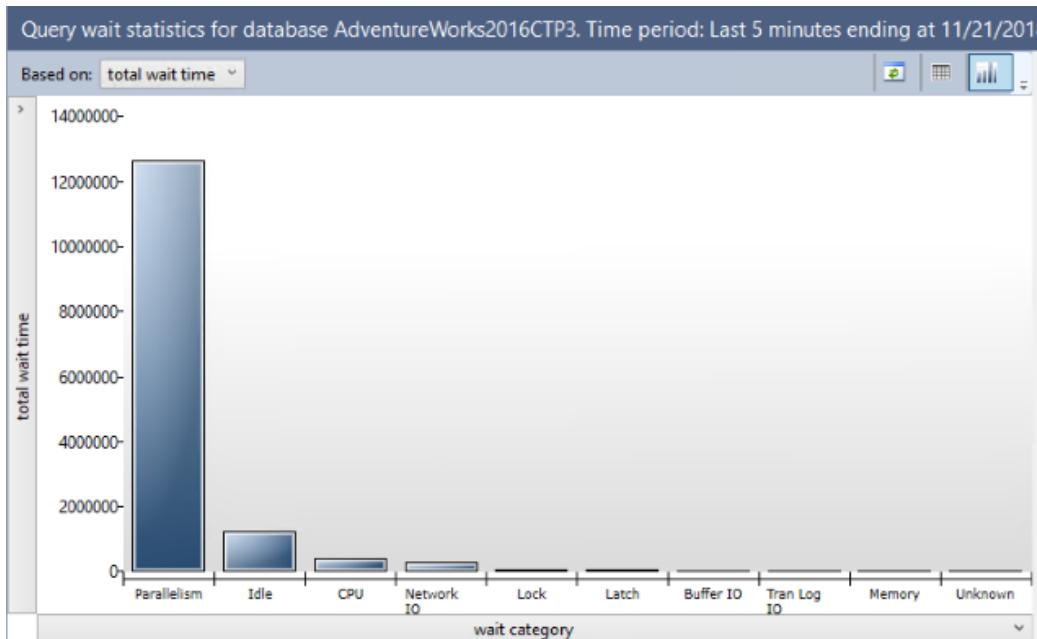
Finding waiting queries

open the **Query Wait Statistics** pane in SQL Server Management Studio

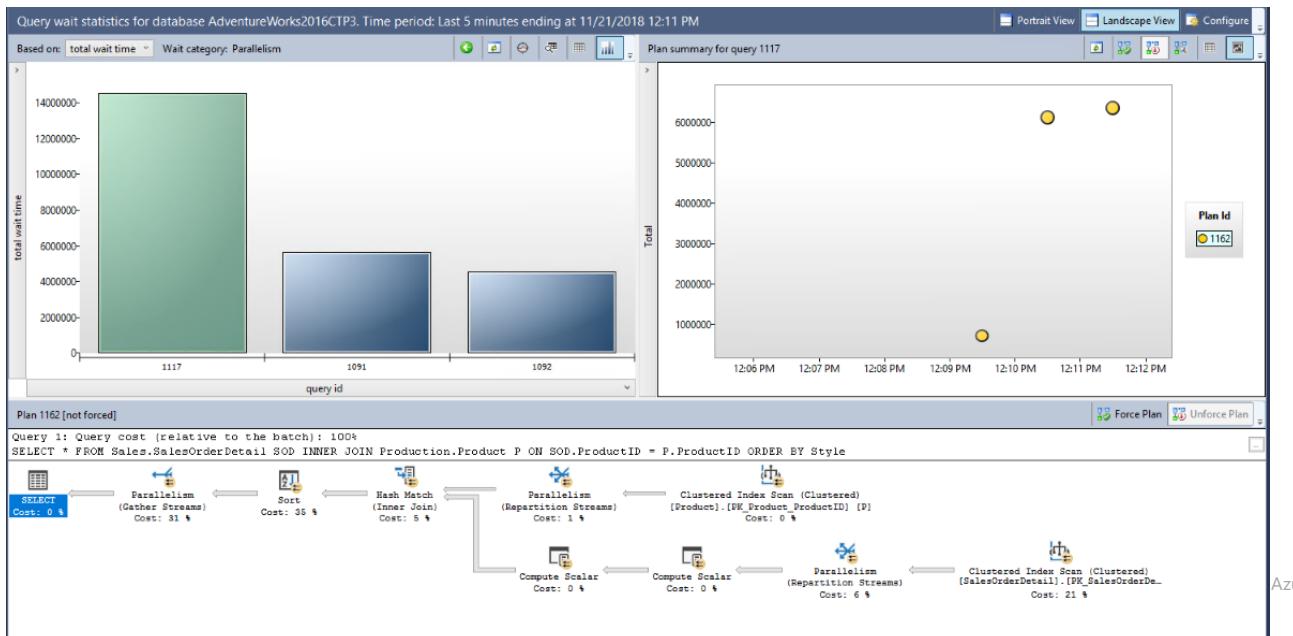
The screenshot shows the Object Explorer pane with the 'WideWorldImporters' database selected. Under the 'Query Store' node, several options are listed:

- Regressed Queries
- Overall Resource Consumption
- Top Resource Consuming Queries
- Queries With Forced Plans
- Queries With High Variation
- Query Wait Statistics
- Tracked Queries

The 'Query Wait Statistics' option is highlighted with a blue rectangle.



Select a wait category by clicking on the bar and a detail view on the selected wait category displays



How you can get more insights into your workload before and after introducing wait categories in Query Store

Previous experience	New experience	Action
High RESOURCE_SEMAPHORE waits per database	High Memory waits in Query Store for specific queries	Find the top memory consuming queries in Query Store. These queries are probably delaying further progress of the affected queries. Consider using MAX_GRANT_PERCENT query hint for these queries, or for the affected queries.
High LCK_M_X waits per database	High Lock waits in Query Store for specific queries	Check the query texts for the affected queries and identify the target entities. Look in Query Store for other queries modifying the same entity, which are executed frequently and/or have high duration. After identifying these queries, consider changing the application logic to improve concurrency, or use a less restrictive isolation level.
High PAGEIOLATCH_SH waits per database	High Buffer IO waits in Query Store for specific queries	Find the queries with a high number of physical reads in Query Store. If they match the queries with high IO waits, consider introducing an index on the underlying entity, in order to do seeks instead of scans, and thus minimize the IO overhead of the queries.
High SOS_SCHEDULER_YIELD waits per database	High CPU waits in Query Store for specific queries	Find the top CPU consuming queries in Query Store. Among them, identify the queries for which high CPU trend correlates with high CPU waits for the affected queries. Focus on optimizing those queries - there could be a plan regression, or perhaps a missing index.

Extended Events

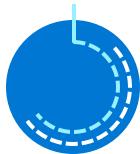
Enhanced monitoring and troubleshooting for Azure SQL Database

Performance issues

SQL statement executions

Full-text related errors

Targets that can capture results from your event sessions



Ring buffer target

Briefly holds event data in memory



Event counter target

Counts all events that occur during an extended events session



Event file target

Writes complete buffers to an Azure Storage container

Analyze resources with Query Performance Insight

Review top CPU consuming queries

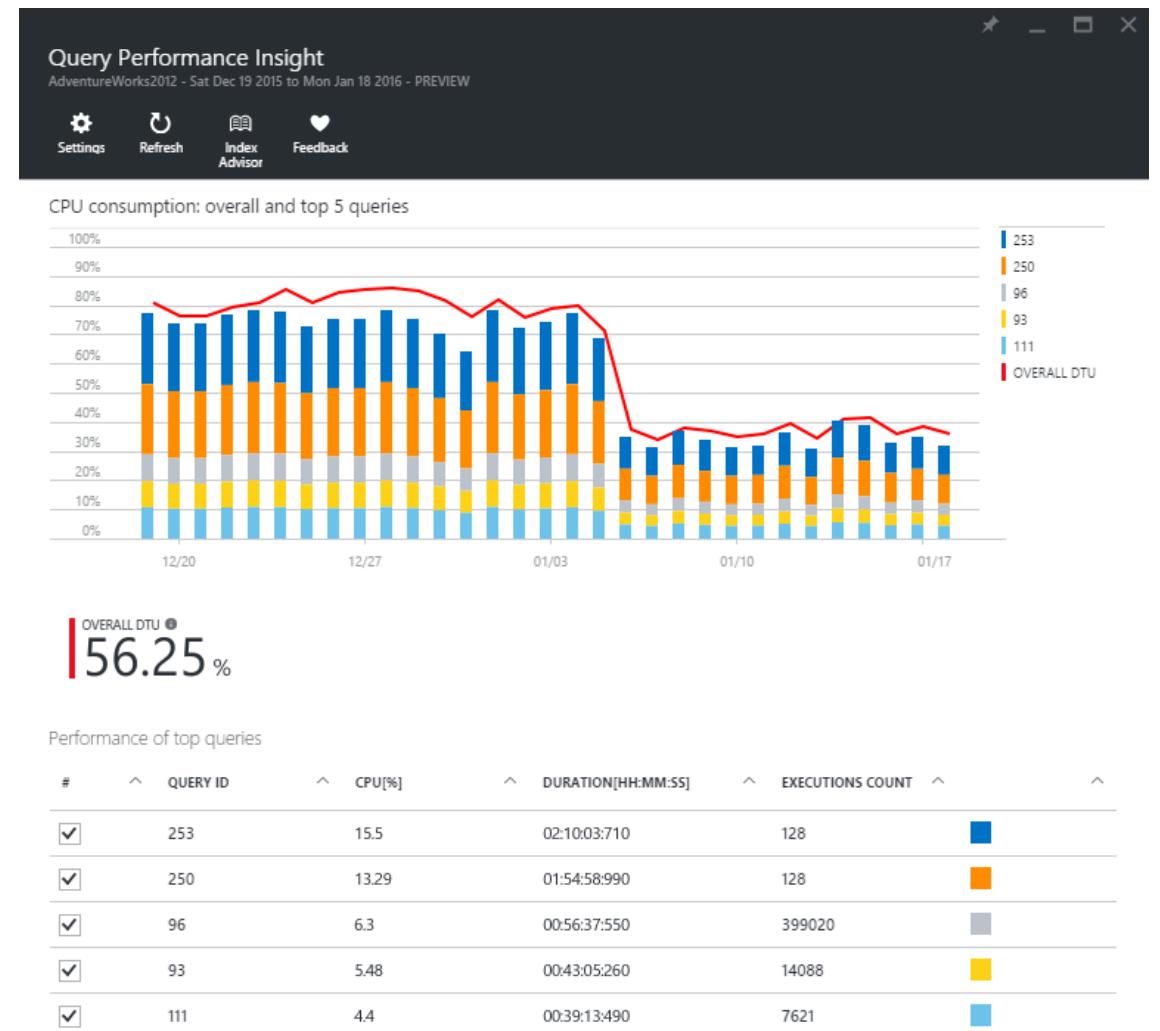
Customize your view by selecting observation interval, number of queries, and aggregation type

View aggregated statistics about your workload including total duration and number of executions

View individual query details

Get granular view on query execution intervals

View query text



Understand and tune your database with Query Performance Insight



Insights into resource consumption

Query Performance Insights shows resource consumption of top resource-consuming queries over time, and helps pinpoint the potential issues with additional details for each query



Hints for optimization

Query Performance Insights gives tuning hints for top resource consumers



Query Performance Insights can help users with the following:

Answer the question "Where are my resources spent?" and understand the impact of top queries on the resource consumption of the database over time

Identify the queries to fix, before (or after) they become a problem

Azure SQL Database - performance recommendations

Index tuning recommendations tailored to each DB

Recommendations are based on the observed usage, and evolve as the DB workload changes

Support for CREATE and DROP index, more types of recommendations underway

Drop index recommendations

Recommendations are based on the observed usage of index not used

Intelligent service for implementing and validating index recommendations

Full-auto mode takes care of indexes for your DB

Manual “review and apply” mode for full control

The screenshot shows two overlapping windows from the Azure portal. The main window is titled 'Index recommendations' for the database 'AdventureWorks2012'. It displays a table of recommended actions categorized by impact level (High, Substantial, Moderate, Low) against various target objects (Table3, [Action], [UserProfile], testTable, Table5, [UserInfo]). A tooltip on the 'Apply' button explains that index operations take about 48 hours per index. The right pane is titled 'Index details' for the object '[dbo].[Action]'. It shows the recommended action is 'Create', the status is 'Active', and the estimated impact is 'HIGH IMPACT'. It also lists index key columns ([user_id]), included columns ([action_id]), and no included columns.

IMPACT	RECOMMENDED ACTION	TARGET OBJECT	INDEXED COLUMNS
HIGH IMPACT	Create index	Table3	[Col7], [Col9]
HIGH IMPACT	Create index	[Action]	[user_id], [action_id]
SUBSTANTIAL IMPACT	Create index	[UserProfile]	[user_profile_id], [user_id], [user_picture]
SUBSTANTIAL IMPACT	Drop index (*)	testTable	[Col1], [Col2], [Col3], [Col4]
MODERATE IMPACT	Create index	Table5	Col3, Col1, Col4, Col11
LOW IMPACT	Create index	[UserInfo]	[user_id]

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Create
STATUS: Active
Estimated impact: HIGH IMPACT
INDEX KEY COLUMNS (2): [user_id]
INCLUDED COLUMNS (0): No entries.

Continuously optimized by the platform | Automatic tuning

One-click to enable

Prevent and mitigate issues

No app changes needed

Tuning actions

Create missing indexes

Drop unused/duplicate indexes

Force last good plan

The screenshot shows the Azure portal interface for managing database tuning. At the top, it displays the database name, 'SampleDB (alicloud/SampleDB) | Automatic tuning'. Below this, there's a search bar and a sidebar with various security and performance-related options. The main content area contains a general information section about automatic tuning, followed by configuration options for three specific tuning features: FORCE PLAN, CREATE INDEX, and DROP INDEX. Each feature has a 'Desired state' (ON, OFF, or INHERIT) and a 'Current state' (ON, OFF, or INHERIT).

Option	Desired state	Current state
FORCE PLAN	ON	OFF
CREATE INDEX	ON	OFF
DROP INDEX	ON	OFF

Azure Monitor - SQL Analytics

Monitoring Azure SQL Database at scale

Integrated with Operations Management Suite

Monitor entire Azure SQL Database estate across multiple subscriptions

Provides a view into raw telemetry

Monitored activities

Resource usage

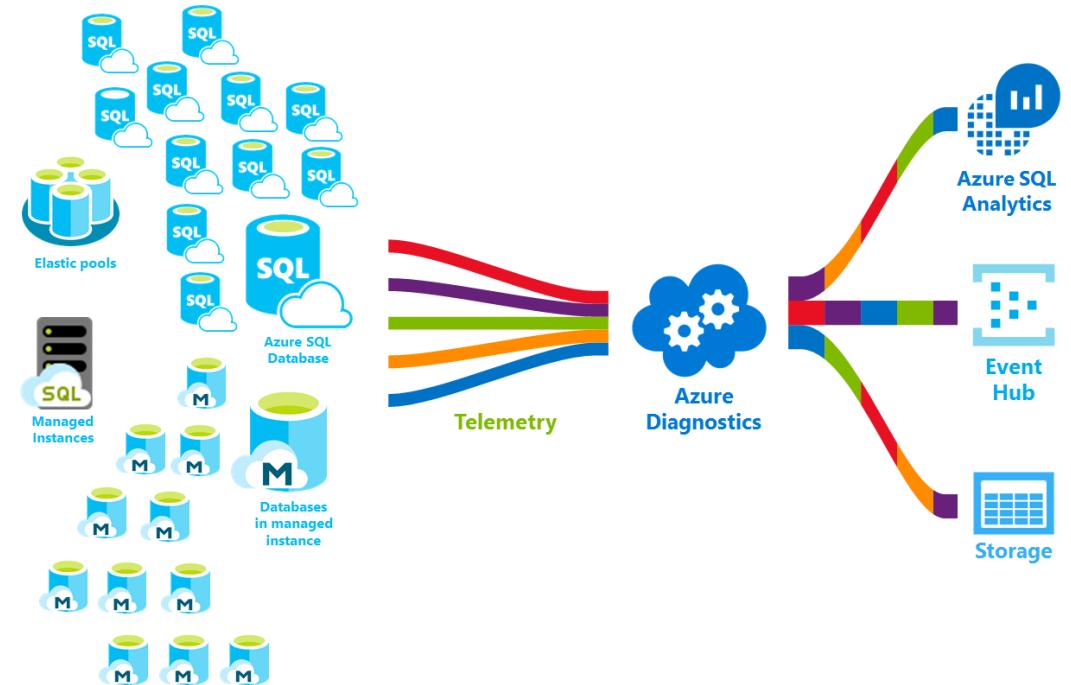
Query performance

SQL errors

Timeouts

Blocking

Intelligent insights



Adaptive Query Processing

Interleaved execution



Materialize estimates for multi-statement table valued functions (MSTVFs)

Downstream operations will benefit from the corrected MSTVF cardinality estimate

Batch mode memory grant feedback



Adjust memory grants based on execution feedback

Remove spills and improve concurrency for repeating queries

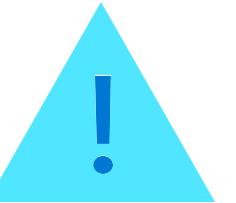
Batch mode adaptive join



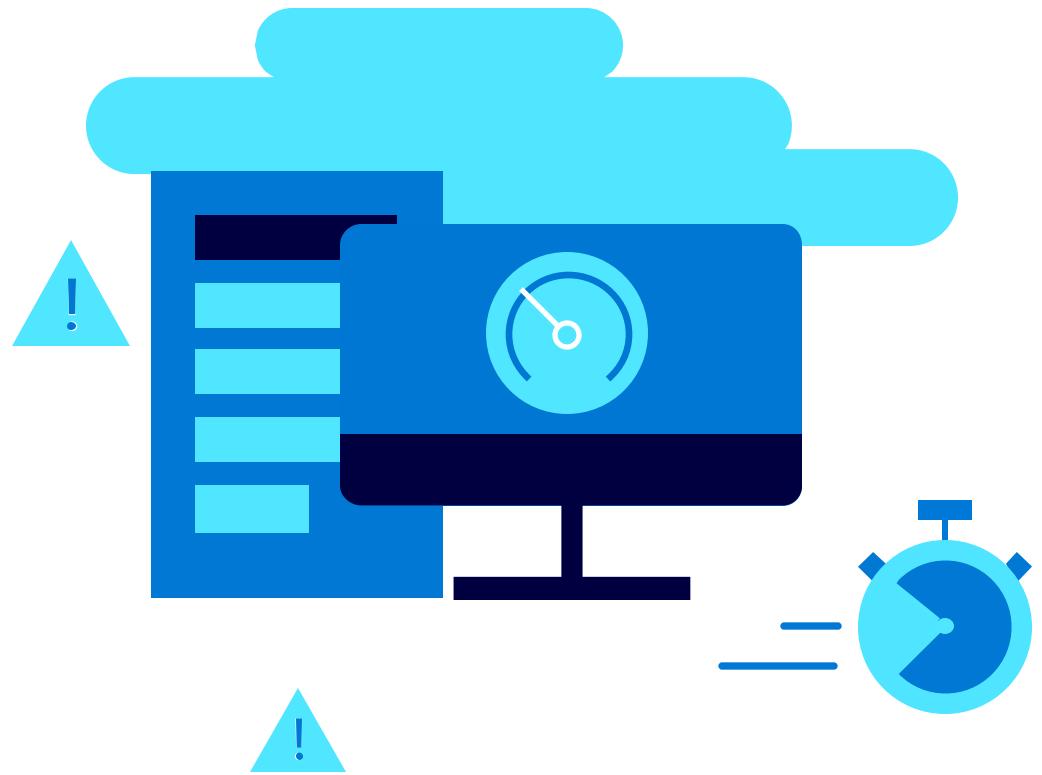
Defer the choice of hash join or nested loop until after the first join input has been scanned

Uses Nested Loop for small inputs, Hash Joins for large inputs

Challenges associated with mis-estimation



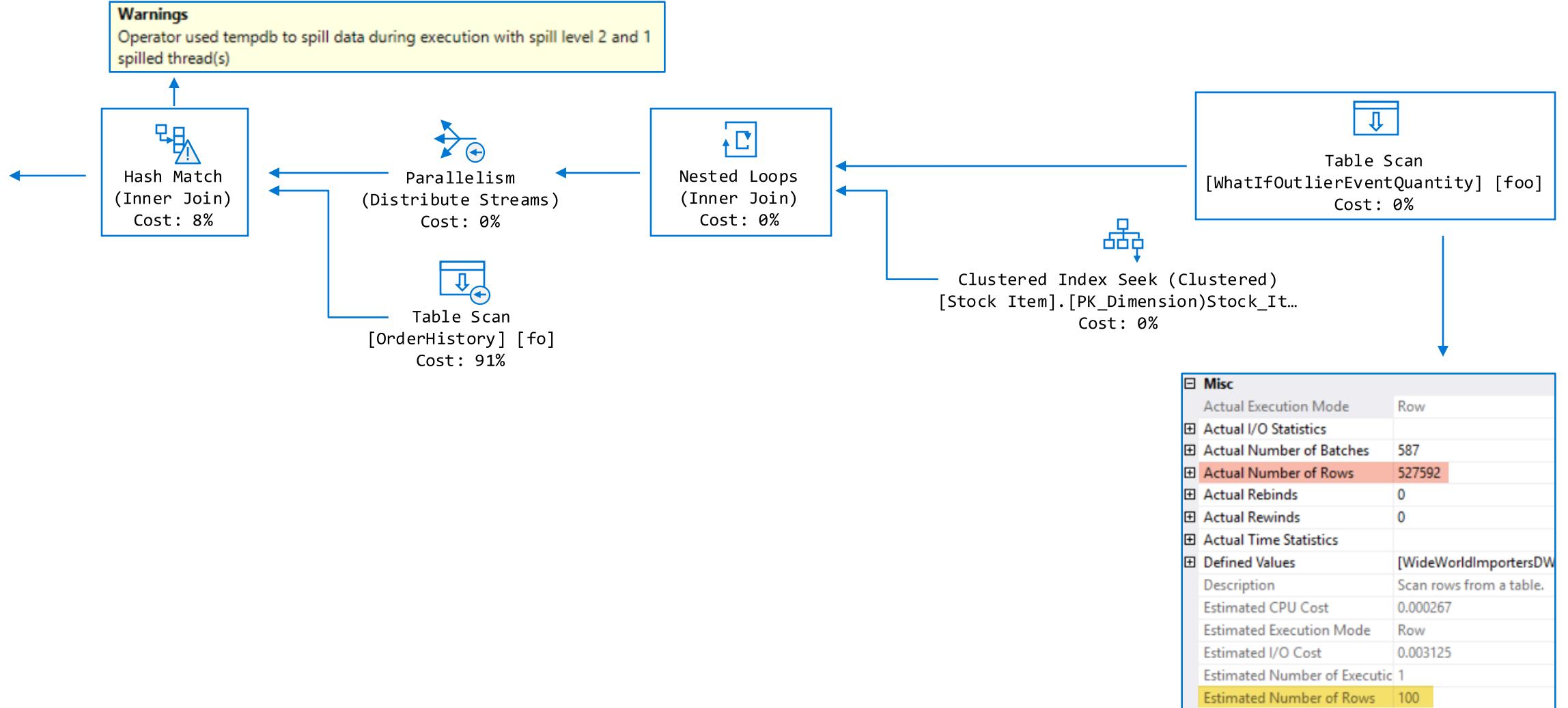
- ⚠ Slow query response time due to bad plans
- ⚠ Excessive resource utilization
(CPU, Memory, IO)
- ⚠ Reduced throughput and concurrency
- ⚠ T-SQL refactoring for off-model statements



Cardinality estimation and plan quality

```
SELECT [fo].[Order Key], [fo].[Description], [fo].[Package],
       [fo].[Quantity], [foo].[OutlierEventQuantity]
  FROM [Fact].[OrderHistory] AS [fo]
INNER JOIN [Fact].[WhatIfOutlierEventQuantity]('Mild Recession',
                                                '1-01-2013',
                                                '10-15-2014') AS [foo] ON [fo].[Order Key] = [foo].[Order Key]
                                         AND [fo].[City Key] = [foo].[City Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Customer Key] = [foo].[Customer Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Stock Item Key] = [foo].[Stock Item Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Order Date Key] = [foo].[Order Date Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Picked Date Key] = [foo].[Picked Date Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Salesperson Key] = [foo].[Salesperson Key]
                                         AND [fo].[Picker Key] = [foo].[Picker Key]
INNER JOIN [Dimension].[Stock Item] AS [si]
      ON [fo].[Stock Item Key] = [si].[Stock Item Key]
 WHERE [si].[Lead Time Days] > 0
   AND [fo].[Quantity] > 50;
```

Cardinality estimation and plan quality



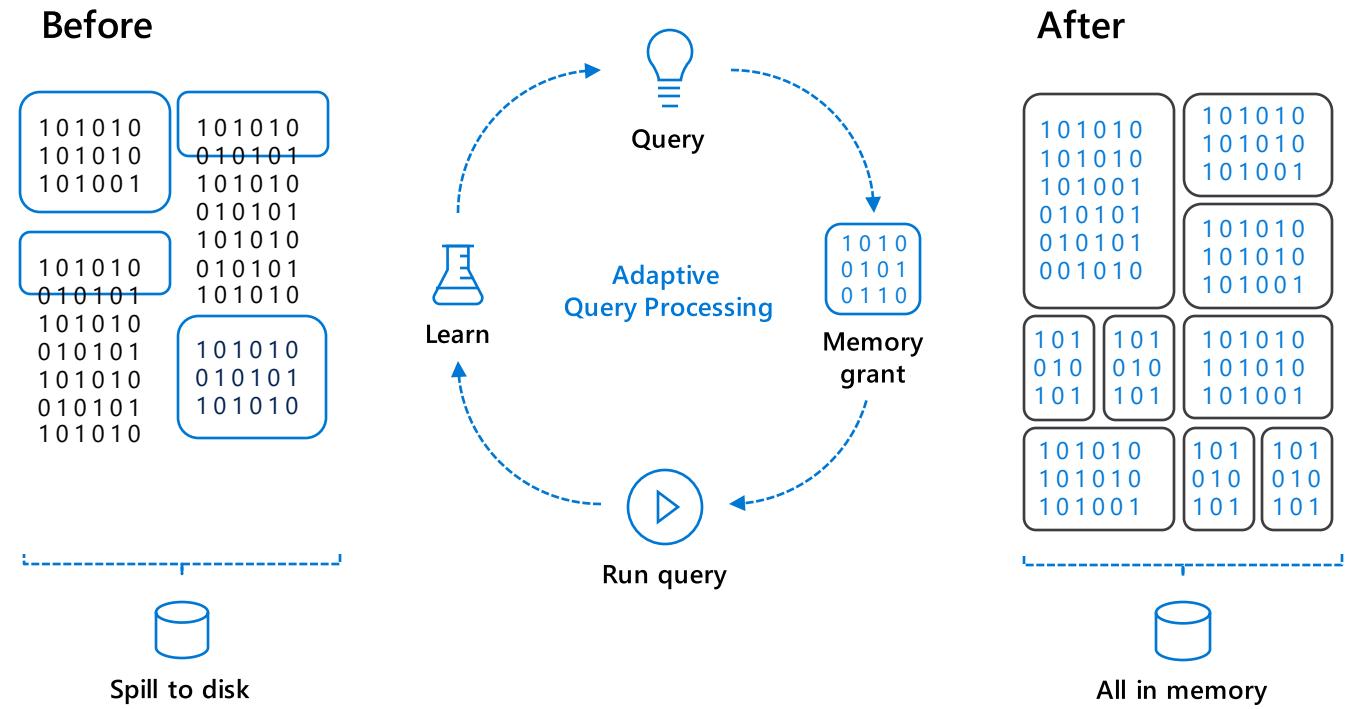
Optimized query processing

Improved efficiency with Adaptive Query Processing

Optimize memory grants for repeatable queries to avoid over or under allocating

Adjust data join strategy for small or large tables to speed joins

Batch mode for memory grants feedback and adaptive joins



Scale on the fly
with no application
downtime

Learning Objectives

Scalable performance

Predictable performance

Pay for what you need Real-time analytics

Steps to optimize your service tier



Scalable performance with LITTLE to no downtime



Predictable performance

Guaranteed resources allow for a predictable performance experience



In-Memory OLTP

Up to 30x performance gains with In-Memory OLTP



Pay for what you need, when you need it

Easily scale up app resources to accommodate growth periods or peak workload demand



Real-time analytics

Get real-time insights and 100x performance gains with real-time operational analytics

Service tier selection overview

Choosing the right service tier/performance level is dependent on:

Feature usage and features available in different service tiers

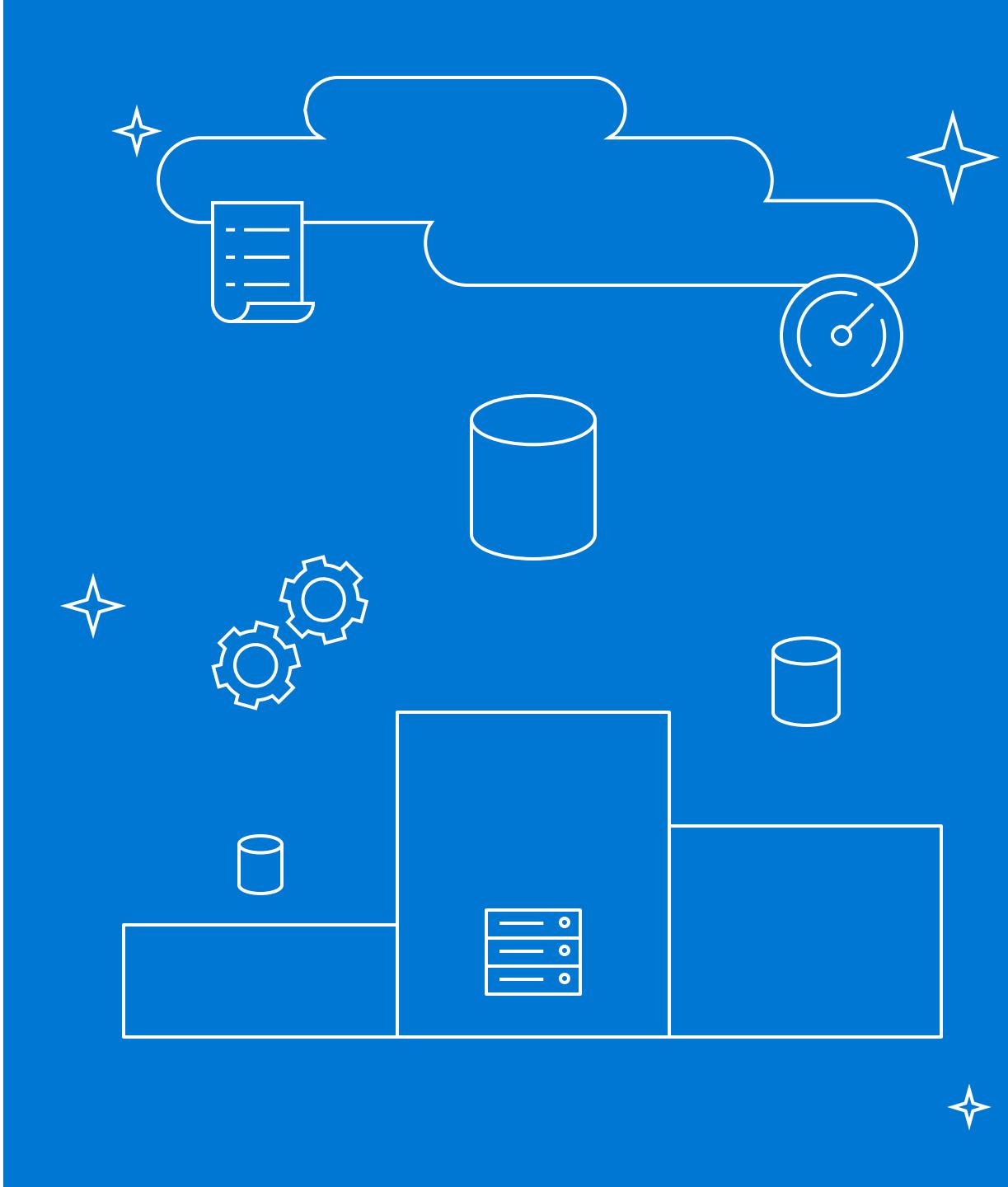
Resource usage and bounding boxes of different performance levels

Selection should take into account:

Minimum database features required

Resource consumption

Database size



Upgrade to new service tier/performance level

After you determine the appropriate service tier and performance level for your web or business database, you can choose from multiple ways to upgrade your database to the new tier.

Azure Management Portal

On your database dashboard page, click the Pricing tier tab

Azure PowerShell

Use the Set-AzureSqlDatabase cmdlet

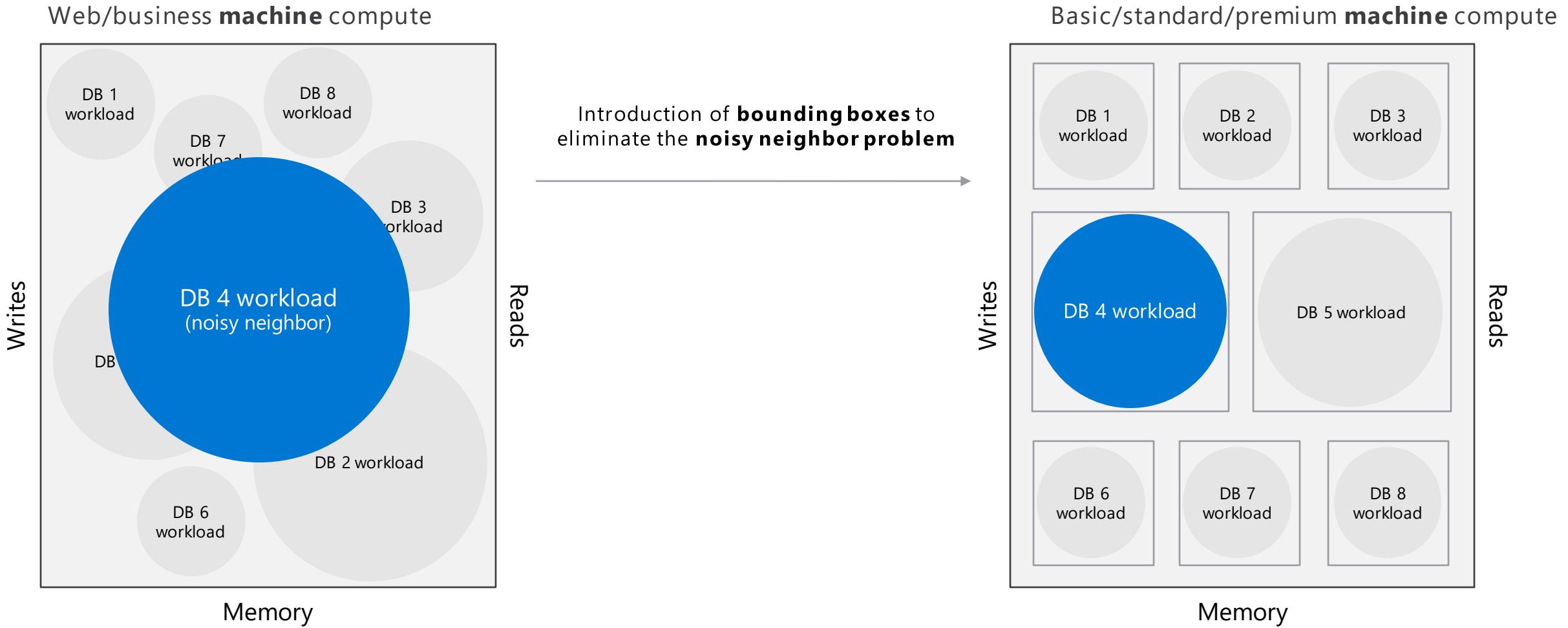
Service Management REST API

Use the Update Database command

Transact-SQL

Use the ALTER DATABASE (Transact-SQL) statement

Improved performance predictability



Managing large numbers of databases

Predictable workloads

Single databases or partitioned data across multiple databases

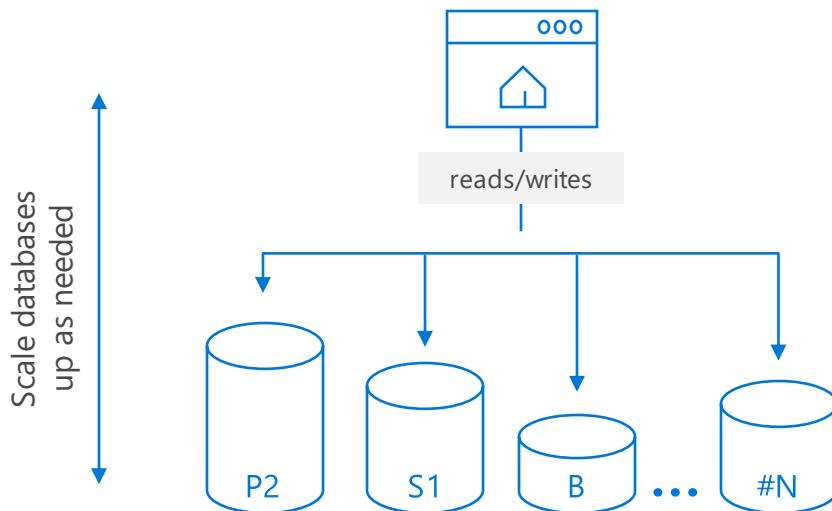
Scale between service tiers and performance levels as capacity needs fluctuate

Unpredictable workloads

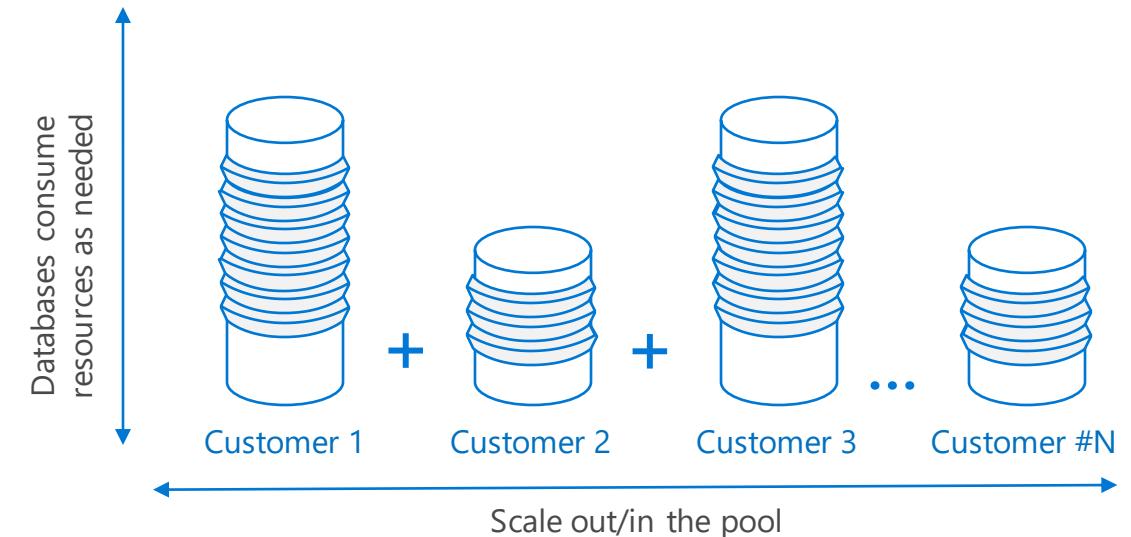
For large numbers of databases with unpredictable performance demands

Pool resources are shared between these databases

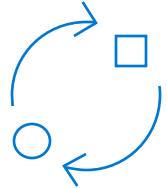
Single database or partitioned databases



Elastic Database Pool



Designed for predictable performance



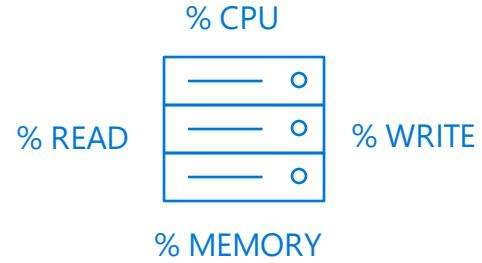
Redefined

Across the service tiers, each performance level is assigned a defined level of throughput for a streamlined experience



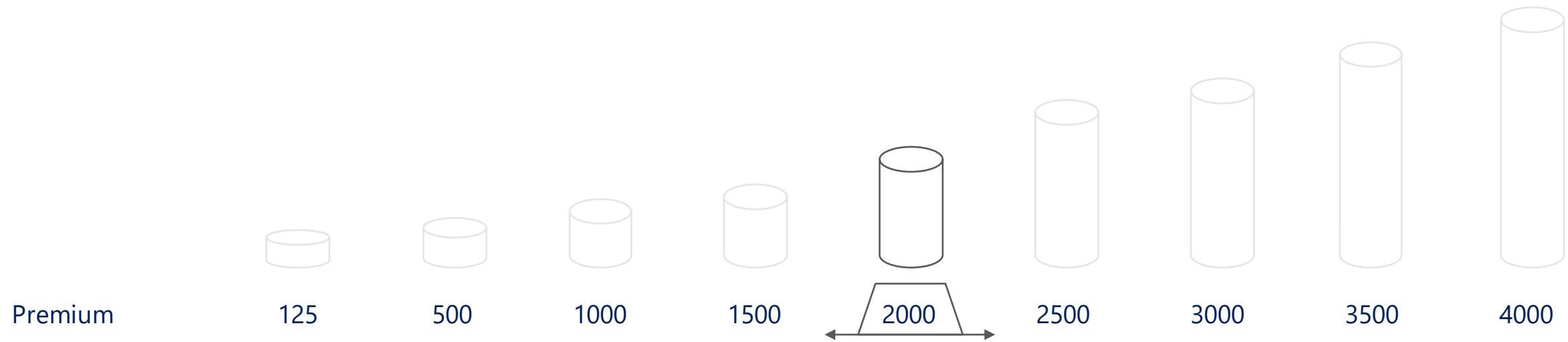
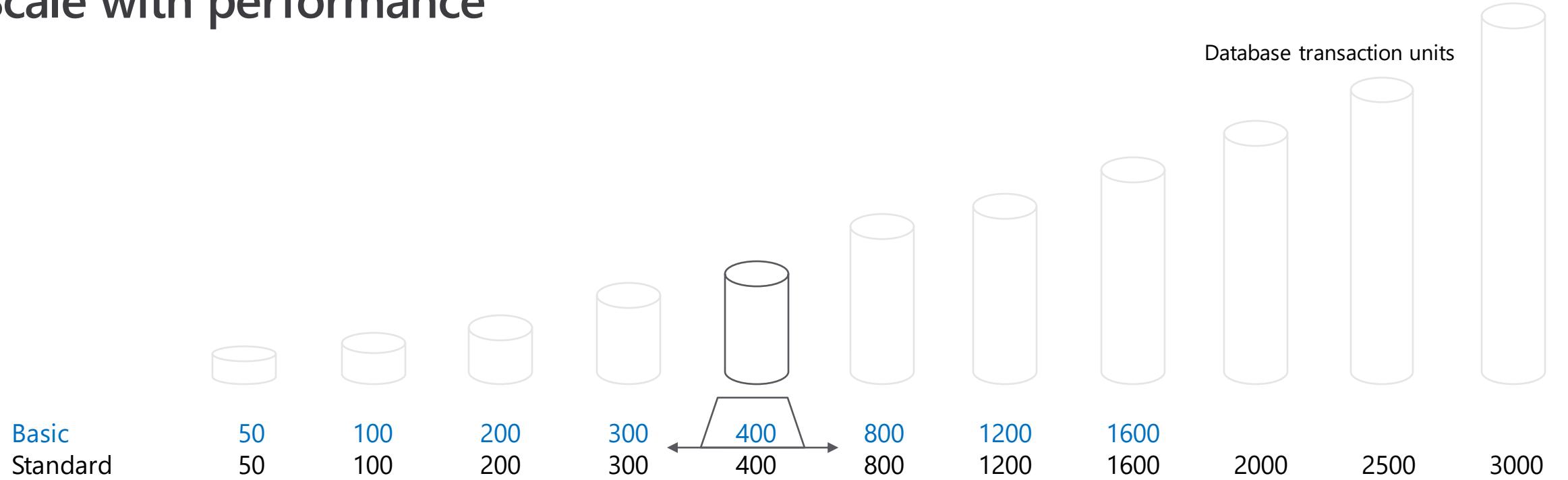
Measure of power

Introducing the Database Transaction Unit (DTU), which represents the relative power of databases based on a real-world measure: **the database transaction**



DTU represents a set of operations that are typical for an online transaction processing (OLTP) request, and then measured by how many transactions could be completed per second under fully loaded conditions

Scale with performance

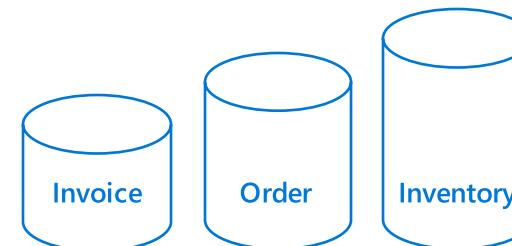


Common database scalability patterns

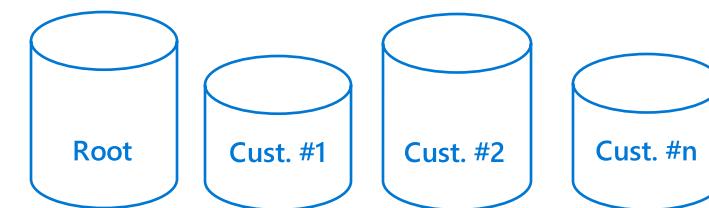
Single large database



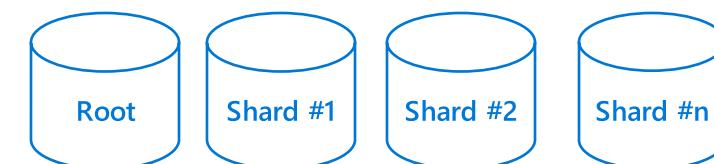
Vertically partitioned



1 tenant: 1 database (SaaS ISV)



Other partitioning scheme



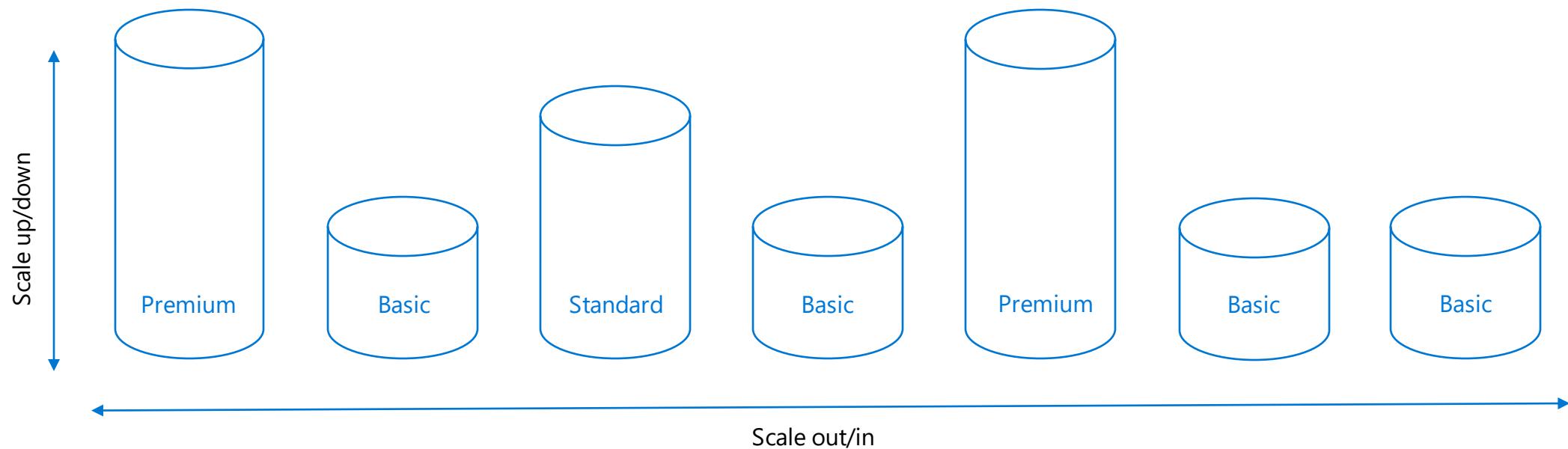
Scalability options in Azure SQL Database

Vertical: scale up or scale down

Change service tiers for a given database as capacity needs fluctuate

Horizontal: scale out or scale in

Add or remove databases (sharded and/or in a pool) as more or less capacity is needed



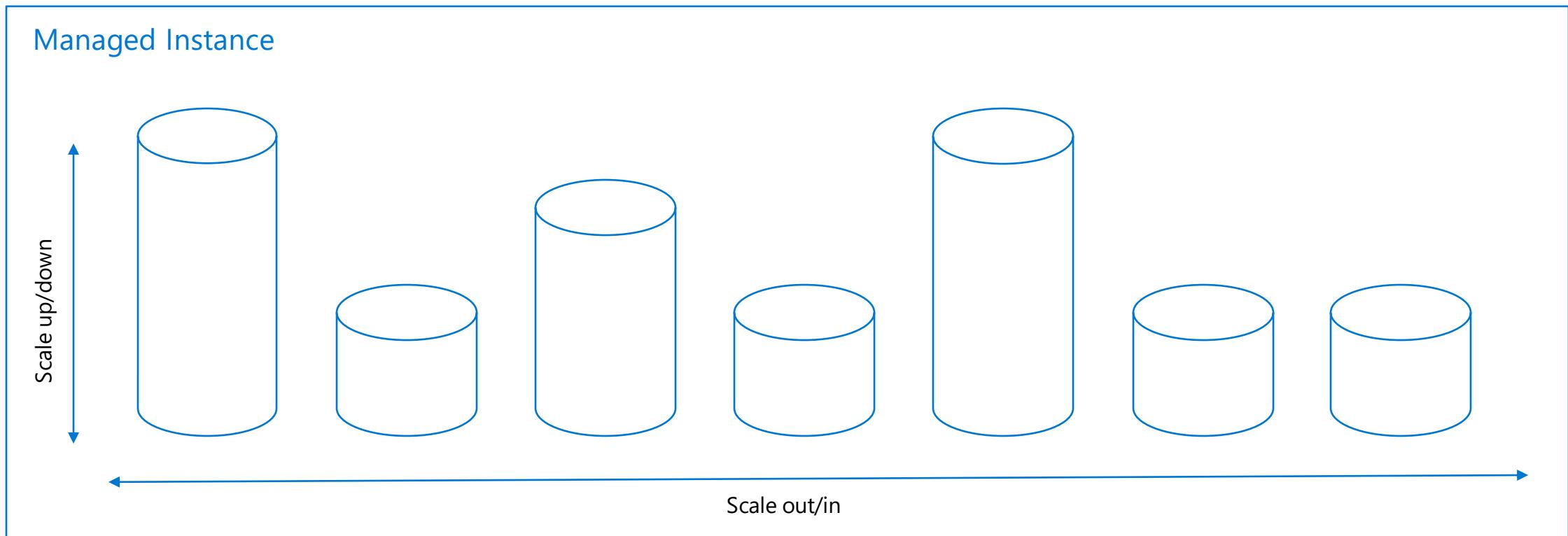
Scalability options for Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Vertical: scale up or scale down

Change service tiers to provide a larger resource pool for the entire managed instance

Horizontal: scale out or scale in

Add or remove databases and manage performance using resource governor



Resource monitoring

master.sys.resource_stats

Based on 5 minute averages

userdb.sys.dm_db_resource_stats

Based on 15 second averages

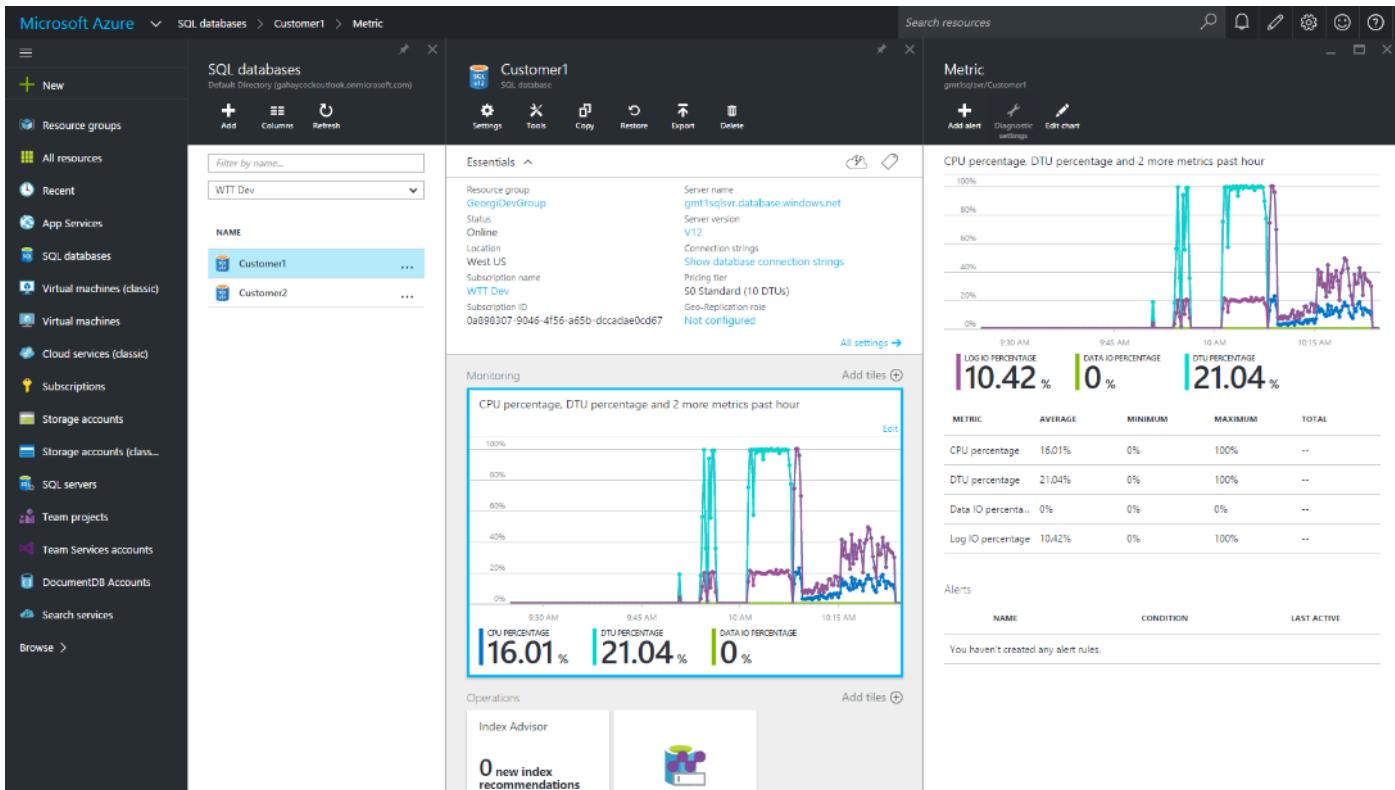
Percentages relative to performance level

Accessible through Azure Portal

Enables configuration of alerting

Intelligent Insights

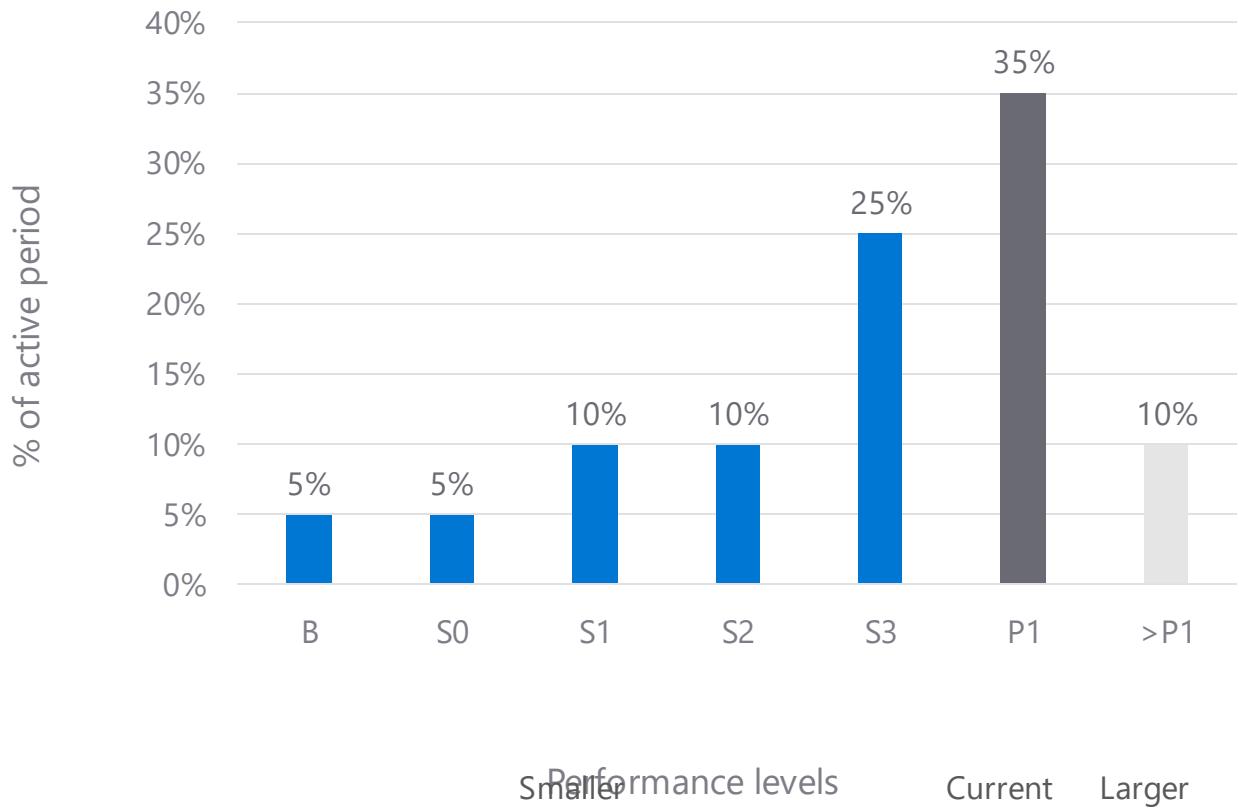
Monitor performance across your entire Azure SQL Database estate



Resource consumption analysis

Resource consumption distribution shows what percentage of an active period the database was consuming resources within the boundaries of different performance levels.

Example resource consumption for a single database





Ensure Business Continuity for your mission critical workloads

Learning Objectives

Point-in-Time Restore

Geo-Replication

Azure Data Sync

Built-in High Availability

Zone Redundancy

Software as a service

Elastic database models

SaaS Patterns



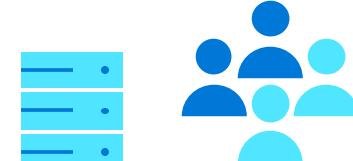
Roles and responsibilities

Azure SQL Database

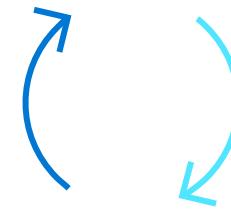
Geo-distributed service
Customer metadata protection and recovery
Transparent high availability and data protection from local platform failures
Automatic geo-distributed backups
Automatic data synchronization of geo-replicated databases
Platform compliance testing and certification
Alert to impacted customers about server degradation during regional failures

Customer (subscription owner)

Detecting user errors and initiating point-in-time restore
Planning, database prioritization, and region selection for disaster recovery
Initiating geo-restore to selected region
Initiating failover of geo-replicated databases
Application disaster recovery drills



Microsoft



You

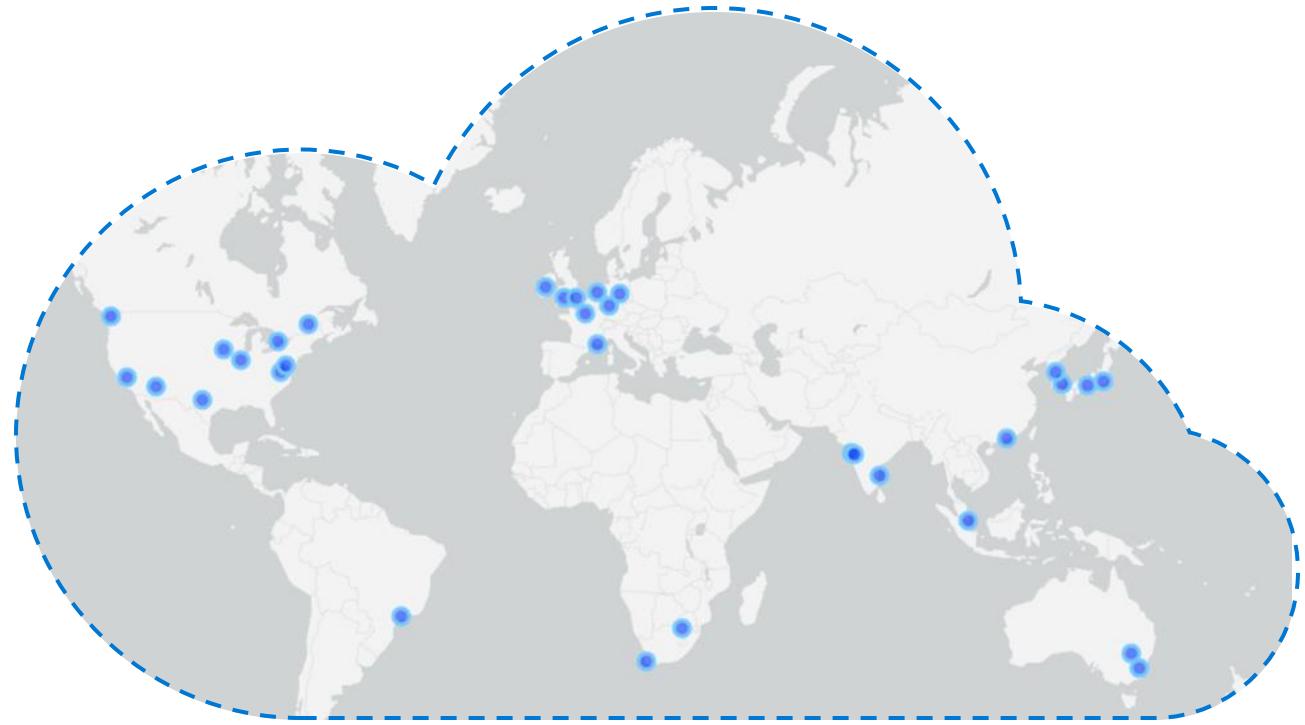
Microsoft-backed for your peace of mind

Peace of mind over your cloud investments

Built-in regional database replicas for additional protection

Uptime SLA of 99.995%*

Single support vendor across Azure cloud services



*Web & Business tiers remain backed by 99.9% uptime SLA.

Long-term data retention

Automatically created with LTR capability in Azure SQL Database

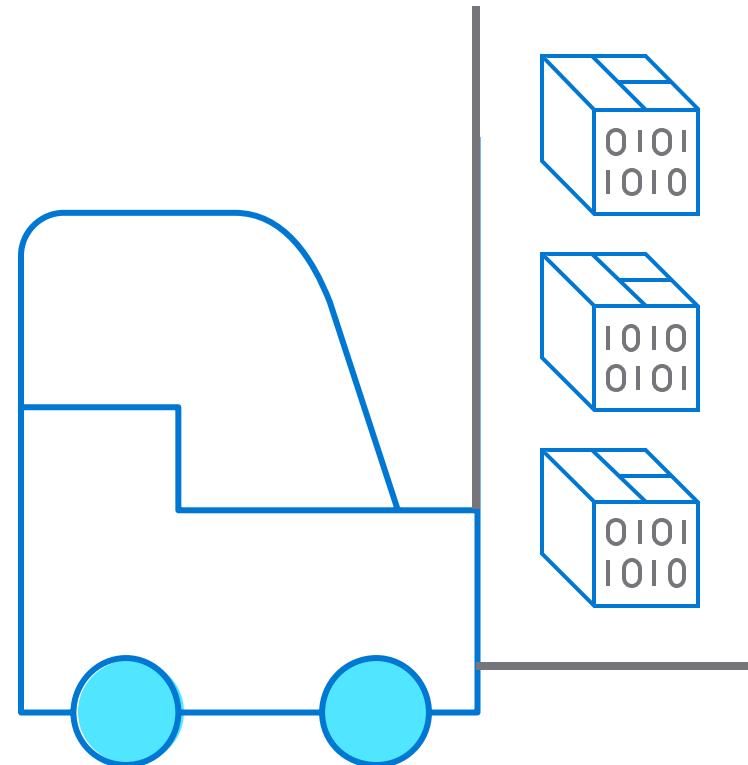
Full database backups

Store backups for up to 10 Years

Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

Export a database

Generate a BACPAC in external storage and hydrate as needed



Point-in-time restore

Automatic backups

Full backups weekly, differential backup daily, log backups every 5 minutes

Daily and weekly backups automatically uploaded to geo-redundant Azure Storage

Self-service restore

Point-in-time up to a second granularity

REST API, PowerShell, or Azure portal

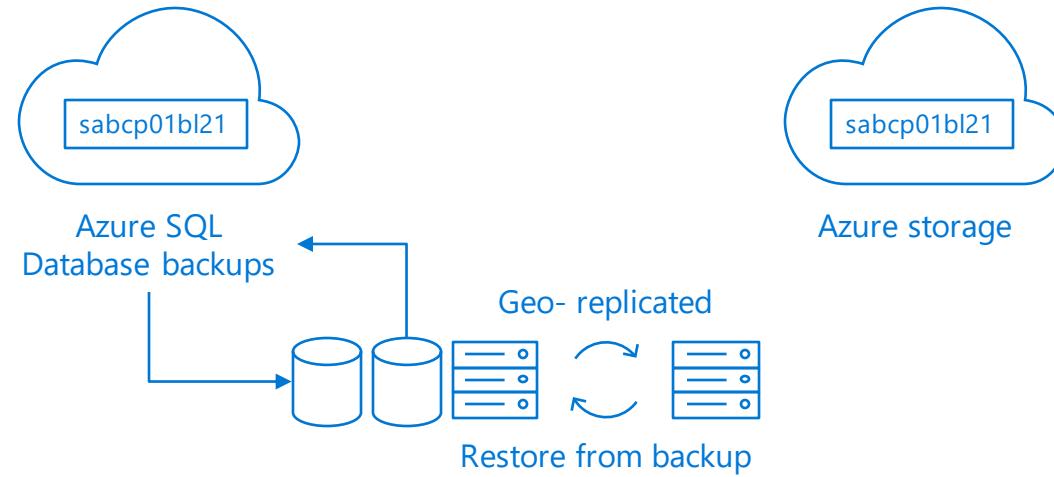
Creates a new database in the same logical server

User-controlled retention policy

7 days default retention in all service tiers

Up to 35 days of additional retention if required at additional cost

Choice of storage tier for data sovereignty



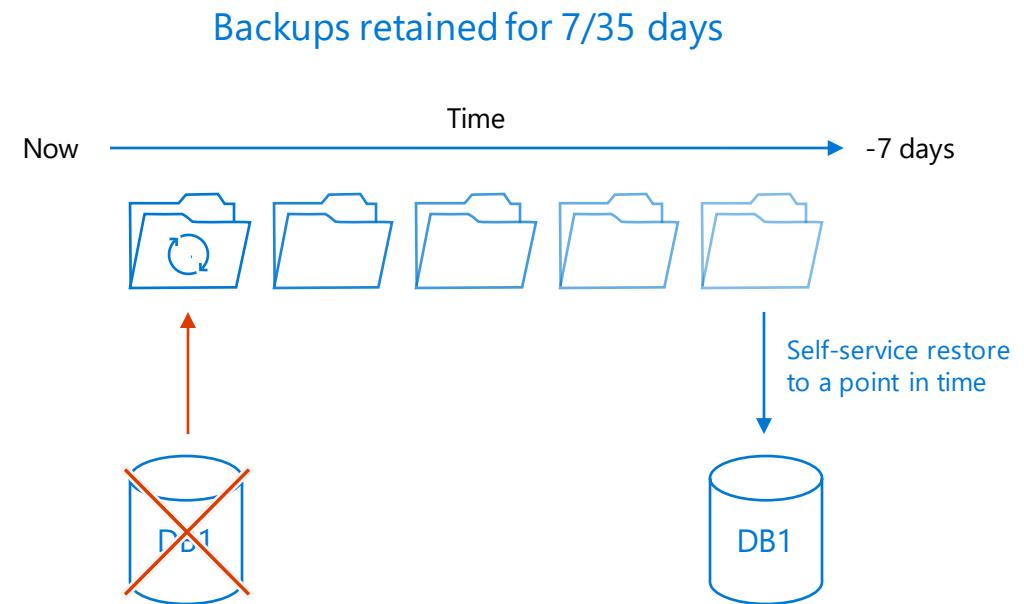
Database recovery

Restoring a deleted database

Restores the database to any point in time within the retention period

Creates a new database on the server used by the original database

You can choose to failover to the restored database or use scripts to recover data



Geo-restore protects from disaster

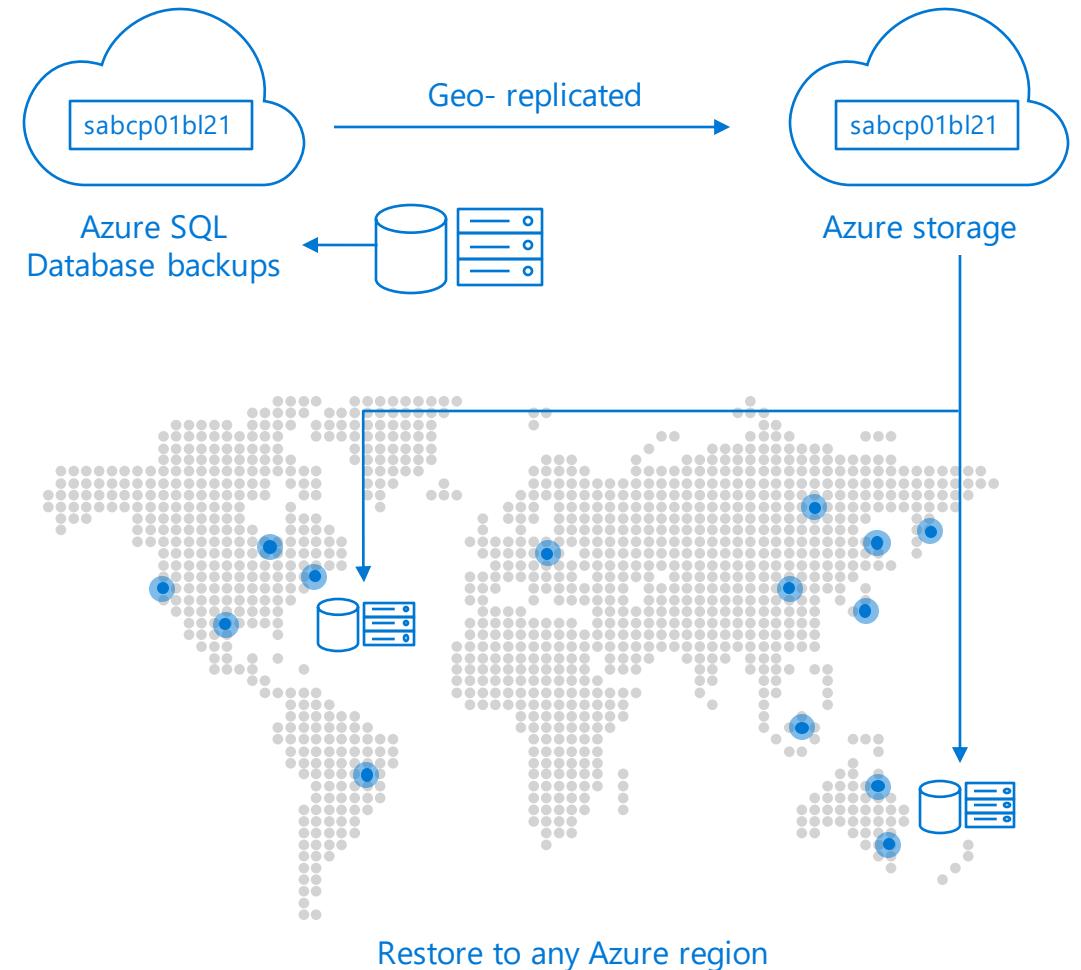
Self-service restore API

Built on geo-redundant Azure Storage

Restores last replicated backup to any Azure region as a new database

No extra cost, no capacity guarantee

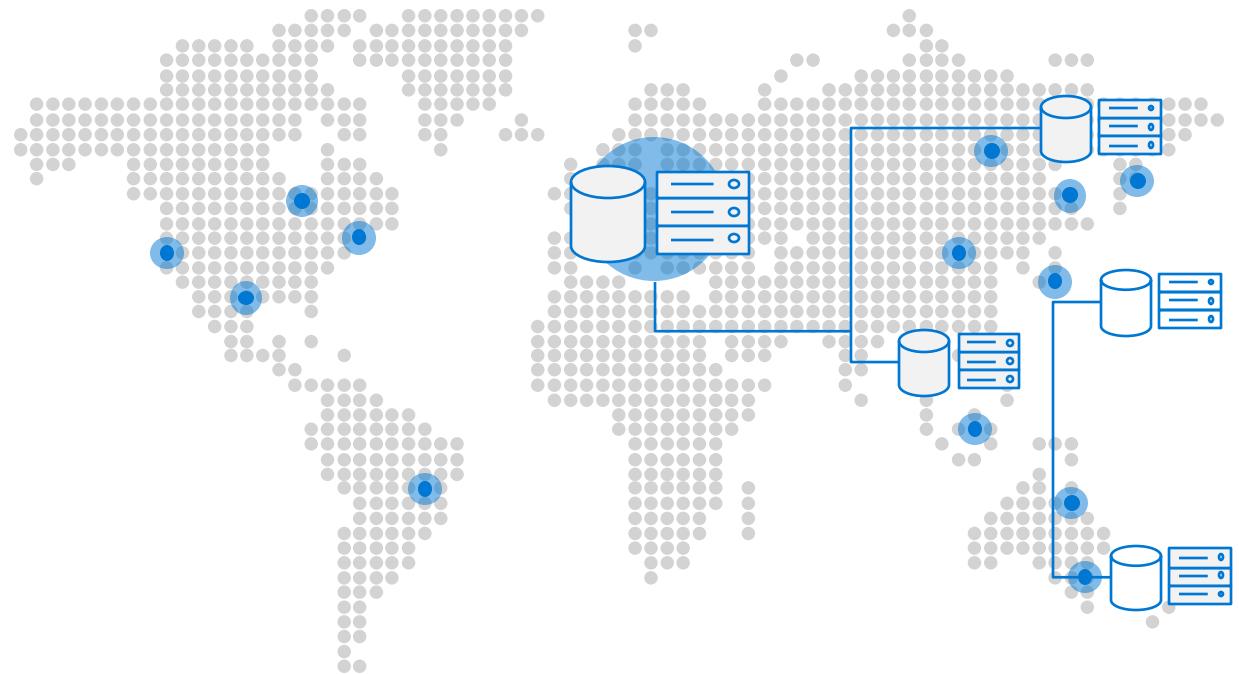
RTO \geq 24h, RPO=1h



Active geo-replication

Mission-critical business continuity on your terms, via programmatic APIs

Service levels	All
Readable secondaries	Up to 4
Regions available	Any Azure region
Replication	Automatic, asynchronous
Manageability tools	REST API, PowerShell, or Azure Portal
Recovery time objective (RTO)	<30 sec
Recovery point objective	<5sec
Failover	On demand



Up to 4 secondaries

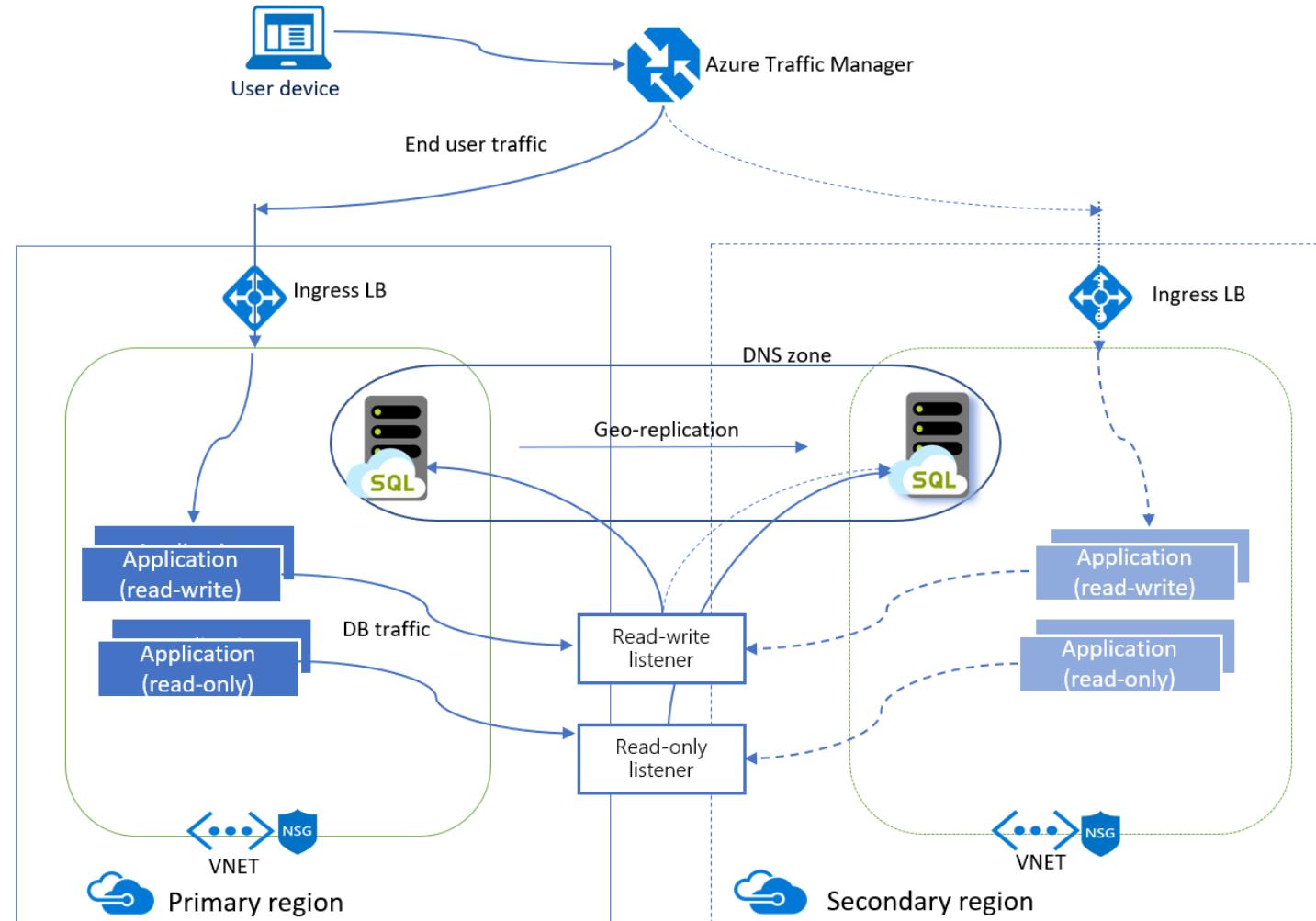
Failover groups with Managed Instance

Enable geo-replication for a group of databases or pools to another region

Automatic or manual failover policy

Read-only and read-write listener endpoints for transparent failover

Available for all service tiers



Automated administration allows you to do your job

Focus on building apps instead of management tasks

Active geo-replication provides the richest business continuity solution with the least risk of data loss and the most rapid recovery time

Extends standard geo-replication with up to four readable secondary databases in the same or different data center locations (regions)

Secondary databases can also be used for load balancing or to provide low-latency access to replicated data anywhere in the world

Automatically manage geo-replication relationship, connectivity, and failover at scale

Available in auto-failover policy or manual activation



SQL Data sync

Bi-directionally synchronizes data across multiple SQL databases and SQL Server instances

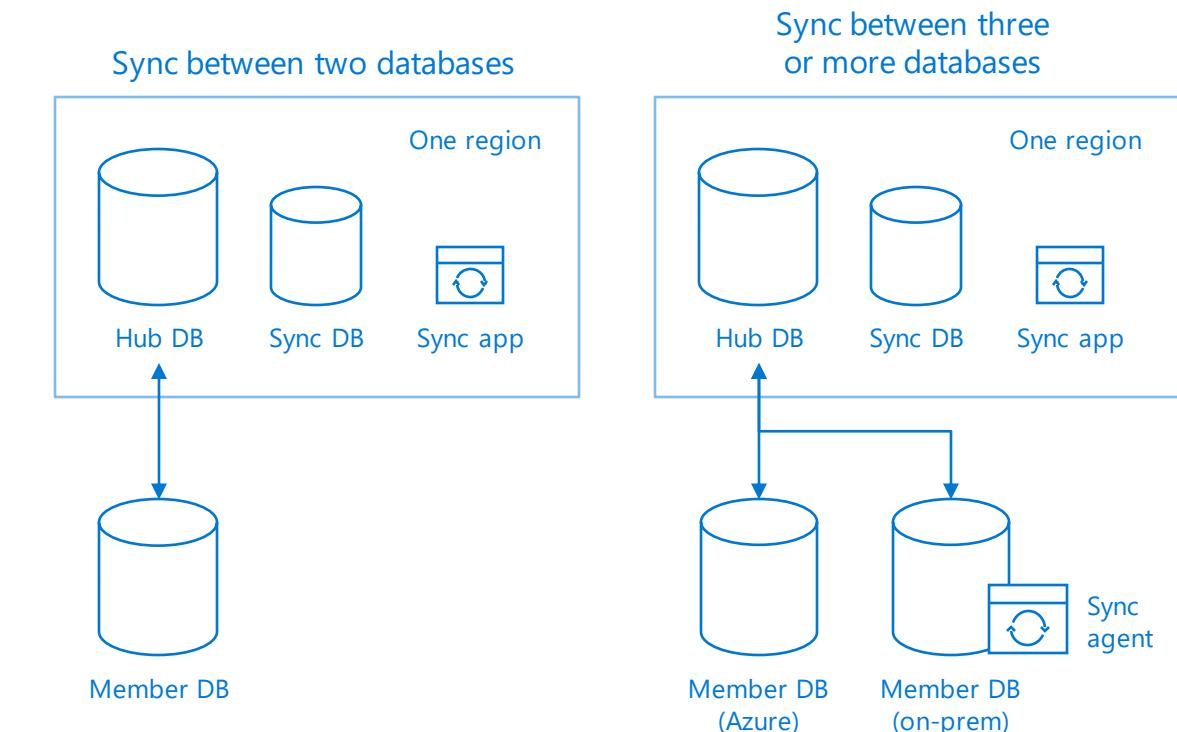
Sync occurs between the defined Hub database and individual member databases

Use cases:

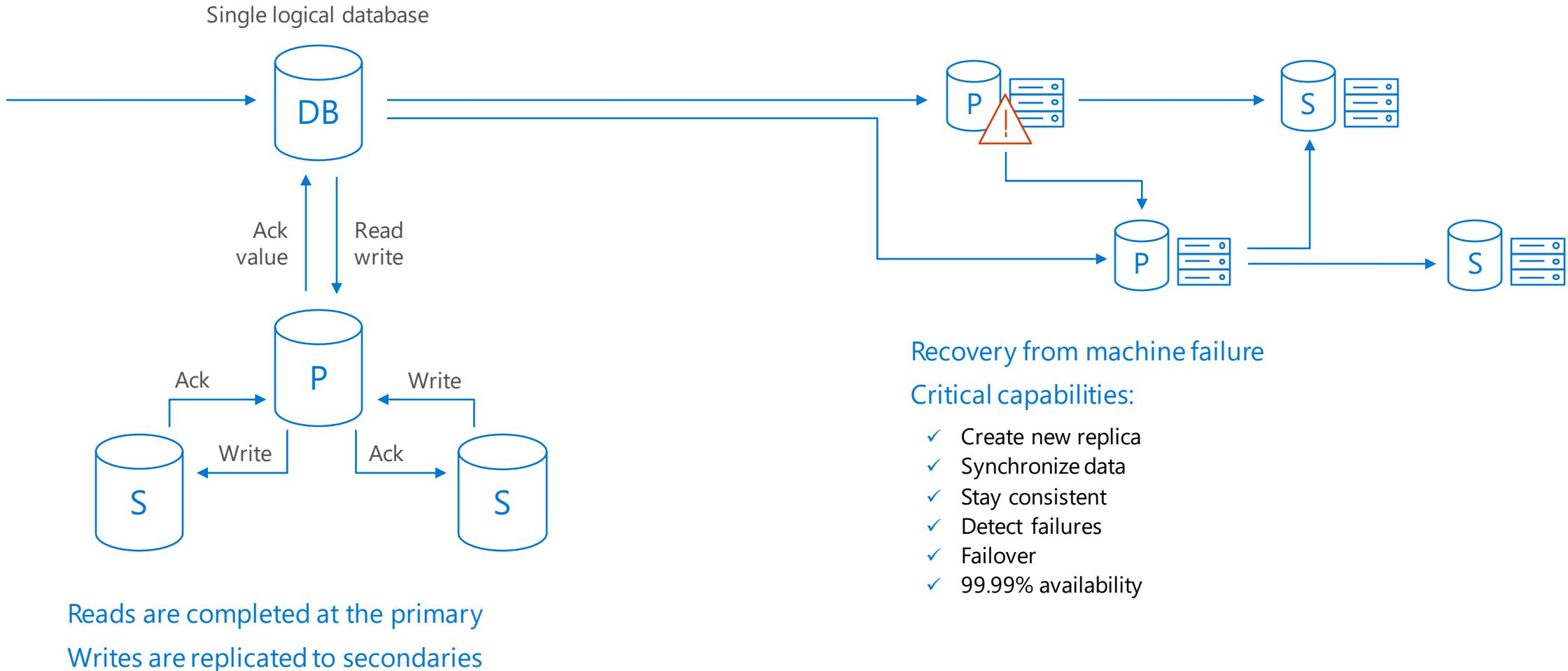
Distributed Applications

Globally Distributed Applications

Hybrid Data Synchronization



High-availability platform

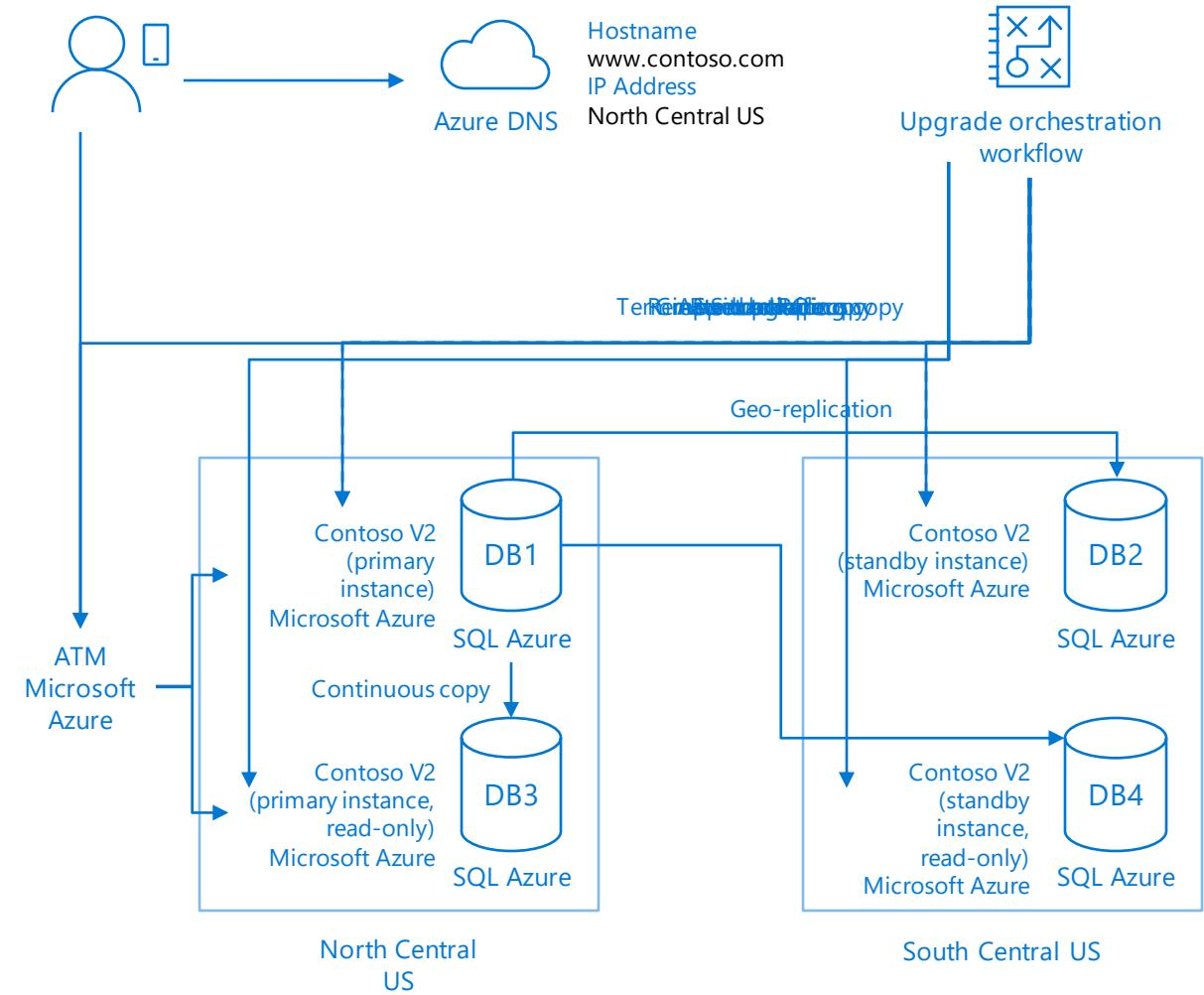


Online service upgrade

Both main copy and backup copy are protected at all times

No data loss during the upgrade process

The read-only period depends on the duration of the database upgrade



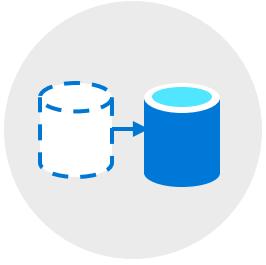
Self-managed



Built-in maintenance



Remove virtually all infrastructure maintenance with Azure SQL Database, which provides automatic software patching as part of the service.



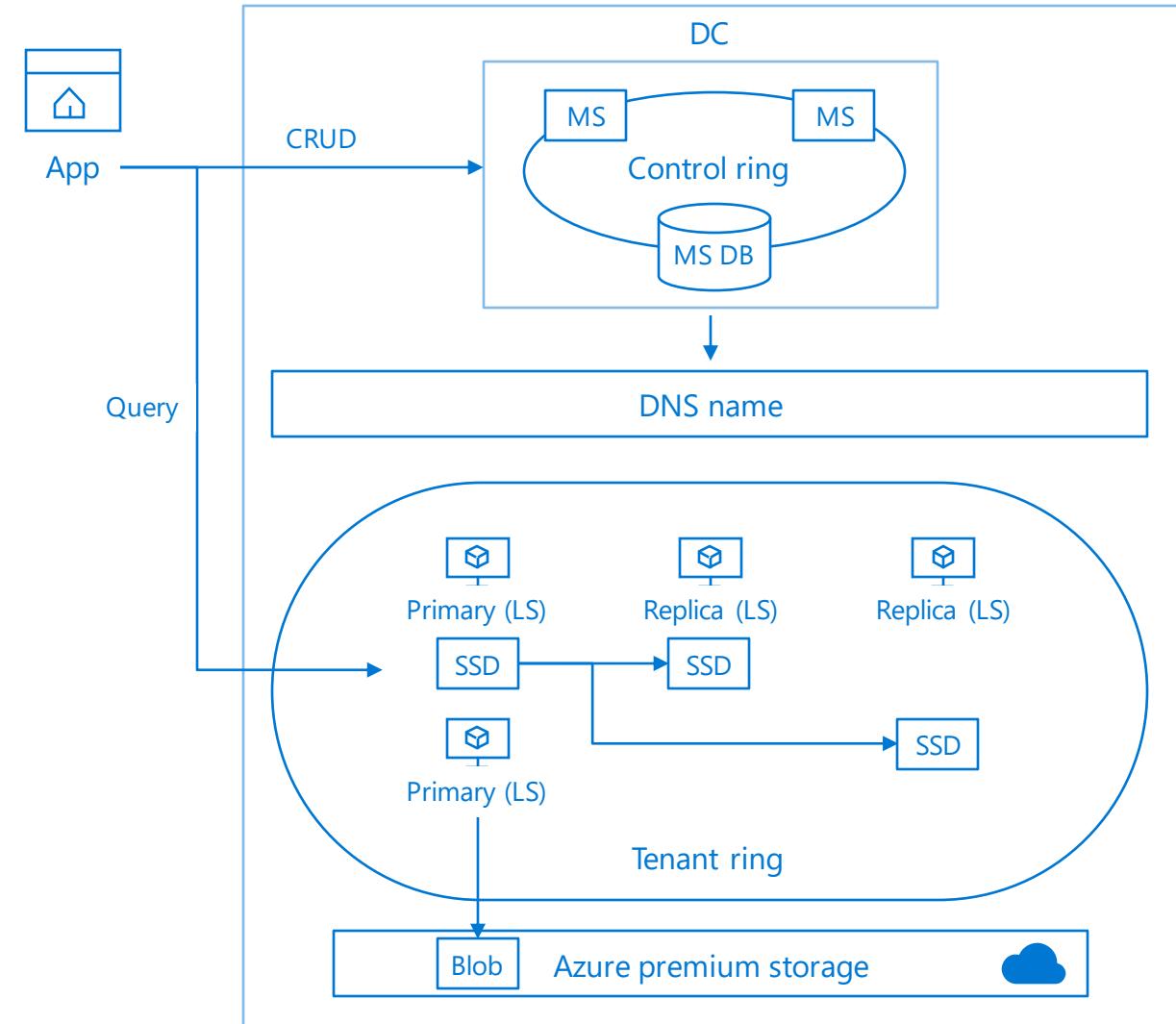
Fault tolerance



Built-in system replicas help deliver inherent data protection and database uptime. System replicas are automatically moved to new machines as old machines fail.

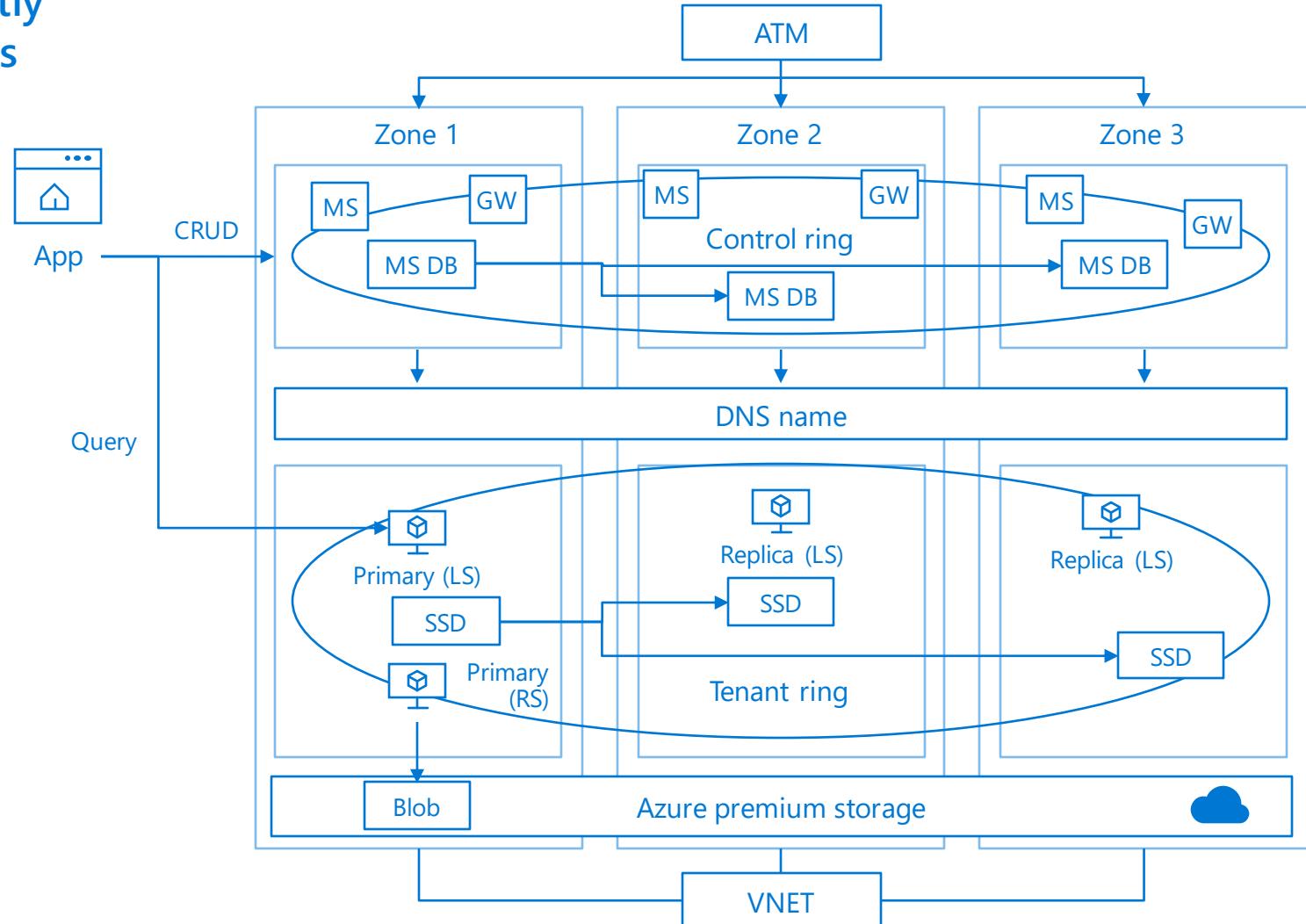
HA architecture for remote storage configurations

Remote storage configurations are used
for Basic, Standard or General Purpose tiers



HA architecture for Zone redundant configuration

Zone redundant configurations are currently only supported in the Premium or Business Critical tiers



Software as a service (SaaS)

Central directory (catalog) stores customer profiles

One database per end customer (tenant)

Often for security and isolation

Some rely on schema customization

Data-dependent routing is a common data-access path

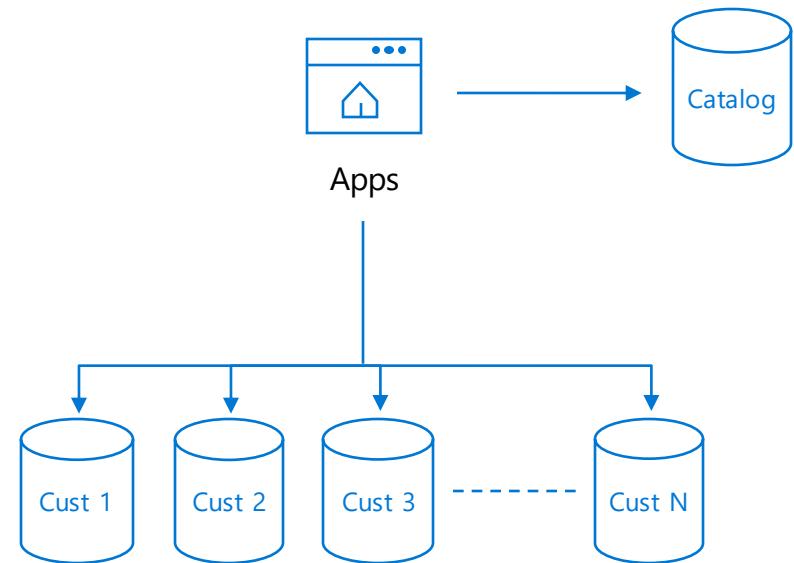
Highly selective key-lookup queries, multi-joins, and more

Mid to low data-entry rate

No need for cross-customer (fan-out) queries

Most tenants are small and “cold,” and some might have hot spots

Optimize cost of goods sold (COGS) by picking the right service tier for the customer (mostly basic)



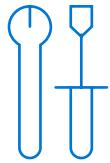
Elastic databases at a glance

Manage and monitor multi-tenant apps with the isolation benefits of one customer per database

Free yourself from the administration overhead of designing, buying, building, and managing each customer's environment



Elastic database pools
and elastic database
pricing model



Elastic database tools:
client library and split-
merge service



Elastic database job



Elastic database
queries (preview)
and transactions

Manage and scale multiple databases

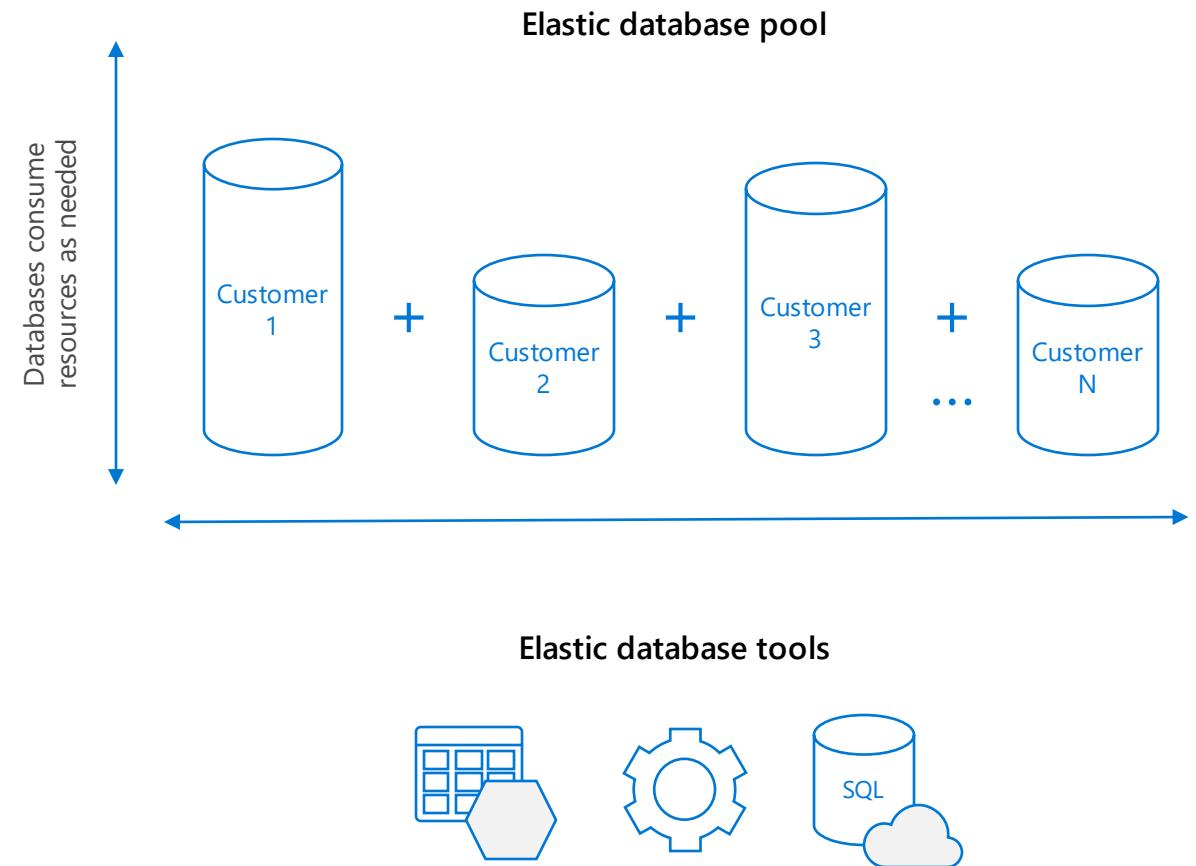
An elastic database pool is a collection of resources and storage that are used by multiple databases

Elastic database jobs allow you to perform tasks across databases in the pool, including:

Performing administrative tasks, such as deploying new schemas

Updating reference data, such as making product information common across all databases

Rebuilding indexes to improve query performance



Build secure apps

Flexibility to work your way

Platforms

Develop with your choice of popular platforms including Windows, Linux, and Mac

Tools

Use Azure Management Portal with HTML5 support, PowerShell, REST APIs, SQL Server Management Studio, Azure Data Studio and Visual Studio

Languages

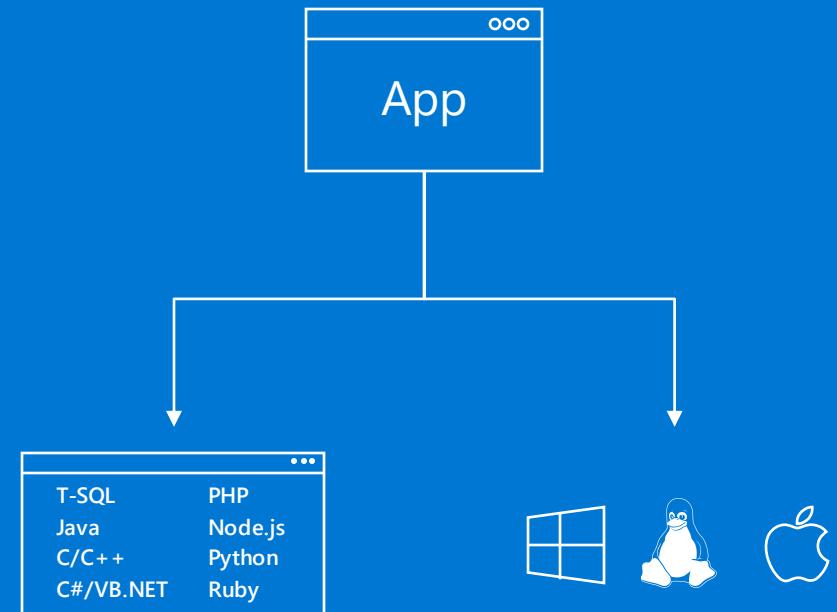
Develop with a choice of popular languages, such as C#, Java, Node.js, Ruby, PHP, and Python

Frameworks

Leverage popular frameworks including Entity, Hibernate ORM, Ruby on Rails, and Django

Your Azure solution

Build secure apps that connect with the languages and platforms you prefer



Programmatic capabilities

Platforms



Develop with a choice of popular platforms and technologies, including .NET, Java, PHP, Ruby on Rails, and Node.js

JSON support



Query JSON using standard T-SQL syntax; use JSON with all components of Azure SQL Database, such as In-Memory OLTP

Temporal tables



Keep a full history of all changes made to table; use for easy point-in-time restore or calculate trends over time

T-SQL editor



Use the HTML5-based T-SQL editor in Azure Management Portal

JSON Support in Azure SQL Database

Easily work with JSON data and integrate your database with modern services

Built-in functions

ISJSON, JSON_VALUE,
JSON_MODIFY, JSON_QUERY

```
[  
  {  
    "Number": "SO43659",  
    "Date": "2011-05-31T00:00:00",  
    "AccountNumber": "AW29825",  
    "Price": 59.99,  
    "Quantity": 1  
  }  
  {  
    "Number": "SO43661",  
    "Date": "2011-06-01T00:00:00",  
    "AccountNumber": "AW73565",  
    "Price": 24.99  
    "Quantity": 3  
  }  
]
```

OPENJSON

Transforms JSON text to table

FOR JSON

Formats result set as JSON text

Number	Date	Customer	Price	Quantity
SO43659	2011-05-31 T00:00:00	MSFT	59.99	1
SO43661	2011-06-01 T00:00:00	Nokia	24.99	3

Formatting data as JSON

Format your database content as JSON directly in a SQL query

```
SELECT CustomerName, PhoneNumber, FaxNumber
FROM Sales.Customers
FOR JSON PATH
[ 
{
    "CustomerName": "Eric Torres",
    "PhoneNumber": "(307) 555-0100",
    "FaxNumber": "(307) 555-0101"
},
{
    "CustomerName": "Cosmina Vlad",
    "PhoneNumber": "(505) 555-0100",
    "FaxNumber": "(505) 555-0101"
},
{
    "CustomerName": "Bala Dixit",
    "PhoneNumber": "(209) 555-0100",
    "FaxNumber": "(209) 555-0101"
}
]
```

Querying JSON data

JSON functions let you use JSON data in any SQL query

Id	Data
1	{"Price":50, "Color":"White", "tags":["toy", "children", "games"]}

```
SELECT Id, JSON_VALUE(Data, '$.Color'),  
       JSON_QUERY(Data, '$.tags')  
  FROM Products  
 WHERE JSON_VALUE(Data, '$.Color') = 'White'
```

1	White	["toy", "children", "games"]
---	-------	------------------------------

Modifying JSON data

JSON functions let you use JSON data in any SQL query

Id	Data
1	{"Price":50, "Color":"White", "tags":["toy", "children", "games"]}

```
UPDATE Products  
SET Data = JSON_MODIFY(Data, '$.Price', 60)  
WHERE Id = 1
```

Id	Data
1	{"Price":60, "Color":"White", "tags":["toy", "children", "games"]}

Temporal Tables

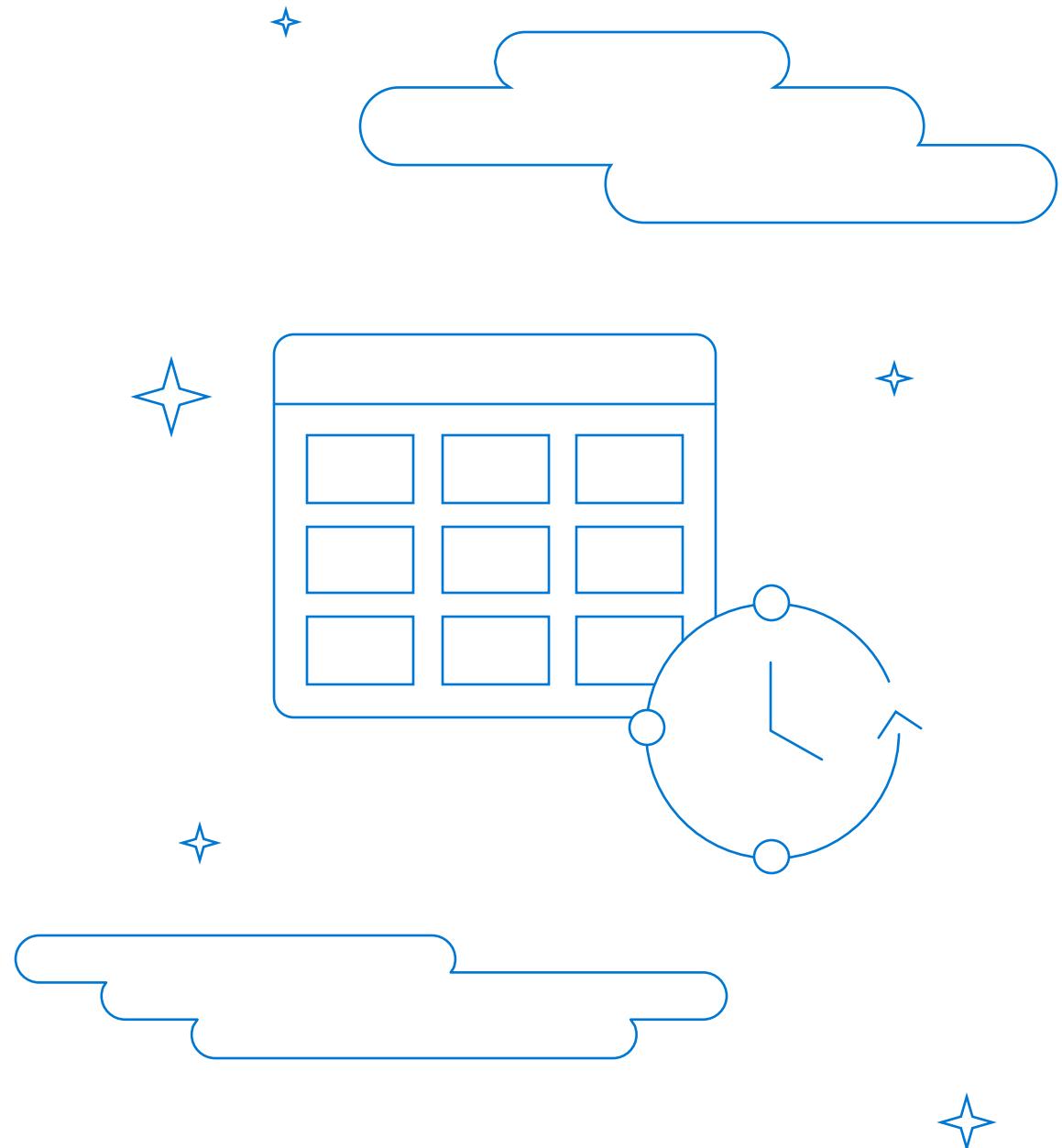
Track and analyze the history of changes in data with no custom coding

Audit data changes

Reconstruct state of data stored in the table at any point in time

Calculate trends over time

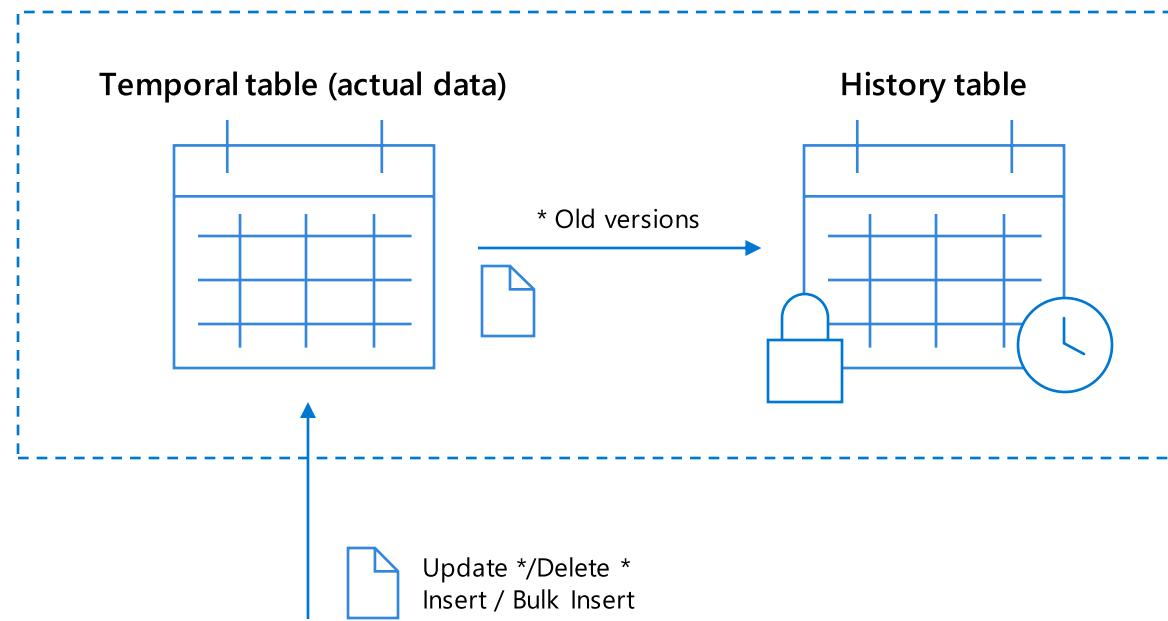
Maintain a slowly changing dimension for decision support applications



Reveal historical data with temporal tables

Implemented as a pair of tables—one current, one historical

The history table cannot have data inserted or deleted from it directly and its schema cannot be directly modified



Creating a temporal table

Temporal Tables can be created with your preferred tool

SQL Server Management Studio

SQL Server Data Tools

T-SQL

```
CREATE TABLE WebsiteUserInfo
(
    [UserID] int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
    , [UserName] nvarchar(100) NOT NULL
    , [PagesVisited] int NOT NULL
    , [ValidFrom] datetime2 (0) GENERATED ALWAYS AS ROW START
    , [ValidTo] datetime2 (0) GENERATED ALWAYS AS ROW END
    , PERIOD FOR SYSTEM_TIME (ValidFrom, ValidTo)
)
WITH (SYSTEM_VERSIONING = ON (HISTORY_TABLE =
dbo.WebsiteUserInfoHistory));
```

Reading from the history table

There are many ways to read data from the history table

Example) To see the top 10 users ordered by the number of visited web pages as of an hour ago:

Use the AS OF clause

```
DECLARE @hourAgo datetime2 = DATEADD(HOUR, -1, SYSUTCDATETIME());
SELECT TOP 10 *
FROM dbo.WebsiteUserInfo
FOR SYSTEM_TIME AS OF @hourAgo
ORDER BY PagesVisited DESC
```

Reading from the history table

Example) To perform basic statistical analysis for the previous day:

Use the BETWEEN ... AND ... clause

```
DECLARE @twoDaysAgo datetime2 = DATEADD(DAY, -2, SYSUTCDATETIME());
DECLARE @aDayAgo datetime2 = DATEADD(DAY, -1, SYSUTCDATETIME());
SELECT UserID,
       SUM (PagesVisited) as TotalVisitedPages,
       AVG (PagesVisited) as AverageVisitedPages,
       MAX (PagesVisited) AS MaxVisitedPages,
       MIN (PagesVisited) AS MinVisitedPages,
       STDEV (PagesVisited) as StDevVisitedPages
  FROM dbo.WebsiteUserInfo
 WHERE SYSTEM_TIME BETWEEN @twoDaysAgo AND @aDayAgo
 GROUP BY UserId
```

Setting Retention history

Temporal Tables may increase database size more than regular tables, particularly if:

- You retain historical data for a long period of time
- You have an update or delete heavy data modification pattern

Developing a data retention policy for managing data in the history table is an important aspect of planning and managing the lifecycle of every temporal table

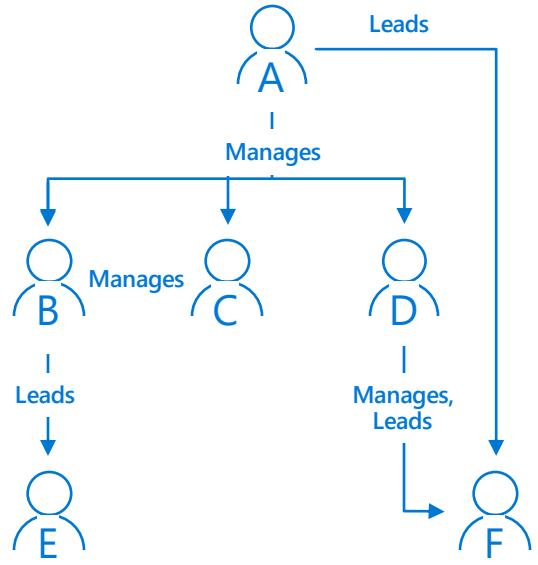
Ensure retention policy is enabled at the database level

```
ALTER DATABASE <myDB>
SET TEMPORAL_HISTORY_RETENTION ON
```

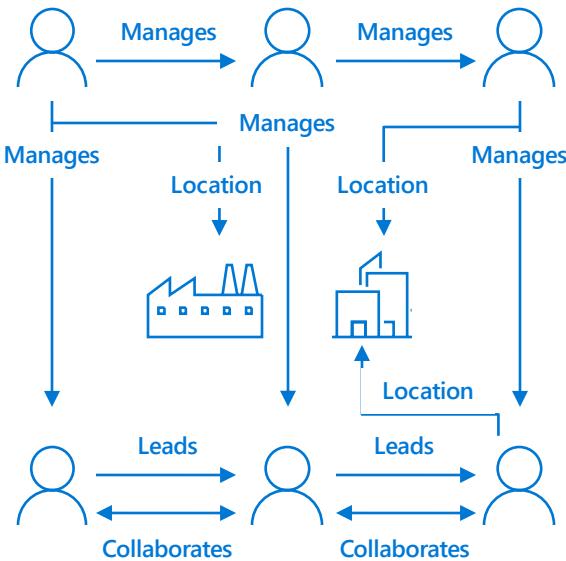
Retention policy can be set when the table is created or can be defined or altered after table creation

```
ALTER TABLE dbo.WebsiteUserInfo
SET (SYSTEM_VERSIONING = ON (HISTORY_RETENTION_PERIOD = 9 MONTHS));
```

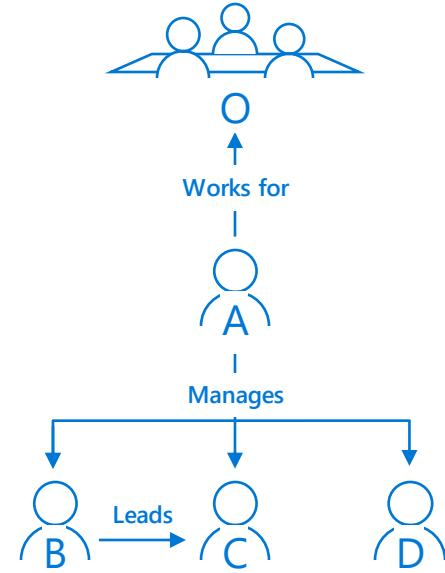
Graph Database use cases



Uncover interconnected or hierarchical data entities with multiple parents



Organically grow many-to-many relationships as the business evolves



Analyze interconnected data relationships, and identify non-obvious connections

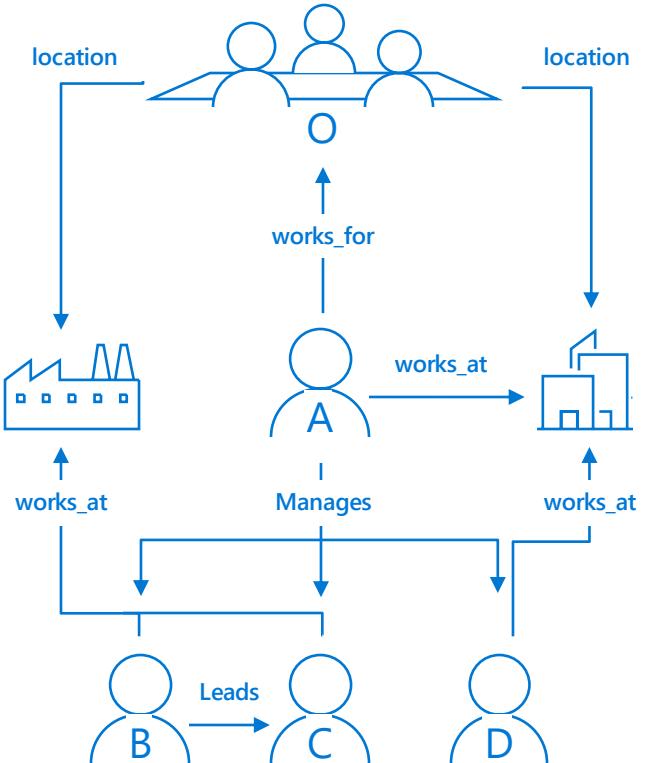
SQL Graph

Graph objects

Create nodes and edges

Properties associated with nodes and edges

```
CREATE TABLE Person (ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
name VARCHAR(100)) AS NODE;  
  
CREATE TABLE Organization (ID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,  
name VARCHAR(100)) AS NODE;  
  
CREATE TABLE Manages AS EDGE;  
  
CREATE TABLE works_for (StartDate date) AS EDGE;
```



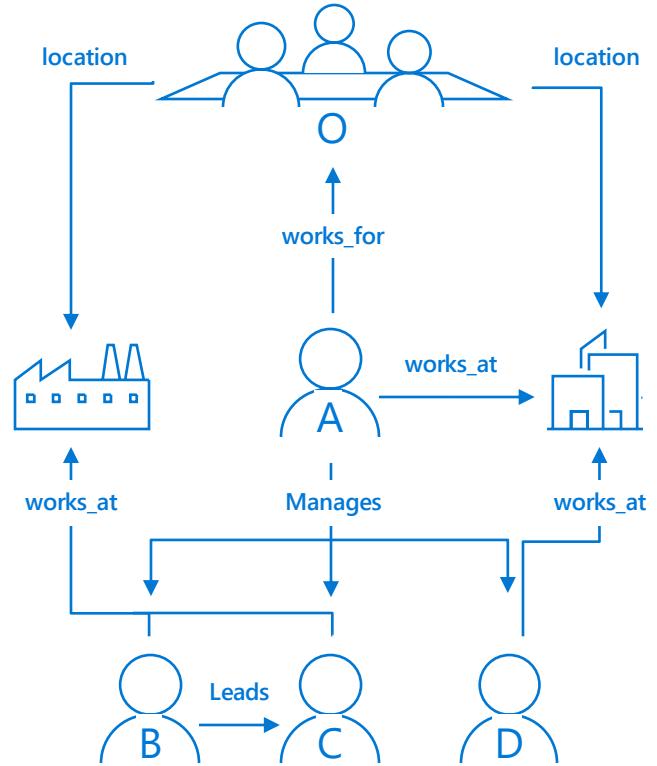
SQL Graph

Graph objects

Query language extension

Multi-hop navigation and join-free pattern matching

```
SELECT person2.name
  FROM Person person1,
       Manages,
       Person person2,
       works_at,
       location
 WHERE MATCH(person1-(Manages)->person2-(works_at)->location)
   AND person1.name = 'Alice'
```



SQL Graph

Graph objects

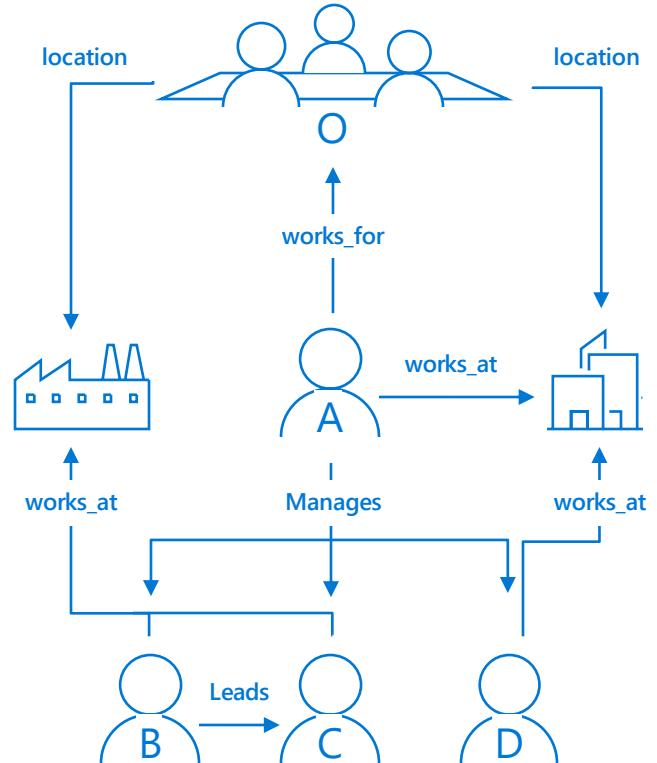
Query language extension

Integrated in SQL Engine

Queries can lookup against existing SQL database tables and graph nodes/edges

Column store, Advanced Analytics/ML, HA, etc.

Security and compliance



SQL Graph

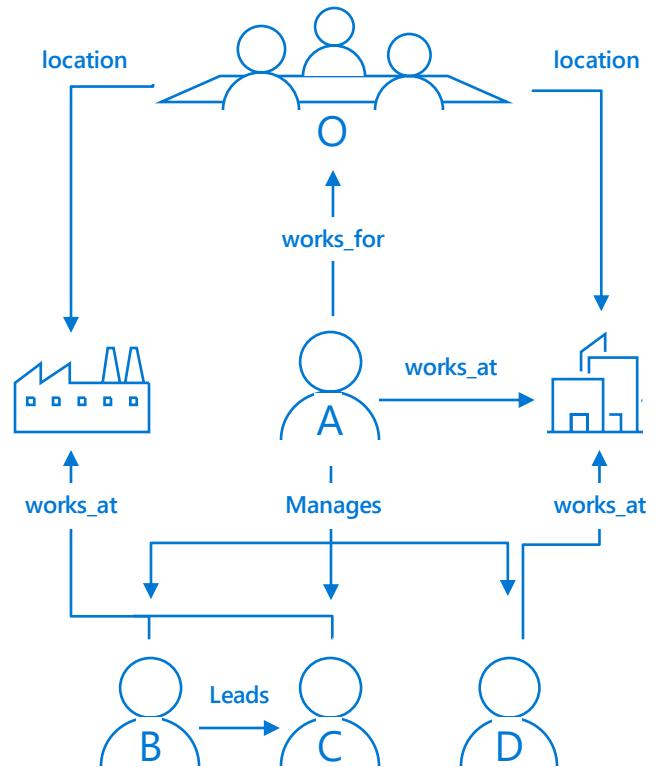
Graph objects

Query language extension

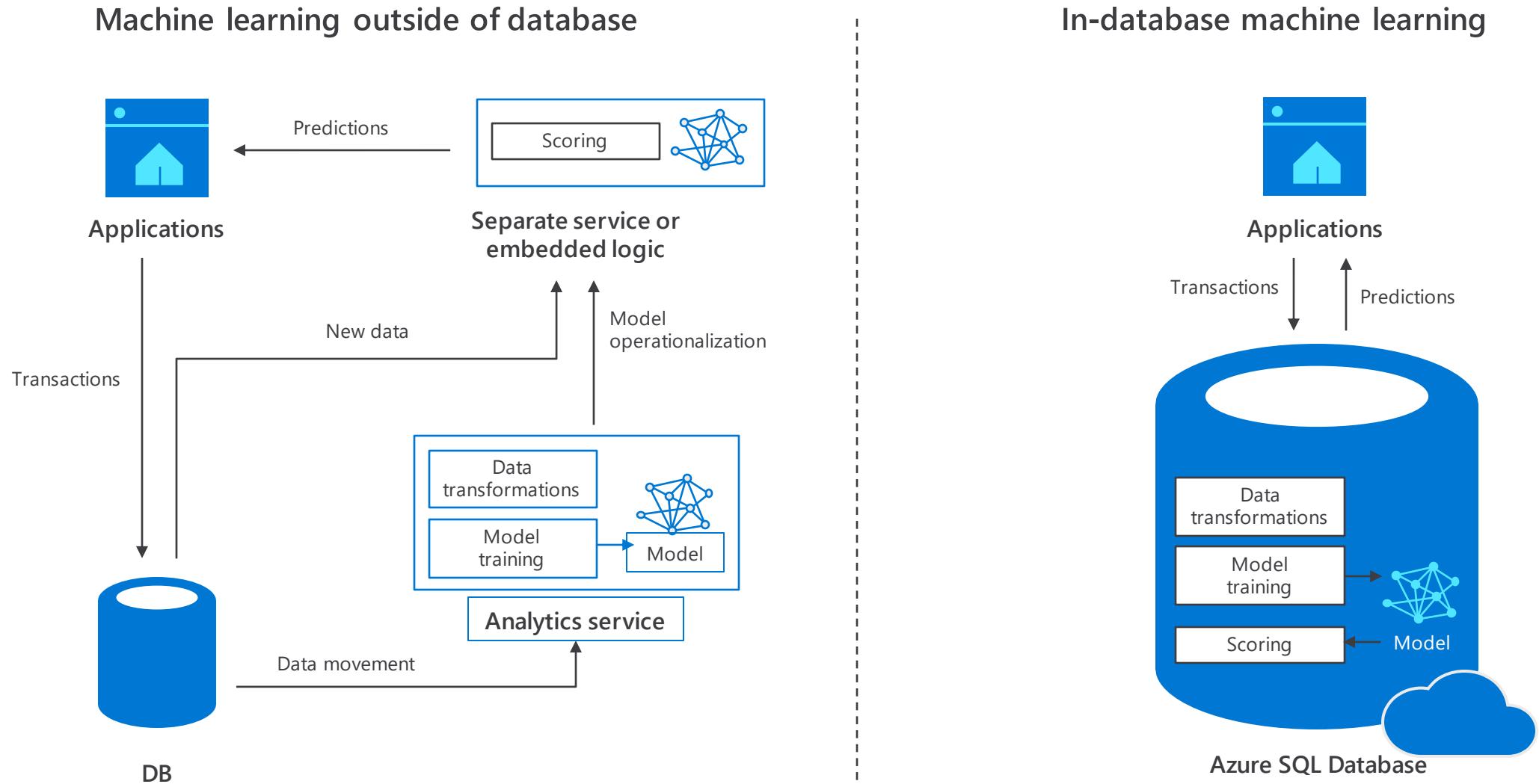
Integrated in SQL Engine

Tooling and ecosystem

Existing tools will all work out of the box, including backup and restore, import and export, etc.



Machine Learning Services in Azure SQL Database



Machine Learning Services in Azure SQL Database

Capabilities

Extensible in-database analytics, exposed through T-SQL

Preview with R, Python coming soon

No data movement, resulting in faster time to insights

Real-time analytics on transactional data with native PREDICT

Integration with existing application workflows

Unified governance across analytics and storage

Running R script in Azure SQL Database:

```
/* Input table schema */
create table Iris_Data (name varchar(100), length int, width int);
/* Model table schema */
create table my_iris_model (model varbinary(max));

declare @iris_model varbinary(max) = (select model from my_iris_model);
exec sp_execute_external_script
    @language = 'R'
    , @script =
        IrisPredict <- function(data, model){
            library(e1071)
            predicted_species <- predict(model, data)
            return(predicted_species)
        }
        IrisPredict(input_data_1, model);
        '
    , @parallel = default
    , @input_data_1 = N'select * from Iris_Data'
    , @params = N'@model varbinary(max)'
    , @model = @iris_model
with result sets ((name varchar(100), length int, width int
    , species varchar(30)));
```

Values highlighted in yellow are SQL queries embedded in the original R script

Values highlighted in aqua are R variables that bind to SQL variables by name

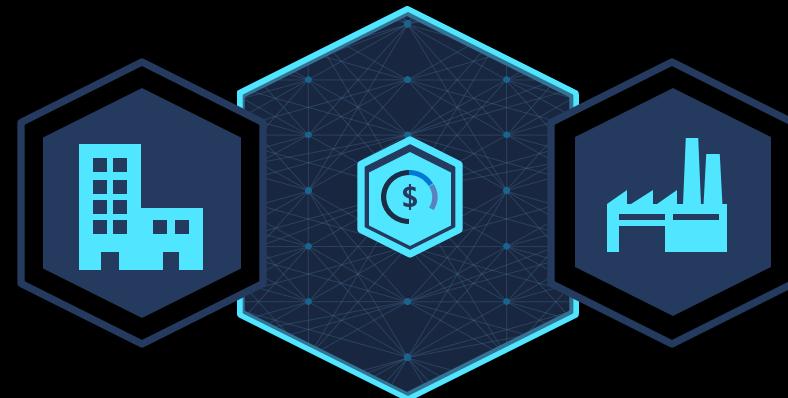
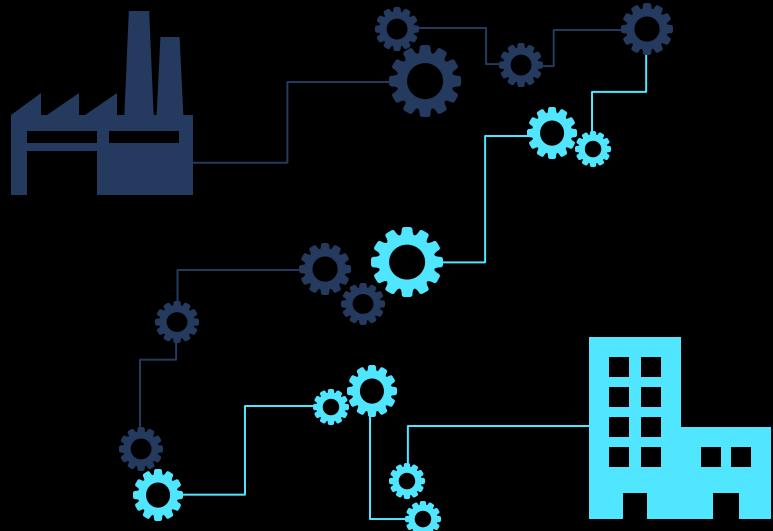
Azure SQL Database Ledger



Ledger technologies enable digital trust

Companies are moving from intermediaries and manual auditing **that are slow and costly...**

...to ledger technologies that **reduce cost, saves time, and lowers risk**



Blockchain market growth predictions are growing

1,213 views | May 13, 2020, 10:03am EDT

Will Enterprise Blockchain Survive? Report Puts Blockchain Market At \$21 Billion By 2025

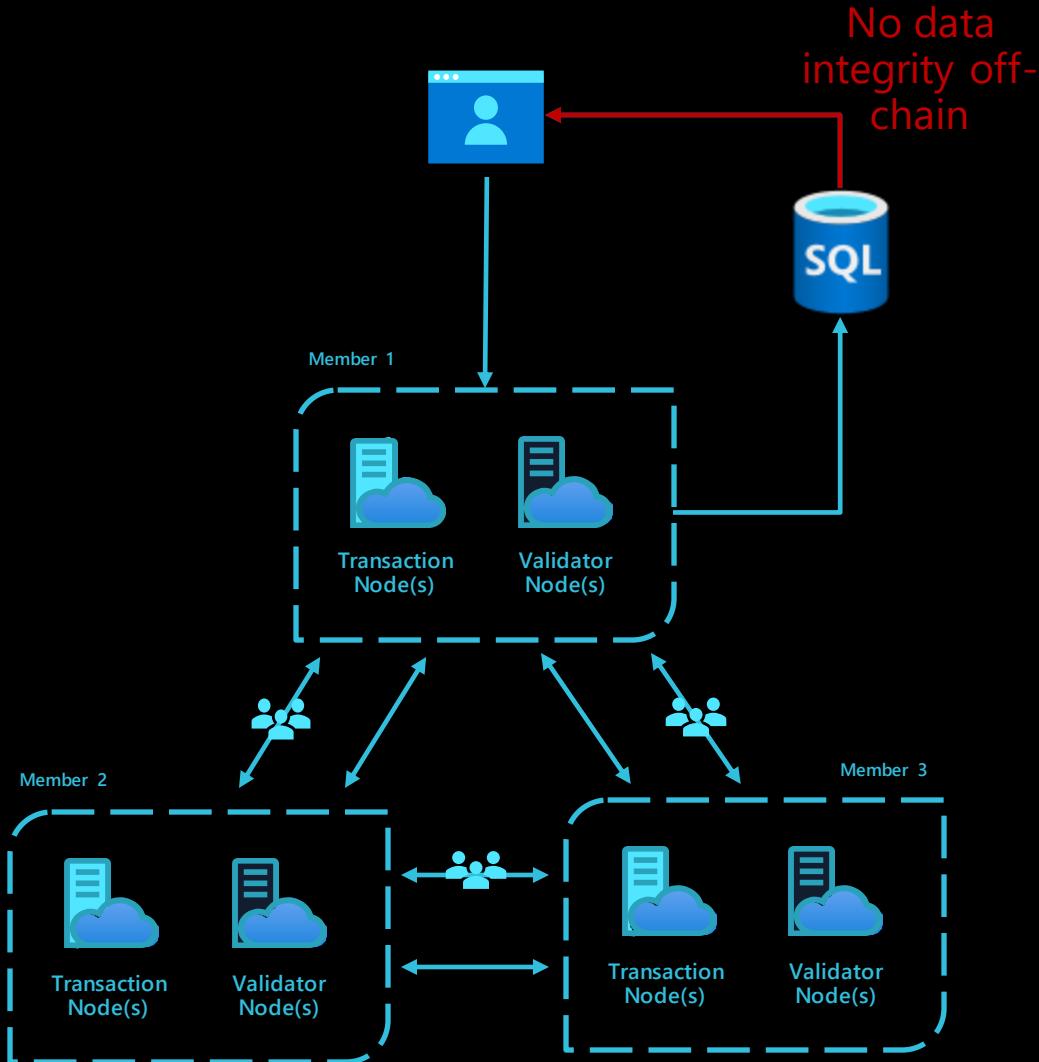
<https://www.forbes.com/sites/robertanzalone/2020/05/13/will-enterprise-blockchain-survive-a-new-report-says-that-the-blockchain-technology-market-will-reach-21-billion-by-2025/#7a5f793954b8>

Ninety percent of permissioned blockchain projects are misaligned to blockchain technology, because they remain centralized database projects at the core. These projects can be implemented more quickly, more cost-effectively, and with less risk and higher quality by avoiding blockchain altogether.

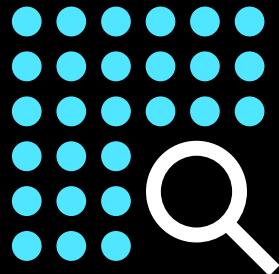
Gartner Predicts 2019: Blockchain Technologies

Blockchains are overkill for centralized scenarios

- o Decentralization requires all parties to host nodes on the network to participate in consensus
- o Governance rules must be established by the consortium and deployed/managed
- o Latency associated with network consensus can impact transaction throughput (<1000 TPS for Ethereum)
- o Off-chain storage patterns for querying data are a typical pattern, but data integrity is lost in the process
- o Bespoke development with immature tooling makes development and management challenging



Azure SQL Database ledger – The power of blockchain in SQL



Makes data in SQL
tamper-evident
through
cryptography



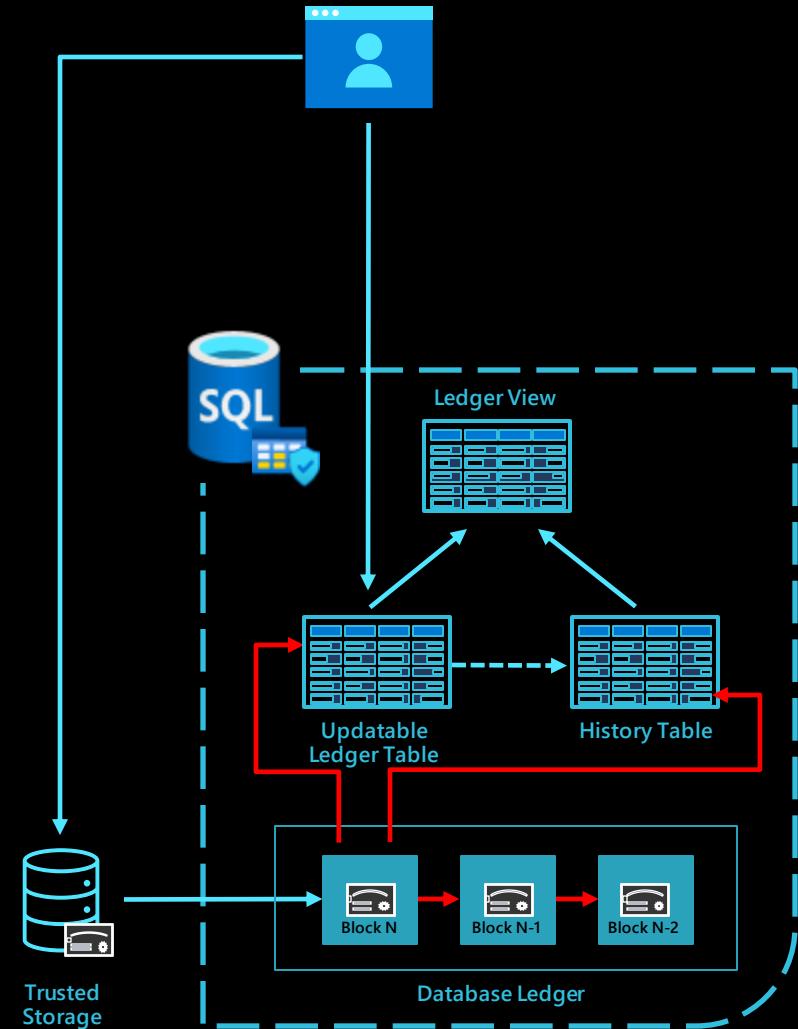
Provides a historical
record of all changes,
verified through
cryptographic proofs



The same SQL you
already know across
Azure and on-
premises

Ledger Tables – Updatable and Append-Only

- Updatable Ledger Tables are standard SQL tables which allow updates and deletes
- The history of rows that have been updated or deleted are preserved in the history table and easy-to-query Ledger View
- Integrity of the updatable and history tables are maintained through cryptographic links from the Database Ledger
- System periodically uploads digital receipts to a customer-configured trusted storage service
- Customer can use digital receipts to verify the integrity of the data
- Append-Only Ledger Tables block UPDATE/DELETE at the API and remove the need for a history table



Storage for database digests



Immutable Blob Storage

- Store data in a Write Once, Read Many state based on policies
- Data blobs created can be set to read-only mode for a user-specified interval
- Data is functionally locked or held based on policies
- Can provide audit logging support but must trust creator of the logs
- Microsoft is in the trusted computing base



Azure Confidential Ledger (ACL)

- Store data in a Write Once, Read Many state for perpetuity
- Data blobs written to the ledger cannot be modified
- Runs on Confidential Enclaves which provides tamper-proof guarantees
- Creates transaction receipts and serialized ledger files, which contain cryptographic constructs that can be verified by customers
- Microsoft is outside of TCB. Ledger source code is open source (CCF)

Example

Updatable Ledger Tables



Creating an account balance updatable ledger table

```
CREATE TABLE [Account].[Balance]
(
    [CustomerID] INT NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED,
    [LastName] VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
    [FirstName] VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
    [Balance] DECIMAL (10,2) NOT NULL
)
WITH
(
    SYSTEM_VERSIONING = ON,
    LEDGER = ON
);
GO
```

	ledger_table_name	history_table_name	ledger_view_name
1	Account.Balance	Account.MSSQL_LedgerHistoryFor_1525580473	Account.Balance_Ledger

Add 4 accounts in 2 separate transactions

Tx1: Add Nick with an opening balance of \$50

1. Each transaction has it's own unique transaction ID

Tx2: Add John, Joe and Mary

2. Tx2 modified 3 rows, each tracked with a ledger sequence number

Updatable ledger table

		CustomerID	LastName	FirstName	Balance	ledger_start_transaction_id	ledger_end_transaction_id	ledger_start_sequence_number	ledger_end_sequence_number
1	1	Jones	Nick	50.00	999		NULL	0	NULL
2	2	Smith	John	500.00	1002		NULL	0	NULL
3	3	Smith	Joe	30.00	1002		NULL	1	NULL
4	4	Michaels	Mary	200.00	1002		NULL	2	NULL

Update Nick's balance from \$50 to \$100

Updatable ledger table – Nick's balance is now \$100

	CustomerID	LastName	FirstName	Balance	ledger_start_transaction_id	ledger_end_transaction_id	ledger_start_sequence_number	ledger_end_sequence_number
1	1	Jones	Nick	100.00	1055	NULL	0	NULL
2	2	Smith	John	500.00	1002	NULL	0	NULL
3	3	Smith	Joe	30.00	1002	NULL	1	NULL
4	4	Michaels	Mary	200.00	1002	NULL	2	NULL

History Table – Shows the historical value of row containing Nick's opening balance

	CustomerID	LastName	FirstName	Balance	ledger_start_transaction_id	ledger_end_transaction_id	ledger_start_sequence_number	ledger_end_sequence_number
1	1	Jones	Nick	50.00	999	1055	0	1

Ledger View – Shows Nick's update as a delete followed but a subsequent insert

	CustomerID	LastName	FirstName	Balance	ledger_transaction_id	ledger_sequence_number	ledger_operation_type_id	ledger_operation_type_desc
1	1	Jones	Nick	50.00	999	0	1	INSERT
2	2	Smith	John	500.00	1002	0	1	INSERT
3	3	Smith	Joe	30.00	1002	1	1	INSERT
4	4	Michaels	Mary	200.00	1002	2	1	INSERT
5	1	Jones	Nick	50.00	1055	1	2	DELETE
6	1	Jones	Nick	100.00	1055	0	1	INSERT

The database ledger

Sys.database_ledger_transactions - Records the table hashes for each transaction in the database as well as the user who issued the transaction

	transaction_id	block_id	transaction_ordinal	commit_time	principal_name	table_hashes
1	999	0	0	2021-03-23 20:18:08.2700000	janders	0xB982EE5A88DFE8EF08BE7564D62273BD17306231C8E22E052644805...
2	1002	0	1	2021-03-23 20:18:12.9300000	janders	0xB982EE5AB931133CF9B8E6FCD06C9AF25C0F0C6A9A91A12C89A84AB...
3	1055	0	2	2021-03-23 20:40:08.9500000	janders	0xB982EE5A38F20FA9D8ABFC3C3523284FE65466DAA9E91166447648B...
4	1091	0	3	2021-03-23 21:36:22.2533333	janders	0x9D13BF5E345245E7456EC748BC895E0E1323379BD04EBC35638D91E...

Sys.database_ledger_blocks – Records the hash of each block created in the database, along with the # of transactions in the block

	block_id	transactions_root_hash	block_size	previous_block_hash
1	0	0x8F3C4C8ADF99EAEE24A783CB1AC282A12E9C9ECA619DDE19B2C98D8ECCA5E4A5	4	NULL

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+) ...

Home >

Create SQL Database

Microsoft

Basics Networking **Security** Additional settings Tags Review + create

Azure Defender for SQL

Protect your data using Azure Defender for SQL, a unified security package including vulnerability assessment and advanced threat protection for your server. [Learn more](#)

Azure Defender for SQL has already been enabled on the selected server.

Ledger (preview)

Ledger cryptographically verifies the integrity of your data and detects any tampering that might have occurred. [Learn more](#)

Ledger (preview)

Not configured [Configure ledger](#)

Review + create < Previous Next : Additional settings >

The screenshot shows the 'Create SQL Database' pane in the Microsoft Azure portal. At the top, there are tabs for 'Basics', 'Networking', 'Security' (which is highlighted with a red box and an arrow), 'Additional settings', 'Tags', and 'Review + create'. Below these tabs, there's a section for 'Azure Defender for SQL' with a note about enabling it on the selected server. Under 'Ledger (preview)', it says 'Not configured' with a link to 'Configure ledger', also highlighted with a red box and an arrow. At the bottom, there are navigation buttons for 'Review + create', '< Previous', and 'Next : Additional settings >'.

“Security” tab is new in the Create pane

Ledger configuration is not enabled by default

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > Create SQL Database >

Configure ledger (preview) ...

Create SQL Database

Ledger (preview)

Enabling ledger functionality will make all tables in your database ledger tables that can be updated. This option cannot be changed after you create your database. If you do not select this option now, you can create ledger tables that can be updated or only appended to when creating new tables using T-SQL. After enabling ledger functionality for a table, you cannot disable this option. [Learn more](#)

Enable for all future tables in this database

Digest storage

If you want ledger to generate digests automatically and store them for your verification later, you need to configure an Azure Storage account or Azure Confidential Ledger. Alternatively, you can manually generate digests and store them in your own secure location. [Learn more](#)

Enable automatic digest storage

Storage type

Azure Storage
 Azure Confidential Ledger (Preview)

Storage account * [Create new](#)

Storage container * [\(new\) sqldbledgerdigests](#)

To prevent tampering of your digest files, configure and lock a retention policy for your container. [Learn more ↗](#)

Apply

Enables “ledger database” ensuring all tables are updatable ledger tables

- If not selected, users can still create ledger tables in T-SQL

Automatically generates digests and uploads to Azure Storage or ACL

- If not selected, customers will have to manually generate and store their digests

Digests should be protected by an immutability policy

The screenshot shows the Azure portal interface for managing a database named 'jandersnewdb'. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Home, Security, Intelligent Performance, Monitoring, and Automation. The main content area is titled 'Manage jandersnewdb' and includes sections for 'Save', 'Discard', and 'Verify database'. A prominent red arrow points from the heading 'Ledger is in the Security section of the Manage experience' to the 'Ledger' link in the sidebar. Another red arrow points from the heading 'Ledger database cannot be disabled after Create' to the 'Enable for all future tables in this database' checkbox. A third red arrow points from the heading 'If ACL is chosen for digest storage, note that in Preview it is free, but will be charged at GA (Price TBD)' to the 'Standard Tier' pricing option.

Microsoft Azure

Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)

Home > jandersnewdb

jandersnewdb SQL database

Search (Ctrl+ /)

Save Discard Verify database

Security

Auditing

Ledger

Data Discovery & Classification

Dynamic Data Masking

Security Center

Transparent data encryption

Intelligent Performance

Performance overview

Performance recommendations

Query Performance Insight

Automatic tuning

Monitoring

Alerts

Metrics

Diagnostic settings

Logs

Automation

Tasks (preview)

Export template

Support + troubleshooting

Resource health

Azure SQL Database Ledger and Azure Confidential Ledger are each currently in preview. By using this preview feature, you confirm that you agree that your use of this feature is subject to the preview terms in the agreement under which you obtained Microsoft Azure Services. See preview terms

Ledger (preview)

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Enable automatic digest storage

Storage type

Azure Storage

Azure Confidential Ledger (Preview)

Confidential ledger * [\(EASTUS\)](#) [Create new](#)

Pricing tier

Standard Tier [Free during preview](#)

Ledger is in the Security section of the Manage experience

Ledger database cannot be disabled after Create

- If not enabled during create, it cannot be enabled afterwards
- Users can still create ledger tables using T-SQL

If ACL is chosen for digest storage, note that in Preview it is free, but will be charged at GA (Price TBD)

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G/) ...

Home > jandersnewdb

jandersnewdb

SQL database

Search (Ctrl+/Save Discard Verify database

Security

- Auditing
- Ledger
- Data Discovery & Classification
- Dynamic Data Masking
- Security Center
- Transparent data encryption

Intelligent Performance

- Performance overview
- Performance recommendations
- Query Performance Insight
- Automatic tuning

Monitoring

- Alerts
- Metrics
- Diagnostic settings
- Logs

Automation

- Tasks (preview)
- Export template

Support + troubleshooting

Resource health

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Enable for all future tables in this database

Digest storage
If you want ledger to generate digests automatically and store them for your verification later, you need to configure an Azure Storage account or Azure Confidential Ledger. Alternatively, you can manually generate digests and store them in your own secure location. [Learn more](#)

Enable automatic digest storage

Storage type Azure Confidential Ledger (Preview)

Confidential ledger * (EASTUS) [Create new](#)

Pricing tier Standard Tier
Free during preview

Verify database generates the T-SQL script to run database verification

Microsoft Azure

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > jandersnewdb (jandersnewdb)

Verify database

jandersnewdb

Verification of the database compares the hash values stored in your digest files to the calculated hashes of the data in your database. To verify your database, copy the T-SQL statement below, and run the statement in Query Editor or any other tool that enables you to run T-SQL statements on your database. [Learn more about database verification](#)

```
DECLARE @digest_locations NVARCHAR(MAX) = (SELECT * FROM sys.database_ledger_digest_locations FOR JSON AUTO, INCLUDE_NULL_VALUES);
SELECT @digest_locations as digest_locations;
BEGIN TRY
    EXEC sys.sp_verify_database_ledger_from_digest_storage @digest_locations;
    SELECT 'Ledger verification succeeded.' AS Result;
END TRY
BEGIN CATCH
    THROW;
END CATCH
```

Copy icon

Copy the T-SQL for execution in Query Editor, Azure Data Studio or SQL Server Management Studio

Verification of the database compares the hash values stored in your digest files to the calculated hashes of the data in your database. To verify your database, copy the T-SQL statement below, and run the statement in Query Editor or any other tool that enables you to run T-SQL statements on your database. [Learn more about database verification](#)

```
DECLARE @digest_locations NVARCHAR(MAX) = (SELECT * FROM sys.database_ledger_digest_locations FOR JSON AUTO, INCLUDE_NULL_VALUES);
SELECT @digest_locations as digest_locations;
BEGIN TRY
    EXEC sys.sp_verify_database_ledger_from_digest_storage @digest_locations;
    SELECT 'Ledger verification succeeded.' AS Result;
END TRY
BEGIN CATCH
    THROW;
END CATCH
```

Copy the T-SQL for execution in Query Editor, Azure Data Studio or SQL Server Management Studio

The screenshot shows the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) interface. At the top, there are several tabs: 'Verify Script.sql -' (active), 'Verify Script.sql - jander...ft.com)', 'Untitled-5', and 'SQLQuery_2 - jander...ft.com)'. The main area displays a T-SQL script for ledger verification:

```
1  DECLARE @digest_locations NVARCHAR(MAX) = (SELECT * FROM sys.database_ledger_digest_locations
2  | SELECT @digest_locations as digest_locations;
3  | BEGIN TRY
4  |     EXEC sys.sp_verify_database_ledger_from_digest_storage @digest_locations;
5  |     SELECT 'Ledger verification succeeded.' AS Result;
6  | END TRY
7  | BEGIN CATCH
8  |     THROW;
9  | END CATCH
10
```

The 'Results' tab is selected, showing the output of the execution. The first row contains the JSON result:

	digest_locations
1	[{"path": "https://\\digest1..."}]

The second row contains the verification result:

	Result
1	Ledger verification succeeded...

A red arrow points from the text 'Opening the digest_locations will show you where verification extracted the digests from' to the 'digest_locations' column in the results table.

Execution will show you the locations of your digest storage and results.

Opening the `digest_locations` will show you where verification extracted the digests from

File Edit View Help • Untitled-6 - SQL - Azure Data Studio

Verify Script.sql - jander...ft.com) ● Untitled-6 ● Untitled-5 ● SQLQuery ...

```
1
2  {
3      "path": "https://digest1.blob.core.windows.net/sqldbledgerdigests/janderstestpor",
4      "last_digest_block_id": null,
5      "is_current": false
6  },
7  {
8      "path": "https://digest2.blob.core.windows.net/sqldbledgerdigests/janderstestpor",
9      "last_digest_block_id": 32,
10     "is_current": false
11 },
12 {
13     "path": "https://jandersnewacl.confidential-ledger.azure.com/sqldbledgerdigests/",
14     "last_digest_block_id": 3,
15     "is_current": false
16 },
17 {
18     "path": "https://jandersneweracl.confidential-ledger.azure.com/sqldbledgerdigests",
19     "last_digest_block_id": 1424,
20     "is_current": true
21 }
22 }
```

“false” indicates previous configuration of digest storage

“true” indicates the current configuration of digest storage

Scenarios for ledger tables

Streamlining Audits

Cryptographically proving data has not been tampered to other parties whether external or internal (auditors or regulators)

Multi-Party Business Processes

Alternative to blockchain for systems that are centralized solutions at their core (trust, but verify)

Trusted Off-Chain Store for Blockchain

Blockchain solutions typically replicate chain data “off-chain” to traditional databases. Ledger tables maintains integrity of blockchain data

Ledger capability comparison



SQL ledger



AWS QLDB



Blockchain

	SQL ledger	AWS QLDB	Blockchain
Distributed architecture with decentralized consensus & business logic	✗	✗	✓
Tokenization of assets	✗	✗	✓
Centralized architecture providing tamper-evident proofs to users	✓	✓	✗
Query ledger data in a performant manner without adding additional infra	✓	✓	✗
Support for updates and deletes while maintaining forward integrity	✓	✓	✗
Does not require new development, enable on existing systems	✓	✗	✗
Support for on-prem, provisioned cloud and serverless	✓	✗	✗
Ability to backup/restore ledger data while maintaining data integrity	✓	✗	✗
Support for customer managed keys for encryption	✓	✗	✗
Automated digest management	✓	✗	✗

Customers & Partners using Azure SQL Database ledger



"bp decided to explore alternatives to address the major impediments of the blockchain solution they were using, e.g. developer velocity, querying of the ledger and infrastructure costs. Azure SQL Database ledger provides a tamper evident data store for a centralised solution that relies on a high degree of trust in the integrity of the data. Using **Azure SQL Database ledger** has helped **increase developer velocity** and we expect it to enhance bp's ability to **build secure trusted applications** to support our core value of safety."

Christian Mare
Azure Architect
Digital Production & Business Services



"In the time we've been working with it, **Azure SQL Database ledger** has proven incredibly powerful for organizations that need attestation, and auditing for their end-to-end data, without the overhead of a whole blockchain consortium. With the ledger feature, you have a **best-in-class database**, allowing you to **build with your existing enterprise stack, providing security, with increased speed of development.**"

Chris-Lloyd Jones
Product & Engineering Lead
Emerging Technology



The world's cross-border liquidity network

"**Azure SQL Database ledger** delivers our platform with **all of the benefits that blockchain** technology provides, **without the additional heavy lifting** of the blockchain infrastructure, performance considerations and challenges associated with data residency. Working closely with Microsoft on this technology has enabled us to refine our proposition, providing additional benefits to the worlds commercial banks and regulators alike."

Andrew Smith
Chief Technology Officer

Resources

- Announcement blog
 - <https://aka.ms/sql-ledger-blog>
- Azure SQL Database ledger Documentation
 - <https://aka.ms/sql-ledger-docs>
- Whitepaper
 - <https://aka.ms/sql-ledger-whitepaper>

Inside Azure SQL Managed Instance



Azure SQL

The family of SQL cloud to edge databases



SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Best for lift and shift and/or workloads requiring OS-level access

Infrastructure-as-a-Service



Azure SQL Managed Instance

Best for modernizing existing apps



Azure SQL Database

Best for supporting modern cloud apps



Azure SQL Edge

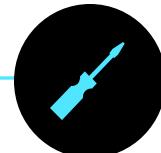
Best for extending apps to IoT edge

Platform-as-a-Service

Edge Computing



Familiarity



Tools



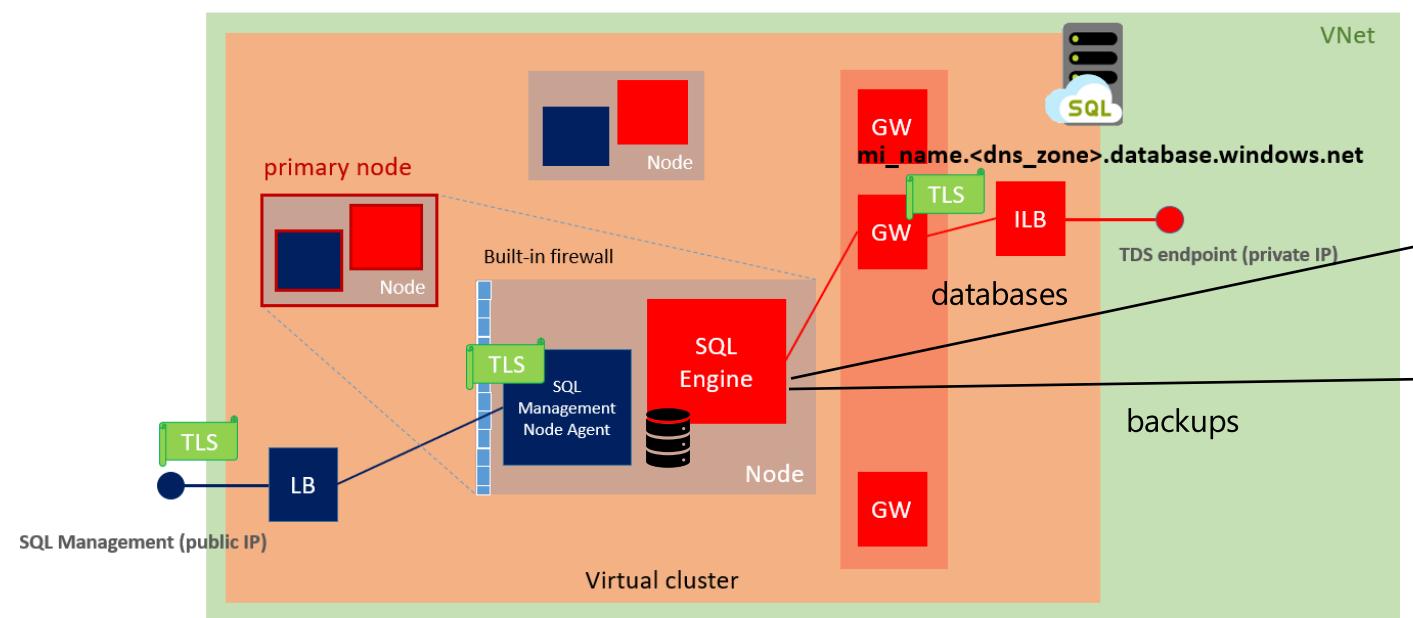
Flexibility

Is it SQL Server

- ✓ Pre-installed SQL with abstraction from OS and Infrastructure
- ✓ It is the same engine but versionless
- ✓ Almost 100% compatible T-SQL language (aka.ms/azuretsqldiff)
- ✓ Fully Managed Service = SQL+cloud to automate
- ✓ SQL Server Agent and Database Mail
- ✓ Replication and Resource Governor
- ✓ Service Broker, Distributed Transactions, Linked Servers, SQLCLR
- ✓ Machine Learning Services
- ✓ Doesn't come with SSRS, SSAS, or SSIS*
- ✓ Support hosting MDS, SSIS & SSRS databases



Azure SQL Managed Instance Architecture



Dedicated virtual cluster

Node = Virtual Machine

Private virtual network

TDS endpoint through private or public IP

Gateways abstract connection

Management services connect to management endpoint

Agents operate within the cluster to manage the service

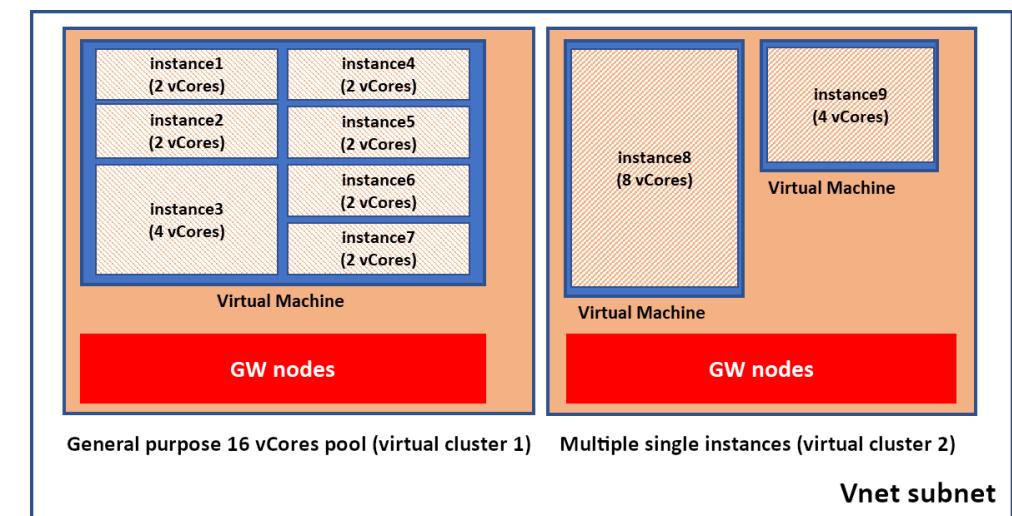
Storage exists on the nodes or on Azure Storage

Azure Service Fabric

Multiple instances can exist in the cluster

Each have their own virtual machine

Instance pools allow for multiple instances in a VM and smaller vCore sizes



Deploy, Connect, Configure

Deploy



Choose region, service tier, vCores, and Max Storage

You choose Max Storage for instance based on possible max size

Choose hardware options [New](#)

Service-aided subnet configuration

Connect



Inside the virtual network with Private IP

Outside using public endpoint/port with NSG

Configure



Configure outside of SQL with the portal or CLI

Change tier, vCores, or max storage

Configure inside SQL with T-SQL or SSMS

What's different?



No OS or file system access

No manual restarts or SQL Server Config Manager

Tempdb managed (customizable coming soon!)

Some global trace flags allowed

Service tiers – Deployment options

General purpose

Most business workloads

Remote storage

IOPS

\$

Built-in HA



Business critical

Workloads that require low latency, fast recovery, and a readable secondary

Local storage

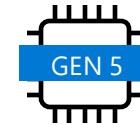
IOPS++

\$\$\$

In-memory



Hardware options



Intel Broadwell CPU
80 vCores/5.1Gb per vCore



Intel Ice Lake CPU
80 vCores/7 Gb per vCore
Memory optimized –
64 vCores/13.6 per vCore

Resource limits

- Memory
- Max Log Size
- I/O throughput and latency
- Size of Tempdb
- Max concurrent workers
- Backup Retention

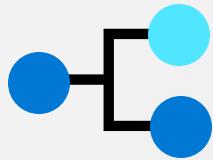
Azure SQL Managed Instance security

Network security



VNET
Firewall Rules, NSG
Minimum TLS

Identity and access



Azure RBAC
SQL and/or AAD Auth
Windows Auth [New](#)
Managed identities [Preview](#)
Roles & Permissions
Row-level security

Data protection



Encryption-in-flight(TLS)
Encryption-at-rest(TDE)
Storage endpoint policy
User-managed keys
Dynamic Data Masking

Security management



SQL Server Audit
Blob Storage, Log Analytics,
Event Hub
Data Discovery &
Classification
Microsoft Defender for SQL
Vulnerability Assessment
Advanced Threat
Protection

Performance

Capabilities



Same engine = same capabilities

Choose service tier and vCores to match resource needs

Consider the new Premium hardware options

Change files/sizes to boost I/O perf on General Purpose

Intelligent Query Processing

Monitoring

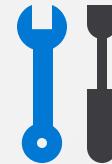


Azure Monitor and SQL Insights outside of SQL

Full DMVs, XEvent, and Query Store inside of SQL

Lightweight Query Profiling and Query Plan Debugging

Troubleshooting



Is it [running or waiting?](#)

Use your existing skills, tools, and knowledge

You may need a different deployment option

Availability



High Availability

Built-in and completely automated

General Purpose = Failover Instance

Business Critical = Availability Groups

Service Level Agreement (SLA)

Availability guarantee of at least 99.99%

Redundancy

System databases in replicas

Auto-failover groups across regions

Connection abstraction built-in



Disaster Recovery

Built-in and completely automated

Full, diff, and log backups regularly

Long-term backup retention up to 10 years

Geo, Zone, or Local redundancy

Backup control

Manual COPY_ONLY backups

Restore from any SQL Server or Managed Instance

Recover easily

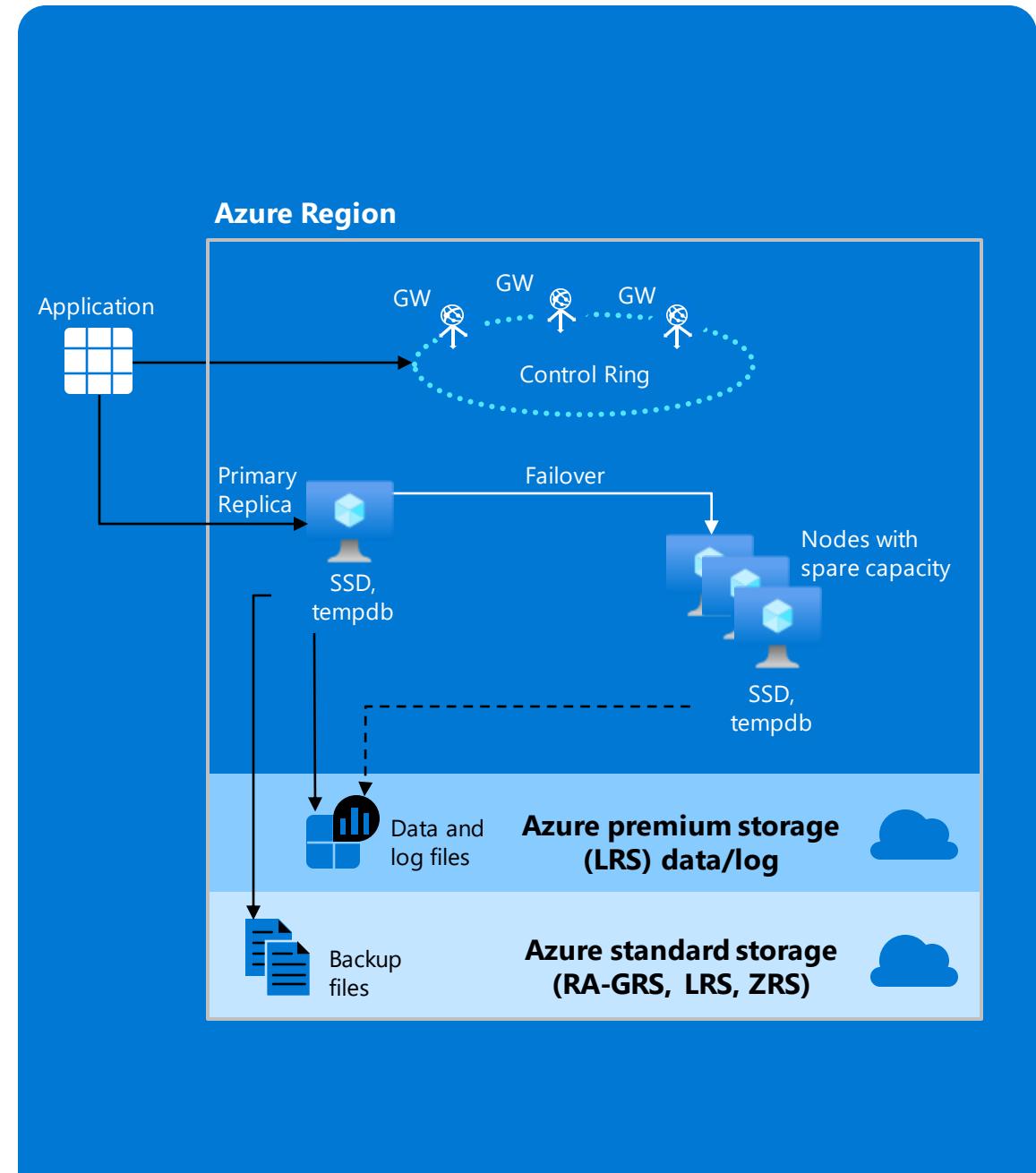
Simple to use PITR

Recover deleted databases

Geo database restore

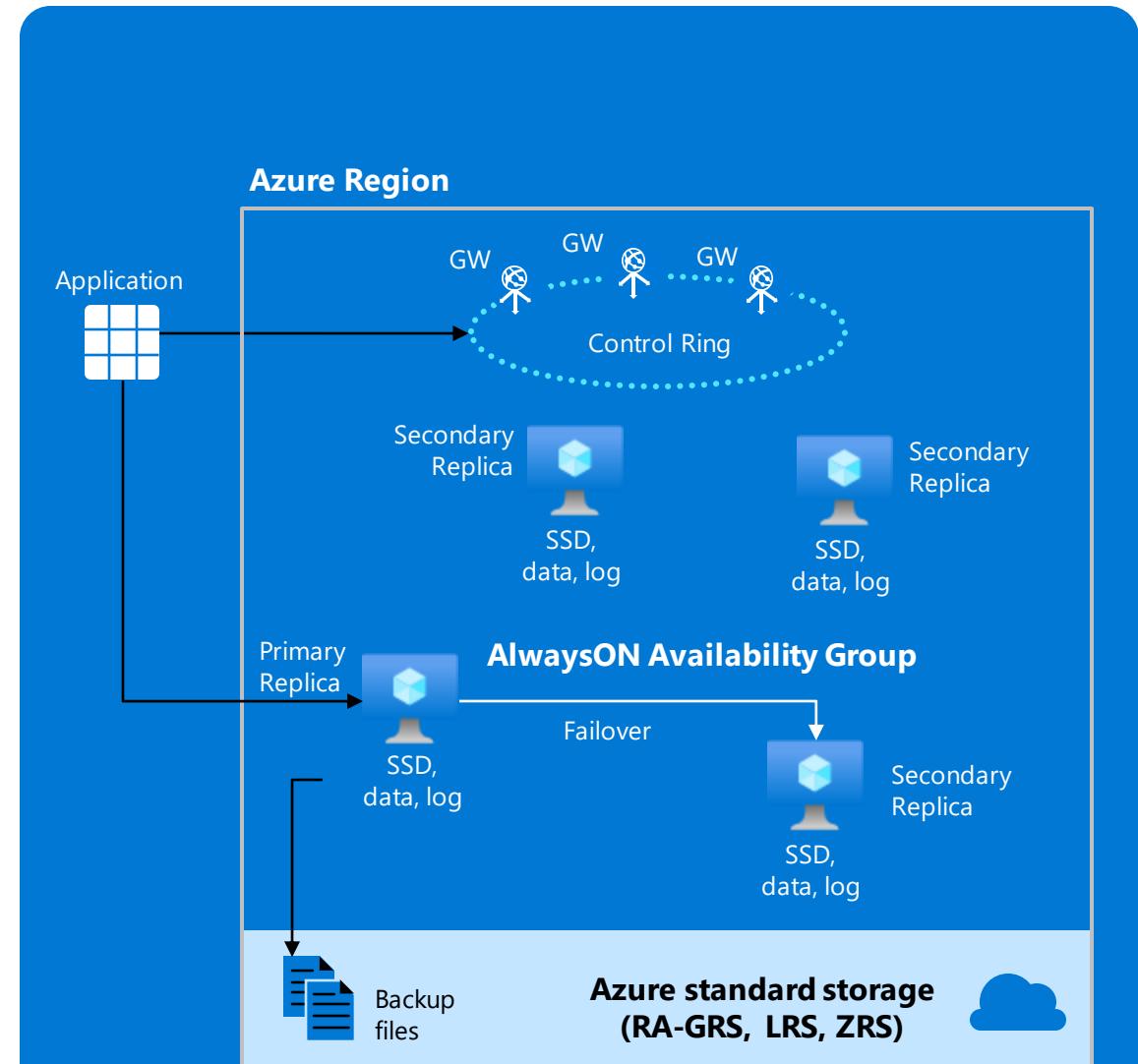
General Purpose High Availability

- Behaves like Failover Cluster Instance
- Remote storage provides data redundancy within a datacenter
- Backup files are in a different location with geo-redundancy
- Failover decisions based on SQL and Service Fabric
- Recovery time depends on spare capacity
- Connectivity redirection built-in



Business Critical High Availability

- Based on Always On Availability Groups
- 3 secondary replicas automatically created
- Four replicas kept available
- Backup files in a different location with geo-redundancy
- At least one secondary must sync for commits
- Automatic failover based on SQL and Service Fabric
- Recovery time extremely fast
- Connectivity redirection built-in
- Read Scale-Out from one of the replicas

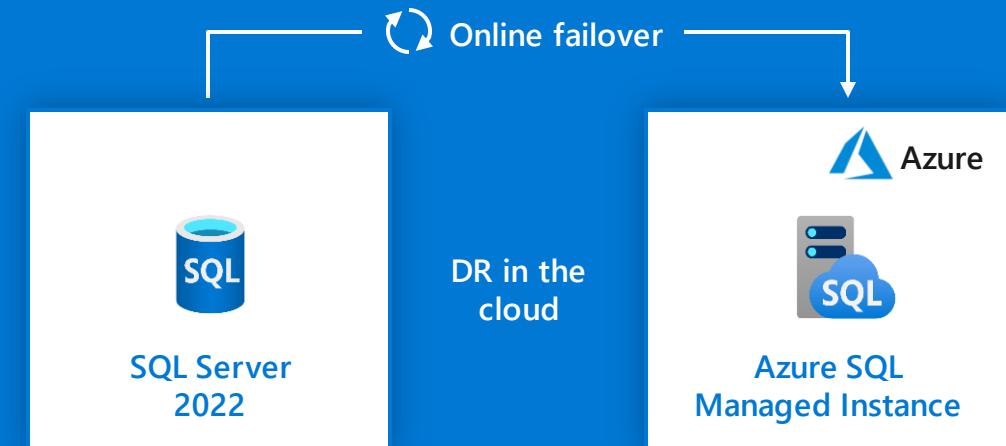


Business continuity through Azure SQL Managed Instance

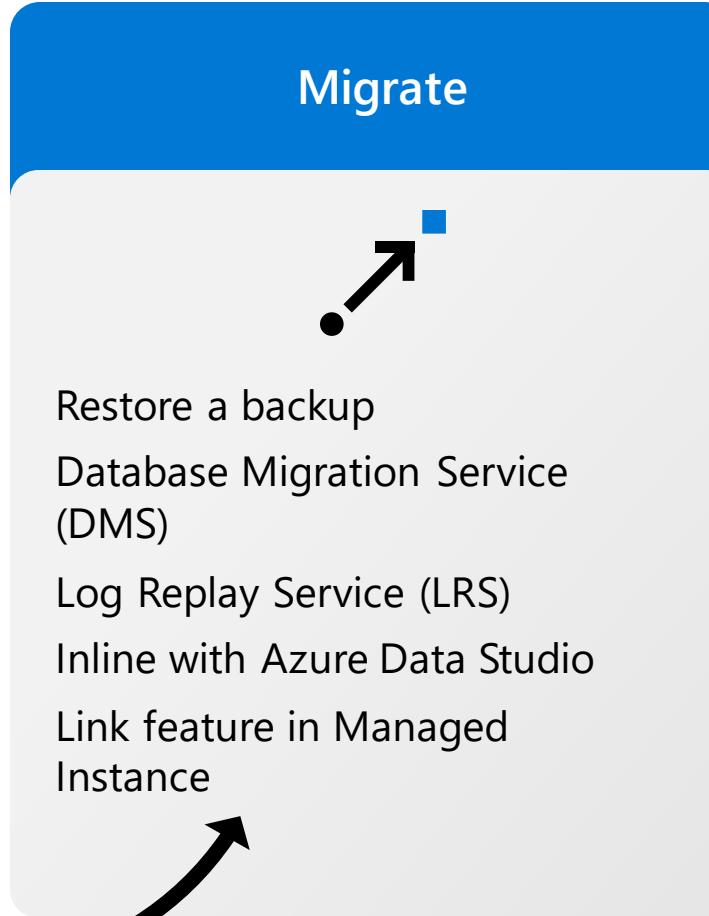
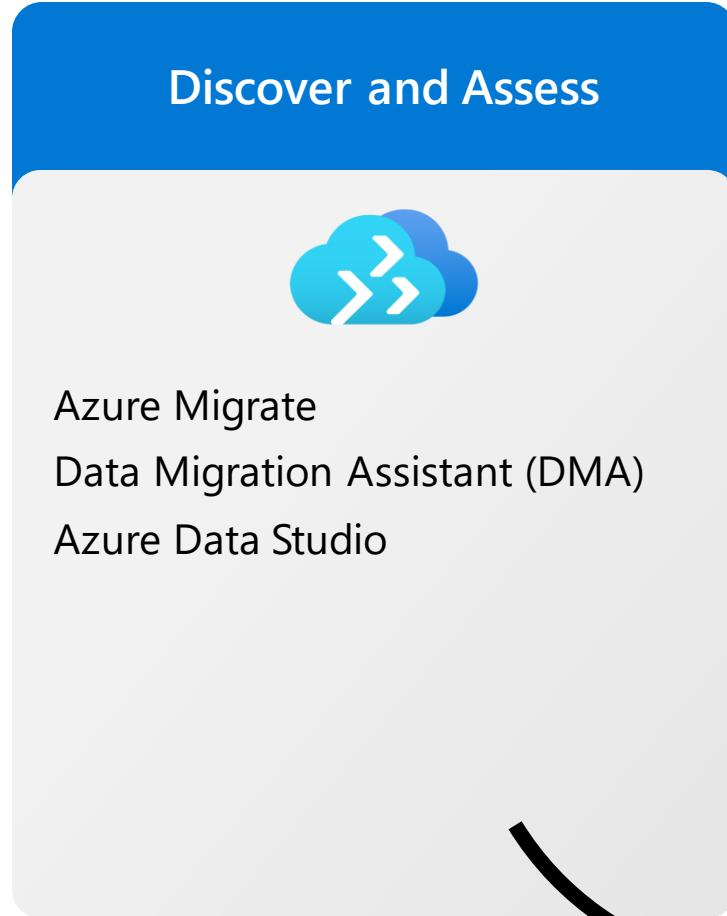
[Disaster recovery in the cloud with link feature
in Azure SQL Managed Instance](#)

- Deploy and configure easily with PaaS
- Optionally use Azure SQL Managed Instance for read-scale out
- Built-in distributed availability group (DAG)
- Restore Azure SQL Managed Instance databases back to SQL Server

Continuously replicate data to
and from the cloud



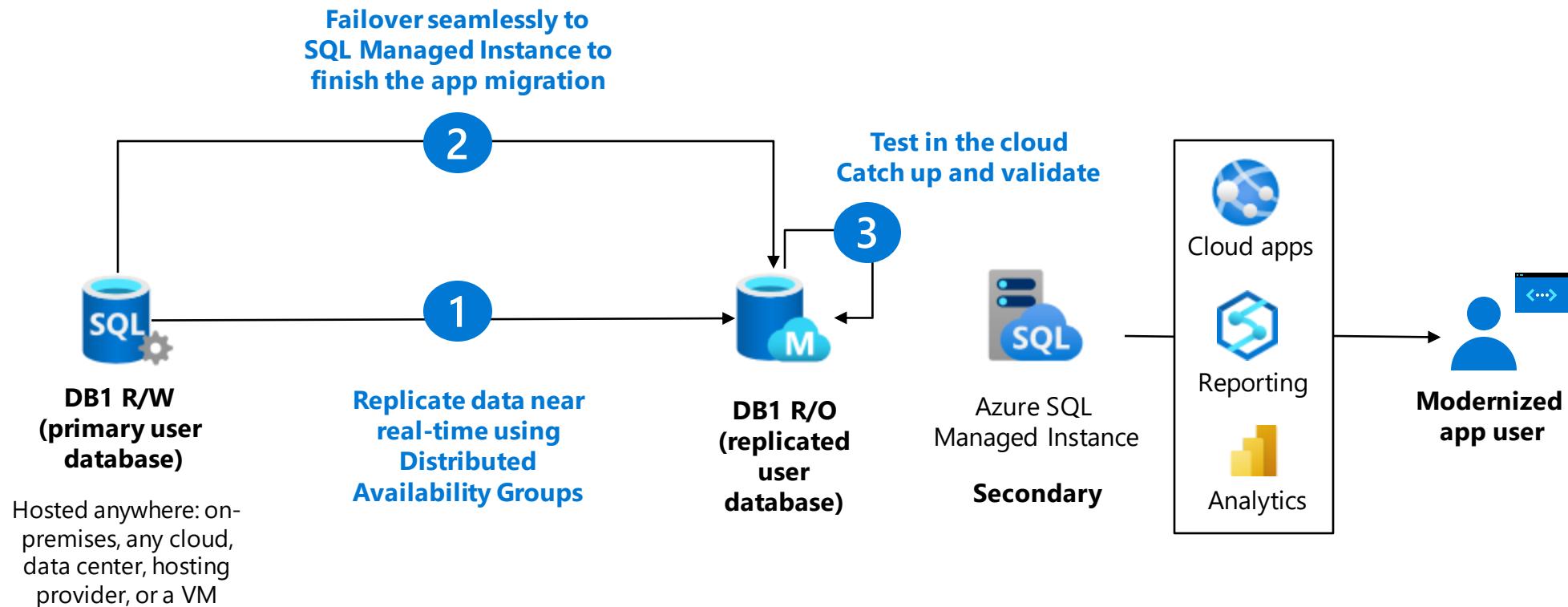
Migrate to Azure SQL Managed Instance



Consider the following...

- Replication, bcp, BACPAC, ADF as alternatives
- DMS can migrate logins, SQL Agent jobs, and SSIS packages
- Script anything else you need
- Choose your deployment option per your resource needs
- Choose service tier that fit your RTO and RPO needs

Link feature for Managed Instance for Migration



Customer stories

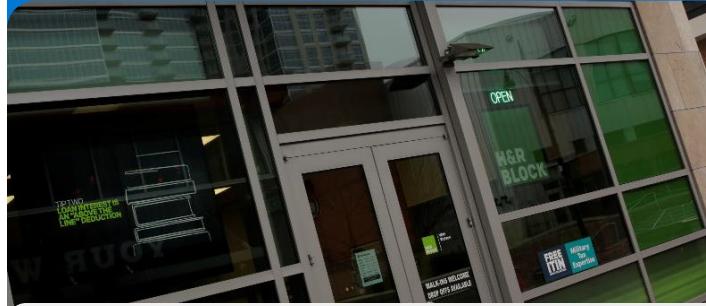
Modernization in the cloud for efficient business operations



"We determined [Azure SQL Managed Instance] was the best choice for us in terms of scalability, cost, and performance.... We've seen a 49 percent cost reduction and 25 to 30 percent performance gains."

Nipun Sharma: Analytics Architect, Business Technology and Systems

Unified data architecture opened the door to AI and machine learning



"[SQL Managed Instance] gives us a smooth migration path for moving existing workloads to Azure with minimal technical reengineering."

Sameer Agarwal, Manager, Enterprise Data Analytics

Data transformation and real-time analytics



"With Azure SQL Managed Instance and Azure Data Factory, we can now serve more customers at the same time, helping us to grow in the future."

Sigfredo Garcia Irizarry, Asst Exec Vice President of IT

SQL Server vs Azure SQL Managed Instance

	SQL Server	Azure SQL Managed Instance
Deploy	Customer installs SQL, OS, and Infrastructure	Simple deploy: Pre-installed SQL and Infrastructure
Patching	Customer managed	Versionless
Physical file placement	Customer configures and tunes	Hands-free
FCI or AG	Customer deploys, configures, and monitors	Built-in, easy, switch, managed
Backups	Customer setups up DR plan, executes, and monitors	Built-in, redundant, managed, retention
Engine capabilities	Full 100% SQL Server engine	Almost 100% SQL Server engine
BI Services	Comes with license installed separately	Use other Azure services

Summary

-  Azure SQL Managed Instance is the **best of SQL Server as a fully Managed Service with a versionless engine**
-  **All the SQL Server instance capabilities** you need with a familiar engine, languages, and tools.
-  **Enterprise class security** plus Azure Defender for SQL
-  All the **performance capabilities and monitoring** of SQL you need
-  **Built-in HADR** including replicas and redundant backups
-  **Migrate** with almost zero downtime from SQL Server

Resources

Microsoft Learn: Azure SQL fundamentals learning path

aka.ms/azuresqlfundamentals

Select the Azure SQL Workshop

aka.ms/sqlworkshops

How to choose tool

aka.ms/chooseazuresql

Azure SQL documentation

aka.ms/azuresqldocs

aka.ms/azuresqlmi

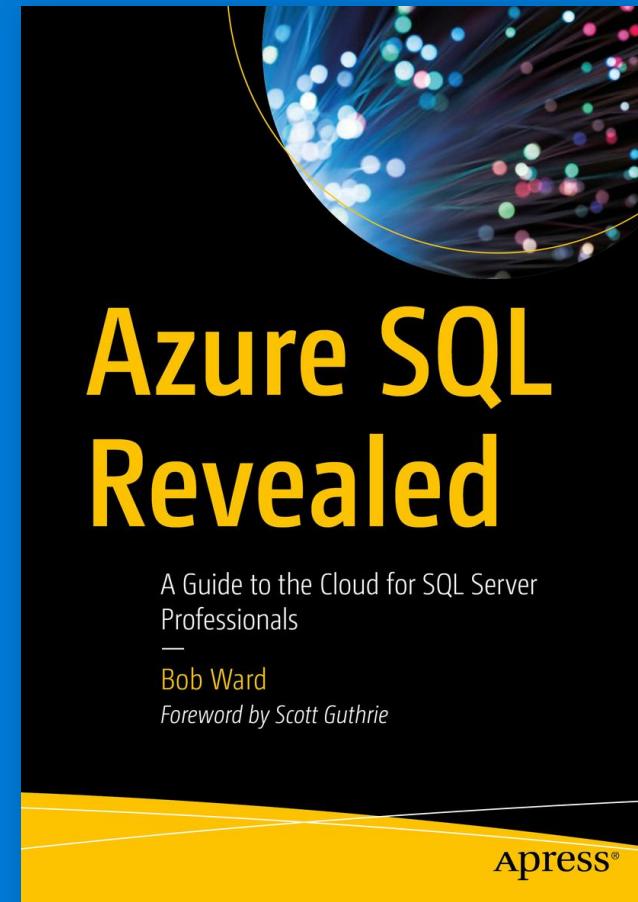
Data Migration Guide

aka.ms/datamigration

More videos from our team

aka.ms/azuresql4beginners

aka.ms/dataexposed





Migrate to Azure SQL Database

Database migration journey



Assess

- Involve stakeholders
- Calculate your TCO
- Discover and evaluate apps



Migrate

- Select a migration strategy
- Find recommended tools
- Apply the migration strategy



Optimize

- Analyze your costs
- Save with offers
- Reinvest to do more



Secure and manage

- Industry-leading security
- Protect your data
- Monitor cloud health

On-premises



Azure

Tools and services for your migration journey

Database Migration Service (DMS)

Enables offline & online migrations to Azure SQL Database

Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

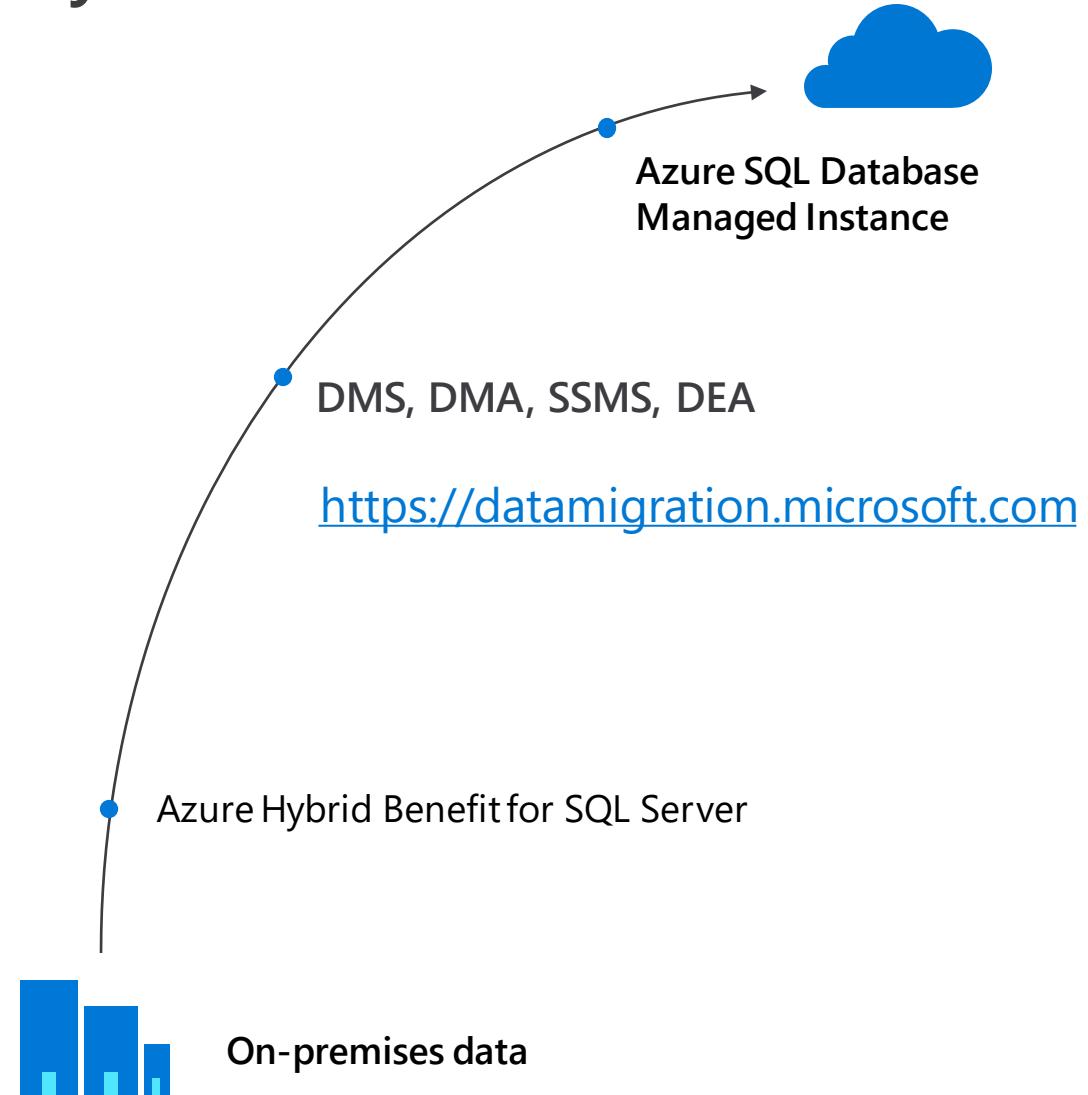
Assess database compatibility and feature parity

SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

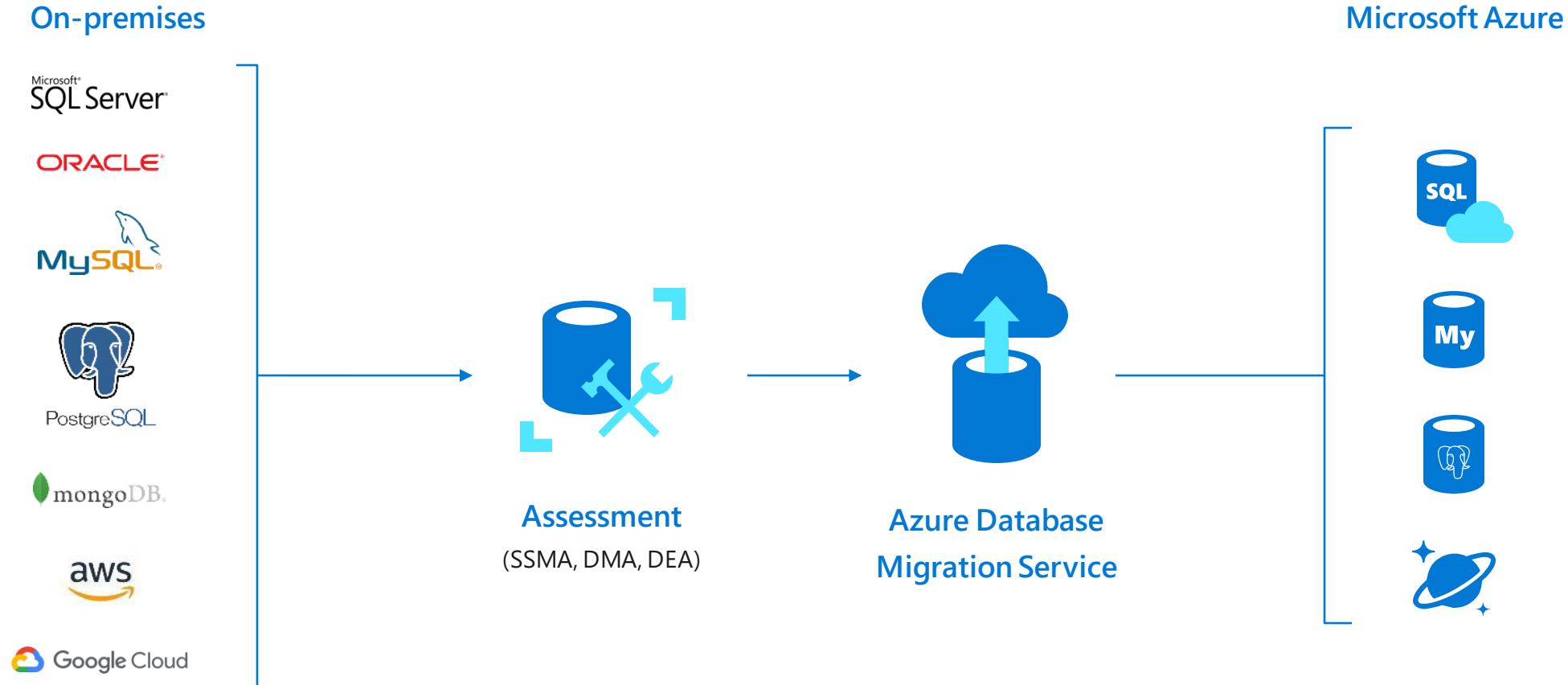
Integrated environment for managing SQL Server

Database Experimentation Assistant (DEA)

Evaluate target version of SQL Server for a given workload



Tools and services for your migration journey

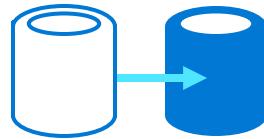


Azure Database Migration Service

Accelerate your transition to Azure



Homogeneous
sources



Heterogeneous
sources



Orchestration



Scale migration



Near-zero
downtime

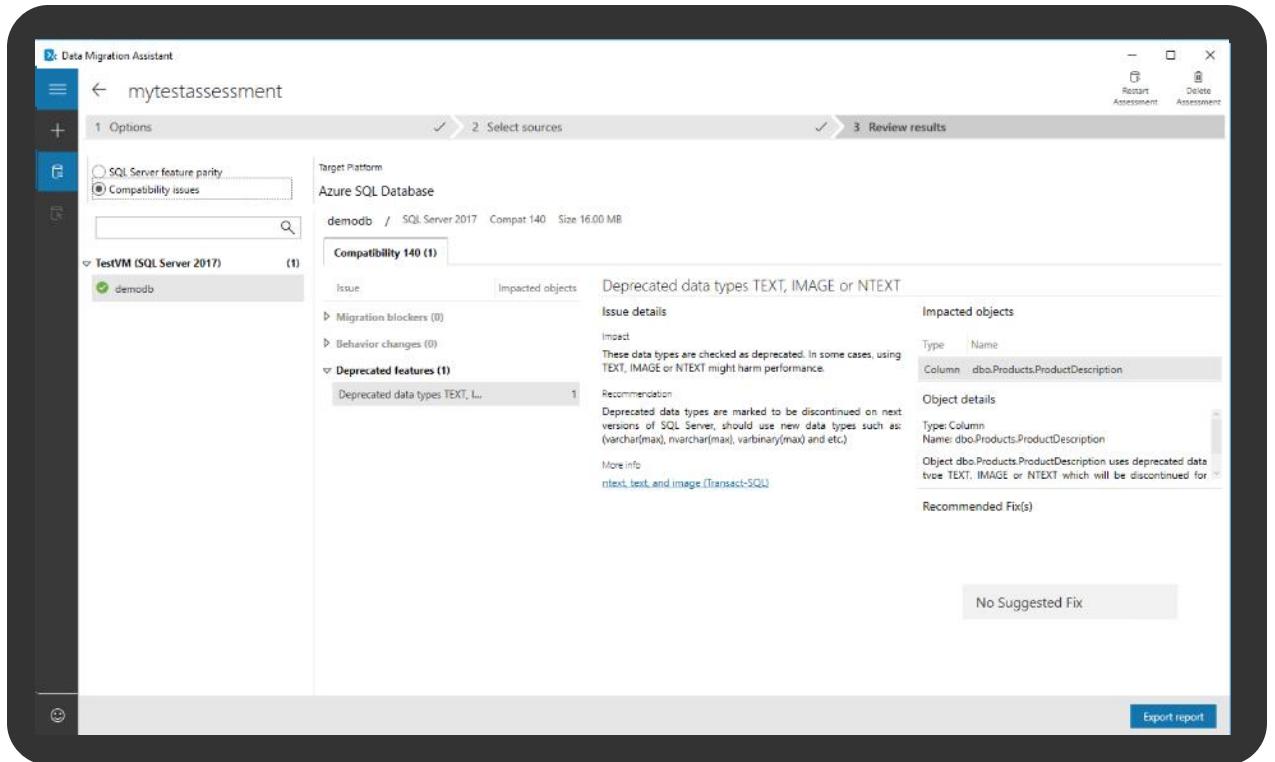
A seamless, end-to-end solution for moving on-premises databases to Azure

Data Migration Assistant

Assess on-premises SQL Server instance(s)
for migrating to Azure SQL database(s)

Discover issues that can affect an upgrade

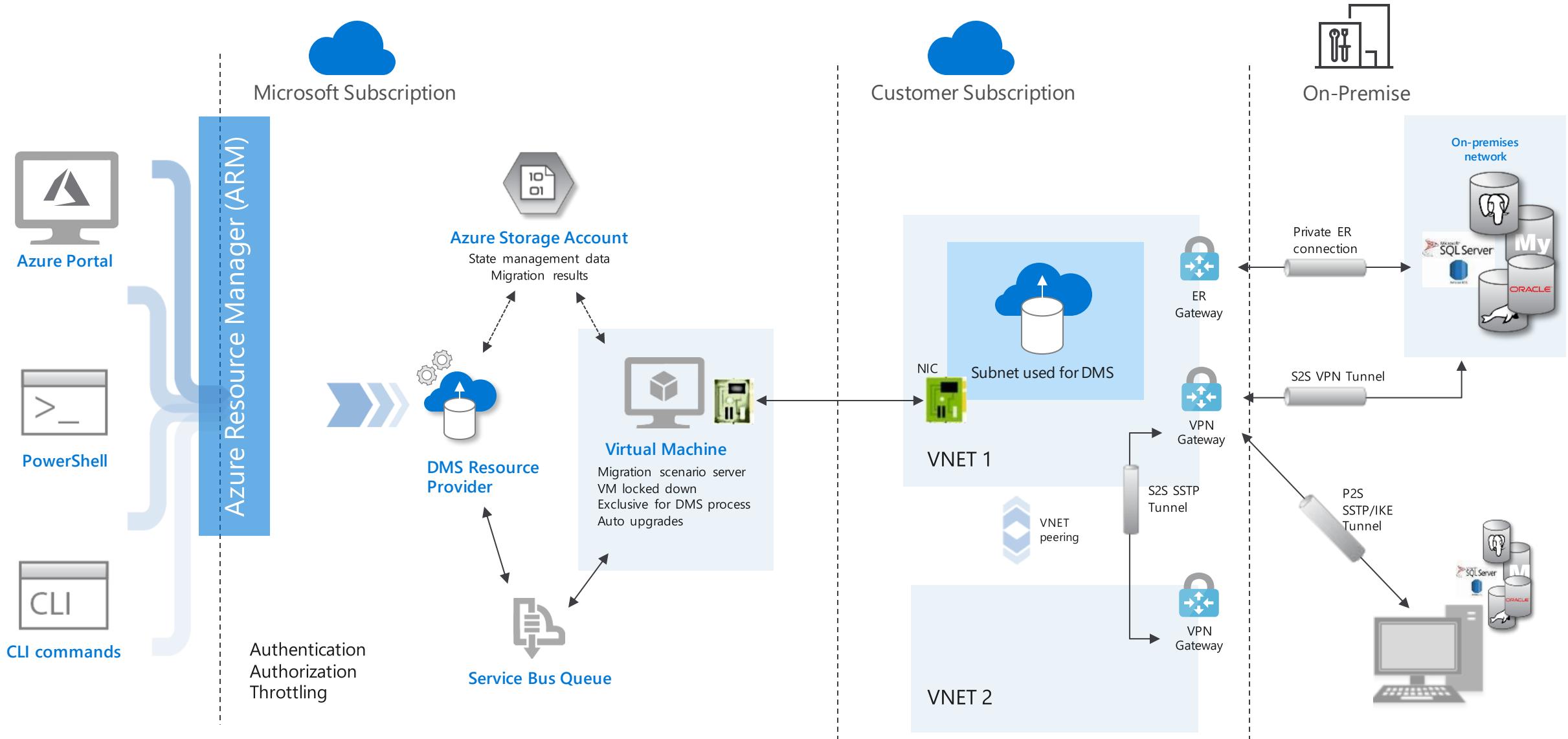
Migrate an on-premises SQL Server instance
to a modern SQL Server instance



Database Experimentation Assistant



Azure Database Migration Service



Online migration with backup and restore technology

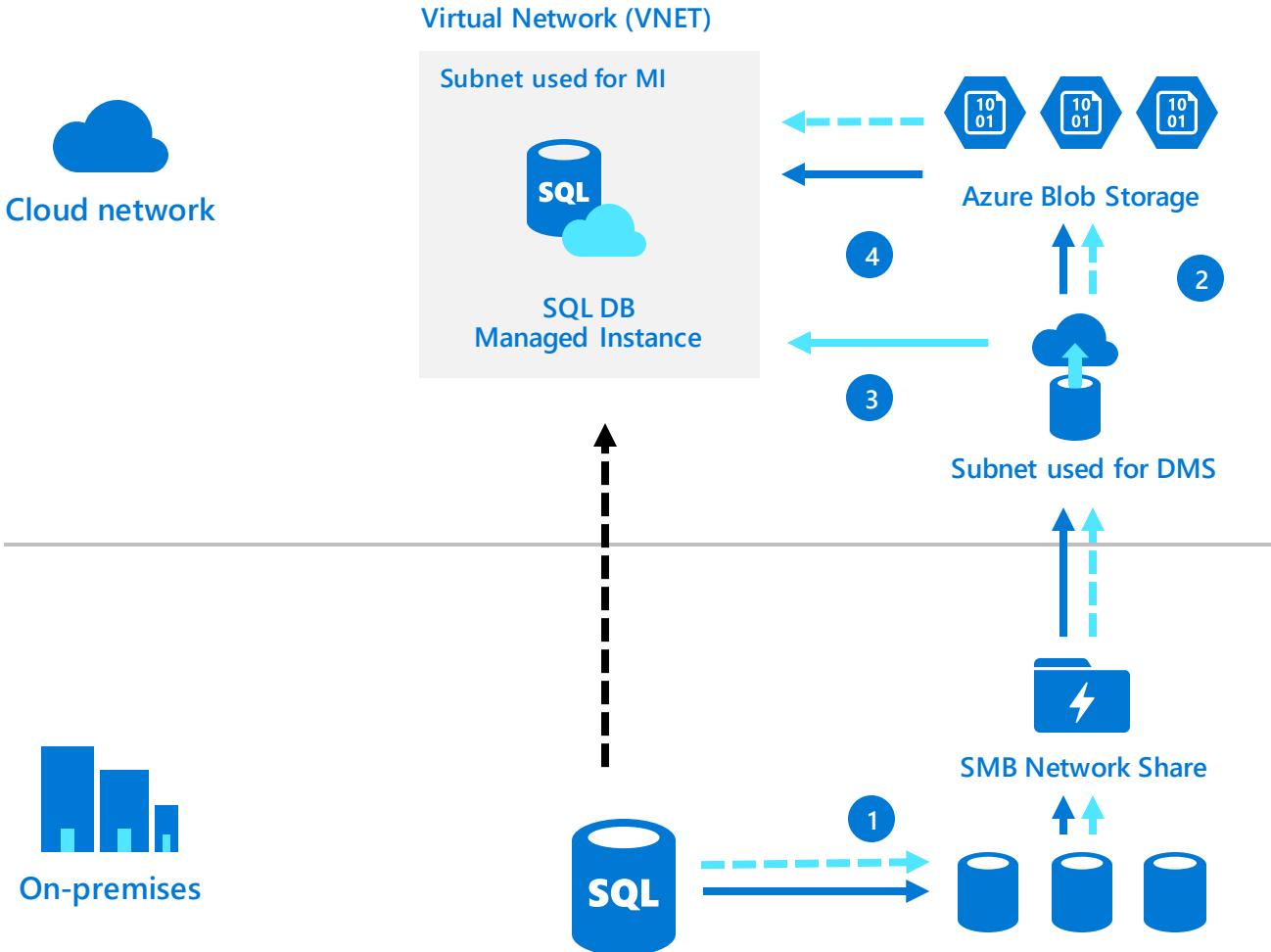
SQL Server to Azure SQL Database Managed Instance example

- 1 Provide existing backups in network share
- 2 DMS upload backup files to Azure storage
- 3 DMS initiate the migration to Managed Instance
- 4 Full backup restored and Transaction log backups continuously applied until cutover

Stop incoming traffic to source databases, provide Tail-Log backup, initiate cutover in DMS and change the application connection strings

Legend

- Full Database backup files
- Transaction log backup files
- Site to site connectivity (VPN or ExpressRoute)

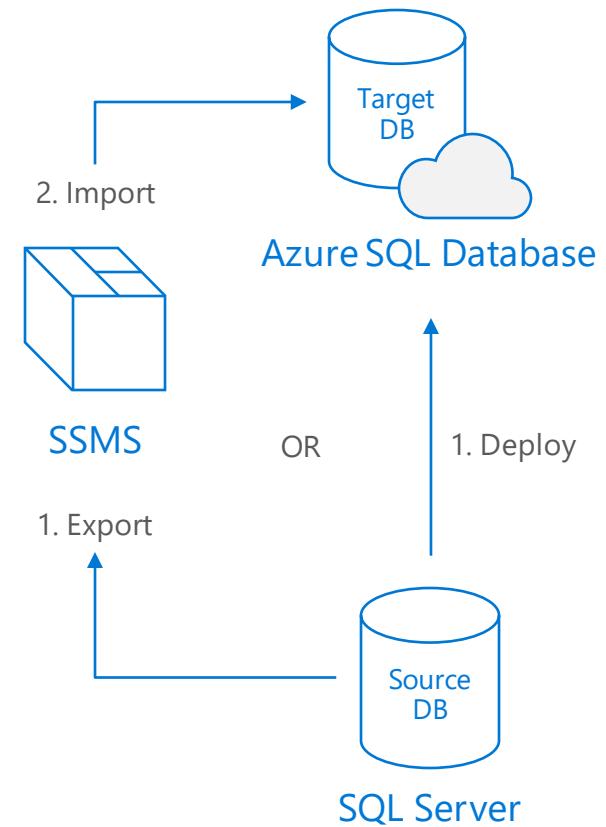


SQL server management studio

Migrate a compatible database using SQL Server Management Studio

Use SSMS to deploy to Azure SQL Database

Use SSMS to export a BACPAC and then import it to Azure SQL Database



Migration Cookbook

Migrate an on-premises SQL Server database to Azure SQL Database

The Migration Cookbook describes various approaches you can use to migrate an on-premises SQL Server database to the latest Azure SQL Database Update

Download: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/choosing-your-database-migration-path-to-azure/en-us/>

Migration Centre: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/migration/>

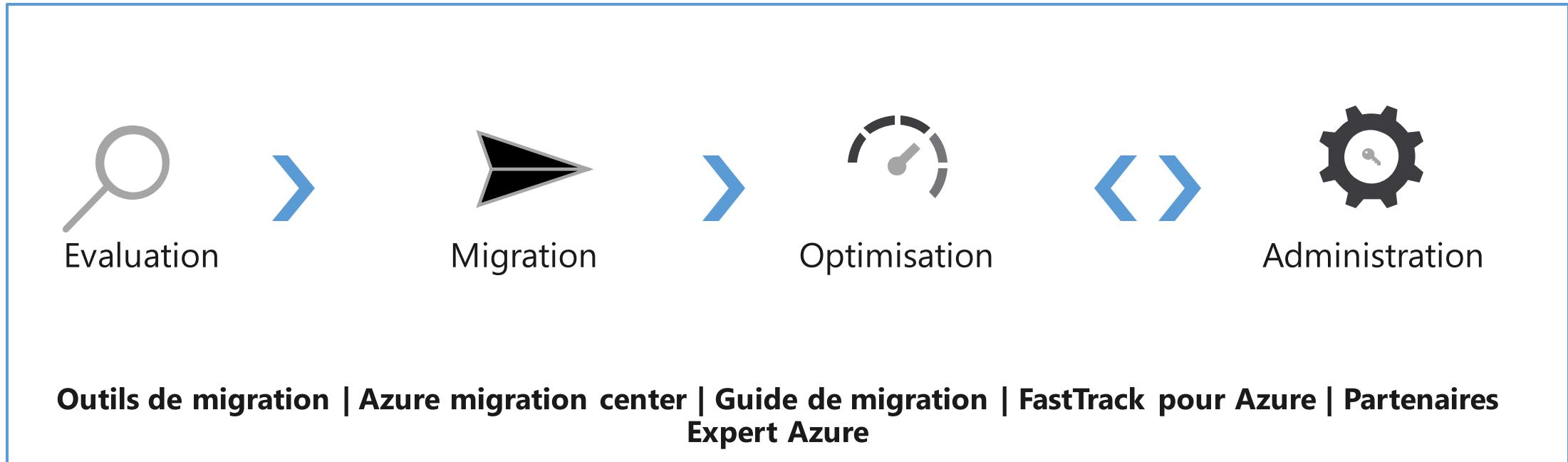


Choosing your database
migration path to Azure



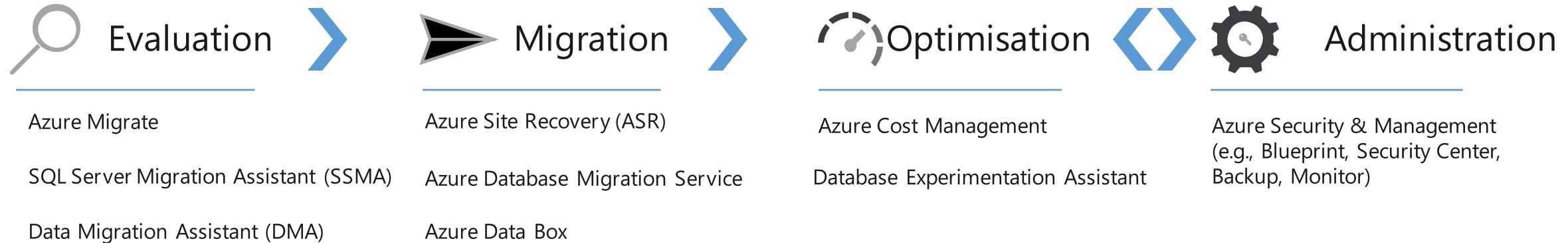
Thank you

Migration vers Azure



Les clés de la réussite : Personnes | Méthologie | Technologie

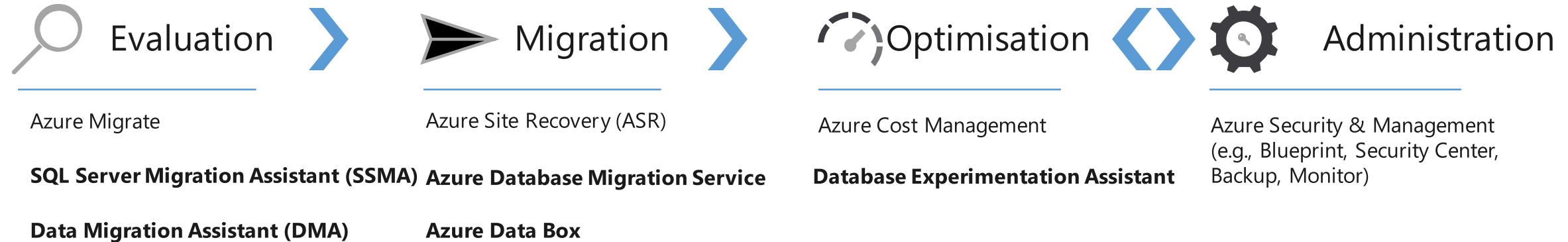
Des outils pour chaque étapes



Ainsi que des solutions partenaires



Des outils pour chaque étapes



Ainsi que des solutions partenaires



STRATOZONE®



turbanomic



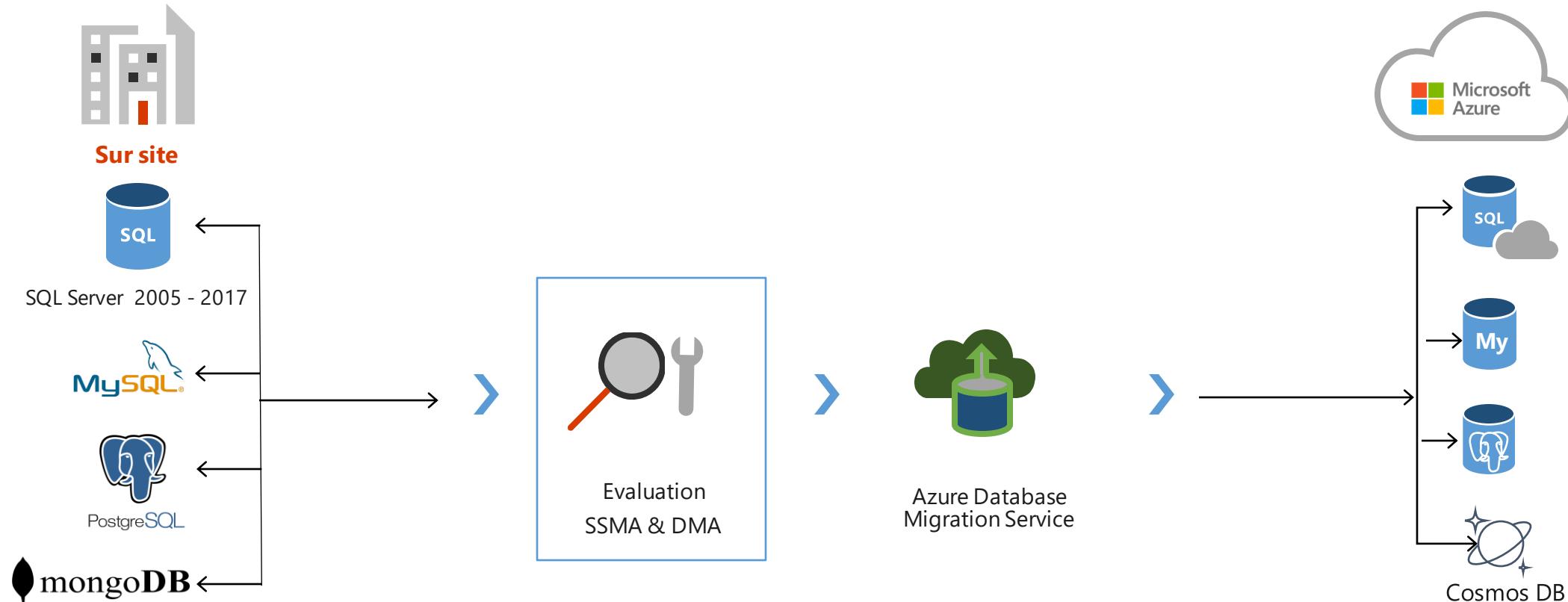
DATOMETRY



Zerto



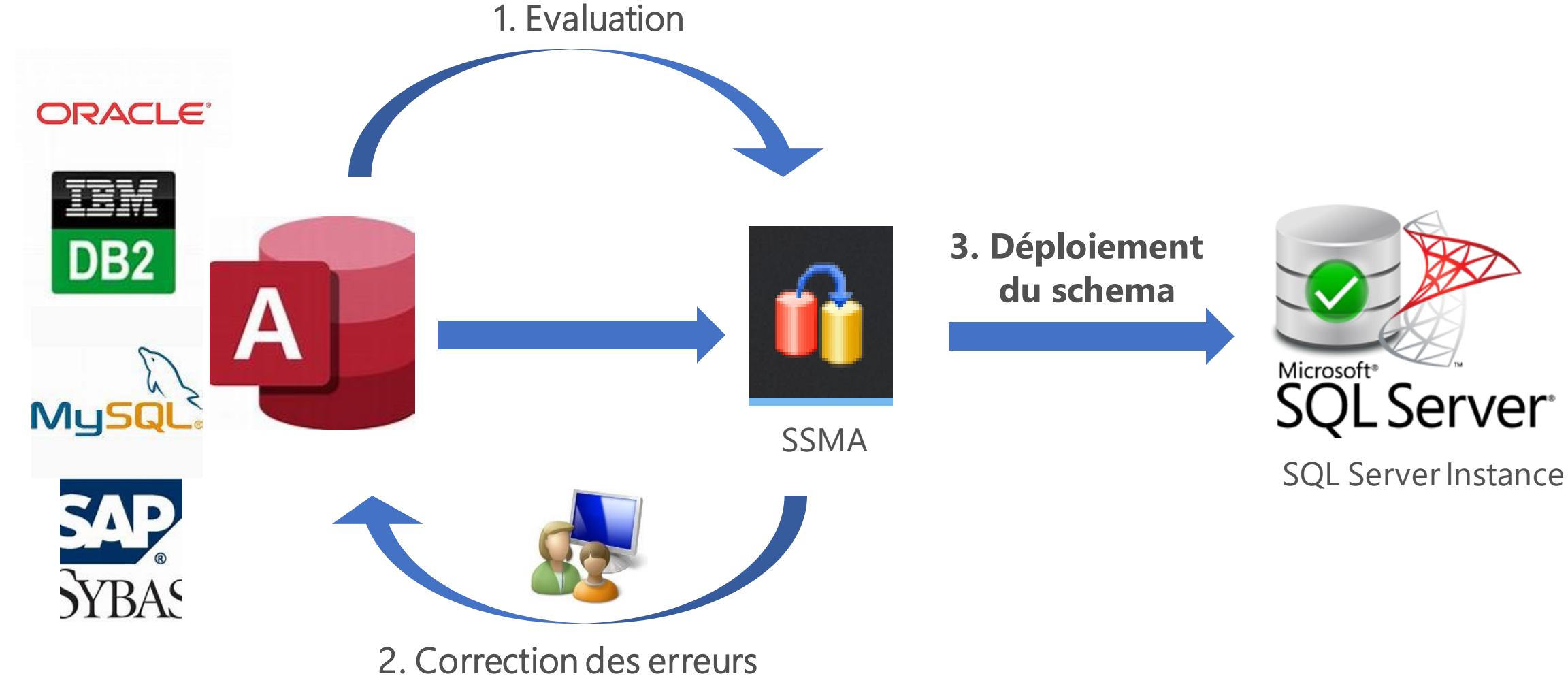
1ère phase : l'évaluation



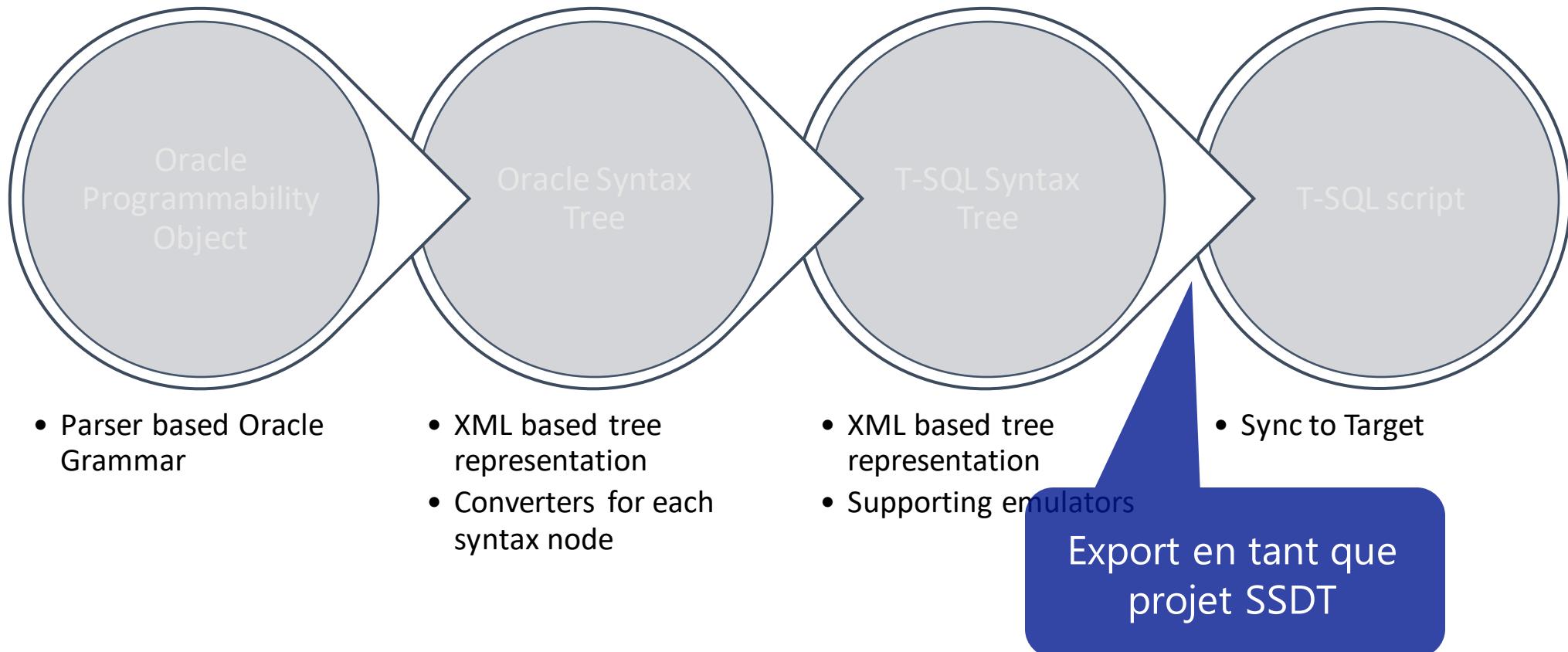
Les critères d'évaluations

- **Performance** : Analyser la performance actuelle et déterminer celle attendue après la migration.
- **Compliance** : Recenser si vous êtes soumis à des règles de sécurité spécifiques ou une régulation particulière.
- **Temps d'arrêt** : Comprendre les exigences métier concernant la charge de travail à migrer. Est-ce qu'un temps d'arrêt est acceptable ? Cela aura un impact sur l'approche de migration, l'ensemble des outils et les délais.
- **Plan de reprise** : Établir s'il y a des exigences de récupération après sinistre pour les charges de travail des applications prises en charge par la base de données et comprendre les exigences de RTO et de RPO.
- **Disponibilité** : Après la migration, quelles sont les exigences de disponibilités ?
- **Activités personnalisées** : Il peut y avoir des solutions tierces utilisées avec la base de données qui ne sont pas actuellement pris en charge sur Azure SQL Database.

SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)



SSMA – Assistant de migration



SQL Server Migration Assistant

Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA) est l'outil conçu pour automatiser les migrations vers SQL Server depuis Microsoft Access, IBM DB2, MySQL, Oracle, et SAP ASE.

Un outil par Bases de données sources :

[SSMA for Access](#)

[SSMA for DB2](#)

[SSMA for MySQL](#)

[SSMA for Oracle](#)

[SSMA for SAP ASE](#)

SQL Server Migration Assistant

Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA) est l'outil conçu pour automatiser les migrations vers SQL Server depuis Microsoft Access, IBM DB2, MySQL, Oracle, et SAP ASE

Versions supportées :

SQL Server 2012

SQL Server 2014

SQL Server 2016

SQL Server 2017 on Windows and Linux

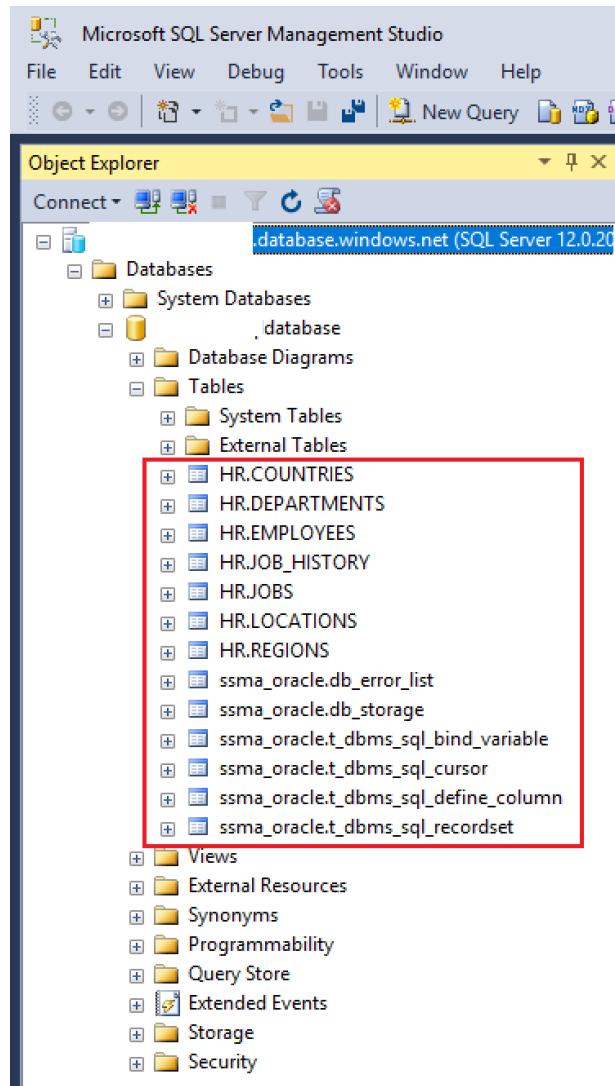
SQL Server 2019 on Windows and Linux

Azure SQL Database

Azure SQL Database Managed Instanced

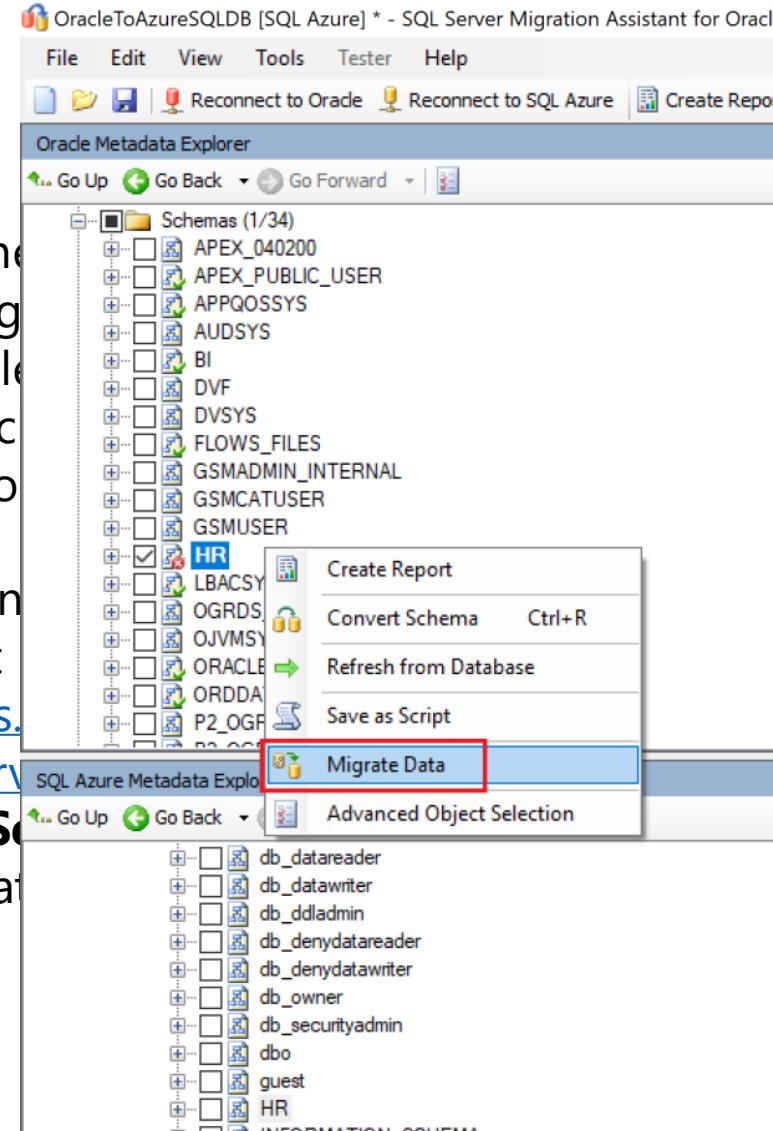
Azure SQL Data Warehouse (uniquement avec SSMA pour Oracle).

Utilisation en mode graphique



Now that the
to migrating
Under Oracle
select the schema.
Right click on

Note: When
provided at
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/migrate/oracle/migrating-oracle-data-into-sql-server>
to ensure Schema
before initiating



re SQL DB, we can proceed

the data.
rate Data.

IaaS, follow the instructions
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/migrate/oracle/migrating-oracle-data-into-sql-server>

are setup up correctly

SSMA en ligne de commandes

```
Microsoft (R) SQL Server Migration Assistant Command Line Application  
SSMA for Oracle Version 7.11.0  
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
```

```
Usage: SSMAforOracleConsole.exe  
      -s|script scriptfile  
          (required, XML file containing SSMA commands to be executed)  
      [-v|variable variablevaluefile]  
          (XML file containing values of parameter variables defined in the  
           scriptfile)  
      [-v|variable $variablename$ variablevalue]  
          (override value for parameter variable defined in the scriptfile)  
      [-c|serverconnection serverconnectionfile]  
          (XML file containing connection information for servers involved in  
           the migration project)  
      [-l|log logfile]  
          (log file for logging SSMA activities)  
      [-e|projectenvironment projectenvironmentfolder]  
          (custom project environment settings folder)  
      [-x|xmloutput [xmloutputfile]]  
          (console output in XML format, if not specified output by default  
           is in 'plain text' format)  
      [-p|-securePassword add|remove|list|import|export]  
          (password management, must be the only option in command line, type  
           -p -? for more options)  
      [-?] (show syntax summary)
```

Example: `SSMAforOracleConsole.exe`

```
-s C:\SSMABin\ssma-script.xml  
-c C:\SSMABin\ssma-server.xml  
-v C:\SSMABin\variable-value.xml  
-v $myvar$ new-value  
-e C:\SSMA-Environment  
-l C:\SSMABIN\Logs\SSMAlog.txt
```

Database
Migration
Assistant

Depuis
Azure Migrate
ou en locale

Azure Data Migration Assistant

- Déetecte les problèmes de compatibilité
 - SQL Server, Azure SQL Database et Managed Instance
 - Caractéristiques partiellement prises en charge ou non prises en charge
- Recommande des améliorations de performance et de fiabilité
 - Propose la mise en oeuvre de nouvelles fonctionnalités
- Migrez vers une plate-forme cible prise en charge
 - SQL Server 2012 et +
 - Azure SQL Database
 - Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Projects

New project

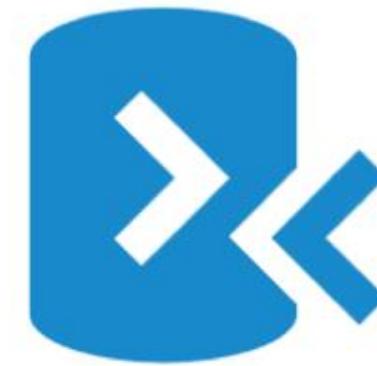
Get started here
Click this button to create a new project.

Recent

No recent project

Open project

Welcome to Data Migration Assistant



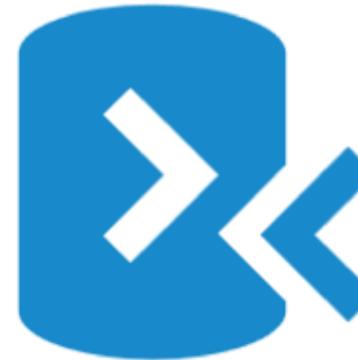
Projects

New project ▾

- Assessment project
- Migration project

No recent project

Open project



Welcome to Data Migration Assistant

Projects

New project ▾

Recent

No recent project

Open project

Create

New Assessment

Project name

Assessment0112

Where

Browse

MyDocument > AssessmentProject > SQL...

Source server type

SQL Server

Target server type

Azure SQL Database

Welcome to Data Migration Assistant



← Assessment0112

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results

Select report type

  Check database compatibility

Discover migration blocking issues and deprecated features by analyzing databases you choose in your source server to be migrated to SQL Database.

  Check feature parity

Discover unsupported or partially-supported features and functions that your applications may rely on. Get guidance around these areas that may need some re-engineering.

  Benefit from new features (coming soon...)

Discover new SQL Database features that are applicable to the databases in your source once migrated to SQL database platform.



Next

1 Options ✓

2 Select sources ✓

3 Review results

- SQL Server feature parity
- Compatibility issues

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database V12

Inventory / SQL Server 2008 Compat 80 Size 5.29 GB

10.125.14.81 (6)

- U000010
- U000011
- U000012
- U000013
- U000014
- U000015

Migration blockers (8)

New column in output of 'sp_h...	4	Impact Microsoft SQL Server introduced new data types GEOMETRY and GEOGRAPHY for storing "Spatial Data". The terms used for spatial data types should not be used as names for either common language runtime (CLR) or alias UDTs.
Discontinued DBCC command...	4	
Remove user-defined type (UD...	1	
Detected statements that refer...	1	Recommendation Remove UDTs named after the reserved GEOMETRY and GEOGRAPHY data types.
Constant expressions are not a...	1	
SQL Mail has been discontinued	1	
FOR BROWSE is not allowed in...	1	
Table hints in indexed view def...	1	More info Remove UDTs named after the reserved GEOMETRY and GEOGRAPHY data types

Behavior changes (5)

Unqualified Join(s) detected	2
SERVERPROPERTY('LCID') resul...	2
SET ROWCOUNT used in the c...	1
FOR XML AUTO queries return...	1
ORDER BY specifies integer or...	1

Deprecated features (2)

Deprecated data types TEXT, I...	4
Remove references to undocu...	1

Remove user-defined type (UDT)s named after the reserved GEOMETRY and GEOGRAPHY data types.

Issue details

Impacted objects

Type	Name
DataType	dbo.GEOMETRY

Object details

Type: DataType
Name: dbo.GEOMETRY

User Defined Types should not be named as GEOMETRY or GEOGRAPHY. Remove UDTs named after the reserved GEOMETRY and GEOGRAPHY data types.

Save as

Upload to Azure

Save Assessment

Export Assessment

Restart Assessment

Delete Assessment

MigratetoAzure

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results



- SQL Server feature parity
 Compatibility issues

SOFDBSERVERWEST (SQL Server 2... (7)

ADworks

Archive

DBforTDE

HR

Inventory

SitesEE

StackOverflowEE

SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft... (2)

HR

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

ADworks / SQL Server 2008 R2 Compat 80 Size 21.94 MB

Compatibility 140 (4)

Compatibility 130 (4)

Compatibility 120 (4)

Compatibility 110 (4)

Compatibility 100 (3)

Issue

Impacted objects

Breaking changes (3)

Non ANSI style left outer joi...

2

FASTFIRSTROW table hint us...

1

[46022] FASTFIRSTROW is n...

1

Behavior changes (1)

Unqualified Join(s) detected

2

Deprecated features (0)

Information issues (0)

Non ANSI style left outer join usage

Issue details

Impact

Non ANSI outer join operations ("*=" or "=*) are not supported and will not work in compatibility levels 90 and above.

Recommendation

Microsoft recommends rewriting the query using ANSI outer join operators (LEFT OUTER JOIN, RIGHT OUTER JOIN).

Impacted objects

Type Name

Ad hoc query dbo.msdma_adhocqu

Ad hoc query dbo.msdma_adhocqu

Object details

Type: Ad hoc query

Name: dbo.msdma_adhocquery_1

Client app name: .Net SqlClient Data Provider

Upload to Azure Migrate

Save Assessment

Export Assessment

Restart Assessment

Delete Assessment

← MigratetoAzure

1 Options

✓ 2 Select sources

✓ 3 Review results

-
- SQL Server feature parity
-
-
- Compatibility issues

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Archive / SQL Server 2008 R2 Compat 100 Size 3.25 MB

Compatibility 140 (1)

Compatibility 130 (1)

Compatibility 120 (1)

Compatibility 110 (1)

Compatibility 100 (1)

▼ SOFDBSERVERWEST (SQL Server 2... (7)

- ADworks
- Archive
- DBforTDE
- HR
- Inventory
- SitesEE
- StackOverflowEE

▼ SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft... (2)

- HR

Issue

Impacted objects

▷ Breaking changes (0)

▷ Behavior changes (0)

▷ Deprecated features (0)

▷ Information issues (0)

▷ Migration blockers (1)

[71630] FILESTREAM not supp...

[71630] FILESTREAM not supported in Azure SQL Data...

Issue details

Impact

The FILESTREAM feature, which allows you to store unstructured data such as text documents, images, and videos in NTFS file system, is not supported in Azure SQL Database Managed Instance.

Recommendation

Upload the unstructured files to Azure Blob storage and store metadata related to these files

Impacted objects

Type Name

Filegroup FileStreamGroup1

Object details

Type: Filegroup

Name: FileStreamGroup1

The element Filegroup: FileStreamGroup1 has property

Recommended Fix(s)

Upload to Azure Migrate

Save Assessment

Export Assessment

Restart Assessment

Delete Assessment

MigratetoAzure

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results

- SQL Server feature parity
- Compatibility issues

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

PartsUnlimitedDB / SQL Server 2017 Compat 140 Size 144.00 MB

Compatibility 140 (0)

- ADworks
- Archive
- DBforTDE
- HR
- Inventory
- SitesEE
- StackOverflowEE

SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft... (2)

- HR
- PartsUnlimitedDB

: -) There are no compatibility issues with your database.

Upload to Azure Migrate

Data Migration Assistant

← MigratetoAzure

1 Options ✓ 2 Select sources ✓ 3 Review results

SQL Server feature parity
 Compatibility issues

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft.com / SQL Server 2017

Feature parity (0)

:-(There are no feature parity issues with your server instance.

Save Assessment Export Assessment Restart Assessment Delete Assessment

Upload to Azure Migrate

MigratetoAzure

Save Assessment

Export Assessment

Restart Assessment

Delete Assessment

1 Options

2 Select sources

3 Review results

- SQL Server feature parity
 Compatibility issues

Target Platform

Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

HR / SQL Server 2008 R2 Compat 80 Size 22.31 MB

Compatibility 140 (5)

Compatibility 130 (5)

Compatibility 120 (5)

Compatibility 110 (5)

Compatibility 100 (4)

SOFDBSERVERWEST (SQL Server 2... (7))

- ADworks
- Archive
- DBforTDE
- HR
- Inventory
- SitesEE
- StackOverflowEE

SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft... (2)

- HR

Issue

Impacted objects

Breaking changes (3)

Non ANSI style left outer joi...

1

FASTFIRSTROW table hint us...

1

[46022] FASTFIRSTROW is n...

1

Behavior changes (1)

Unqualified Join(s) detected

1

Deprecated features (0)

Information issues (1)

Non ANSI style left outer join usage

Issue details

```
FROM A, B
WHERE A.id *= B.id
```

Impacted objects

Type	Name
Procedure	dbo.EmployeeOffice

Object details

Type: Procedure
Name: dbo.EmployeeOffice

Object [dbo].[EmployeeOffice] is
specifying left outer joins by using

```
I
SELECT A.id as aid, b.id as bid
FROM A
LEFT OUTER JOIN B
ON A.id = B.id
```

More info

[Using Joins](#)

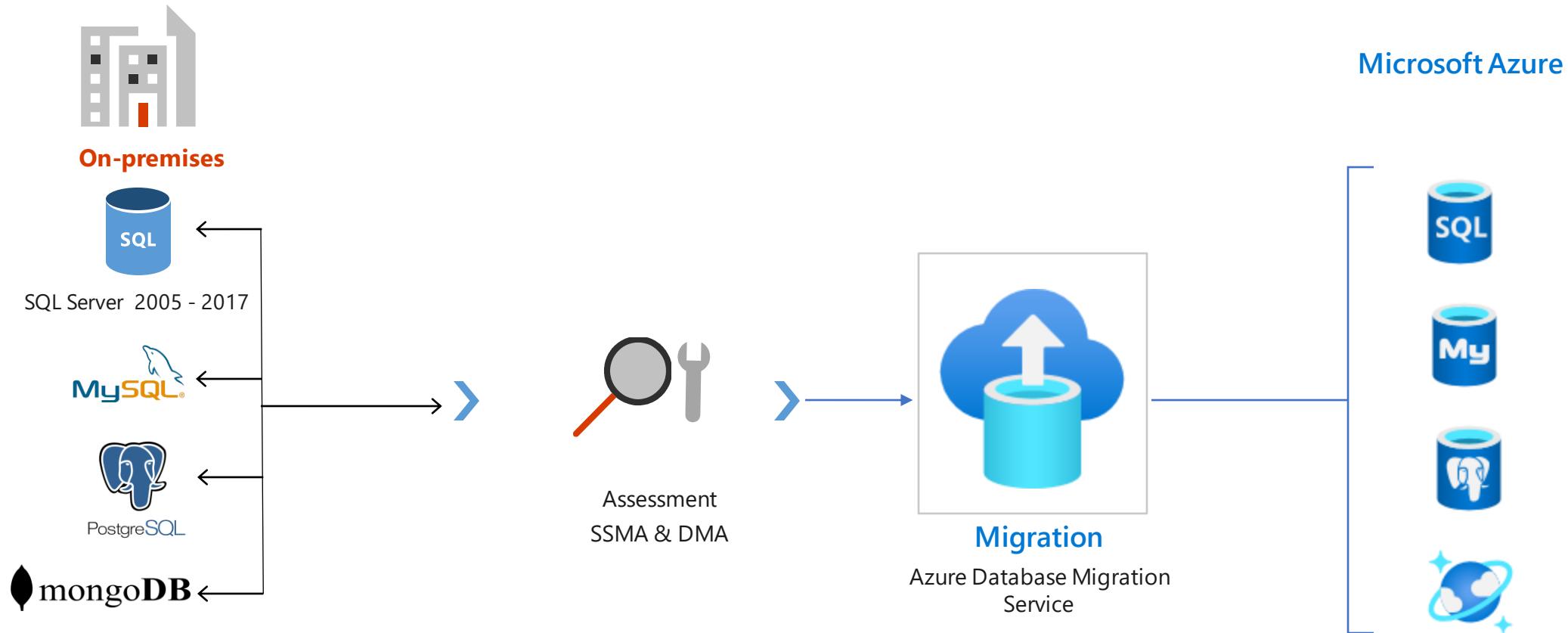
Recommended Fix(es)

Upload to Azure Migrate

DMA en mode ligne de commandes

DmaCmd.exe /help	
/?	Get help
/help	Get help
/AssessmentName	Name of the assessment
/AssessmentDatabases	Space delimited connection strings
/AssessmentTargetPlatform	Target platform for the assessment: supported values: AzureSqlDatabase, ManagedSqlServer, SqlServer2012, SqlServer2014, SqlServer2016, SqlServerLinux2017 and SqlServerWindows2017 (default)
/AssessmentEvaluateCompatibilityIssues	Run compatibility rules
/AssessmentEvaluateRecommendations	Run feature recommendation
/AssessmentEvaluateFeatureParity	Run feature parity rules
/AssessmentOverwriteResult	Overwrite the result file
/AssessmentResultJson	Full path to the JSON result file
/AssessmentResultCsv	Full path to the CSV result file

2ème phase : Migration



Migration iso | Arrêt de service minimum | “Usine à migration” (env multiple)

Azure Data Box



100 TB



Heavy (1 PB)



Database Migration Guide: <http://aka.ms/datamigration>

[Microsoft 365](#)[Azure](#)[Office 365](#)[Dynamics 365](#)[SQL](#)[Windows 10](#)[All Microsoft](#)

Search

Cart

Azure Database Migration Guide

Step-by-step guidance for modernizing your data assets [Migration overview](#)

Select your source and target below [Need a recommendation?](#)

Microsoft
SQL Server

ORACLE®

DB2



mongoDB

Access >

Most commonly used guides

[SQL Server → Azure SQL Database](#)[SQL Server → SQL Server](#)[Oracle → SQL Server](#)[DB2 → Azure SQL Database](#)

Case studies

Partner tools



Floatel International

Maritime Firm Improves Insight and Efficiency with Microsoft Solution



Attunity Replicate

Attunity Replicate empowers organizations to accelerate data replication across a wide range of heterogeneous databases.



Striim

Striim's real-time platform enables companies the power of in-memory streaming data integration and intelligence into Azure.



Ispirer

Ispirer offers migration tools and services for Microsoft SQL Server and others.



Datometry Hyper-Q

Datometry Hyper-Q simplifies how enterprises manage existing, and develop new applications on cloud databases.

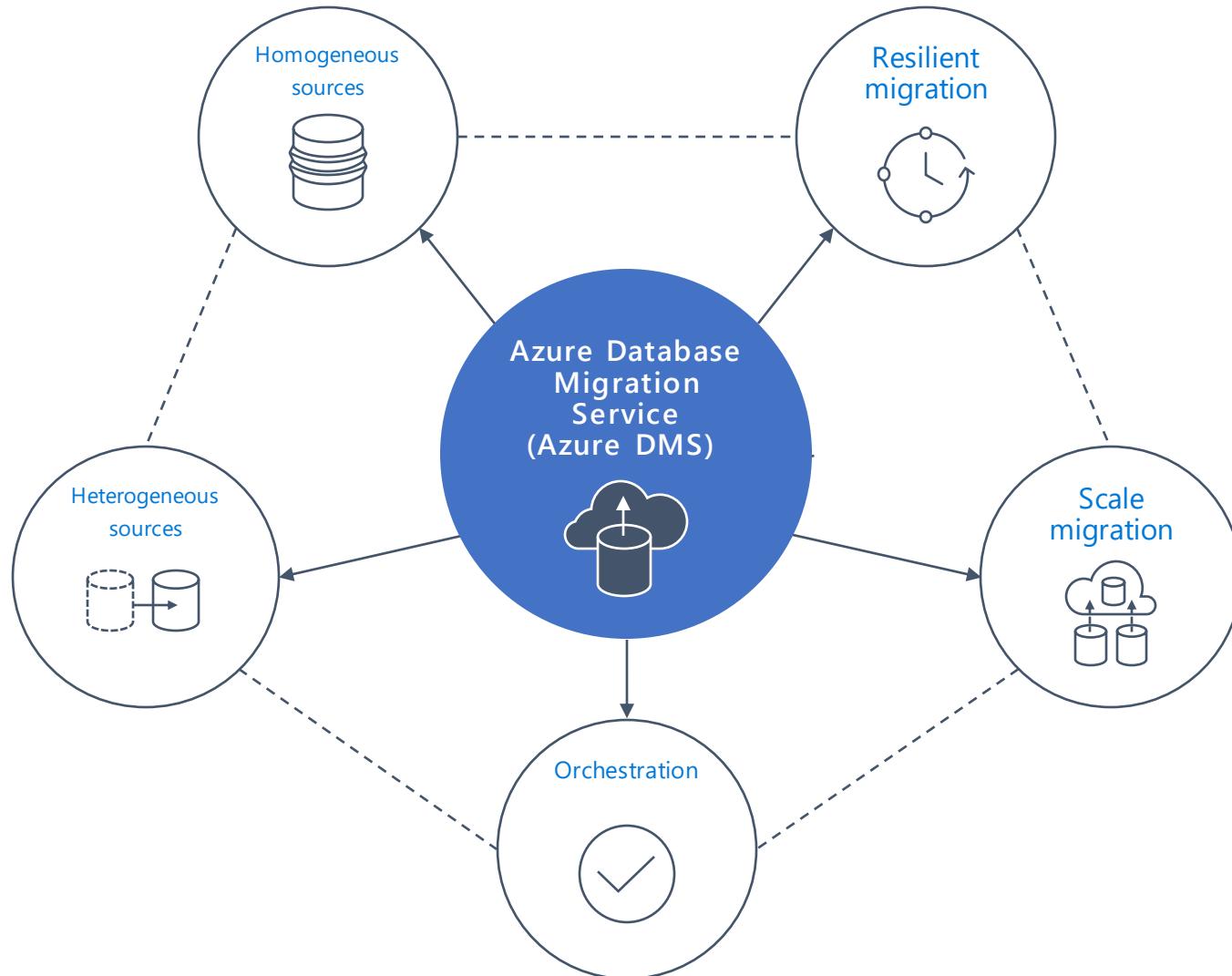


morphis Transformer

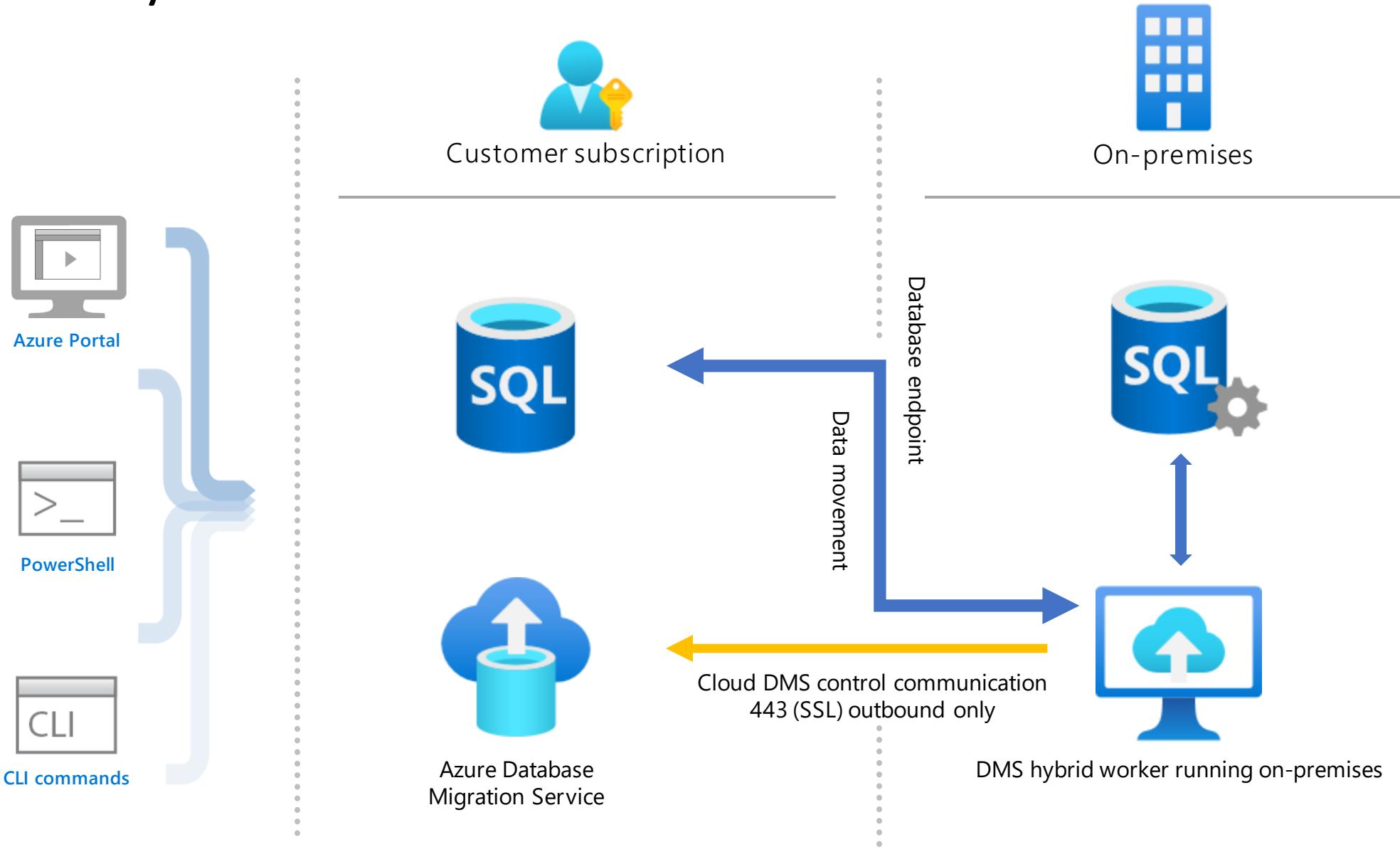
Morphis helps with transforming an application into a new language; or modernize into a multi-tier architecture.

Azure Database Migration Service

Le service pour prendre en charge de bout en bout la migration des bases de données vers le cloud Azure



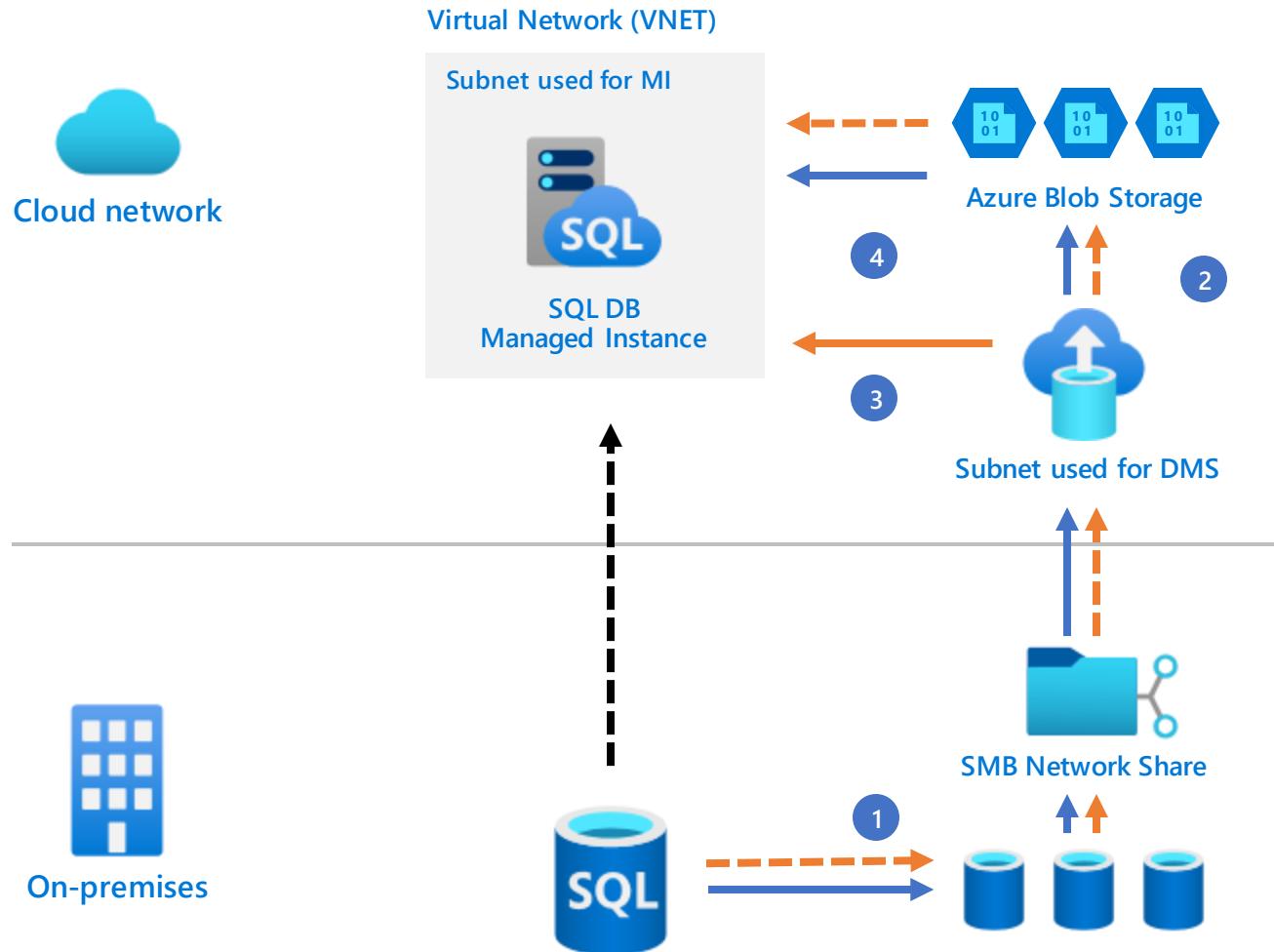
DMS hybride mode



Migration “Online”

SQL Server vers Azure SQL Database Managed Instance exemple

1. Dépôt des sauvegardes existantes sur un partage réseau
2. DMS télécharge les fichiers de sauvegarde dans le stockage Azure
3. DMS initie la migration vers l'instance gérée
4. Sauvegarde complète restaurée et application des journaux de transactions jusqu'à la coupure
- Atténuer le trafic entrant vers les bases de données sources, fournir la dernière sauvegarde ‘Tail-Log’, initier la bascule dans DMS et modifier les chaînes de connexion des applications



Légende

- ▶ Full Database backup files
- ▶ Transaction log backup files
- ▶ Site to site connectivity (VPN or ExpressRoute)

← → ⌂ ⌂ https://ms.portal.azure.com/#@microsoft.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/6a37df99-a9de-48c4-91e5- ॥ ☆ ⌂ ? ☺ rajpo@microsoft.com MICROSOFT

Microsoft Azure (Preview)  Search resources, services, and docs (G/+)     

Home > hybridrajpo

 **hybridrajpo**
Azure Database Migration Service  

  New Migration Project  Delete service  Refresh  Start Service Stop Service

 Overview
 Activity log
 Access control (IAM)
 Tags

Settings

 Configuration
 Hybrid
 Properties
 Locks
 Export template

Resource group
hybridrajpo Status
Online

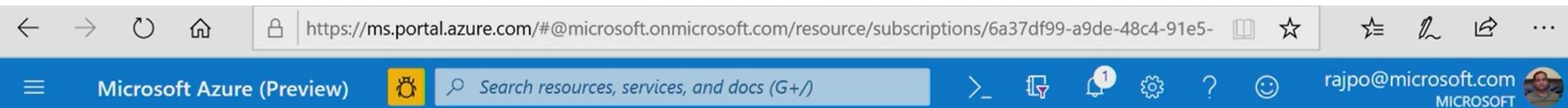
Virtual network & IP Address

Subscription  
DMSBuddy Location
East US

SKU

Tags ([change](#))
[Click here to add tags](#)

Name	Source	Target	Created	...
SQLtoSQLMI	SQL Server	Azure SQL Database Managed ...	10/29/2019, 07:29:29 PM	...



[Home](#) > [hybridrajpo](#) > New migration project

New migration project

□ X

Project name

ignitedemo

Source server type *

SQL Server

MongoDB

MySQL

AWS RDS for MySQL

PostgreSQL

AWS RDS for PostgreSQL

Oracle

AWS RDS for SQL Server

Create and run activity



Home > hybridrajpo > New migration project

New migration project

□ X

Project name

ignitedemo

Source server type *

SQL Server

Target server type *

Azure SQL Database

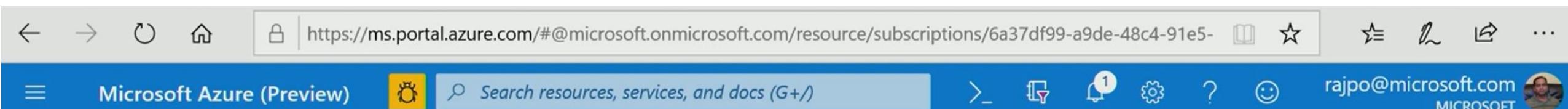
Azure SQL Database Managed Instance

Azure SQL Database

Azure SQL Virtual Machine

To successfully use Database Migration Service (DMS) to migrate data, you

Create and run activity



New migration project

Project name

ignitedemo

Source server type *

SQL Server

Target server type *

Azure SQL Database Managed Insta... ▾

*Choose type of activity

Online data migration

To successfully use Database Migration Service (DMS) to migrate data, you

Save

3



Home > hybridrajpo > New migration project

New migration project

□ ×

Project name

ignitedemo ✓

Source server type *

SQL Server

Target server type *

Azure SQL Database Managed Insta... ▾

*Choose type of activity
Online data migration >

To successfully use Database Migration Service (DMS) to migrate data, you

Create and run activity

← → ⌂ ⌂ https://ms.portal.azure.com/#@microsoft.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/6a37df99-a9de-48c4-91e5- ↻ ☆ ⌂ ⌂ ...

☰ Microsoft Azure (Preview) 🔍 Search resources, services, and docs (G+) ⌂ ⓘ ? ☺ MICROSOFT rajpo@microsoft.com

Home > hybridrajpo > Migration Wizard > Migration source detail

Migration Wizard ignitedemo

1 Select source >

2 Select target >

3 Select databases >

4 Configure migration settings >

5 Summary >

Migration source detail

Source SQL Server instance name: SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft.com

Authentication type: SQL Authentication

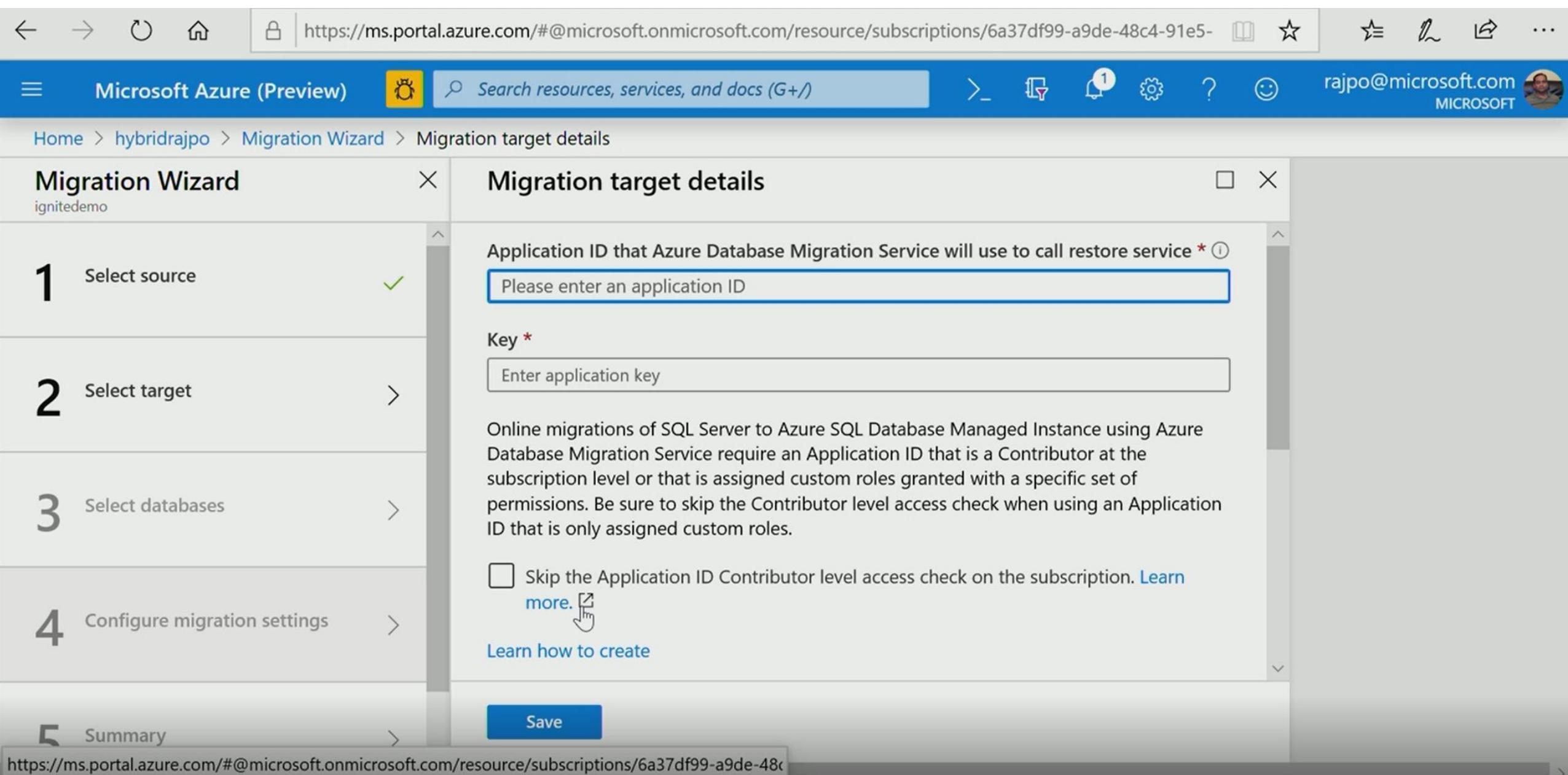
User Name *: dmpmteam

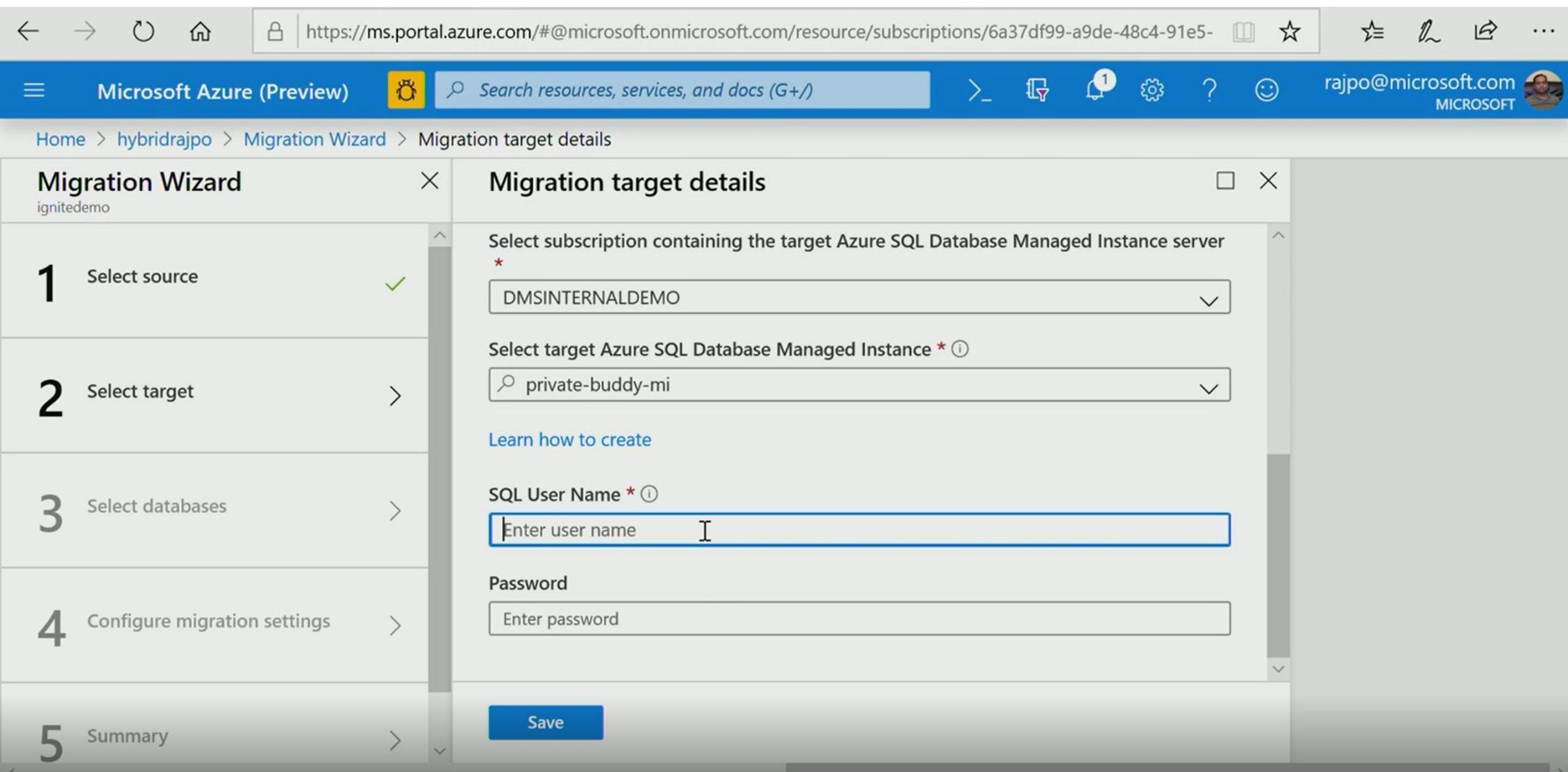
Password: [REDACTED]

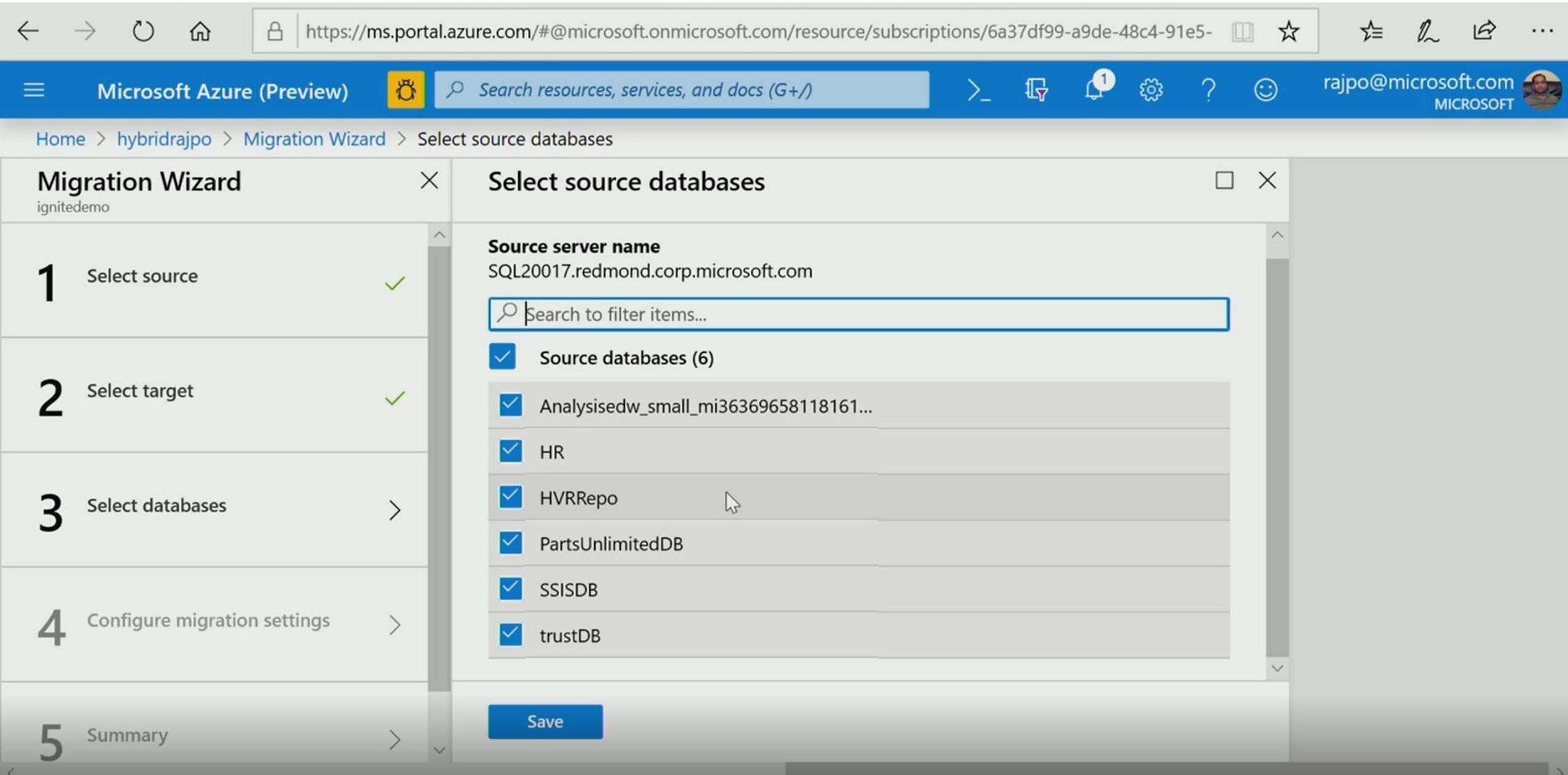
Connection properties: Encrypt connection

[Trust this connection?](https://ms.portal.azure.com/#@microsoft.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/6a37df99-a9de-48c4-91e5-)

Save







tion Wizard X Configure migration settings □ X

Select source ✓

Select target ✓

Select databases ✓

Configure migration settings > <

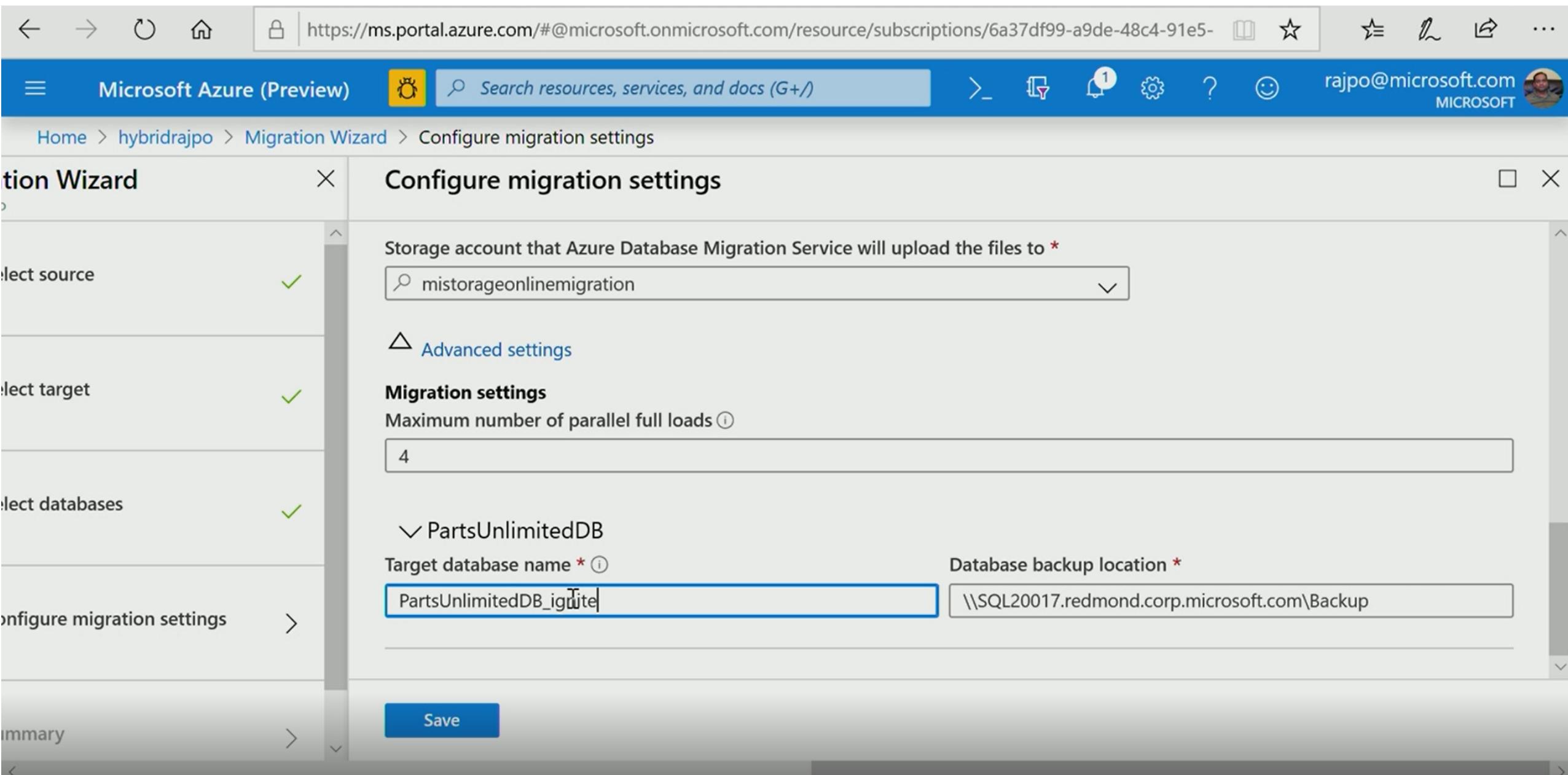
Backup settings

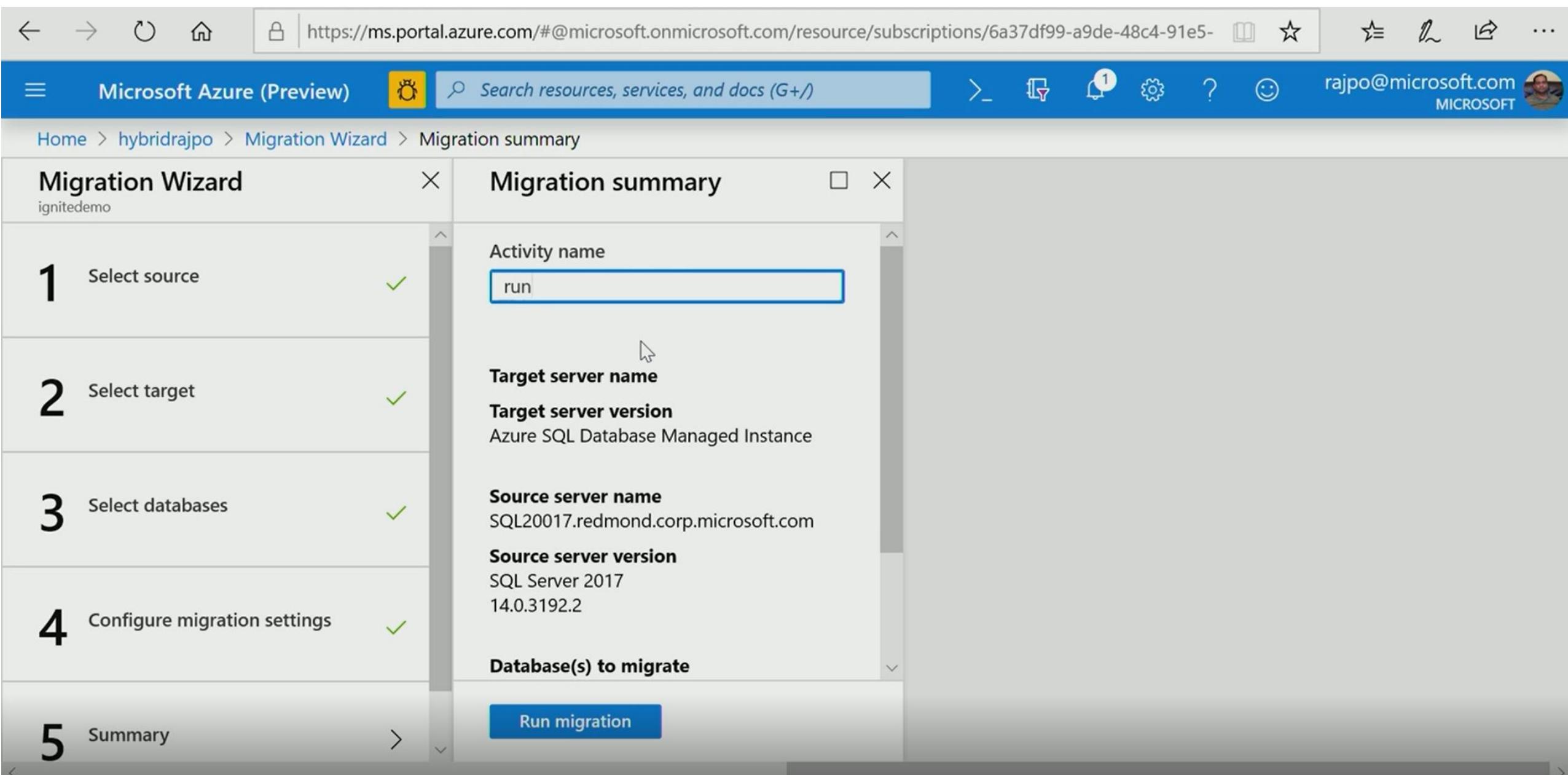
⚠ Ensure that the service account running the source SQL Server instance has read privileges on the network share that you provide.

Network share location that Azure Database Migration Service will read backups from *

⚠ Make sure the Windows user has read access on the network share that you created above. The Azure Database Migration Service will impersonate the user credential to upload the backup files to Azure storage container for restore operation.

Save





← → ⌂ ⌂ https://ms.portal.azure.com/#@microsoft.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/6a37df99-a9de-48c4-91e5-... 📄 ⌂ ⌂ ⌂ ...

Microsoft Azure (Preview) ☀️ Search resources, services, and docs (G+) ⌂ ⌂ ⌂ ? ⌂ ⌂ rajpo@microsoft.com MICROSOFT

Home > hybridrajpo

 **hybridrajpo** Azure Database Migration Service ⌂ X

Search (Ctrl+/) ⌂

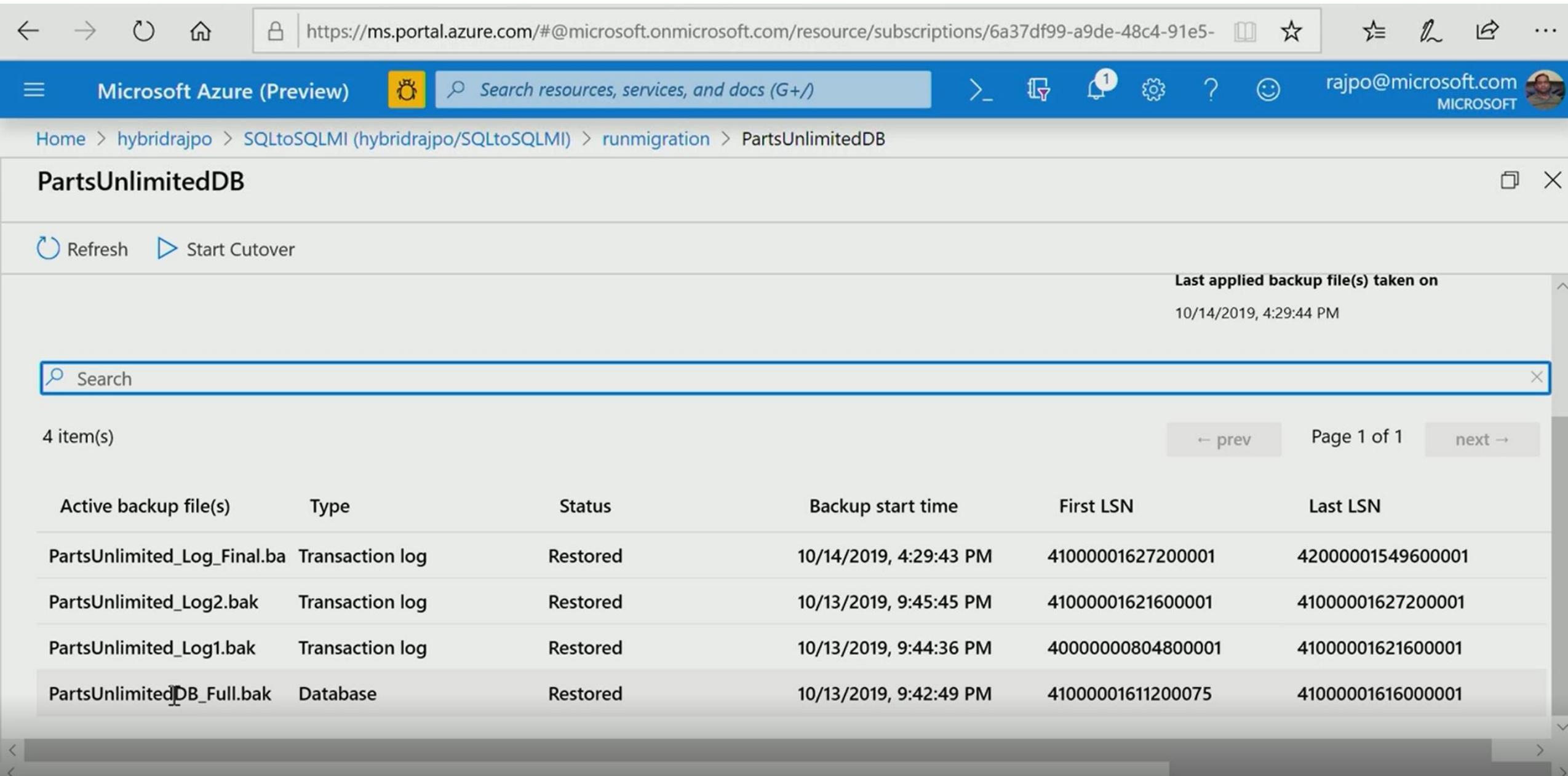
+ New Migration Project ⌂ Delete service ⌂ Refresh ⌂ Start Service ⌂ Stop Service

Resource group
hybridrajpo Status
Virtual network & IP Address Location
Subscription
DMSBuddy Subscription ID
SKU Service/UI Version
Tags (change)
Click here to add tags

Overview Activity log Access control (IAM) Tags

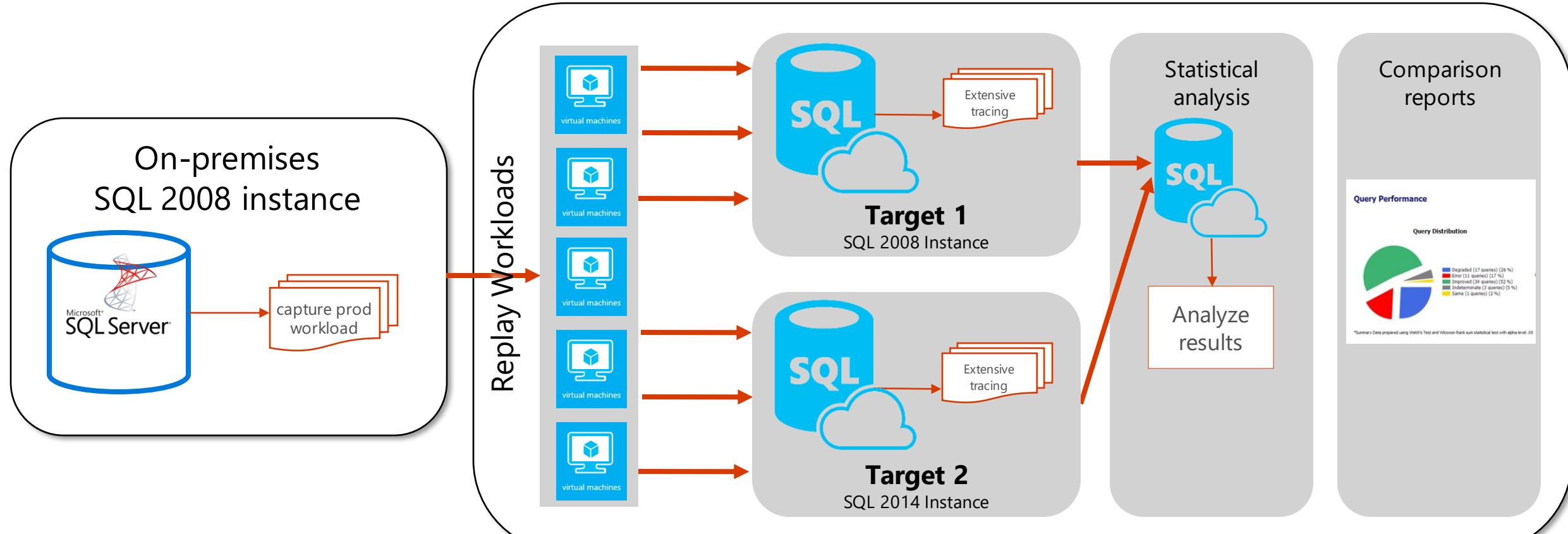
Settings Configuration Hybrid Properties Locks Export template

Name	Source	Target	Created	
ignitedemo	SQL Server	Azure SQL Database Managed ...	11/08/2019, 10:22:30 AM	...
SQLtoSQLMI	SQL Server	Azure SQL Database Managed ...	10/29/2019, 07:29:29 PM	...



Database Experimentation Assistant

Database Experimentation Assistant (DEA)



Capture

Execute

Analyse

Compare

SQLQuery4.sql - (local).PartsUnlimitedDB (NORTHAMERICA\rajpo (51))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio 10.139.160.100

File Edit View Query Project Tools Window Help

PartsUnlimitedDB Execute

Object Explorer

- + private-buddy-mi.scus1b3fba4c2acae.database.windows.net (SQL Server 12.0.2000.8 - demouserMI)
- + sofdbserverwest.redmond.corp.microsoft.com (SQL Server 10.50.6549.0 - NORTHAMERICA\rajpo)
- . (SQL Server 14.0.3192.2 - NORTHAMERICA\rajpo)
 - Databases
 - + System Databases
 - + Database Snapshots
 - + Analysisedw_small_mi3636965811816145860
 - + HR
 - + HVRRepo
 - + PartsUnlimitedDB
 - + SSISDB
 - + Security
 - + Server Objects
 - + Replication
 - + PolyBase
 - + Always On High Availability
 - + Management
 - + Integration Services Catalogs
 - + SQL Server Agent
 - + XEvent Profiler
- + demomi.scus1b3fba4c2acae.database.windows.net (SQL Server 12.0.2000.8 - demouser)

SQLQuery4.sql - (I...AMERICA\rajpo (51))* Backup log [PartsUnlimitedDB]

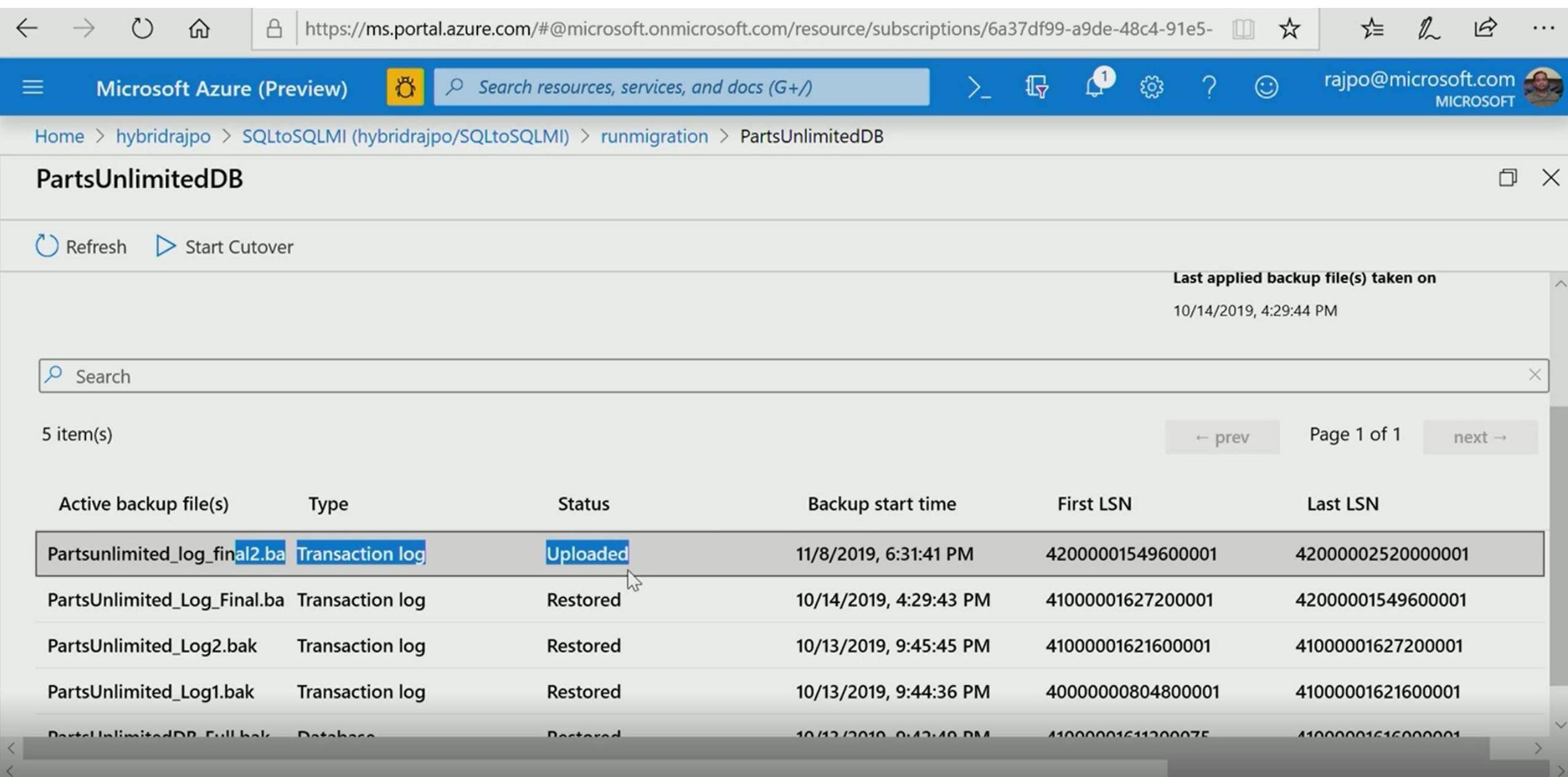
200 % Results

488537+00:00

200 %

✓ Q (local) (14.0 RTM) NORTHAMERICA\rajpo (51) PartsUnlimitedDB 00:00:00 0 rows

Ln 4 Col 1 Ch 1 INS



PartsUnlimitedDB

 Refresh  Start Cutover

SQL20017.redmond.corp.microsoft.com	demomi.scus1b3fba4c2acae.database.windows.net	Log shipping in progress	42000002520000001
Source version	Target version	Full backup file(s)	Last applied backup file(s)
14.0.3192.2	Azure SQL Database Managed Instance	PartsUnlimitedDB_Full.bak	Partsunlimited_log_final2.bak
SQL Server 2017			Last applied backup file(s) taken on
			11/8/2019, 6:31:41 PM

Search

← prev

Page 1 of 1

next →

Active backup file(s)	Type	Status	Backup start time	First LSN	Last LSN
Partsunlimited_log_final2.bak	Transaction log	Restored	11/8/2019, 6:31:41 PM	42000001549600001	42000002520000001
Partsunlimited_log_final1.bak	Transaction log	Restored	10/14/2019, 4:20:42 PM	41000001627200001	42000001540000001

← → ⌂ ⌂ https://ms.portal.azure.com/#@microsoft.onmicrosoft.com/resource/subscriptions/6a37df99-a9de-48c4-91e5- ⌂ ☆ ⌂ ⌂ ...

☰ Microsoft Azure (Preview) 🔍 Search resources, services, and docs (G+) ⌂ ? ⌂ ⌂ rajpo@microsoft.com MICROSOFT

Home > hybridrajpo > SQLtoSQLMI (hybridrajpo/SQLtoSQLMI) > runmigration > PartsUnlimitedDB > Complete cutover

×

Complete cutover

PartsUnlimitedDB

At that point, "Pending log backups" counter shows zero and then perform the cutover. Performing cutover operation without applying all the transaction log backup files may result in loss of data.

Pending log backups 0

Confirm

Apply

4. Confirm the above and click "Apply" to initiate the migration cutover.

us1b3fba4c2acae.database.windows.net Log shipping in progress 42000002520000001

Full backup file(s) PartsUnlimitedDB_Full.bak Last applied backup file(s) Partsunlimited_log_final2.bak

Last applied backup file(s) taken on 11/8/2019, 6:31:41 PM

← prev Page 1 of 1 next →

Status	Backup start time	First LSN	Last LSN
Restored	11/8/2019, 6:31:41 PM	42000001549600001	42000002520000001
BRK3205	10/11/2019, 4:20:42 PM	41000001627200001	42000001549600001

Azure Migration Program

Accessible à tous les clients Azure ou via nos partenaires spécialisés



Best practice guidance



Offers and incentives



Technical skill building



Infrastructure and
data foundations



Migration planning
and execution



Digital
resources



Free tools
(Azure Migrate)



Azure
trainers



Azure
engineering
(FastTrack)

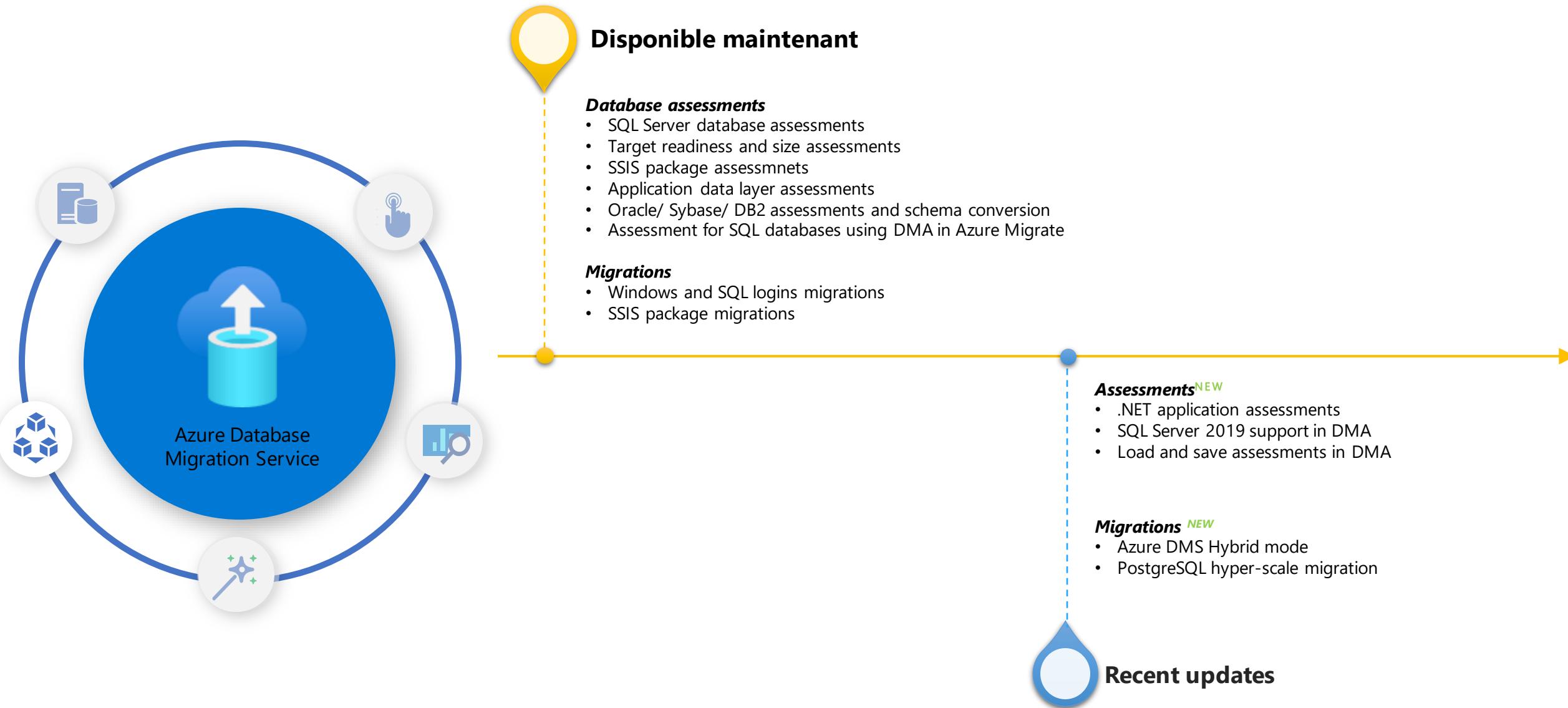


Specialized
partners

Reduce cost and risk | Accelerate migration velocity | Deliver customer success

Learn more | Azure.com/AMP

Recap: Azure Migrate – Expérience complète



Références

- Migration Guide - <https://datamigration.microsoft.com>
- Azure Database Migration Service – <https://aka.ms/AzureDms>
- Data Migration Assistant - <https://aka.ms/get-dma>
- SQL Server Migration Assistant - <https://aka.ms/get-ssma>
- Database Experimentation Assistant - <https://aka.ms/dea-tool>
-
- **Preview and Feedback**
- Preview signup: <https://aka.ms/dms-preview>
- DMS Feedback alias: dmsfeedback@microsoft.com
- DMA Feedback alias: dmafeedback@microsoft.com
- SSMA feedback alias: ssmahelp@microsoft.com
- DEA feedback alias: deafeedback@microsoft.com
-
- Azure migration center – <https://azure.com/migration>

Get started today!



Web pages

[Azure SQL family](#)

[SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines](#)

[Azure SQL Managed Instance](#)

[Azure SQL Database](#)

[Azure SQL Edge](#)

[Choose Your Azure SQL database tool](#)

[Azure Hybrid Benefit for SQL Server](#)

[Azure Database Migration Service](#)

[Migration guide](#)

3rd party studies

[ESG Economic Value report on migrating to Azure SQL](#)

[GigaOM price-performance study](#)

[Forrester Consulting Total Economic Impact™ study](#)

Other Resources - infographics

[Infographic: Azure SQL family](#)

[Azure SQL Jumpstart Guide](#)

[Infographic: Forrester Consulting Total Economic Impact™ study](#)



Introducing Azure SQL

The family of SQL cloud databases

Providing flexible options for

- Migration
- Modernization
- Development



Azure SQL

The family of SQL cloud to edge databases



SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Best for lift and shift and/or workloads requiring OS-level access



Azure SQL Managed Instance

Best for modernizing existing apps



Azure SQL Database

Best for supporting modern cloud apps



Azure SQL Edge

Best for extending apps to IoT edge

Infrastructure-as-a-Service

Platform-as-a-Service

Edge Computing

Azure is the cloud that knows SQL Server best

Azure SQL is the best choice for SQL Server workloads

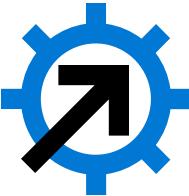
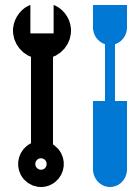
Run any workload anywhere on the industry-leading SQL Server engine

Fully-managed and
always up to date

Use your existing
SQL experience in
the cloud

Save with the lowest
total cost of ownership

Protect your data with
built-in, real-time
intelligent security



Be more productive with **AI-powered features** that automate tasks and optimize performance for you

Build on what you know with a **consistent code base** and deploy it anywhere from edge to cloud

Get more cloud for less with **leading price-performance** and savings up to 85% off pay-as-you-go rates with **Azure Hybrid Benefit**.

Secure your data with layers of protection, built-in controls, **intelligent threat detection**, and the **broadest set of compliance offerings**

The only cloud with evergreen SQL

Software is continually updated and never requires patches



Partners make more possible



Enregistrez vous dès maintenant au prochain Webinars Data AI

Event Webinar (Les jeudis de la Data & AI) - L200/300	Date	Duration (min)	Link
Azure Machine Learning pour les Data Scientists	15/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2454281594
Azure Synapse	22/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=857781749
Les solutions SQL dans Azure (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS)	29/09/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=502366997
Déploiement et sécurisation des workspaces Azure Machine learning	06/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1505714138
Azure Scale Analytics - Architectures Data Mesh dans Azure avec Azure Synapse, Microsoft Purview et Azure Data Share	13/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=139685175
MLOps avec Azure Machine Learning	20/10/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1245885767
SQL Server 2022 et hybridation native avec Azure SQL Managed Instance	10/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=145826476
Machine Learning dans Azure Synapse Analytics	17/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3637723312
Azure Cosmos DB et IA	24/11/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2646013445
Azure et les Services Cognitifs	08/12/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3772037220
La gouvernance de données dans Azure avec Microsoft Purview	15/12/2022	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1499560981
MLOps avec Azure Machine Learning	12/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=4115194515
Data processing dans Azure ave Azure Synapse, Azure Batch, Spark, Notebook, etc.	19/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1537241181
Déploiement et sécurisation des workspace Azure Synapse	26/01/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1806467748
Azure Machine Learning pour les Citizen Data Scientists	09/02/2023	120	<u>En cours</u>
PowerBI - Self Service Analytics	16/02/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1401519679
L'IA responsable avec Azure machine learning	09/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2072953112
Machine Learning dans Azure Synapse Analytics	16/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3413014857
Les bases de données Open Source dans le cloud Azure	23/03/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2727487131
Hybridation des services de Machine Learning Azure	06/04/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1624914222
La gouvernance de données dans Azure avec Microsoft Purview	13/04/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3909342839
Les solutions SQL dans Azure (PaaS, IaaS, SaaS)	04/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=1162207895
Data processing dans Azure ave Azure Synapse, Azure Batch, Spark, Notebook, etc.	16/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=3517068442
Hybridation des services de données Azur	24/05/2023	120	https://msevents.microsoft.com/event?id=2996507398
Self Service Analytics	01/06/2023	120	<u>En cours</u>