**一、不定式**

**1概述**

来源：情态助动词简化

意义：表不确定(可能/也许/应该/一定...)、将来推测(将/要)、情感

词性：名词、形容词、副词

时态

·一般式：谓语语境时间 to + do

·完成式：谓语过去时间 to + have done

·进行时：谓语时刻的延续 to + be doing

·被动态：表被动语态 to + be done

**2从句简化与不定式**

形从简化：定从简化(定语)、补从简化(补语)

·主语为先行词：变主谓为to do

Zed is the one who can do this job => Zed is the one to do this job

My duty is that I should help others => My duty is to help others

·主语非先行词：变主谓为For Sb. to do

We have a job that Zed can do => We have a job for Zed to do

That is that you should decide => That is for you to decide

·定从主语一二称：变主谓为to do

Zed isn't a man that we can trust => Zed isn't a man to trust

名从简化：主从简化(主语)、宾从简化(宾语/补语)、同从简化(同位语)

·主语与主句同人称：变主谓为to do

that I should do the job is not my duty => to do the job is not my duty

The children expect that they can get gifts => The children expect to get gifts

He gave the order that they would start to attack => He gave the order to start the attack

同人称指：从句主语或其属格与主句主/宾语或其属格同人称

·主语与主句异人称：变主谓为For Sb. to do (宾从可为Sb. to do)

Teemo can kill Zed is unbelivable => For Teemo to kill Zed is unbelivable

We want that you should go => We want (for) you to go

Zed was glad (for) that you would come => Zed was glad for you to come

副从简化：状从简化(状语)

·主语与主句主语同人称：变主谓为to do

She stayed there so that she would see you => I stayed there to see you目的

What have I done that I should offend you => What have I done to offend you结果

省略连接词：主从句具有伴随时间/因果关系的

·主语与主句主语异人称：变主谓为For Sb. to do

He stood aside so that Jack could pass => He stood aside for Jack to pass目的

**3用法**

句子成分

·形容性：定语、补语

·名词性：主语、宾语、同位语

·副词性：目的状语(为了)、结果状语(导致)、条件状语(要是)

独立主格：for Sb. to do (见2)

句式

·疑问句：(独立主格) + 疑问词 + 不定式

·否定句：(独立主格) + not/never + 不定式

省略to：被动语态to不能省

·使役宾补不带to，make, let, have命令口气表一定

·感官宾补不带to，表一瞬间的动作(持续性用动名词)

·find/help可省略to

·go/come目的状语不带to或用and

·连词but/and/or后避免重复

**二、动名词**

**1概述**

来源：动词一般式的名词形式

意义：表事实、惯常的

词性：名词

时态

·一般式：谓语语境时间 doing

·完成式：谓语过去时间 having done

·被动态：表被动语态 being done

**2从句简化与动名词**

形从简化：补从简化(名词性补语)

·主语为先行词：变主谓为doing

His hobby is that he study everyday => His hobby is studying everyday

名从简化：主从简化(主语)、宾从简化(宾语)、补从简化(宾补)

·主语与主句同人称：变主谓为doing

That I study every day is my hobby => studying every day is my hobby

My wife enjoy that she do the cooking => My wife enjoy doing the cooking

I call this that one say a lie => I call this saying a lie

·主语与主句异人称：变主谓为Sb.'s doing

That Zed like Teemo surprise us => Zed's liking Teemo is amazing

I am happy (about) that you won => I am happy about your winning

**3用法**

句子成分

·名词性：主语、宾语、定语、补语

独立主格：Sb.'s doing (见2)

否定句：(独立主格) + not/never + 动名词

**三、现在分词**

**1概述**

来源：动词一般式、进行式的形容形式

意义：表事实、惯常的、进行的

词性：形容词

时态

·一般式：谓语语境时间 doing

·进行式：谓语语境时间 doing

·完成式：谓语过去时间 having done

·被动态：表被动语态 being done

**2与从句的关系**

形从简化：定从简化(定语)

·主语为先行词：变主谓为doing

The ship that is coming is from China => The ship coming is from China

名从简化：宾从简化(形容性宾补)

·主语与主句异人称：变主谓为Sb. doing

I hate that kid interrupts me => I hate kid interrupting me

I am happy (about) that you won => I am happy about you winning

副从简化：状从简化(原因/结果)

·主语与主句主语同人称：变主谓为doing

Because he was sick he stayed at home => Being sick he stayed at home

He went out and then he shut the door => He went out shutting the door

·主语与主句主语异人称：变主谓为Sb. doing

While Teemo was hiding, Zed came to kill him => Teemo hiding, Zed came to kill him

**3用法**

句子成分

·形容性：定语、补语

·副词性：时间状语、原因状语、结果状语

独立主格：Sb. doing (见2)

否定句：(独立主格) + not/never + 动名词

**四、过去分词**

1概述

来源：动词完成式、被动式的形容形式

意义：表完成、被动

词性：形容词

时态：

·完成式：done

·被动态：done

**2与分词从句的关系**

形从简化：定从简化(定语)

·主语为先行词：省去主谓

Beer which is chilled is most delicious => Bear chilled is most delicious

副从简化：状从简化

·主语与主句主语同人称：变主谓为done

After he was shot, Teemo couldn't fight => shot, Teemo couldn't fight

·主语与主句主语异人称：变主谓为Sb. done

when this is done, we went home => this done, we went home

**3用法**

句子成分

·形容性：定语、补语

·副词性：状语

独立主格：Sb. done (见2)

否定句：(独立主格) + not/never + 过去分词