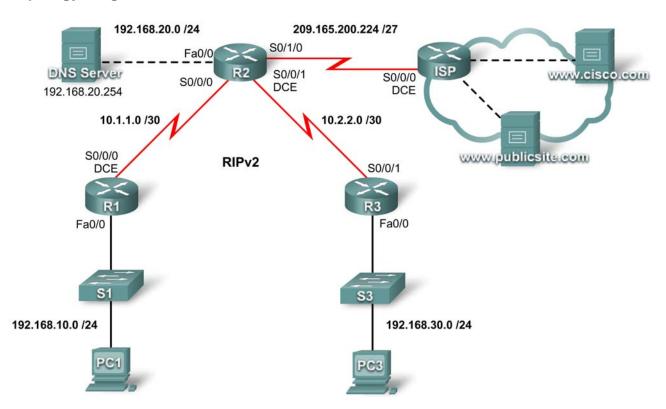
PT Activity 7.1.8: Configuring DHCP Using Easy IP

Topology Diagram



Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask
R1	Fa0/1	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252
R2	Fa0/0	192.168.20.1	255.255.255.0
	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252
	S0/1/0	209.165.200.225	225.255.255.224
R3	Fa0/1	192.168.30.1	255.255.255.0
	S0/0/0	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252

Learning Objectives

- Configure routers with Easy IP
- Verify that PCs are automatically configured with addressing details
- Configure a DNS server with DNS entries
- Test PC connectivity to domain names

Introduction

DHCP assigns IP addresses and other important network configuration information dynamically. Cisco routers can use the Cisco IOS feature set, Easy IP, as an optional, full-featured DHCP server. Easy IP leases configurations for 24 hours by default. In this activity, you will configure DHCP services on two routers and test your configuration.

Task 1: Configure Routers with Easy IP

Step 1. Configure the excluded addresses for R1 and R3.

Define a set of addresses that are reserved for hosts that need static addresses, such as servers, routers, and printers. These addresses are not included in the pool of addresses that are available for assigning to DHCP clients. For R1 and R3, exclude the first nine addresses from the DHCP pool.

```
R1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.10.1 192.168.10.9
R1(config)#
R3(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.30.1 192.168.30.9
R3(config)#
```

Step 2. Configure the address pool for R1.

Define the pool of addresses from which DHCP assigns addresses to DHCP clients on the R1 LAN. The available addresses are all addresses on the 192.168.10.0 network, except for those excluded in Step 1.

On R1, name the address pool R1LAN. Specify the address pool, default gateway, and DNS server that are assigned to each client device requesting DHCP service.

```
R1(config)#ip dhcp pool R1LAN
R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.10.0 255.255.255.0
R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.10.1
R1(dhcp-config)#dns-server 192.168.20.254
```

Step 3. Configure the address pool for R3.

On R3, name the address pool R3LAN. Specify the address pool, default gateway, and DNS server that are assigned to each client device requesting DHCP service.

```
R3(config)#ip dhcp pool R3LAN
R3(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.30.0 255.255.255.0
R3(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.30.1
R3(dhcp-config)#dns-server 192.168.20.254
```

Step 4. Check results.

Your completion percentage should be 43%. If not, click **Check Results** to see which required components are not yet completed.

Task 2: Verify that the PCs Are Automatically Configured

Step 1. Configure PC1 and PC3 for DHCP configuration.

In the **Desktop** tab of each PC, click **IP Configuration**, and then select **DHCP**. The IP configuration information should be immediately updated.

Step 2. Check the DHCP operation on the routers.

To verify DHCP operation on the routers, issue the **show ip dhcp binding** command. The results should show one IP address bound on each of the routers.

Step 3. Check results.

Your completion percentage should be 86%. If not, click **Check Results** to see which required components are not yet completed.

Task 3: Configure a DNS Server with DNS Entries

Step 1. Configure the DNS server.

To configure DNS on the DNS server, click the DNS button in the Config tab.

Make sure that DNS is turned on, and enter the following DNS entries:

www.cisco.com 209.165.201.30www.publicsite.com 209.165.202.158

Step 2. Check results.

Your completion percentage should be 100%. If not, click **Check Results** to see which required components are not yet completed.

Task 4: Test PC Connectivity to Domain Names

Step 1. Verify that PC1 can connect to servers using the domain name.

On PC1, open the web browser and enter **www.cisco.com** in the address line. The web page should appear.

Step 2. Verify that PC3 can connect to servers using domain name.

On PC3, open the web browser and enter **www.publicsite.com** in the address line. The web page should appear.