

LEVEL 5 FONTS AND FORMS



Fonts on the Web

Fonts and font styles can be controlled with CSS.





Our current page's fonts

Since we haven't set a font, the browser is just picking a default.

Magic Cake

Magic Cake is one of the tastiest cakes the world has ever known. Few have tried it and lived to tell about it, and these are their stories.

We also need to stress that whatever happens to you as a result of consuming Magic Cake is your responsibility. You've been warned, and you can view our <u>legal page</u> for more information.

Ingredients

- 2 eggs
- 1 pound sugar
- 3 sticks of butter

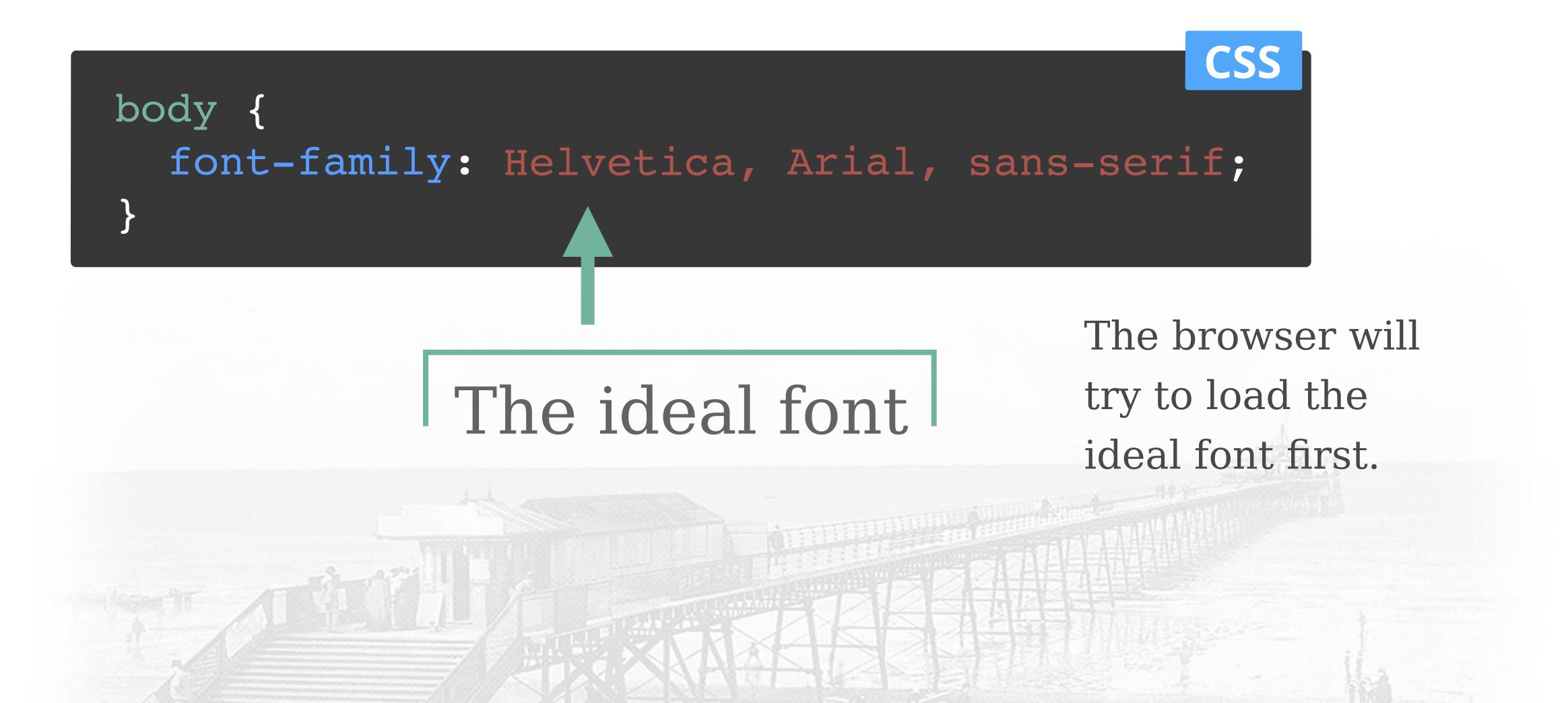
Directions

1 Mir aggs sugar and butter in a large hazzl



Changing the font with CSS

The **font-family** property is used to set the ideal font and a few fallback options.





Changing the font with CSS

The fallback fonts are used if the ideal font isn't available.

```
body {
   font-family: Helvetica, Arial, "Times New Roman", sans-serif;
}

Fallback fonts
```

Not all fonts are installed in all browsers!!!



Our page after changing the font

Here's magic-cake.html after changing the main font to Helvetica.

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Ingredients

- 2 eggs
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Directions

1 Miy anne curar and hutter in a large howl



Browser defaults - the font edition

Just like with the box model properties, the browser has default font styles - and you should reset these too!!

These weights and sizes are the browser defaults.

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Ingredients

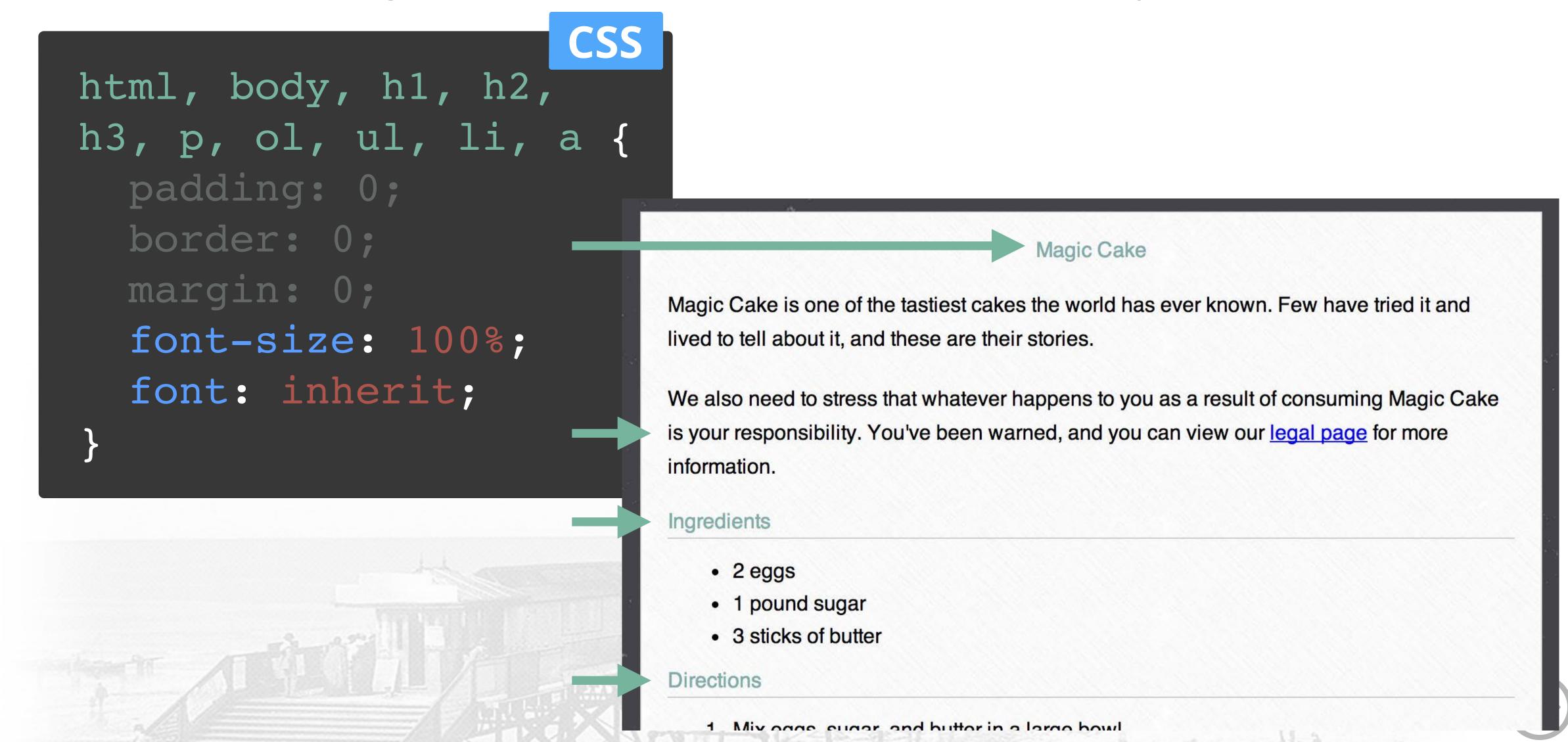
- 2 eggs
- 1 pound sugar
- 3 sticks of butter

Directions



Resetting default browser font styles

Now the font weights and sizes won't follow an arbitrary default.



Changing font sizes

The size can be set with the **font-size** property.

```
h2 {
  color: #7facaa;
  margin: 0 0 20px 0;
  text-align: center;
  font-size: 26px;
}
```

Magic Cake

the tastiest cakes the world has ever known. Fe

Pixels aren't the only size options

percentages ems



Changing font thickness

The thickness can be set with the **font-weight** property.

```
h2 {
  color: #7facaa;
  margin: 0 0 20px 0;
  text-align: center;
  font-size: 26px;
  font-weight: bold;
}
```

- Magic Cake

tastiest cakes the world has ever known.
nese are their stories.

Weight values

normal lighter bold bolder 100, 200... 900



Changing other font properties

Here's a few other font properties:

```
.footer p {
  color: #aaaaaa;
  text-align: center;
  font-weight: bold;
  font-size: 12px;
  font-style: italic;
  text-transform: uppercase;
}
```

BEFORE

© 2014 - Recipe World

AFTER

© 2014 - RECIPE WORLD

```
<div class="footer">
    &copy; 2014 - Recipe World
</div>
</div>
snazzy way to show a copyright symbol
```



Adjusting the line height

line-height is like margin for each line in a box.

You can adjust the vertical spacing between different text tags by changing the margin.

margin

Margin can't adjust the spacing between lines in a single box.

Magic Cake is one of the tastiest cakes the worldwidth lived to tell about it, and these are their stories.

We also need to stress that whatever happens is your responsibility. You've been warned, and information.



Adjusting the line height

line-height is like margin for each line in a box.

```
.main-content p {
  line-height: 16px;
}
```

Magic Cake is one of the tastiest cakes lived to tell about it, and these are their

We also need to stress that whatever his your responsibility. You've been war information.

```
.main-content p {
  line-height: 26px;
}
```

Magic Cake is one of the tastiest cakes lived to tell about it, and these are their

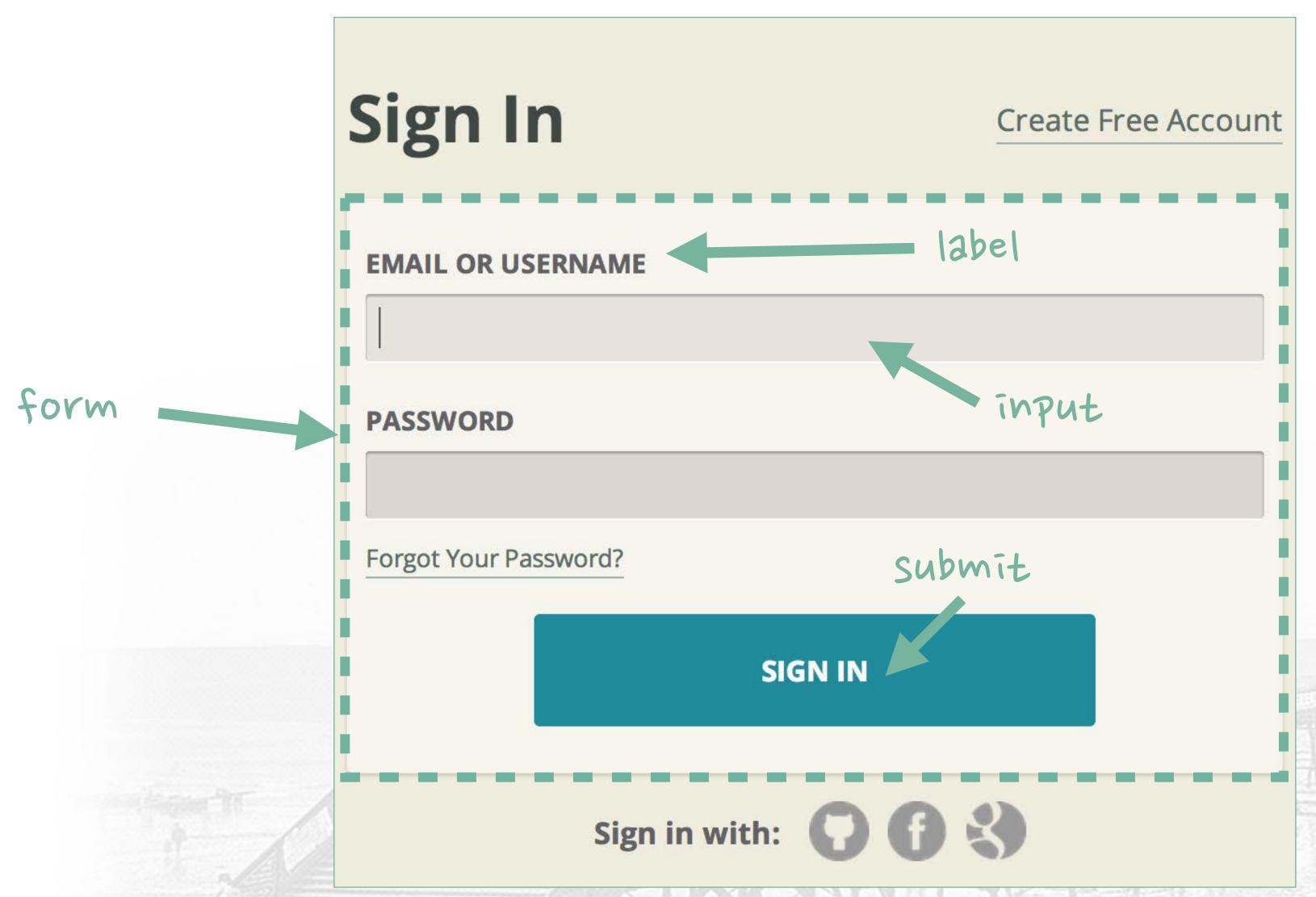
We also need to stress that whatever his your responsibility. You've been war information.





Web Forms

Forms are a way for a web page to get input from a user.



Forms usually contain things like labels, inputs of several different types, text areas, and a submit button.

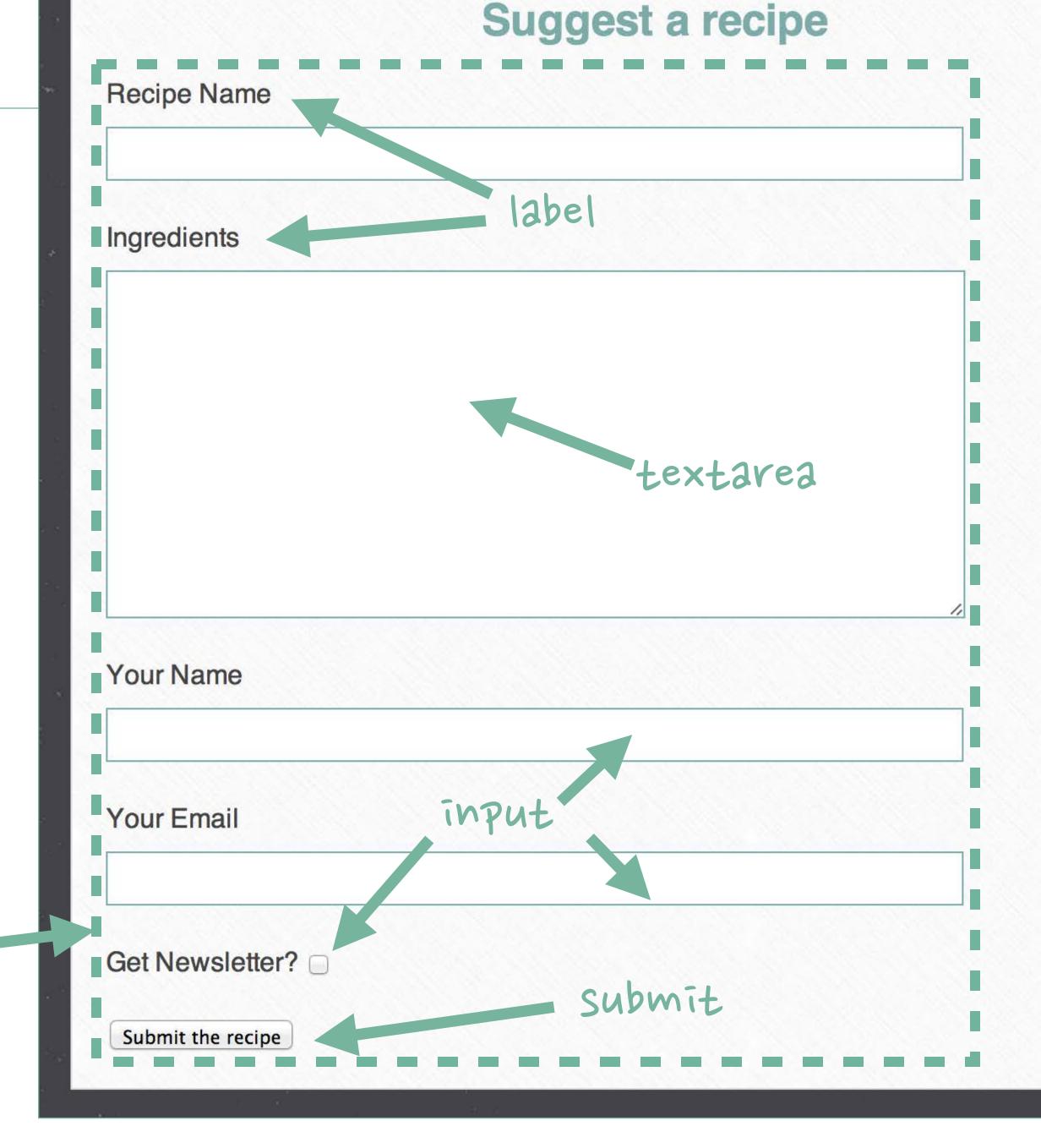


Recipe World's form

Disclaimer

Making forms actually process user input requires server-side code.

We can still design how the form will look in the browser now.



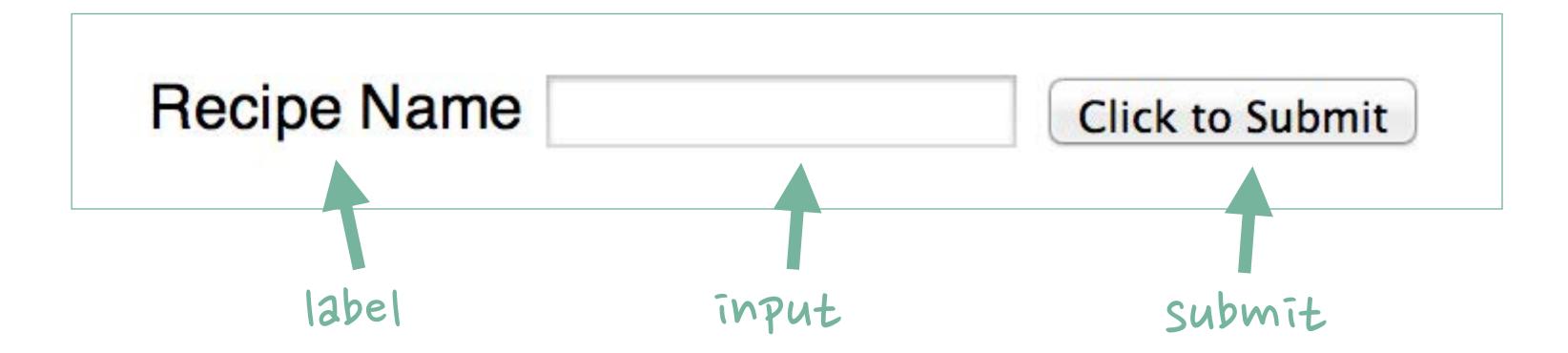


The HTML for a simple form

This HTML will produce the form shown below (but some extra attributes would needed to send the form data to the server).

```
suggest.html

<form>
     <label>Recipe Name</label>
     <input type="text">
          <input type="submit" value="Click to Submit">
          </form>
```





Common form input types

The type attribute sets the kind of input field that will display.

```
<input type="text">
<input type="checkbox">
   <input type="radio">
    <input type="file">
<input type="password">
  <input type="submit">
```

```
User-typed text
             No file chosen
Choose File
 Submit
```



The for and id attributes

The value of the **for** attribute in the label should be the same as the value of the **id** attribute in an input field to associate the label and input.

Each for/id pair has to be unique on the page.

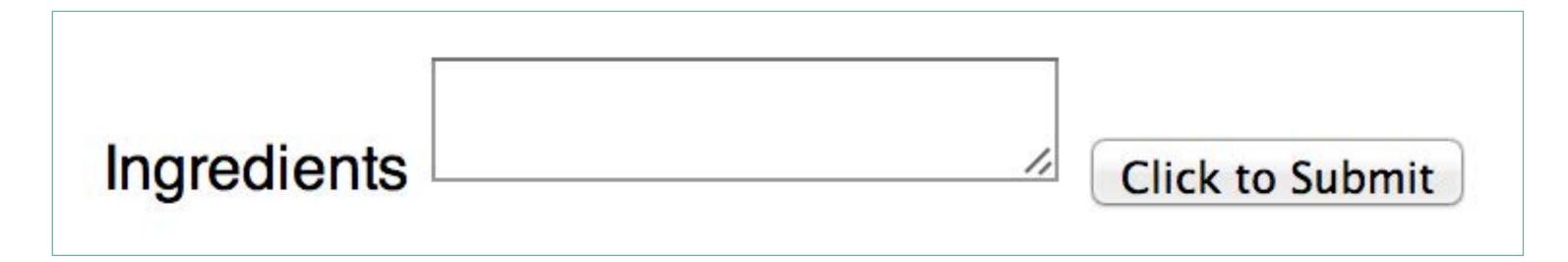
Recipe Name Click to Submit



Using a textarea instead of an input

input tags should be used for short or single-line user input.

The textarea tag is used for multi-line user input.

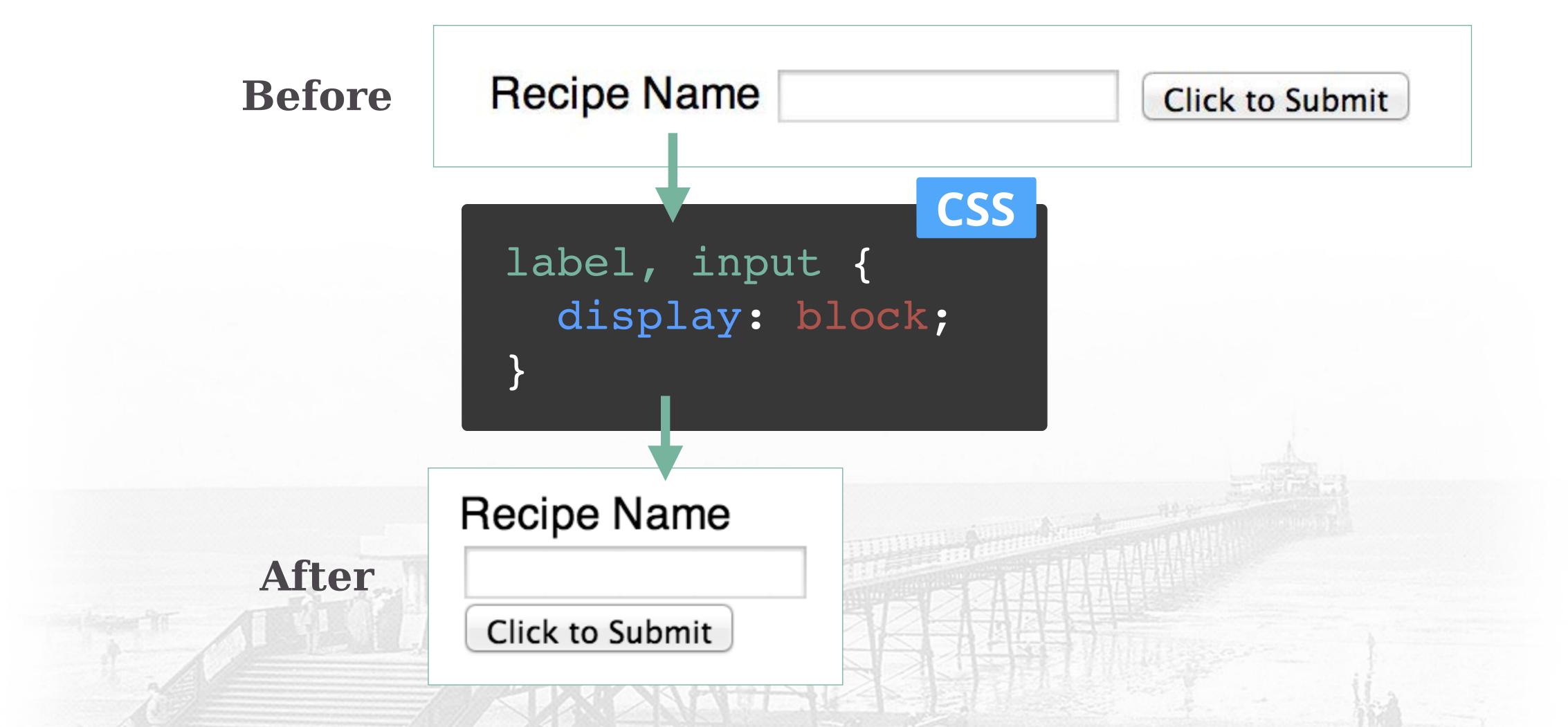


Unlike inputs, textareas need an opening and closing tag.



Styling forms

labels and **input**s are inline-level tags, but it usually makes sense to display one on top of the other like block-level instead of side-by-side.





Styling forms

Once you've got both tags displaying as block-level, you can style them just like you would any other block-level tag.

```
CSS
label, input {
  display: block;
label {
 margin-bottom: 10px;
input {
  width: 500px;
  margin-bottom: 25px;
```

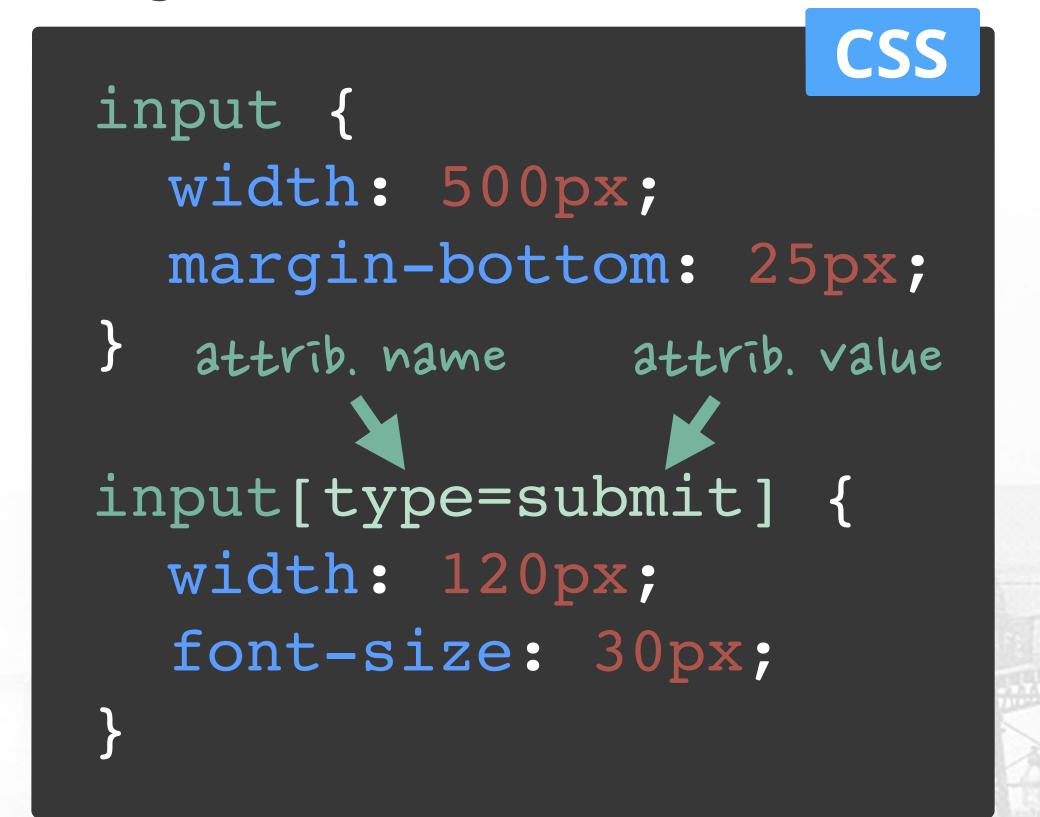
Recipe Name	
Your Name	
Your Email	
Click to Submit	



Styling the submit button separately

Since the submit button is technically an input tag, our input selector properties are affecting the way it is displayed.

Attribute selectors are a way to style a tag based on one of its attributes.



Before

Your Email		
	Click to Submit	

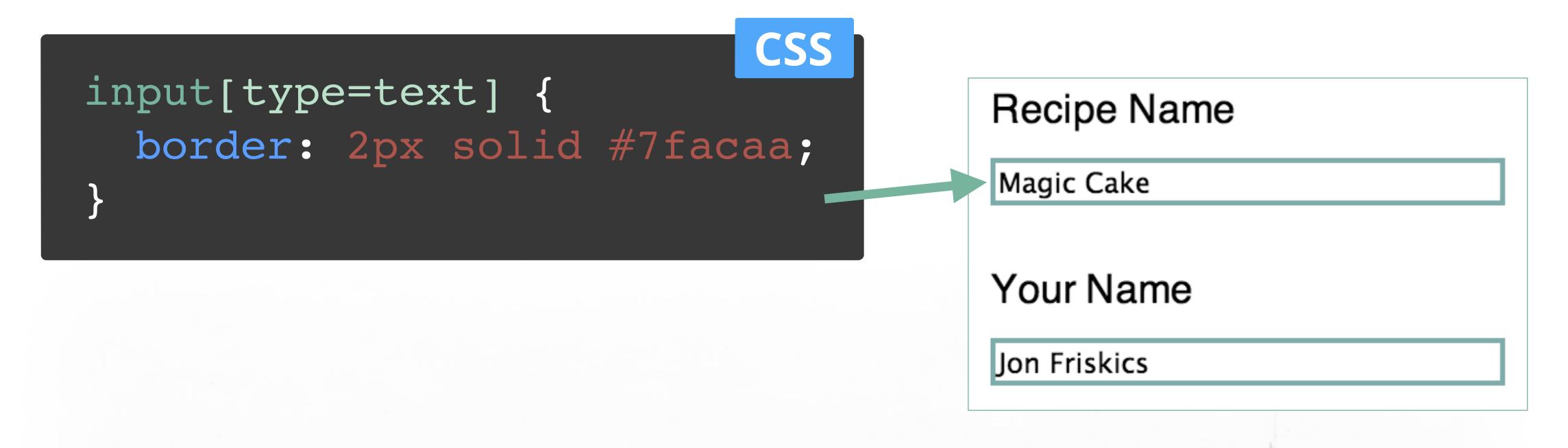
After

Your Email	
Click to Submit	



Styling inputs

The container around an input is actually just a border, so you can style it with the **border** property.





Styling inputs

To adjust the height of the input, style the text inside.

```
input[type=text] {
  border: 2px solid #7facaa;
  font-size: 24px;
}
```

Recipe Name

Magic Cake

Your Name

Jon Friskics



Styling inputs

And, since the green line is a border, use padding to put some space between the border and the text.

```
input[type=text] {
  border: 2px solid #7facaa;
  font-size: 24px;
  padding: 7px;
}
```

Recipe Name

Magic Cake

Your Name

Jon Friskics



Styling textareas

You can set a width and height for **textareas**, but otherwise the styles behave similar to regular inputs.

```
CSS
                                  Ingredients
textarea {
  width: 500px;
  height: 400px;
  padding: 7px;
  border: 2px solid #7facaa;
  margin-bottom: 25px;
  font-size: 24px;
```



Creating a separate style for a checkbox input

It looks awkward if the newsletter **label** and **input** are on separate lines since the checkbox is so small, so we can use attribute selectors again to make just this input and label display inline.

```
HTML
                                                      Before
<form>
 <label for="newsletter">Get Newsletter?
                                                       Get Newsletter?
 <input type="checkbox" id="newsletter">
</form>
                                            CSS
                                                      After
input[type=checkbox], label[for=newsletter] {
                                                   Get Newsletter?
  display: inline;
```

The final form

