Statistical_inference_2

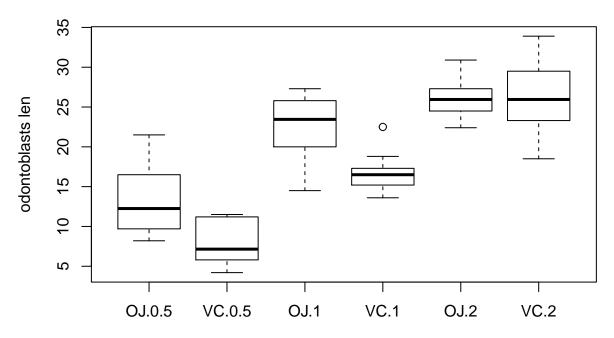
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Using ToothGrowth data and compare odontoblasts growth by supp and dose

Basic summary

```
#Import data
data(ToothGrowth)
#Visualize data
head(ToothGrowth)
     len supp dose
          VC 0.5
## 1 4.2
## 2 11.5
          VC 0.5
## 3 7.3 VC 0.5
## 4 5.8 VC 0.5
## 5 6.4
          VC 0.5
## 6 10.0
          VC 0.5
#change dose to factor
ToothGrowth$dose=factor(ToothGrowth$dose)
#Basic summary
summary(ToothGrowth)
##
        len
                  supp
                           dose
## Min. : 4.20 OJ:30
                          0.5:20
## 1st Qu.:13.07 VC:30 1 :20
                          2 :20
## Median :19.25
## Mean :18.81
## 3rd Qu.:25.27
## Max. :33.90
#Plot visulaization
boxplot(len ~ supp + dose, data=ToothGrowth,ylab='odontoblasts len',main='odontoblasts len vs supplemen
```

odontoblasts len vs supplement and dosage



Guess

- Vitamine C could facilite the growth of odontoblasts.
- Low and medium dose (0.5 and 1 mg/day) of VC supplied with orange juice seems to favor the odontoblasts growth of guinea pigs compared with ascorbic acid.
- For high dose (2 mg/day), the effect of orange juice and ascorbic acid seems to be same.

1. Effect of supplement and dosage

Assume that variance in each condition are the same. The Two-way ANOVA is adopted to see the effect of both supply and dosage.

The NULL hypothesis HO:

- 1. The population means of len in OJ and VC (supp) are the same.
- 2. The population means of len in 0.5, 1 and 2 (dose) are the same.
- 3. There is no interaction between the two factors (supp and dose).

```
#Two-way ANOVA
two_way=aov(len ~ supp*dose,data=ToothGrowth)
summary(two_way)
```

```
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                            Pr(>F)
## supp
                   205.4
                           205.4 15.572 0.000231 ***
                          1213.2 92.000 < 2e-16 ***
## dose
                2 2426.4
                2
                   108.3
                            54.2
                                   4.107 0.021860 *
## supp:dose
## Residuals
               54
                   712.1
                             13.2
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

Result reject all items in NULL hypothesis H0 in the 95% confidient intervals. Which indicate that:

- 1. The supply affects the odontoblasts growth (P-value = 0.000231)
- 2. The dose affects the odontoblasts growth (P-value < 2e-16)
- 3. There is interaction between OJ and VC (P-value = 0.021860), which means that the supply may affect the Vitamine C functioning on the pig.

We will further test effect within each group using the Two-way ANOVA Tukey post-hoc test to test the mean value between differnt groups.

2. Effect on the odontoblasts growth

All the NULL hypothesis H0 is the mean value is same.

```
#Two-way ANOVA
TukeyHSD(two_way)
```

```
##
     Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##
       95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = len ~ supp * dose, data = ToothGrowth)
##
## $supp
##
         diff
                    lwr
                              upr
                                       p adj
## VC-OJ -3.7 -5.579828 -1.820172 0.0002312
##
## $dose
##
           diff
                      lwr
                                upr
                                       p adj
## 1-0.5 9.130 6.362488 11.897512 0.0e+00
## 2-0.5 15.495 12.727488 18.262512 0.0e+00
                3.597488 9.132512 2.7e-06
## 2-1
          6.365
##
## $`supp:dose`
##
                  diff
                              lwr
                                          upr
                                                  p adj
## VC:0.5-0J:0.5 -5.25 -10.048124 -0.4518762 0.0242521
                  9.47
## 0J:1-0J:0.5
                         4.671876 14.2681238 0.0000046
## VC:1-0J:0.5
                        -1.258124 8.3381238 0.2640208
                  3.54
## OJ:2-OJ:0.5
                         8.031876 17.6281238 0.0000000
                 12.83
## VC:2-0J:0.5
                 12.91
                         8.111876 17.7081238 0.0000000
## OJ:1-VC:0.5
                 14.72
                         9.921876 19.5181238 0.0000000
## VC:1-VC:0.5
                  8.79
                         3.991876 13.5881238 0.0000210
## OJ:2-VC:0.5
                        13.281876 22.8781238 0.0000000
                 18.08
## VC:2-VC:0.5
                 18.16
                        13.361876 22.9581238 0.0000000
## VC:1-OJ:1
                 -5.93 -10.728124 -1.1318762 0.0073930
## OJ:2-OJ:1
                  3.36
                        -1.438124 8.1581238 0.3187361
## VC:2-0J:1
                  3.44
                        -1.358124 8.2381238 0.2936430
## OJ:2-VC:1
                  9.29
                         4.491876 14.0881238 0.0000069
## VC:2-VC:1
                  9.37
                         4.571876 14.1681238 0.0000058
## VC:2-0J:2
                  0.08 -4.718124 4.8781238 1.0000000
```

- In the \$supp test, the NULL hypothesis HO is rejected (adj P-value < 0.0002312), indicating the effects for the VC and OJ is statistically different, with mean value of odontoblasts length 3.7 longer in OJ treatment.
- In the \$dose test, the NULL hypothesis HO is rejected in all the dosase comparement (adj P-value = 2.7e-06 or 0), indicating the positive effect of Vitamine C on the growth of odontoblasts, and the effect is most obvious between dosage 1 and 0.5
- In the \$supp:dose test, only in following gropus no significant difference is found (95% confidence interval):

```
    VC:1-OJ:0.5 (adj P-value = 0.2640208)
    OJ:2-OJ:1 (adj P-value = 0.3187361)
    VC:2-OJ:1 (adj P-value = 0.2936430)
    VC:2-OJ:2 (adj P-value = 1)
```

The effect of Vitamine C tend to be satured for the growth of odontoblasts at dosage of 2 mg/day. All the guesses have been proved.