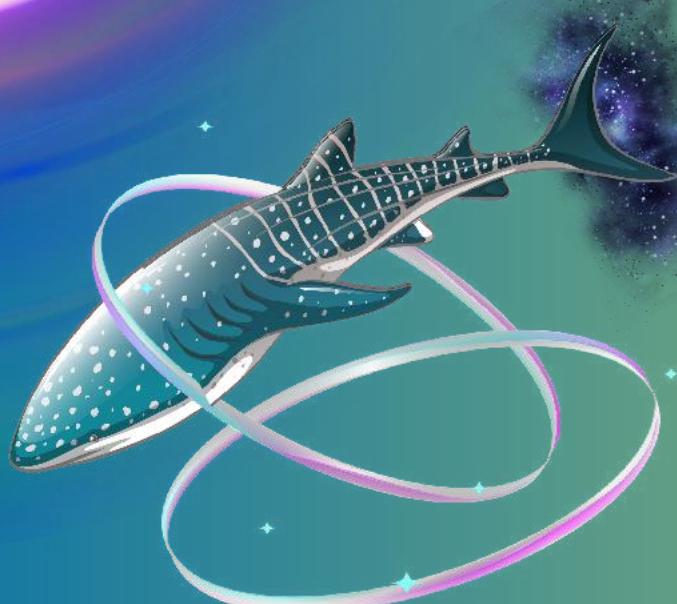




FREECREATORS

Powered by token \$FCT
Free Compound Interest

Help users multiply their wealth
through compound interest



White Paper Version 1.0

Foreword

Judging from the current development trend, the general equivalent currency that measures people's wealth is being digitized faster and faster, which will mean that people's wealth assets will be fully digitized in the foreseeable future, and the process of asset digitization will be the next few decades' greatest opportunity. Based on the underlying technical characteristics of the blockchain, it is an encrypted digital currency with a safe and reliable decentralized trust mechanism, efficient and stable system performance, and has excellent properties of wealth asset representation. In the evolution of the consensus mechanism of encrypted digital currency, a wide variety of encrypted digital currency types have been derived, as well as encrypted digital currency assets based on different types of consensus mechanisms, and various types of value-added income. How to simply and efficiently graft financial services in the trend of asset digitization has become a new blue ocean of blockchain technology.

The current blockchain digital currency market lacks financial infrastructure, and the traditional financial system simply cannot provide fair services to the encrypted digital currency market. In the tide of Web3.0, FREECREATORS hopes to build a new financial system that is simple, complete, convenient and interesting, and can operate across chains, injecting new vitality into the encrypted world and bringing participants a unique income experience. In addition, we will also start from the field of encrypted digital currency financial services to gradually empower the financial industry and the real economy.

Specifically, the service direction of FREECREATORS includes the following three points:

1. Through the advanced FP protocol (Freecreators protocol), users can enjoy a unique income experience with a sustainable fixed compound interest model.
2. Build decentralized financial Web3.0 to allow more users to enter the field of digital assets.
3. Improve the application scenarios of digital assets and realize more digital asset financial services.
4. Empower the economic ecology through blockchain technology, and realize the upgrading and empowerment of DeFi to the financial industry.





PART ONE 01

Project Background

Background

1.1 About Market

The financial industry is an ancient industry, but it is by no means a backward industry. On the contrary, finance must be an industry that keeps pace with the times. It is based on this that technology is an important driving factor for the development of contemporary finance, which can be listed as the three pillars alongside the system and practice. Any restrictions through the system and constraints on innovation are contrary to the most essential original intention of this industry. Therefore, finance must be an industry with technology genes. The development of finance must eventually point to inclusive finance, and digital technology itself expands the coverage of services on this basis. After the booming market, one of the major issues we need to solve is how to more effectively supervise digital finance and prevent the social, spillover and lethal destructiveness of possible risks.

The emergence of encrypted digital currency shows that digitalization has brought the possibility of reconstruction to the boundaries of financial industry chains and financial organizations. Although different governments have different attitudes towards digital currency, the general trend is that the traditional financial industry is more and more accepting of encrypted digital currency: many financial organizations or large companies have launched encrypted digital currency, and the central banks of some countries. It is also considering launching its own digital currency. However, as a new thing, the lack of financial infrastructure of digital currency has begun to force the market to change.

At present, in the blockchain and digital currency market, there is a lack of a basic financial intermediary. This financial intermediary can provide basic financial services for different blockchain projects, so that the digital currencies of different projects can be circulated, thereby solve the above problems. In our real economy, commercial banks have assumed such a responsibility.

1. Credit intermediary

This is the most basic function of a commercial bank, and it can best reflect the characteristics of its business activities. It concentrates idle funds in the society in banks through debt business, and then invests itself in various economic sectors through asset business, realizing multi-level adjustment of economic activities.

2. Payment intermediary

This is the most basic function of a commercial bank, and it can best reflect the characteristics of its business activities. It concentrates idle funds in the society in banks through debt business, and then invests itself in various economic sectors through asset business, realizing multi-level adjustment of economic activities.

3. Financial Services

With the development of the economy, the connections between various economic units are becoming more and more frequent and complex, the competition among financial institutions is becoming more and more intense, and people's requirements for wealth management are getting higher and higher.



4. Credit creation

This function is generated on the basis of credit and payment intermediary. Commercial banks use the deposits they absorb to issue loans, and on the basis of check circulation and transfer settlement, the loans are converted into derivative deposits, which to a certain extent has increased several times the original amount. Derivative funds from deposits, which greatly improves the momentum of commercial banks to serve economic development.

However, there are obvious differences between the blockchain economy and the real economy: the currency in real circulation is legal tender, and it is the currency that the state entrusts to it for compulsory circulation in the form of law. In the field of blockchain, different projects have different digital currencies, which cannot be circulated with each other, which brings huge obstacles to the application of digital assets. The field of digital assets obviously needs a digital banking center to undertake such responsibilities..



1.2 Decentralized Finance

The various problems or risks existing in centralized finance are due to the intensification of the monopoly of the industry and the internal management of the practitioners. Under the conditions of traditional information technology, the organizational relationship between people cannot be changed. The financial industry is precisely an industry that relies heavily on interpersonal relationships. When it develops to the extreme, it will inevitably put forward new requirements for the organizational structure. The inefficiency and information opacity brought by the centralized structure of the traditional organizational structure are the biggest obstacles. Blockchain technology is the result of the objective change brought about by the deepening of the contradictions of the traditional value distribution system and the inability to provide more support for productivity.

In 2018, the concept of DeFi was born. The full name of DeFi is Decentralized Finance, which is "decentralized finance" or "distributed finance". "Decentralized finance" is opposite to traditional centralized finance. It refers to the application of various financial fields established in an open decentralized network. The goal is to establish a multi-level financial system, with blockchain technology and cryptocurrency as the foundation, re-creating and improving the existing financial system.

	Traditional finance	Fintech	DeFi
Currency Issuance	Central Bank	—	POW or POS+
Payment & Transaction	Cash	Electronic cash + centralized network	Digital Currency + Decentralized Network
Loan	Bank	Internet financial platform	Digital currency P2P lending platform
Asset Transaction	Exchanges (such as Nasdaq)	Online changes to traditional exchanges	Decentralized on-chain exchange
Investment and Financing	Banks, investment institutions, etc.	Innovative equity and debt platform	Tokenization of financial products (such as IZO)

(Comparison of different financial services in the era of traditional finance/Fintech/DeFi)

In terms of market value, after this stage of DeFi explosion, the total market value of the DeFi market has exceeded 250 billion US dollars. The outbreak of DeFi fully demonstrates that the open and transparent decentralized financial model based on blockchain has great potential for development and will play an important role in the future development of the industry.

1.3 Outbreak Rise of DeFi

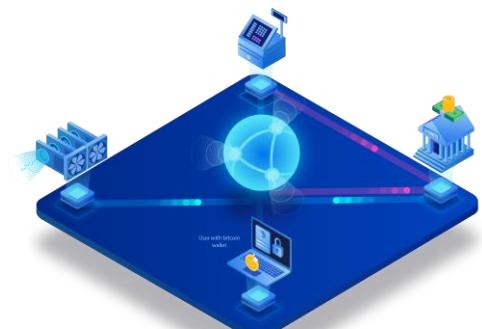
DeFi excels in stablecoins, oracles, decentralized ecosystem DEX, mortgage lending protocols, and liquidity mining, and NFT, as an important landing scenario for DeFi, will bring benefits to the decentralized encrypted digital currency financial system. new change. Entering 2021, NFT broke out again, which also allowed the market to see a new outlet effect.

In August 2018, Brendan Forster, co-founder and chief operating officer of Dharma Labs, announced the development of DeFi (Decentralized Finance, mostly translated as decentralized finance or open finance) in an article "Announcing De.Fi.A Community for Decentralized Finance Platforms". birth.

Benefiting from the continuous improvement of the blockchain industry ecology after 2019, the industry has expanded the connotation and extension of DeFi: the movement of using open source software and decentralized networks to transform traditional financial products into trustless and transparent protocols. DeFi has undergone a transition from "serving the financial industry" to "revolutionizing the financial industry".

Since 2020, DeFi has exploded again, and DeFi has become very popular. Encrypted digital asset derivatives are the key development direction of blockchain technology applications. The excellent market performance of leading projects has made "DeFi" more popular.

With the maturity of DeFi and the iteration of blockchain technology, DeFi will play more and more important roles, and even the financial system that will dominate the future "code world" is unknown. In the long run, the time dimension is longer, and the code is more reliable than human nature, especially in the field of encryption, it is an inevitable choice to reach a consensus through technical means and build trust more efficiently.



1.4 The Prosperous Trend of NFT

The full name of NFT is Non-Fungible Token, which is translated into Chinese as: non-fungible token, which can also be said to be "irreplaceable token". Stored on the distributed ledger of the blockchain.

NFTs are not interchangeable. Each NFT is unique and different from the same type of NFT. All NFT data is issued in the form of smart contracts and stored on the blockchain. Each token has fixed information and cannot be divided into smaller denominations. The main function is as a digital title certificate for a unique asset. A smart contract can issue one or more NFT assets, which can be physical assets such as tickets and collectibles, or virtual assets such as blind music, text, video, game props, or even a string of codes.

Since 2021, the price of NFT works has risen. In March, Twitter CEO Jack Dorsey announced the sale of a tweet he posted 15 years ago. In just a few days, the five-word tweet was bid up to \$2.5 million. The most incredible NFT collection is a work called "Loot". Its primary form is even just a short line of code, or a few characters on a black background, and the asking price can be as high as one million yuan.

According to Oklink's statistics from October 20th to October 26th, 2021, the most active transactions of collectible NFTs, the transaction volume on the 7th exceeded 240 million US dollars, accounting for 92.31% of the total, of which the CryptoPunk project transaction volume ranked first First.

NFT is emerging, but it has become an unstoppable trend sweeping the metaverse.





PART TWO 02

Project Introduction

Introduction

2.1 Birth of FREECREATORS

The Freecreators Protocol (FP) protocol is the world's first free compound interest wealth management project Fang Zhongyan's blockbuster entry into the DeFi+Web3.0+NFT field, allowing every free investor to automatically obtain investment returns, enjoy 2.08% per day, fixed APY183,394.2% return.

FREECREATORS provides decentralized financial assets that reward users with a sustainable fixed compound interest model by using its unique FP protocol.

The FREECREATORS Auto-Staking Protocol is a new financial protocol that makes staking easier, more efficient, and provides the highest crypto-stable returns for \$FREECREATORS token holders.

FREECREATORS is a company dedicated to developing innovative finance. FREECREATORS is a decentralized financial asset developed by the company that rewards users with a sustainable fixed compound interest model by using its unique FP protocol.

Offering the highest fixed annual return in the industry of APY183,394.2%, FREECREATORS is a new financial protocol that makes compounding easier, which will automatically help users' accounts compound every 15 minutes with a 2.08% daily yield. Grow your portfolio in users' wallets at lightning speed.



2.2 Services provided by FREECREATORS

The FREECREATORS technical team focuses on innovation to create benefits and value for FREECREATORS token holders. Our FP protocol for FREECREATORS tokens provides special benefits to holders of \$FREECREATORS.

Low Risk of FREECREATORS Freedom Fund - A percentage of all transaction fees are stored in the FREECREATORS Freedom Fund, which helps maintain and support staking returns by keeping prices stable and greatly reducing downside risk.

Simple and secure staking - FREECREATORS tokens are always held in your wallet, so there is no need to hand them over to a third party or centralized authority. All you need to do is buy and hold, as you automatically receive rewards in your wallet, so there is no more complicated staking process at all.

Automatically Paid Interest Earnings - You don't have to worry about having to re-stake your tokens. Interest earnings are paid automatically and compounded in your own wallet, guaranteeing you never miss a payment.

The highest fixed APY - FREECREATORS returned 183,394.2% in one year, 12 months, comparable to any project in the DeFi space to date.

Fast Payouts - The FP protocol pays every \$FCT token holder a fee every 15 minutes, making it the fastest automatic compounding protocol in cryptocurrencies.

Automatic Token Burning - A reassuring feature of the FP protocol is an automatic coin burning system called "Fire Pit" which prevents circulating supply from getting out of hand and becoming unmanageable.



2.3 How Token Staking Works

The FREECREATORS Auto-Stake feature is a simple and cutting-edge feature called Buy-Hold-Earn that provides ultimate ease of use for \$FCT holders.

Buy-Hold-Earn - By simply buying and holding \$FCT tokens in your wallet, you can earn Rebase rewards as interest payments directly into your wallet. Your tokens will increase every 15 minutes.

Using the Positive Rebase formula, FREECREATORS makes it possible to pay out token distributions proportional to Epoch Rebase rewards, worth 0.0216% per 15 minute Epoch period, or 0.0216% of the total \$FCT tokens held in your wallet. Rebase rewards are distributed to all \$FCT holders during every 15 minute rebase.

This means that \$FCT holders will earn 183,394.2% compounded annually for a year without transferring tokens from their wallets.



2.4 Market liquidity engine

Market liquidity is critical, and the corresponding liquidity generated by buying and selling \$FCT tokens on exchanges plays a crucial role in overall liquidity.

In layman's terms, think of liquidity as a large pool of funds, split 50/50 between \$FCT tokens and \$USDT tokens. There is a conversion rate set to the amount of \$FCT you can earn in USDT.

When someone buys \$FCT, the price of each \$FCT goes up and the ratio above changes at the same time. The same goes for the opposite direction of selling.

Liquidity allows anyone to buy or sell their \$FCT/\$USDT at any time, but the less money/liquidity you have in the pool, the worse the price you get, so what our \$FCT automated liquidity engine does is by Adding more liquidity to this pool itself, thus solves the problem.

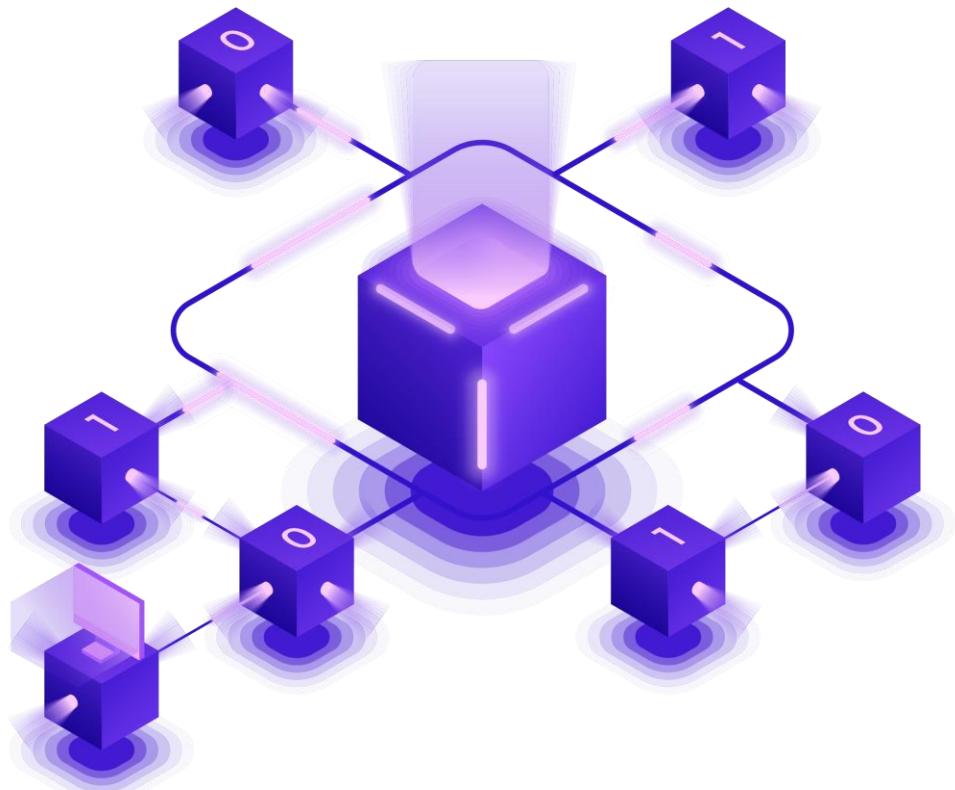


The specific solutions are as follows:

Every 48 hours, our \$FCT automatic liquidity engine will automatically inject liquidity into the market. On every buy and sell order, a 4% tax is automatically stored in the Auto-LP wallet and built into the smart contract of our protocol, this mechanism cleverly withdraws 50% of the amount of \$FCT stored in the wallet, And will automatically buy USDT at the current market price.

The remaining 50% of \$FCT in the Auto-LP wallet will be used for liquidity in \$FCT, thus giving FCT/USDT an equal 50/50 weight, which will then be automatically added to the market pair as new additional liquidity and added Liquidity in the pool.

The Auto-LP engine will do this by adding more and more liquidity to the pool every 48 hours, which will allow \$FCT token holders to easily sell their tokens at any time. It will also help maintain the stability of the protocol to ensure APY is maintained throughout the lifetime of \$FCT.



2.5 About the calculation method of APY

Calculation equation (principal + interest)

$$A = P(1 + rt)$$

in:

A = total accrual (principal + interest)

P = principal amount

I = amount of interest

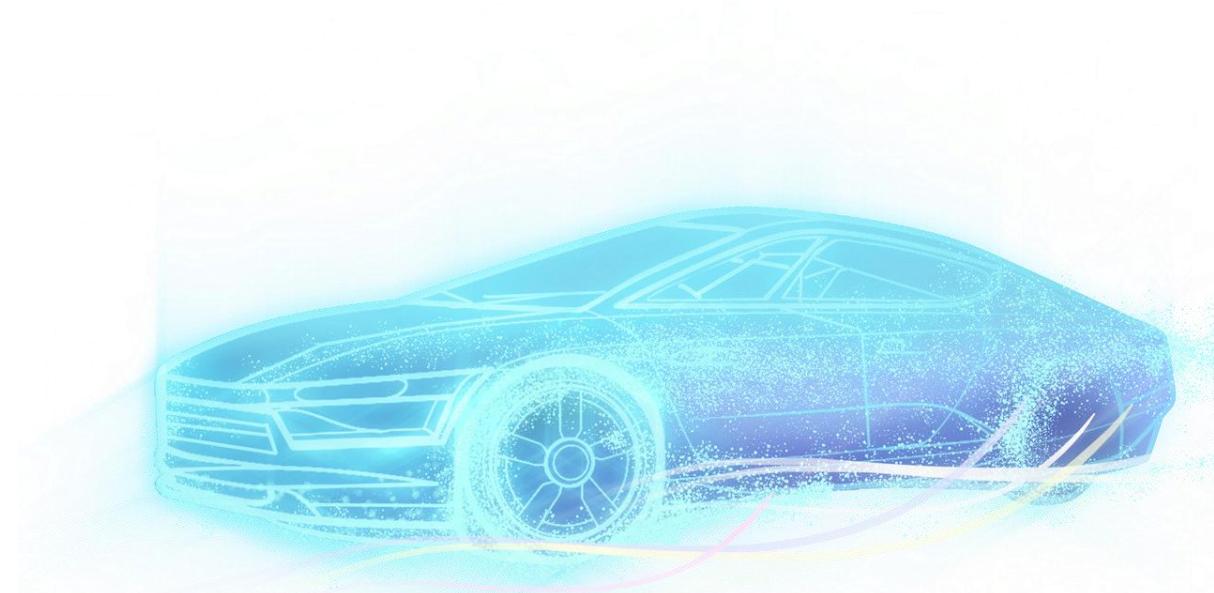
r = annual interest rate (decimal); $r = R/100$

R = interest rate percentage per year; $R = r * 100$

t = time period involving months or years

According to the basic formula, $A = P(1 + rt)$ is derived from $A = P + I$ because $I = Prt$ then $A = P + I$ becomes $A = P + Prt$ which can be rewritten as $A = P(1 + rt)$

Note that rate r and time t should be in the same time unit, such as months or years. The time conversion based on days of 365 days/year has 30.4167 days/month and 91.2501 days/quarter. 360 days/year has 30 days/month and 90 days/quarter.



A = final investment value, using a simple interest formula: $A = P(1 + rt)$ where P is the principal amount invested at $R\%$ per period over t time periods. where r is in decimal form; $r=R/100$; r and t are in the same time unit.

The accrued amount for an investment is the original principal P plus the accumulated return, $I = Prt$, so we have:



$$A = P + I = P + (Prt), \text{ and finally } A = P(1 + rt)$$

To calculate the total amount accrued (principal + interest), solve for A

$$A = P(1 + rt)$$

Calculate the principal, solve for P

$$P = A / (1 + rt)$$

To calculate the interest rate in decimal, solve for r

$$r = (1/t)(A/P - 1)$$

Interest rate as a percentage

$$R = r * 100$$

Computation time, solving for t

$$t = (1/r)(A/P - 1)$$

example:

$$P = (\text{Principal} + \text{Interest}) = \$1,000$$

$$A = (\text{total accruals}) = \$180399.29$$



PART THREE 03

Technical Realization

Technical Realization

3.1 Infrastructure

In essence, the blockchain is a distributed database with writing rules, and the consistency of the database is guaranteed under certain conditions. Decentralization is the biggest feature of blockchain, which removes the competitive advantage of centralized central nodes. Each node is a relatively neutral existence, the connection between nodes is not completed through a specific node, and all nodes can store and update data on the system, thereby realizing openness. A simple understanding is that the data of the blockchain is decentralized and stored on many nodes in the network. The traditional data storage method exists on one or several large nodes in the network.

Decentralization can achieve the following benefits:

1. Solve the problem of fault tolerance

Decentralized systems are less likely to stop working due to a local, unexpected failure because they rely on many components that work independently, making them more fault tolerant.

2. Anti-attack

The cost of attacking and destroying a decentralized system is higher than that of a centralized system. Attacking the center will paralyze the entire system, while in a decentralized system, attacking any node will not affect the entire system.

3. Collusion resistance

It is difficult for the participants of a decentralized system to collude with each other. Each node is parallel, there is no relationship between superiors and subordinates, masters and slaves, and they are all equal. The leadership of centralized traditional enterprises and governments often collude with each other for their own interests, in a way that harms the interests of customers, employees and the public.

3.2 The Underlying Architecture System: Web3.0 Big Data

While ensuring top-level service system services such as user storage and payment systems, the platform will continue to build a big data system, user trust system and risk control system. Through the continuous optimization of the three underlying systems, we will continue to provide users with safe, convenient and efficient services.

FREECREATORS will collect user data through user behavior and store it in the database for big data analysis and real-time analysis of streaming data. Through the analysis of data, it guides the ecosystem to carry out risk control and market operation and maintenance management.



1. Data acquisition layer

Collect user behavior data, including browsing behavior, click behavior, transaction behavior, evaluation behavior, etc., establish data warehouse and streaming data, and provide data support for platform decision-making.

2. Data analysis layer

The data warehouse will store a large amount of user information and historical data for in-depth analysis; streaming data can be monitored in real time on the premise that user privacy will not be violated.

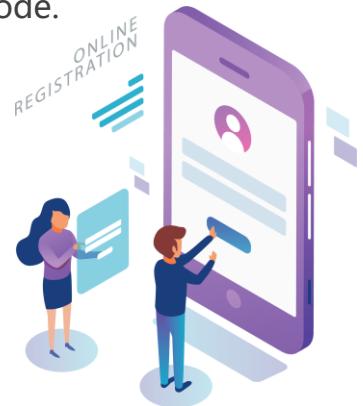
3. Data application layer

The results of analyzing a large number of data sets can be used in the following three directions: risk control applications, marketing applications and operation and maintenance management.

3.3 Turing complete virtual machine

The virtual machine of FREECREATORS is the core of the smart contract platform. Smart contracts are executed automatically by a high percentage of network nodes. Smart contracts can be used to process information between contracts, create financial transactions, and change the state stored in contracts. The virtual machine operation code is compatible with the Ethereum virtual machine, making the public chain contract perfectly compatible with the platform. In the first version, the virtual machine was executed through interpretation.

In the next version, the opcode will be dynamically redirected to be compatible with the virtual machine using Java bytecode, and security and memory constraints will be strengthened to form a new version of the virtual machine. This will bring virtual execution performance close to native code.



3.4 Fast Payments and Low Latency Network

FREECREATORS aims to build a better payment network. To achieve fast payments, several approaches have been developed:

- Use a competing blockchain (e.g. Hyperledger, Ripple, closed-loop)
- Use a hub-and-spoke network (like Bitcoin's Lightning Network)
- Fast blocks with high proof of work (high POW block rates)

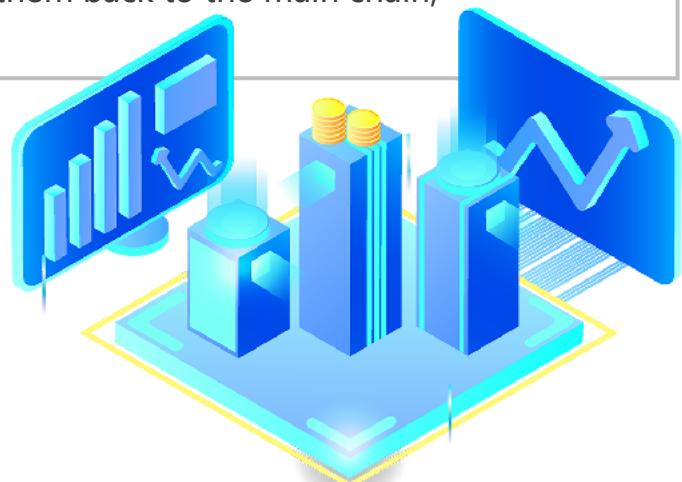
FREECREATORS complies with DECOR+ and FastBlock5 protocols, which can achieve an average block time of 10 seconds and will not lead to mining centralization, which is a free and autonomous mining and incentive policy.

3.5 Computing Sidechains

In FREECREATORS, the Computational Side Chain (CSC) has a DSC-like structure, also linked by hash, and also contains block headers, transaction sets, FREECREATORS network contracts and data distribution. Transactions still use the Merkle tree structure. The client sends a computational request to the network, and the request propagates through the network. Each miner uses a Computational Sidechain (CSC) to acquire tasks. When a task is completed, the working miner sends an acknowledgement to the Computational Sidechain (CSC) to update the task status and receive a reward.

Solvers and verifiers in the Computational Sidechain (CSC) will load code and data into the Virtual Machine (DVM) and execute the code in the FREECREATORS Virtual Machine (DVM), which includes parallel computing tasks and verification tasks. Miners of Computational Sidechains (CSC) need:

- ✓ Check the format of the block;
- ✓ Check the deduction, the deposit is valid;
- ✓ Check that task-related data and codes are valid;
- ✓ Validate any results if needed;
- ✓ Read/write data from CSC if needed;
- ✓ Aggregate transactions and send them back to the main chain;



3.6 Ring Signature Technology

Ring signature refers to hiding the public key that owns the private key among n public keys. The specific application is to hide the transaction sender (address/public key) on the blockchain.

A ring signature is a digital signature that can be executed by any member of each user who owns the key group. Therefore, a message signed with a ring signature is signed by someone in a specific group, but it is impossible to deduce which member completed the signature.



3.7 Push Loss Transfer Protocol (PMT)

Considering that each node stores the hash of the transaction, and the nodes will inform each other about these transactions, and the miners will immediately package the lost transactions in their own memory pools into blocks. This makes it unnecessary to require secondary communication to replenish lost transactions. Sending lost transactions before nodes ask for them to be resent is the third phase of the protocol.

3.8 Delayed Transmission Transaction Heuristic (DTI)

A miner will only package transactions that he has received a few seconds ago. This guarantees with high probability that the transaction will be received by the miner before the block is mined. Considering delayed transactions are preferred by miners as this reduces block verification time and also reduces the chance of competing blocks. It is not required in the case of the optimized combination of Mining on Unverified Blocks Heuristic (MUB) (Mining on Unverified Blocks Heuristic).



PART FOUR 04

Technical Team

Technical Team

Most of the technical team members of FREECREATORS are from the originator of Free Compound Interest - Zhongyan Free Compound Interest Team. The FP protocol is audited by the Cretik team, and the contract code developed by the world-renowned security team ensures the security of the contract in all aspects and dimensions.

Among them, CertiK, the technical supporter of FREECREATORS, was established in January 2018 and is located in the United States of North America, a smart contract and blockchain ecological security service provider. The main application scenario of the institution's technology is in the field of decentralized finance. It reviews the smart contracts in the project in real time through its own anti-hacking system. If there are loopholes, it updates the blockchain security protocol, actively identifies suspicious transactions and protects user funds. .



Some members of FREECREATORS' global technical team introduce:

Justin Drake - Formerly at IBM Computer Research Center. Through the paper "New Directions of Cryptography", he was exposed to digital cryptography, and verified the feasibility of distributed ledger through asymmetric encryption, elliptic curve algorithm and other means. At the same time, he is proficient in the principles and implementation of mainstream blockchain technologies such as Bitcoin, Ethereum, and HyperLedger, and has a deep understanding and rich practice in blockchain consensus mechanism, smart contracts, cross-chain technology, side-chain technology, and privacy protection.

Algernon —— Formerly a famous blockchain software development engineer, responsible for the cross-platform transplantation of mining algorithms for virtual currencies such as Bitcoin and ETH, and the development and management of mining machine software. Algernon has accumulated rich industrial experience in the technical architecture of virtual digital currency wallets and virtual digital exchanges.

Chapman - MS and PhD in Electrical Engineering and Computer Science from Columbia University. His research involves data mining, e-commerce data and algorithm optimization. Chapman is responsible for the construction and optimization of the project's artificial intelligence algorithm.

Rodriguez - Ph.D., Postdoc in Computer Science, Yale University. 10 years of data storage R&D experience. He has served as the chief scientist of several big data companies successively. He is an expert in business intelligence systems and has authoritative influence in data mining. He has founded his own big data research company and is responsible for project architecture and program design.

Ben Jones - Bachelor of Finance from University of Toronto, Canada, worked for Hongshang Asset Management Co., Ltd. Focus on industry research and business analysis. In-depth research and unique insights into business operation models. Possess professional financial knowledge and complete experience.

Giles - technical developer, master of computer science from Harvard University, Python language expert, blockchain technology engineer. His research involves data mining, artificial intelligence and algorithm optimization. Responsible for the construction and optimization of artificial intelligence algorithms for the project.

Hubery - Program developer, senior engineer of blockchain technology application, with senior development experience in the field of private social networks. With 15 years of experience in the Internet industry, proficient in multiple computer languages, good at massive high-concurrency available architecture design, and rich experience in R&D management.





PART FIVE 05

Economic Model

Economic Model



5.1 Token Information

FCT: Trading, Dividend Token

FCT001: Airdrop lock (recommended relationship lock)

FCNFT: Super partners will automatically get NFT medals, and no new ones will be added after IDO ends

5.2 Token Economics

\$FCT tokens will be issued in unlimited quantities, with a daily dividend of 2.08% in local currency, and dividends will be distributed every 15 minutes, with continuous compound interest doubling.

\$FCT enjoys the right to mint, 2.08% of the tokens are automatically minted every day, and the FP contract automatically performs the minting operation. FCT001 is a token that locks the referral relationship and has no value. During the IDO period, each IDO user who successfully participates can get 200 FCT001 tokens. Coins, airdrop a new address with 100 FCT001 tokens to successfully bind the referral relationship.

Become a super partner and receive 10,000 FCT001 tokens. After the IDO is over, you can exchange \$FCT for FCT001 at a ratio of 1:10 on the website.

FCNFT is the certificate of the super partner, and it will not be added after the IDO ends.

5.3 Token Mechanism

The \$FCT token fee distribution mechanism is as follows:

Buying fee 15% (12th Generation Dividend)

- ✓ 1st generation 5% ✓ 7th generation 0.5%
- ✓ 2nd generation 3% ✓ 8th generation 0.5%
- ✓ 3rd generation 2% ✓ 9th generation 0.5%
- ✓ 4th generation 1% ✓ 10th generation 0.5%
- ✓ 5th generation 0.5% ✓ 11th generation 0.5%
- ✓ 6th generation 0.5% ✓ 12th generation 0.5%



The \$FCT tokens obtained by participating in IDO need to be received in the wallet to automatically receive dividends, 2.08% per day, distributed every 15 minutes, and automatically distributed to the wallet. Dynamic rewards will also be issued to wallets in the form of local currency \$FCT.

Selling Fee 15%

- ✓ 6% Super Partner Bonus
- ✓ 4% Reflow LP
- ✓ 2% Black Hole Address Destruction
- ✓ 3% Into Liberty Fund





PART SIX 06

Development Plan

Development Plan

The second phase starts with IDO, IDO will run for 20 days, and there is a 20% discount on IDO on the first day

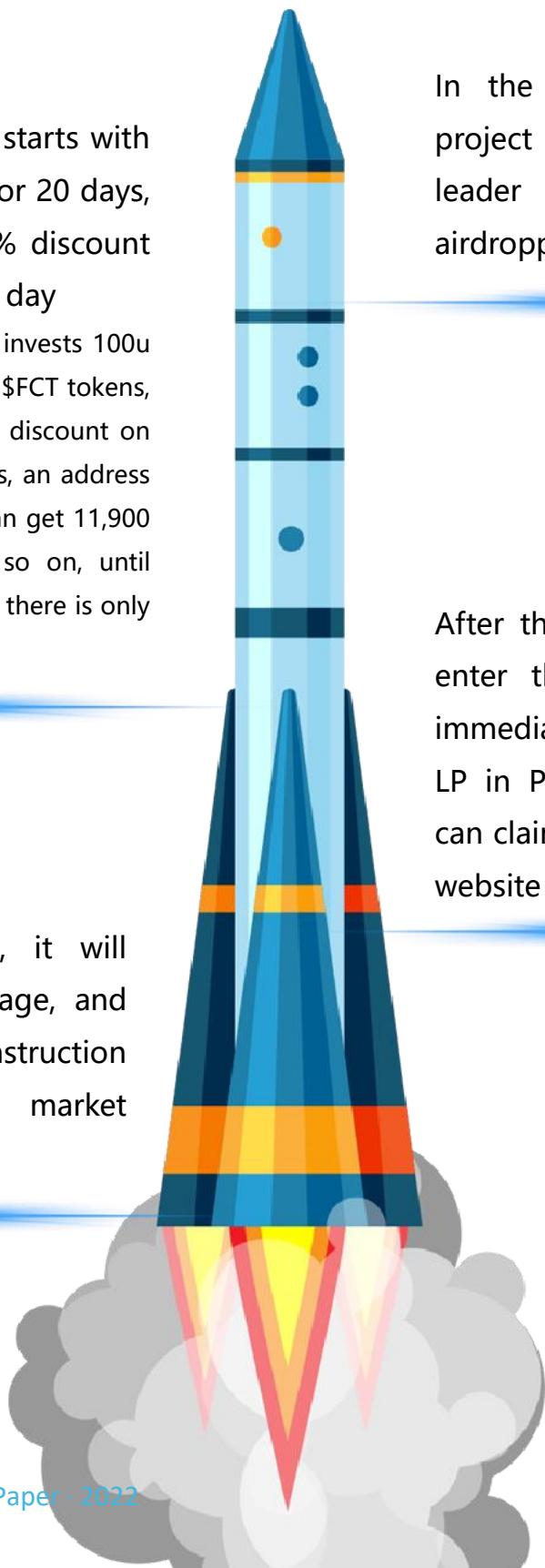
- That is, an address invests 100u and can get 12,000 \$FCT tokens, and there is a 19% discount on the next day, that is, an address invests 100u and can get 11,900 \$FCT tokens, and so on, until the last day of IDO, there is only a 1% discount

After the opening, it will enter the fourth stage, and start ecological construction according to the market development

In the first phase of the project release, the team leader was recruited by airdropping FCT001 tokens



After the end of IDO, it will enter the third stage, and immediately start to provide LP in Pancake, and creators can claim \$FCT tokens on the website





PART SEVEN 07

Disclaimer and Risk
Statement

Disclaimer & Risk Statement

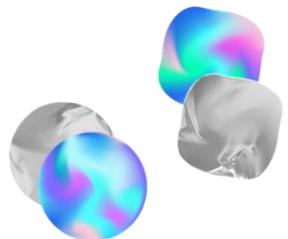
7.1 Disclaimer

This document provides information only in connection with the project; nothing in this document or in it shall be construed as a solicitation, offer to buy, sell, or offer or offer to any person in any jurisdiction any securities, futures, options or other financial instruments Provide any investment advice or services; nothing in this document constitutes investment advice or any opinion as to the suitability of any asset. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance, and any forecasts, market prospects or estimates in this document are forward-looking statements based on certain assumptions and should not be considered indicative of actual events that will occur.

If the intended convertor makes a decision on his/her own to convert, he should fully accept such risks and be willing to bear all the corresponding results or consequences. The team expressly expressly disclaims any direct or indirect loss caused by participating in the project, including but not limited to:

- Economic losses due to user trading operations;
- any errors, omissions or inaccuracies arising from personal understanding;
- Losses caused by personal transactions of various blockchain assets and any behaviors resulting therefrom.

7.2 Risk Statement



The FREECREATORS development and operation team believes that there are certain risks in the development, maintenance and operation of FREECREATORS, some of which may be beyond the control of the team. In addition to the other content described in this white paper, each FREECREATORS participant should read, understand and carefully consider the following risks:

Regulatory risks: Blockchain technology is currently in the development stage, and there are uncertainties in the regulatory policies of blockchain projects in various countries. This project may face risks in terms of operation and management policies;

Risk of information disclosure: As of the date of this white paper, the FREECREATORS platform is still improving, and its philosophy, consensus mechanism, deduction algorithm and code, as well as other technical details and parameters may be frequently changed and updated at any time. Although this white paper contains the latest key information from FREECREATORS, it is not absolutely complete. and will still be adjusted and updated from time to time by the FREECREATORS development and operations team for specific purposes. The FREECREATORS development and operations team is incapable and has no obligation to inform participants of every technical detail of the FREECREATORS platform in development, so insufficient information disclosure is unavoidable and reasonable.

Competitive risk: Financial platforms are an extremely competitive field, with a large number of teams planning and working on development, the competition will be brutal, but in this day and age, any good concept, startup or even established company will face this kind of competition risks of. But for us, these competitions are the driving force in the development process.

Team Risk: The FREECREATORS team is very good, but there is no such thing as a banquet in the world. During the development process of FREECREATORS, team members may leave due to stress, physical, personal and other factors. We will try our best to ensure the integrity of the team and echelon building.

Business risk: The FREECREATORS team will go all out to realize the development goals of the project through a sound economic model. However, we are also aware that the market is complex. Given the unforeseen factors in the overall development trend of the industry, the existing business model may be out of touch with the market demand, resulting in the risk of profitability being difficult to achieve the expected target.

