

Solution 1

```
1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
2
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <algorithm>
5 #include <climits>
6 using namespace std;
7
8 bool isOutOfOrder(int i, int num, vector<int> array);
9
10 // O(n) time | O(1) space
11 vector<int> subarraySort(vector<int> array) {
12     int minOutOfOrder = INT_MAX;
13     int maxOutOfOrder = INT_MIN;
14     for (int i = 0; i < array.size(); i++) {
15         int num = array[i];
16         if (isOutOfOrder(i, num, array)) {
17             minOutOfOrder = min(minOutOfOrder, num);
18             maxOutOfOrder = max(maxOutOfOrder, num);
19         }
20     }
21     if (minOutOfOrder == INT_MAX) {
22         return vector<int>{-1, -1};
23     }
24     int subarrayLeftIdx = 0;
25     while (minOutOfOrder >= array[subarrayLeftIdx]) {
26         subarrayLeftIdx++;
27     }
28     int subarrayRightIdx = array.size() - 1;
29     while (maxOutOfOrder <= array[subarrayRightIdx]) {
30         subarrayRightIdx--;
31     }
32     return vector<int>{subarrayLeftIdx, subarrayRightIdx};
33 }
34
35 bool isOutOfOrder(int i, int num, vector<int> array) {
36     if (i == 0) {
37         return num > array[i + 1];
38     }
39     if (i == array.size() - 1) {
40         return num < array[i - 1];
41     }
42     return num > array[i + 1] || num < array[i - 1];
43 }
44
```