

Solution 1Solution 2

1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.  
2  
3 import java.util.\*;  
4  
5 class Program {  
6 // O(n^2) time | O(n) space  
7 public static List<Integer> longestIncreasingSubsequence(int[] array) {  
8 int[] sequences = new int[array.length];  
9 Arrays.fill(sequences, Integer.MIN\_VALUE);  
10 int[] lengths = new int[array.length];  
11 Arrays.fill(lengths, 1);  
12 int maxLengthIdx = 0;  
13 for (int i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {  
14 int currentNum = array[i];  
15 for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {  
16 int otherNum = array[j];  
17 if (otherNum < currentNum && lengths[j] + 1 >= lengths[i]) {  
18 lengths[i] = lengths[j] + 1;  
19 sequences[i] = j;  
20 }  
21 }  
22 if (lengths[i] >= lengths[maxLengthIdx]) {  
23 maxLengthIdx = i;  
24 }  
25 }  
26 return buildSequence(array, sequences, maxLengthIdx);  
27 }  
28  
29 public static List<Integer> buildSequence(int[] array, int[] sequences, int currentIdx) {  
30 List<Integer> sequence = new ArrayList<Integer>();  
31 while (currentIdx != Integer.MIN\_VALUE) {  
32 sequence.add(0, array[currentIdx]);  
33 currentIdx = sequences[currentIdx];  
34 }  
35 return sequence;  
36 }  
37 }  
38

