

Solution 1

Solution 2

```
1 // Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
2
3 ▼ import java.util.*;
4
5 ▼ class Program {
6     // O(nk) time | O(n + k) space - where n is the total
7     // number of array elements and k is the number of arrays
8     ▼ public static List<Integer> mergeSortedArrays(List<List<Integer>> arrays) {
9         List<Integer> sortedList = new ArrayList<Integer>();
10        List<Integer> elementIdxs = new ArrayList<Integer>(Collections.nCopies(arrays.size(), 0));
11    ▼ while (true) {
12        List<Item> smallestItems = new ArrayList<Item>();
13    ▼ for (int arrayIdx = 0; arrayIdx < arrays.size(); arrayIdx++) {
14        List<Integer> relevantArray = arrays.get(arrayIdx);
15        int elementIdx= elementIdxs.get(arrayIdx);
16        if (elementIdx== relevantArray.size()) continue;
17        smallestItems.add(new Item(arrayIdx, relevantArray.get(elementIdx)));
18    }
19    if (smallestItems.size() == 0) break;
20    Item nextItem = getMinValue(smallestItems);
21    sortedList.add(nextItem.num);
22    elementIdxs.set(nextItem.arrayIdx, elementIdxs.get(nextItem.arrayIdx) + 1);
23 }
24
25 return sortedList;
26 }
27
28 ▼ public static Item getMinValue(List<Item> items) {
29     int minIdx = 0;
30     ▼ for (int i = 1; i < items.size(); i++) {
31         if (items.get(i).num < items.get(minIdx).num) minIdx = i;
32     }
33     return items.get(minIdx);
34 }
35
36 ▼ static class Item {
37     public int arrayIdx;
38     public int num;
39
40     ▼ public Item(int arrayIdx, int num) {
41         this.arrayIdx = arrayIdx;
42         this.num = num;
43     }
44 }
45 }
46
```

