Quad Layout Sublime AlgoExpert C++ **12px** Monok

Prompt

Solution 2

Solution 1

Video Explanation Run Code Scratchpad Our Solution(s)

```
// Copyright © 2020 AlgoExpert, LLC. All rights reserved.
 2
 3
     using namespace std;
 4
 5 ▼ struct Item {
 6
       int arrayIdx;
       int elementIdx;
 7
       int num;
 9
     };
10
11 ▼ class MinHeap {
       public:
12
13
       vector<Item> heap;
14
15 ▼
       MinHeap(vector<Item> array) {
16
         heap = buildHeap(array);
17
18
19 ▼
       bool isEmpty() {
20
         return heap.size() == 0;
21
22
       vector<Item> buildHeap(vector<Item> array) {
23 ▼
         int firstParentIdx = (array.size() - 2) / 2;
24
25 ▼
         for (int currentIdx = firstParentIdx; currentIdx >= 0; currentIdx--) {
26
           siftDown(currentIdx, array.size() - 1, array);
27
28
         return array;
29
30
31
       void siftDown(int currentIdx, int endIdx, vector<Item>& heap) {
         int childOneIdx = currentIdx * 2 + 1;
32
         while (childOneIdx <= endIdx) {</pre>
33 ▼
34
           int childTwoIdx = currentIdx * 2 + 2 <= endIdx ? currentIdx * 2 + 2 : -1;
           int idxToSwap;
35
36 ▼
           if (childTwoIdx != -1 && heap[childTwoIdx].num < heap[childOneIdx].num) {</pre>
37
             idxToSwap = childTwoIdx;
38 ▼
           } else {
39
             idxToSwap = childOneIdx;
40
41 🔻
           if (heap[idxToSwap].num < heap[currentIdx].num) {</pre>
             swap(currentIdx, idxToSwap, heap);
42
43
             currentIdx = idxToSwap;
             childOneIdx = currentIdx * 2 + 1;
44
           } else {
45 ▼
46
             return;
47
48
49
50
51
       void siftUp(int currentIdx, vector<Item>& heap) {
52
         int parentIdx = (currentIdx - 1) / 2;
53 ▼
         while (currentIdx > 0 && heap[currentIdx].num < heap[parentIdx].num) {</pre>
           swap(currentIdx, parentIdx, heap);
54
55
           currentIdx = parentIdx;
           parentIdx = (currentIdx - 1) / 2;
56
57
58
59
       Item remove() {
61
         swap(0, heap.size() - 1, heap);
         Item valueToRemove = heap.back();
62
         heap.pop_back();
63
64
         siftDown(0, heap.size() - 1, heap);
         return valueToRemove;
65
66
67
68
       void insert(Item value) {
69
         heap.push back(value);
70
         siftUp(heap.size() - 1, heap);
71
72
       void swap(int i, int j, vector<Item>& heap) {
73 ▼
74
         Item temp = heap[j];
75
         heap[j] = heap[i];
76
         heap[i] = temp;
77
       }
78
     };
79
     // O(nlog(k) + k) time | O(n + k) space - where where n is the total
80
     // number of array elements and k is the number of arrays
81
   ▼ vector<int> mergeSortedArrays(vector<vector<int>> arrays) {
82
       vector<int> sortedList;
83
```

```
vector<Item> smallestItems;
84
85
86 ▼
        for (int arrayIdx = 0; arrayIdx < arrays.size(); arrayIdx++) {</pre>
87 🔻
         smallestItems.push_back(Item {
88
            arrayIdx,
89
            arrays[arrayIdx][0],
90
91
         });
92
93
94
        MinHeap minHeap (smallestItems);
95 ▼
        while (!minHeap.isEmpty()) {
96
          Item smallestItem = minHeap.remove();
          sortedList.push_back(smallestItem.num);
97
98
          if (smallestItem.elementIdx == arrays[smallestItem.arrayIdx].size() - 1) continue;
99 🔻
          minHeap.insert(Item {
            smallestItem.arrayIdx,
100
            smallestItem.elementIdx + 1,
101
102
            arrays[smallestItem.arrayIdx][smallestItem.elementIdx + 1],
103
          });
104
105
106
        return sortedList;
107
     }
108
```