

# **MARKSCHEME**

**May 2013** 

**CLASSICAL GREEK** 

**Higher Level** 

Paper 2

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## **Epic**

- 1. (a) The Cicones were allies of the Trojans [1 mark]; quest for booty/wealth [1 mark].
  - (b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
  - (c) The Cicones are many and brave **or** they can fight from chariots (accept horse) and on foot *[1 mark]*. The Achaians have over-indulged in food and/or wine *[1 mark]*.
  - (d) The Cicones are as many as [1 mark] the leaves and flowers [1 mark] in their season [1 mark].

[10 marks]

- 2. (a) Judge only on length of syllables. Award [1 mark] for each error-free line.
  - (b) Award [1 mark] for any point such as: no fear of men; island empty of men; animals not pursued by hunters; island not farmed or used for grazing.
  - (c) Accept a range of substantiated answers, awarding up to [3 marks] for any content-related remark such as: juxtaposition of rural life and sea trading (οὐ γὰο Κυκλώπεσσι νέες κτλ.); juxtaposition of institutions of social life and "autarchy" of Cyclopes (θέμιστες θεμιστεύει); juxtaposition of family life and individual life παίδων (ἠδ' ἀλόχων οὐδ' ἀλλήλων ἀλέγουσιν). Up to [3 marks] for any stylistic remark such as: (standard) epithets (οἶνον ἐοιστάφυλον, νέες μιλτοπάοηοι, νῆας ἐϋσσέλμους); formulae (ἄσπαοτα καὶ ἀνήροτα); asyndeton (ὑπερφιάλων ἀθεμίστων); allitteration (αἶγες ἀπειρέσιαι ἄγοιαι); and up to [2 marks] for the coherence and clarity of the argument ([2 marks]: very coherent and well-argued. [1 mark]: coherent and well-argued. No marks if incoherent and poorly-argued or if no details from the text are given).

### Historiography

- **3.** (a) δεινὰ ποιεύμενος: bearing it badly/being very angry [1 mark]. λέγειν βάρβαρά τε καὶ ἀτάσθαλα: utterly barbaric/outlandish/unHellenic and presumptuous words [1 mark].
  - (b) Flogging [1 mark]; fettering [1 mark]; branding [1 mark]. Also accept taunting.
  - (c) Award [1 mark] for any point such as: the story is a variant of the first two, or an additional one; Herodotus does not believe it; branding of the sea is unrealistic.
  - (d) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.

[10 marks]

- **4.** (a) Demaratus had been exiled [1 mark] and deprived of his rights [1 mark].
  - (b) They are not subject to a tyrant [1 mark], but they obey the law [1 mark].
  - (c) Accept a range of substantiated answers, awarding up to [6 marks] for any remark such as: dramatic style; use of direct speech; framing:  $\check{\omega}$  βασιλεῦ βασιλεῦ; strong antitheses:  $\mathring{\alpha}ληθείη οὐ φίλα; ἄπολίν τε καὶ φυγάδα βίον τέ μοι καὶ οἶκον (also chiasmus); πατρώια πατὴρ δὲ; ἐπικρατέειν ἢ ἀπόλλυσθαι; φλυηρέειν σιγᾶν; repetitions: <math>\mathring{\alpha}ληθείη \mathring{\alpha}ληθεστάτους; λέγειν ἔλεγον; ἐπεὶ ἠνάγκασας λέγειν ἀναγκασθεὶς ἔλεξα; anaphora and/or tricolon: οὔτε δέκα οὔτε δυοῖσι οὐδ' ἄν μουνομαχέοιμι; repetition, chiasmus, juxtaposition: οὖδαμῶν ... ἀνδρῶν ἀνδρῶν ἁπάντων; repetitions: ἐλεύθεροι ἐλεύθεροί; ἀνώγη ἀνώγει; and up to [2 marks] for the coherence and clarity of the argument ([2 marks]: very coherent and well-argued. [1 mark]: coherent and well-argued. No marks if incoherent and poorly-argued or if no details from the text are given).$

### **Tragedy**

- 5. (a) Hippolytus [1 mark], the bastard son of Theseus [1 mark] posing as legitimate [1 mark].
  - (b) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
  - (c) Supplication [1 mark]; grasping of hands/knees/touching the supplicatee [1 mark].
  - (d) Award [2 marks] for any reasonable answer such as: she has already planned suicide; she thinks she will resist the pressure of love/Aphrodite.

[10 marks]

- **6.** (a) Judge only on length of syllables. Award [1 mark] for each error-free line.
  - (b) Accept a range of substantiated answers, awarding up to [6 marks] for any point supporting the argument and up to [2 marks] for the coherence and clarity of the argument ([2 marks]: very coherent and well-argued. [1 mark]: coherent and well-argued. No marks if incoherent and poorly-argued or if no details from the text are given). Points may include: tragic irony; Hippolytus is not aware of what both Theseus and the audience know: "Just now I left her" (ἣν ἀρτίως ἔλειπον), "it was no long time ago that she was looking on this light of day" (ἡ φάος τόδε οὖπω χρόνος παλαιὸς εἰσεδέρκετο); assiduous questioning by Hippolytus; the audience knows it is inappropriate; irony in the use of φίλος; insistence on Hippolytus's addressing Theseus as "father"; while Theseus has already cursed him; Hippolytus asking for information on what he should (in Theseus's eyes) already know; Theseus ruthessly referring to Hippolytus as "senseless" without naming him; Hippolytus trusting Theseus and sincerely wanting to help him.
  - (c) He thinks Hippolytus is aware [1 mark] of lying [1 mark].

### Comedy

- 7. (a) In line 896 it is used sarcastically/in a derogative way: "clever trick" [1 mark]. In line 898 "wise persons", juxtaposed to senseless, mindless, silly [1 mark].
  - (b) If justice existed [1 mark] Zeus would have perished [1 mark] since he bound his own father [1 mark].
  - (c) Award [1 mark] for any two epithets such as: Just: dotard/silly old man (τυφογέρων) unfitted/unprepared/absurd/impracticable (ἀνάρμοστος), antiquate (ἀρχαῖος); Unjust: debauched (καταπύγων), shameless (ἀναίσχυντος), stealing from altars (βωμολόχος), parricide (πατραλοίας), bold/arrogant/insolent (θρασὺς). (No mark if it is not specified to whom they refer.)
  - (d) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.

[10 marks]

- **8.** (a) Award [1 mark] for any word with its subject. Bellowing (βαουαχέος) or similar: the ocean. Loud-roaring (βαούβοομον) or similar: the sea. Sounding (κελάδοντα): the sea.
  - (b) "[For] a great swarm of goddesses is approaching". Do not accept "gods" [1 mark]. The chorus of the Clouds [1 mark].
  - (c) Accept a range of substantiated answers, awarding up to [6 marks] for any remark such as: epic, solemn language in the chorus section. This includes use of epithets, learned words, unusual syntax; contrast with Strepsiades's and Socrates's language. This includes use of words in different context/decontextualized (ἀρθῶμεν φανεραὶ φανερῶς ἠκούσατέ; βροντῆς μυκησαμένης ἀνταποπαρδεῖν πρὸς τὰς βροντάς), rude/obscene language (ἀνταποπαρδεῖν; χεσείω), coarse humor (line 295), exaggeration and lack of respect (lines 293–294), word plays/puns/new words (τρυγοδαίμονες). Award up to [2 marks] for the coherence and clarity of the argument ([2 marks]: very coherent and well-argued. [1 mark]: coherent and well-argued. No marks if incoherent and poorly-argued or if no details from the text are given).

### **Philosophy**

- **9.** (a) The defence proper/the opening defence speech/before the sentence [1 mark]; before the (council of the) judges [1 mark].
  - (b) The oracle of Delphi/the Pythia proclaiming that [1 mark] there was nobody wiser than Socrates [1 mark].
  - (c) Award [3 marks] for a correct answer or with no more than one minor error (tense, number, etc). Answers with two or three minor errors or one major error should be awarded [2 marks]. Answers with two major errors (or four minor errors) award [1 mark]; otherwise, no mark.
  - (d) Award [1 mark] for any point such as: they elaborate their poems ( $\pi \epsilon \pi \varrho \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha \tau \epsilon \tilde{\upsilon} \sigma \theta \alpha \iota$ ); but ("but" is essential) have no real knowledge of the subjects of their poems; they compose their poems not by wisdom but by instinct/nature; they are inspired; like the prophets and the fortune-tellers/givers of oracles.

[10 marks]

- **10.** (a) It is a right of the defendant [1 mark] to propose a penalty alternative to that of the accuser [1 mark].
  - (b) He is too good/honourable/capable to engage in those activities (accept different interpretations) [1 mark]; he would have been of no use (neither to himself nor to the others) [1 mark].
  - (c) Accept a range of substantiated answers, awarding up to [6 marks] for any remark such as: contrast between occupations of most men (οἱ πολλοί) and private dimension (ἰδίᾳ); repeated addresses to "the citizens of Athens"; questioning; anaphora/polysyndeton (καὶ οἰκονομίας καὶ στρατηγιῶν etc); juxtaposition of external goods and moral dimension, in the individual as well as in the city: τῶν ἑαυτοῦ ... πρὶν ἑαυτοῦ τῶν τῆς πόλεως, πρὶν αὐτῆς τῆς πόλεως εὐδαίμονας δοκεῖν εἶναι ... εἶναι; paradox (especially in the proposal of alternative penalty); proud assertion of own merits; and up to [2 marks] for the coherence and clarity of the argument ([2 marks]: very coherent and well-argued. [1 mark]: coherent and well-argued. No marks if incoherent and poorly-argued or if no details from the text are given).