#### **Student Information**

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Due Date: 12-Oct. 4:00pm.

Submit written answer on paper in class or submit electronic version online through Dropbox. Submission without student information will **NOT** be marked!

#### **Exercise 1**

You are given a list of n numbers and you like to design a sorting algorithm that uses BSTs. In particular, you construct a corresponding BST by inserting the keys of the list one by one, and then output the nodes using an in-order traversal of the tree.

# Question1

Then the complexity is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

- **A.**  $\Theta(n)$
- **B.**  $\Theta(n \log n)$
- C.  $\Theta(n^2)$

#### **Question2**

Suppose that you use a balanced BST instead. Then the complexity is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

- **A.**  $\Theta(n)$
- **B.**  $\Theta(n \log n)$
- C.  $\Theta(n^2)$

## Exercise 2

In the runway scheduling problem when we insert a new event with time t in the already existing BST we follow a certain path from the root of the tree.

1. The consistency condition about  $|t-t_i| \geq 3$  for all already existing times  $t_i$  in the tree can be checked by only considering nodes along the path of the insertion? (T/F)

- 2. Or once we insert the new node we need to check the condition on more nodes, not just on the insertion path? (T/F)
- 3. We augment the information of the nodes of a balanced BST so that we can answer more questions about the keys stored in the BST in \_\_\_\_\_A\_\_\_
  - **A.**  $O(\log n)$
  - **B.** O(n)

### **Exercise 3**

- 1. We have n keys already stored as a Max-Heap and as an AVL tree. Since both have a maximum depth of  $O(\log n)$ , searching if k is in the set of keys takes the same time complexity. (T/F)
- 2. A Max-heap captures the same information as a balanced BST regarding the ordering of the keys of the nodes. (T/F) \( \overline{F} \)
- 3. Outputing the keys in increasing order from a given Min-Heap and a balanced BST take the same time complexity. (T/F)  $\Box$