# Apply filters to SQL queries

## **Project description**

The security team at my organization needs to investigate security issues that involve login attempts and employee machines. There are different tables in the organization's database to view the **employees** and **log\_in\_attempts** so I will use SQL queries to filter different sections of these tables to find irregular events and systems.

## Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

It was recently discovered that a potential security incident occurred after business hours. To investigate this, I ran a SQL query to view all failed login attempts made after hours.

-> WHERE login_time > '18:00' AND success = FALSE;								
vent_id	username	login_date 	login_time +	country	ip_address	success		
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	CAN	192.168.205.12	0		
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	US	192.168.66.142	0		
20	tshah	2022-05-12	18:56:36	MEXICO	192.168.109.50	0		
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO	192.168.27.57	0		
34	drosas	2022-05-11	21:02:04	US	192.168.45.93	0		
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US	192.168.4.157	0		
52	cjackson	2022-05-10	22:07:07	CAN	192.168.58.57	0		
69	wjaffrey	2022-05-11	19:55:15	USA	192.168.100.17	0		
82	abernard	2022-05-12	23:38:46	MEX	192.168.234.49	0		
87	apatel	2022-05-08	22:38:31	CANADA	192.168.132.153	0		
96	ivelasco	2022-05-09	22:36:36	CAN	192.168.84.194	0		
104	asundara	2022-05-11	18:38:07	US	192.168.96.200	0		
107	bisles	2022-05-12	20:25:57	USA	192.168.116.187	0		
111	aestrada	2022-05-10	22:00:26	MEXICO	192.168.76.27	0		
127	abellmas	2022-05-09	21:20:51	CANADA	192.168.70.122	0		
131	bisles	2022-05-09	20:03:55	US	192.168.113.171	0		
155	cgriffin	2022-05-12	22:18:42	USA	192.168.236.176	0		
160	jclark	2022-05-10	20:49:00	CANADA	192.168.214.49	0		
199	yappiah	2022-05-11	19:34:48	MEXICO	192.168.44.232	0		

The first three lines of the above screenshot display the SQL query used to select all columns from the **log\_in\_attempts** table where the *login\_time* and login *success* columns were after hours and false. The following results displayed 19 rows of failed login attempts made after hours, with their corresponding details such as who made the login attempt, what country it originated from, and the IP address of the requester.

# Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

A suspicious event occurred on 2022-05-09 and to investigate this event I reviewed all login attempts which occurred on this day and the day before.

<pre>MariaDB [organization] &gt; SELECT *</pre>								
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	country	į	ip_address	succes	s
1 1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	CAN	ï	192.168.243.140	l	1
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	USA		192.168.151.162	I	1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	USA		192.168.178.71	I	0
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	US		192.168.119.173	I	0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34	USA		192.168.100.158	I	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	USA		192.168.183.51	I	0
24	arusso	2022-05-09	06:49:39	MEXICO		192.168.171.192	I	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	US		192.168.33.137	I	1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	CANADA		192.168.123.105	I	1
28	aestrada	2022-05-09	19:28:12	MEXICO		192.168.27.57	I	0
30	yappiah	2022-05-09	03:22:22	MEX		192.168.124.48	I	1
32	acook	2022-05-09	02:52:02	CANADA		192.168.142.239	I	0
36	asundara	2022-05-08	09:00:42	US		192.168.78.151	I	1
38	sbaelish	2022-05-09	14:40:01	USA		192.168.60.42	I	1
39	yappiah	2022-05-09	07:56:40	MEXICO		192.168.57.115	I	1
42	cgriffin	2022-05-09	23:04:05	US		192.168.4.157	I	0
43	mcouliba	2022-05-08	02:35:34	CANADA		192.168.16.208		0
44	daquino	2022-05-08	07:02:35	CANADA		192.168.168.144	I	0
47	dkot	2022-05-08	05:06:45	US		192.168.233.24	I	1

In the query above, I selected all columns from the **log\_in\_attempts** table and filtered the results to the attempts that only occurred on 2022-05-09 and 2022-05-08 using SQL's **OR** operator.

#### Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

There was also suspicious activity with login attempts that did not originate from Mexico. Using SQL I created a filtered all login attempts that occurred from all other countries than Mexico.

MariaDB [organization] > SELECT * -> FROM log_in_attempts -> WHERE NOT country LIKE 'MEX%';									
event_id	username	login_date	login_time	į	country	į	ip_address	su	iccess
1 1	jrafael	2022-05-09	04:56:27	Ī	CAN	ï	192.168.243.140	I	1
2	apatel	2022-05-10	20:27:27	I	CAN	I	192.168.205.12	1	0
3	dkot	2022-05-09	06:47:41	I	USA	I	192.168.151.162		1
4	dkot	2022-05-08	02:00:39	I	USA	I	192.168.178.71	1	0
5	jrafael	2022-05-11	03:05:59	I	CANADA		192.168.86.232		0
7	eraab	2022-05-11	01:45:14	I	CAN	I	192.168.170.243		1
8	bisles	2022-05-08	01:30:17	I	US	I	192.168.119.173	1	0
10	jrafael	2022-05-12	09:33:19	I	CANADA	I	192.168.228.221		0
11	sgilmore	2022-05-11	10:16:29	I	CANADA	I	192.168.140.81		0
12	dkot	2022-05-08	09:11:34		USA	I	192.168.100.158		1
13	mrah	2022-05-11	09:29:34	I	USA	I	192.168.246.135	1	1
14	sbaelish	2022-05-10	10:20:18	I	US	I	192.168.16.99	1	1
15	lyamamot	2022-05-09	17:17:26	I	USA	I	192.168.183.51		0
16	mcouliba	2022-05-11	06:44:22	I	CAN	I	192.168.172.189		1
17	pwashing	2022-05-11	02:33:02	I	USA	I	192.168.81.89	1	1
18	pwashing	2022-05-11	19:28:50	I	US	I	192.168.66.142	1	0
19	jhill	2022-05-12	13:09:04	I	US	I	192.168.142.245		1
21	iuduike	2022-05-11	17:50:00	I	US	I	192.168.131.147	I	1
25	sbaelish	2022-05-09	07:04:02	I	US	I	192.168.33.137		1
26	apatel	2022-05-08	17:27:00	I	CANADA	I	192.168.123.105		1
29	bisles	2022-05-11	01:21:22	I	US	1	192.168.85.186	1	0
31	acook	2022-05-12	17:36:45	I	CANADA	I	192.168.58.232	I	0

In the query, I combined SQL's **NOT** operator with the **LIKE** operator and % wildcard to find all logins outside of Mexico. The *country* column in the table could potentially have values **LIKE** "MEX" or "MEXICO", so I needed the % wildcard to find all values that started with "MEX". Then, the **NOT** operator ensured that I got every record that did not satisfy the wildcard filter.

# Retrieve employees in Marketing

The security team wanted to perform security updates on specific employee machines in the marketing department. I needed to query for all employees in the marketing department that were in all offices in the east building.

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
    -> FROM employees
    -> WHERE department = 'Marketing' AND office LIKE
                device id
  employee id |
                                          department
                               elarson
                a320b137c219
                                        | Marketing
                a192b174c940
                               jdarosa
                                          Marketing
         1052
                                                        East-195
         1075 | x573y883z772 | fbautist | Marketing
                                                       East-267
                k8651965m233 | rgosh
         1088
                                          Marketing
                                                        East-157
                                          Marketing
         1103
                NULL
                             randerss
                                                        East-460
         1156
                a184b775c707 | dellery
                                          Marketing
                h679i515j339
                             | cwilliam
                                          Marketing
                                                        East-216
 rows in set (0.032 sec)
```

Using SQL's **AND** and **LIKE** operators I was able to filter the employees table to find all employees that were assigned to the "Marketing" department and were in the east office building. The office building could contain many different values such as "East-170" or "East-460", so I again utilized the % operator to search for values in the office column that begin with "East".

#### Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

Machines for employees in the Finance and Sales departments needed different security updates. Using SQL, I filtered the employee table to find all employees in these departments.

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE department = 'Finance' OR department = 'Sales';
 employee id | device id
                                                     office
                             username
                                        department
        1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance
                                                   South-153
        1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance
                                                   North-406
        1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance
                                                   South-170
                                                   | South-134
        1009 | NULL
                              lrodriqu | Sales
        1010 | k2421212m542 | jlansky
                                      Finance
                                                   South-109
        1011 | 1748m120n401 | drosas
                                       Sales
                                                   | South-292
        1015 | p611q262r945 | jsoto
                                       Finance
                                                   North-271
                                                   | North-188
        1017 | r550s824t230 | jclark
                                       Finance
        1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance
                                                   | North-403
        1022 | w237x430y567 | arusso
                                       | Finance
                                                   | West-465
        1024 | y976z753a267 | iuduike
                                       Sales
                                                   South-215
        1025 | z381a365b233 | jhill
                                       Sales
                                                   | North-115
        1029 | d336e475f676 | ivelasco | Finance
                                                   | East-156
        1035 | j236k3031245 | bisles
                                       Sales
                                                   South-171
        1039 | n253o917p623 | cjackson | Sales
                                                   | East-378
        1041 | p929q222r778 | cgriffin | Sales
                                                   | North-208
```

In the above query I used SQL's **OR** operator to filter the *department* column for all employees in either the Finance or Sales department.

#### Retrieve all employees not in IT

Employees in the IT department already had received a new security update, but all other departments needed to receive it. I used SQL to find all employees and systems that were not a part of IT. Using the

```
MariaDB [organization] > SELECT *
   -> FROM employees
   -> WHERE NOT department = 'Information Technology';
 employee id | device id
                                                        | office
                            | username | department
        1000 | a320b137c219 | elarson | Marketing
                                                        | East-170
        1001 | b239c825d303 | bmoreno
                                      | Marketing
                                                        | Central-276
        1002 | c116d593e558 | tshah | Human Resources | North-434
        1003 | d394e816f943 | sgilmore | Finance
                                                        | South-153
        1004 | e218f877g788 | eraab
                                      | Human Resources | South-127
        1005 | f551q340h864 | qesparza | Human Resources | South-366
        1007 | h174i497j413 | wjaffrey | Finance
                                                       North-406
        1008 | i858j583k571 | abernard | Finance
                                                        | South-170
        1009 | NULL
                            | lrodriqu | Sales
                                                        | South-134
        1010 | k2421212m542 | jlansky | Finance
                                                        | South-109
        1011 | 1748m120n401 | drosas
                                      Sales
                                                        South-292
        1015 | p611q262r945 | jsoto | Finance
                                                        North-271
        1016 | q793r736s288 | sbaelish | Human Resources | North-229
        1017 | r550s824t230 | jclark | Finance
                                                        | North-188
        1018 | s310t540u653 | abellmas | Finance
                                                        | North-403
        1020 | u899v381w363 | arutley | Marketing
                                                        South-351
        1022 | w237x430y567 | arusso
                                       Finance
                                                          West-465
        1024 | y976z753a267 | iuduike
                                      Sales
                                                         South-215
        1025 | z381a365b233 | jhill
                                       Sales
                                                         North-115
```

In this query, I filter the *department* column using the **NOT** operator to find all rows where the department is not "Information Technology".

## Summary

Using SQL queries, I was able to report back to my security team with all the relevant login events and employees that related to suspicious login attempts and system security updates. With SQL operators such as **AND**, **NOT**, **LIKE**, and % I was able to filter thousands of records to find login attempts on certain days, login attempts from specific countries, failed login attempts, and employees from specific departments. In this project I was able to utilize SQL to retrieve records from the database that would have taken hours to complete by manually searching for them.