

Question 1.5.9

EE22BTECH11054 - Umair Parwez

Question 1.5.9

Given triangle ABC with vertices,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

find the points of contact, \mathbf{E}_3 and \mathbf{F}_3 , of the incircle with sides AC and AB respectively.

Solution

Required to find points of contact, \mathbf{E}_3 and \mathbf{F}_3 , of incircle with sides AC and AB respectively.

From previous questions we know the coordinates of the incircle are :

$$\mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-53-11\sqrt{37}+7\sqrt{61}+\sqrt{2257}}{12} \\ \frac{5-\sqrt{37}+5\sqrt{61}-\sqrt{2257}}{12} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Radius of incircle is :

$$r = \frac{185 + 41\sqrt{37} - 37\sqrt{61} - \sqrt{2257}}{6\sqrt{74}} \quad (3)$$

Equation of incircle is :

$$\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{I}\|^2 = r^2 \quad (4)$$

points \mathbf{A} , \mathbf{B} and \mathbf{C} are :

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

Parametric equation of AC is :

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A} + k\mathbf{m} \quad (6)$$

where,

$$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C} \quad (7)$$

Substituting (5) in (3) :

$$\|\mathbf{A} + k\mathbf{m} - \mathbf{I}\|^2 = r^2 \quad (8)$$

$$(k\mathbf{m} + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I})) \cdot (k\mathbf{m} + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I})) = r^2 \quad (9)$$

$$k^2 \|\mathbf{m}\|^2 + 2k\mathbf{m}^T(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}) + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{I}\|^2 = r^2 \quad (10)$$

Since AC is tangent to the incircle, the discriminant of the obtained quadratic equation is zero and the value of k is given as :

$$k = -\frac{\mathbf{m}^T(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})}{\|\mathbf{m}\|^2} \quad (11)$$

Upon substituting the values of \mathbf{A} , \mathbf{C} , \mathbf{I} and \mathbf{m} into (11) we get,

$$k = \frac{-4 - \sqrt{37} + \sqrt{61}}{2} \quad (12)$$

Substituting (12) back into (5), we get point of contact with AC,

$$\mathbf{E}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-2 - \sqrt{37} + \sqrt{61}}{2} \\ \frac{-6 - \sqrt{37} + \sqrt{61}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad (13)$$

Now let us find the other point of contact, with AB.

Parametric equation of AB is :

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A} + k\mathbf{m} \quad (14)$$

where,

$$\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} \quad (15)$$

We can get the value of k by replacing \mathbf{C} with \mathbf{B} in Eq(11). Upon substituting the values, we get,

$$k = \frac{-37 - 4\sqrt{37} + \sqrt{2257}}{74} \quad (16)$$

Substituting (16) back into (14), we get point of contact with AB,

$$\mathbf{F}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-111 - 20\sqrt{37} + 5\sqrt{2257}}{74} \\ \frac{185 + 28\sqrt{37} - \sqrt{2257}}{74} \end{pmatrix} \quad (17)$$

Diagram is shown on next page.

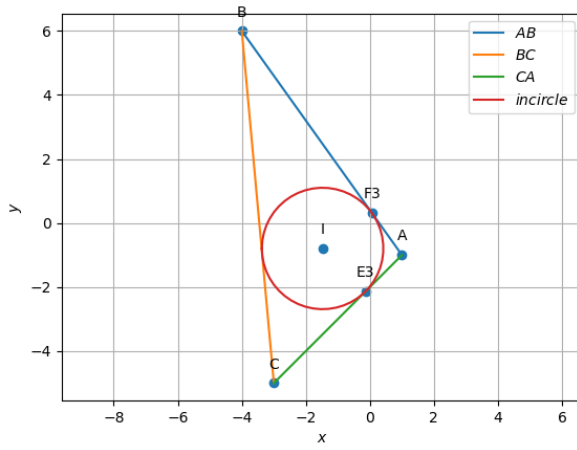


Fig. 0. Points of contact of incircle