Algorithm 1 On-policy policy gradient with Monte Carlo estimator

```
1: Initialize \theta_0

2: for iterationk \in [0, ..., K] do

3: sample trajectories \{\tau_i\} by running \pi_{\theta_k}(\mathbf{a}_t|\mathbf{s}_t) \rightarrow \text{each } \tau_i \text{ consists of } \mathbf{s}_{i,0}, \mathbf{a}_{i,0}, \dots, \mathbf{s}_{i,H}, \mathbf{a}_{i,H}

4: compute \mathcal{R}_{i,t} = \sum_{t'=t}^{H} \gamma^{t'-t} r(\mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{a}_{i,t})

5: fit b(\mathbf{s}_t) to \{\mathcal{R}i,t\} \rightarrow \text{use constant } b_t = \frac{1}{N} \sum_i \mathcal{R}i, t, or fit b(\mathbf{s}_t) to \{\mathcal{R}i,t\}

6: compute \hat{A}(\mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{a}_{i,t}) = \mathcal{R}_{i,t} - b(\mathbf{s}_t)

7: estimate \nabla_{\theta_k} J(\pi_{\theta_k}) \approx \sum_{i,t} \nabla_{\theta_k} \log \pi_{\theta_k}(\mathbf{a}_{i,t}|\mathbf{s}_{i,t}) \hat{A}(\mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{a}_{i,t})

8: update parameters: \theta_{k+1} \leftarrow \theta_k + \alpha \nabla_{\theta_k} J(\pi_{\theta_k})

9: end for
```