

24-51-Q4

Q: (a) (i) Block Chain → trustless

(ii) public VS private.

Solution (a)(i) trustless

① Blockchain technology can lower transaction costs and increase efficiency in business application by providing a secure and transparent platform for transactions.

② By eliminating intermediaries, blockchain can reduce the cost of transactions and processing time.

③ Blockchain provides a permanent and immutable ledger, which improve the accuracy of transactions and reduce the risk of fraud.

④ It provide trust.

⑤ Blockchain allow for the creation of decentralized application, which can automate business processes, reducing the need for manual intervention.

Mechanisms

① Distributed ledger

② Cryptographic linking

③ Consensus algorithms.

Proof of Work

Proof of Stake

(b)(i) Adv. vs Disadv.

① Security

public: Open participation

security come from economic incentives
and broad node diversity

private: access restricted

security come from legal contracts.

② Scalability

public: Block-size limits
global broadcast.

low throughput

private: easy to scaling
limited validators

③ privacy

public: all data is public, poor confidentiality

private: data can be partitioned into private

channel to meet enterprise
secrecy requirement

(iii) environmental

① pow electricity demand is high, raising
carbon-emission concerns
strategies

① shifting to Proof of Stake

② Delegated proof of Stake

③ Proof of Elapsed Time

④ Proof of Authority

(b)(i)① concept

DeFi refers to the use of decentralized
technology, such as blockchain, to offer financial
services and products.

① Role of Blockchain

Immutable ledgers record positions.

Smart contracts hold collateral
execute logic and disburse fund.

③ Threats

- (1) DeFi eliminating the need for intermediaries
- (2) DeFi offers financial services to individuals who may not have access to traditional finance
- (3) DeFi operates on a public ledger, providing greater transparency and accountability than traditional finance.
- (4) DeFi reduce the risk of fraud and theft

④ Reward.

- (1) High yield opportunities
- (2) Transparent reserves

⑤ Risk

- (1) Volatility: highly volatile cryptocurrency assets, which can increase the risk of investment
- (2) Immature Technology: DeFi has yet to be fully stress-tested.
- (3) Scaling Risk: slow transaction speeds.
- (ii) cryptocurrencies has a bright future as we believe.