

Example 5.12

Q: ripple-free

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+10)} \quad T=0.1$$

Solution

$$G_{zas}(z) = (1-z^{-1})z \int \frac{G(s)}{s} ds$$

硬算

$$= \frac{0.0035501 (1+0.6945z^{-1})z^{-1}}{(1-0.9048z^{-1})(1-0.3879z^{-1})}$$

↩? ✓

$$R(z) = \frac{1}{1-z^{-1}}$$

$$U(z) = G_{cr}(z) \frac{R(z)}{G_{zas}(z)}$$

$$= G_{cr}(z) \frac{(1-0.9048z^{-1})(1-0.3879z^{-1})}{0.0035501 (1+0.6945z^{-1})z^{-1} (1-z^{-1})}$$

$$= G_{cr}(z) \frac{281.68 \text{ (22)} (1-0.9048z^{-1})(1-0.3879z^{-1})}{0.0035501 (1+0.6945z^{-1})z^{-1} (1-z^{-1})}$$

35 ? 修改

no integrator
type 0 system must have input to steady

$k \geq n$ if, $u(k)$ should be nonzero?

But $e(k) = 0$ for $k \geq n$.

For $n=2$ $E(z) = e_0 + e_0 z^{-1}$ (5.14)

$$E(z) = \frac{1}{C(z)} U(z) \quad ?$$

$$= \frac{G_{cc}(z) 281.6255 (1 - 0.9048 z^{-1}) (1 - 0.3879 z^{-2})}{C(z) (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1}) z^{-1} (1 - z^{-1})} \quad (5.15)$$

for achieve $E(z)$ in 5.14

$C(z)$ must have an integrator to

cancel the factor $(1 - z^{-1})$?

while $G_{cc}(z)$ should cancel

the other factor in 5.15 ?

→ prove $C(z)$ cancel numerator in 5.15 ?

$$G_{cc}(z) = K \times z^{-1} (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1}) \quad ?$$

imposing $G_{cl}(1) = 1$ $k = 0.5901$? ✓

$$C(z) = \frac{1}{G_{zas}(z)} \left[\frac{z^{-k}}{1-z^{-k}} \right]$$

不能用这个, 不满足
all pole and zero
in the circle

$$= \frac{(1 - 0.9048 z^{-1})(1 - 0.3879 z^{-1})}{0.0035501 (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1}) z^{-1}}$$

$$\left[\frac{z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}} \right] \quad G_{cl}(z) \neq z^{-k}$$

$$G_{cl}(z) = 0.5901 z^{-1} (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1})$$

$$C(z) = \frac{1}{G_{zas}(z)} \frac{G_{cl}(z)}{1 - G_{cl}(z)}$$

$$= \frac{281.6822(z - 0.9048)(z - 0.3879)}{(z + 0.6945)}$$

$$\frac{0.5901 z^{-1} (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1})}{1 - 0.5901 z^{-1} (1 + 0.6945 z^{-1})}$$

$$= \frac{281.6822(z - 0.9048)(z - 0.3879)}{(z + 0.6945)}$$

$$0.5901 (z + 0.6945)$$

$$z^2 - 0.5901(z + 0.6945)$$

$$= \frac{166.2207(z - 0.948)(z - 0.3677)}{(z - 1)(z + 0.4098)}$$

$$z^2 - 0.5901z - 0.4098$$

$$(z - 1)(z + 0.4098)$$

