

Lect 1 Example 1.2

Q. for servomotor's space model ^{transfer} function

$$e_m(t) = K_b \omega(t) = k_b \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} \quad J \quad B$$

$$T(t) = K_T i(t) = J \frac{d^2\theta(t)}{dt^2} + B \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt}$$

$$e(t) = i(t) R_a + e_m(t)$$

$$x_1(t) = \theta(t)$$

$$x_2(t) = \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt} = \dot{x}_1(t)$$

$$y(t) = x_1(t)$$

Solution : state : $x_1(t) \quad x_2(t)$ 外力 $e(t)$
输出 $y(t)$

$$\dot{x}_1(t) = x_2(t) = \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt}$$

$$\dot{x}_2(t) = \frac{d^2\theta(t)}{dt^2}$$

$$\stackrel{1.8}{=} \frac{1}{J} [K_T i(t) - B x_2(t)]$$

$$\stackrel{1.9}{=} \frac{1}{J} \left[k_T \frac{e(t) - e_m(t)}{R_a} - B x_2(t) \right]$$

$$\underline{\underline{1.7}} \quad \frac{1}{J} \left[k_T \frac{e(t) - k_b x_2(t)}{R_a} - B x_2(t) \right]$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{分开 } x_1(t) \text{ 和 } e(t)}} \quad - \frac{k_T k_b + B R_a}{J R_a} x_2(t) + \frac{k_T}{J R_a} e(t)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1(t) \\ \dot{x}_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{k_T k_b + B R_a}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{k_T}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix} e(t)$$

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

Transfer Function $\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = C [sI - A]^{-1} B + D$

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 + \frac{k_T k_b + B R_a}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{B R_a + k_T k_b}{J R_a}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \frac{B R_a + k_T k_b}{J R_a} & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{B R_a + k_T k_b}{J R_a}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \frac{B R_a + k_T k_b}{J R_a} & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{k_T}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix} + 0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{1 + \frac{BR_a + K_T K_b}{J R_a}} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{1 + \frac{BR_a + K_T K_b}{J R_a}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{K_T}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{1 + \frac{BR_a + K_T K_b}{J R_a}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{K_T}{J R_a} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{J R_a}{J R_a + B R_a + K_T K_b} \frac{K_T}{J R_a}$$

$$= \frac{K_T}{J R_a + B R_a + K_T K_b}$$