lect 2. Example 2.2.

$$G(z) = \frac{-2z^3+2z^2-z+1}{z^3+2z^2-z+1} \rightarrow CCF$$

Solution

$$\frac{-2}{2^{3}+2^{2}-2^{2}-4^{2}} = \frac{-2}{4\sqrt{-2}z^{3}+2z^{2}-2z+2}$$

$$\frac{-2z^{3}-2z^{2}+2z+\frac{3}{2}}{4z^{2}-3z+\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\hat{u}(z) = -2 + \frac{4z^2 - 3z + \frac{1}{z}}{z^3 + z^2 - z - \frac{3}{4}} = 2 - \frac{A}{B} = C \dots D$$

$$C_c = \left(\frac{1}{z} - 3 + 4\right)$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ac = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{3}{4} & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Bc = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ac = -2$$