

18-S1-Q3

Q (i) discretised

Solution ① state transfer matrix

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} s+10 & 0 \\ 0 & s+1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s+10)} \begin{bmatrix} s+1 & 0 \\ 0 & s+10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+10} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Phi(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+10} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s+1} \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-10t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\# 4 \quad \frac{1}{s+10} \quad a=10 \quad e^{-10t}$$

$$\frac{1}{s+1} \quad a=1 \quad e^{-t}$$

$$\Phi(T) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-10T} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-T} \end{bmatrix} \Big|_{T=0.1} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-0.1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3679 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.9048 \end{bmatrix}$$

② input transfer function

$$\theta(T) = \int_0^T \Phi(t) dt B$$

$$= \int_0^T \begin{bmatrix} e^{-10t} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} dt$$

$$= \int_0^T \begin{bmatrix} e^{-10t} \\ 2e^{-t} \end{bmatrix} dt$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0.06321 \\ 0.19033 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3) \quad x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3679 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.9048 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0.06321 \\ 0.19033 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$$

$$y(k) = [-2 \ 1] x(k)$$

(ii) Q: poles ?

Solution $\det[zI - A]$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} z - 0.3679 & 0 \\ 0 & z - 0.9048 \end{vmatrix} = (z - 0.3679)(z - 0.9048)$$

$$z_1 = 0.3679 \quad z_2 = 0.9048$$

poles at z_1, z_2

cb) $C = ?$

Solution $C = [C_1 \ C_2]$

$$W_0 = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ C A \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} C_1 & C_2 \\ C_2 & C_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C A = [C_1 \ C_2] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = [C_2 \ C_1]$$

$$\det W_0 = C_1^2 - C_2^2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow C_1^2 \neq C_2^2$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 \neq C_2 \\ C_1 \neq -C_2 \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{for example } C_1=1 \quad C_2=2 \\ \text{it is acceptable} \end{array}$$

(2) ① Unlimited time.

Solution

$$A = 1 \quad B = 1 \quad Q = 9 \quad r = 8$$

$$K = -0.5$$

$$K = (S + 8)^{-1} S = \frac{S}{S+8} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$S = -\frac{1}{2}S - 4$$

$$\frac{3}{2}S = -4$$

$$S = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$s = S + 9 - S(8 + S)^{-1} S$$

$$9 = \frac{S^2}{8+S} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x(k+1) = x(k) - 0.5x(k)$$

$$= 0.5x(k)$$

$$|zI - 0.5| = |z - 0.5| = (z - 0.5)$$

pole at 0.5