知识点K3.02

# 连续系统状态方程的建立-由RLC电路

主要内容:

RLC电路状态方程的建立方法

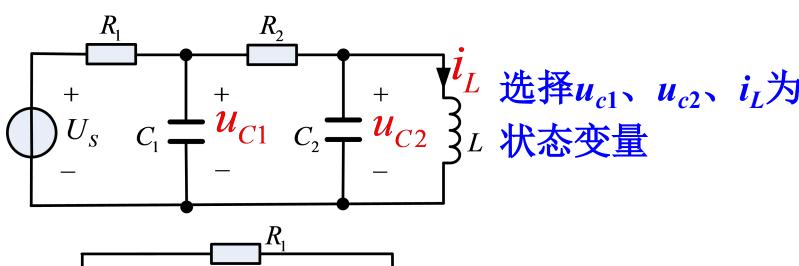
基本要求:

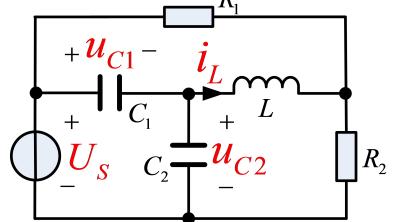
掌握RLC电路状态变量的选择方法和状态方程/输出方程的建立方法

# K3.02 连续系统状态方程的建立-由RLC电路

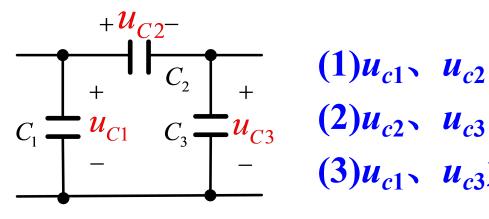
(1)状态变量的选取:一般选电容电压和电感电流。

例1

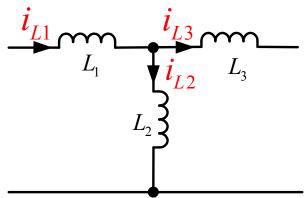


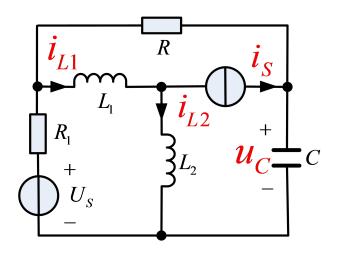


选择: $u_{c1}$ 、 $i_L$  或者  $u_{c2}$ 、 $i_L$ 为状态变量



- $(1)u_{c1}, u_{c2}$
- $(3)u_{c1}$ 、 $u_{c3}$ 为状态变量

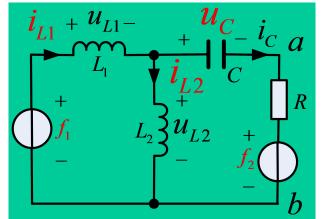




- (1)  $i_{L1}$ ,  $i_{L2}$
- (2)  $i_{L1}$ ,  $i_{L3}$
- $(3) i_{L2} 、 i_{L3}$  为状态变量
- $(1)u_c, i_{L1}$
- $(2)u_c$ 、 $i_{L2}$  为状态变量

### (2) 直观编写法步骤:

例2



#### 状态变量:

$$x_1 = i_{L1}, x_2 = i_{L2}, x_3 = u_C$$

### 输出变量:

$$y_1 = u_{L2}$$
 ,  $y_2 = u_{ab}$ 

### 列状态方程:

第一步:关于  $L_1\dot{x}_1, L_2\dot{x}_2$  (电感电压)列KVL方程:

$$L_1 \dot{x}_1 = u_{L1} = f_1 - x_3 - R(x_1 - x_2) - f_2 = -Rx_1 + Rx_2 - x_3 + f_1 - f_2$$

$$L_2 \dot{x}_2 = u_{L2} = x_3 + R(x_1 - x_2) + f_2 = Rx_1 - Rx_2 + x_3 + f_2$$

第二步:关于 Ciz, (电容电流)列KCL方程:

$$C\dot{x}_3 = i_C = x_1 - x_2$$

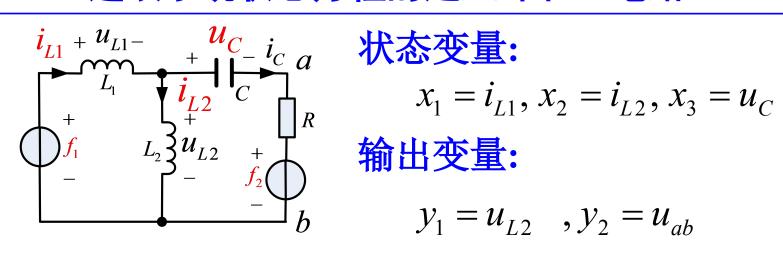


第三步:消去除了状态变量和输入以外的其它变量,把 状态方程整理成标准形式:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = -\frac{R}{L_1} x_1 + \frac{R}{L_1} x_2 - \frac{1}{L_1} x_3 + \frac{1}{L_1} f_1 - \frac{1}{L_1} f_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = \frac{R}{L_2} x_1 - \frac{R}{L_2} x_2 + \frac{1}{L_2} x_3 + \frac{1}{L_2} f_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 = \frac{1}{C} x_1 - \frac{1}{C} x_2 \end{cases}$$

矩阵形式:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{R}{L_1} & \frac{R}{L_1} & -\frac{1}{L_1} \\ \frac{R}{L_2} & -\frac{R}{L_2} & \frac{1}{L_2} \\ \frac{1}{C} & \frac{1}{C} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L_1} & -\frac{1}{L_1} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{L_2} \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$x_1 = i_{L1}, x_2 = i_{L2}, x_3 = u_C$$

$$y_1 = u_{L2}$$
 ,  $y_2 = u_{ab}$ 

#### 列输出方程:

$$\begin{cases} y_1 = u_{L2} = L_2 \dot{x}_2 = Rx_1 - Rx_2 + x_3 + f_2 \\ y_2 = u_{ab} = i_c R + f_2 = Rx_1 - Rx_2 + f_2 \end{cases}$$

# 矩阵形式:

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R & -R & 1 \\ R & -R & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{vmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \end{bmatrix}$$