

Q2

Q : queue 1

$$\lambda_1 = 6/h.$$

queue 2.

$$\lambda_2 = 4/h.$$

$$\text{service time mean} = 5 = \frac{1}{\mu} \Rightarrow \mu = 0.2$$

(a) ~~ρ~~ = ? $1 - \rho = ?$

(b) ~~ρ~~ = ? $1 - \rho = ?$

(c) ~~ρ~~

Solution (a) There are 2. $M/M/1$ systems

For the 1st queue

in-~~rate~~ $\lambda_1 = \frac{1}{10} \text{ customer/min} = \frac{6}{60}$

$$\mu_1 = \frac{1}{5} \text{ customer/min}$$

$$\rho_1 = \frac{\lambda_1}{\mu_1} = \frac{\frac{1}{10}}{\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$L_1 = \frac{\rho_1}{1 - \rho_1} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = 1$$

$$\rho_0 = 1 - \rho_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

For the 2nd queue.

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{4}{60} = \frac{1}{15} \text{ customer/min}$$

$$\mu_2 = \frac{1}{5} \text{ customer/min}$$

$$\rho_2 = \frac{\lambda_2}{\mu_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{15}}{\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$L_2 = \frac{\lambda_2}{\mu_2 - \lambda_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{15}}{\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{15}} = \frac{\frac{1}{15}}{\frac{2}{15}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\pi_0 = 1 - \rho_2 = \frac{2}{3}$$

the average no. of customer in the system

$$L_1 + L_2 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

the proportion of idle time or average server

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3+4}{6} = \frac{7}{12}$$

(b) This is an M/M/2 system

$$\lambda = \frac{10}{60} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ (customer/min)}$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{5} \text{ customer/min}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{2\mu} = \frac{5}{12} \quad \pi_0 =$$

$$L = \frac{\rho (m\rho)^m \pi_0}{m! (1-\rho)^2} + \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = \frac{\frac{5}{12} \times (2 \times \frac{5}{12})^2 \times \pi_0}{2! (1 - \frac{5}{12})^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$Z_0 = \left[\frac{(mp)^m}{m!(1-p)} + \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(mp)^k}{k!} \right]^{-1} \quad m=2$$

$$= \left[\frac{(2 \times \frac{5}{12})^2}{2!(1-\frac{5}{12})} + \frac{(2 \times \frac{5}{12})^0}{0!} + \frac{(2 \times \frac{5}{12})^1}{1!} \right]^{-1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{(\frac{5}{6})^2}{2 \times \frac{7}{12}} + 1 + \frac{5}{6} \right)^{-1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{6}{7} + \frac{5}{6} + 1 \right)^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{7}{17} = 2.4286$$

$$L = \frac{\frac{5}{12} \times (2 \times \frac{5}{12})^2 \times Z_0}{2! (1 - \frac{5}{12})^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{120}{119} = 1.0084$$

算 Z_1 : 因为另一台空闲

$$Z_1 = Z_0 \frac{(mp)^k}{k!} = \frac{7}{17} \times 2 \times \frac{5}{12} = \frac{35}{102} = 0.3431$$

$$\text{idle average} \quad (Z_0 + \frac{1}{2}Z_1) = \frac{7}{17} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{35}{102} = \frac{7}{12}$$

Δ
只有一台空闲

Δ
与(a)一致.

$$(c) \quad L < L_1 + L_2$$

$W \downarrow$