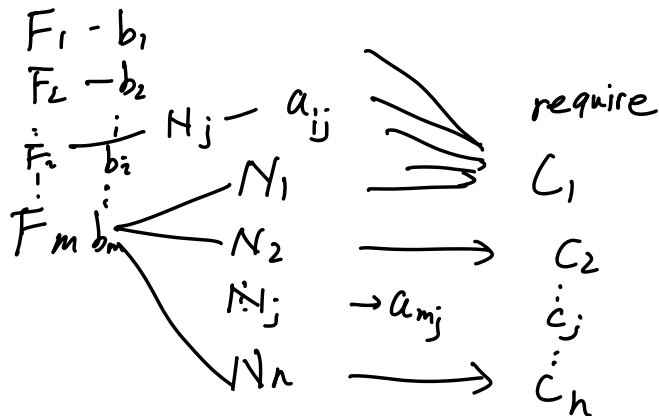


15-52-Q1

(a)(i)

Solution formula Linear Programming



let Z denote cost

$$\text{Min } Z = \sum_{i=1}^m a_{ij} b_i$$

$$\text{s.t. } \begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} = C_j \\ a_{ij}, C_j \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

(2) Two phase method

$$\text{① min } Z = x_1 + 2x_2 + 0 \cdot x_3 + 0 \cdot x_4 + Mx_5$$

$$\text{s.t.} \begin{cases} 4x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 12 \\ x_1 - 2x_2 - x_4 + \bar{x}_5 = 1 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, \bar{x}_5 \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = [x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3 \ x_4 \ \bar{x}_5]^T \quad X_0 = [x_3 \ \cancel{x_4} \ x_5]^T$$

$$C = [1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0 \ M]^T \quad C_0 = [0 \ \cancel{0} \ M]^T$$

$$C^T - C_0^T A = [1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0 \ M] - [0 \ M] \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 0 \ M] - [M \ -2M \ 0 \ -M \ M]$$

$$= [1-M \ 2+2M \ 0 \ M \ 0]$$

$$-C_0^T B = [0 \ -M] \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = -M$$

$\textcircled{3}$ Iteration 1

$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \quad \bar{x}_5$

$x_3 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 12$

$\bar{x}_5 \quad 1^* \quad -2 \quad 0 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1$

$1 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0$

$-1 \quad 2 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad -1$

\uparrow

work

Ratio

$$12/4 = 3$$

$$1/1 = \textcircled{1} \text{ min}$$

④

	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	\bar{X}_5	
X_3	4	11	1	4	0	8 $\leftarrow -4R_2 + R_1$
$\bar{X}_5 \rightarrow X_1^*$	1	-2	0	-1	0	1 $\leftarrow -R_2 + R_3$
	0	4	0	1	0	-1 $\leftarrow R_2 + R_4$
	0	2	0	1	0	-1

↑
work

⑤

	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	
X_3	0	11	1	4	8
X_1	1	-2	0	-1	1
	0	4	0	1	-1

the solution is

$$X_1^* = 1 \quad X_3^* = 8 \quad X_2^* = X_4^* = \bar{X}_5^* = 0$$

$$Z_{\min} = 1$$

(b) ① Minimize

$$Z = \frac{1}{2} [x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3] \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 12 & -2 \\ 12 & 17 & 6 \\ -2 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + [-22 \ -14.5 \ 13] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [13x_1 + 12x_2 - 2x_3 \quad 12x_1 + 17x_2 + 6x_3 \quad -2x_1 + 6x_2 + 12x_3]$$

$$+ \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + [-22 \ -14.5 \ 13] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [13x_1^2 + 12x_1x_2 - 2x_1x_3 + 12x_1x_2 + 17x_2^2 + 6x_2x_3 - 2x_1x_3 + 6x_2x_3 + 12x_3^2] - 22x_1 - 14.5x_2 + 13x_3 + 1$$

$$= \frac{13}{2}x_1^2 + \frac{17}{2}x_2^2 + 6x_3^2 + 12x_1x_2 - 2x_1x_3 + 6x_2x_3 - 22x_1 - 14.5x_2 + 13x_3 + 1$$

$$\text{s.t.} \begin{cases} x_1 - 1 \leq 0 \\ -x_1 - 1 \leq 0 \\ x_2 - 1 \leq 0 \\ -x_2 - 1 \leq 0 \\ x_3 - 1 \leq 0 \\ -x_3 - 1 \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{2} L = \frac{13}{2}x_1^2 + \frac{17}{2}x_2^2 + 6x_3^2 + 12x_1x_2 - 2x_1x_3 + 6x_2x_3 - 22x_1 - 14.5x_2 + 13x_3 + 1 + \mu_1(x_1 - 1) + \mu_2(-x_1 - 1)$$

$$+\mu_3(x_2-1) + \mu_4(-x_2-1) + \mu_5(x_3-1) + \mu_6(-x_3-1)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = 13x_1 + 12x_2 - 2x_3 - 22 + \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} = 17x_2 + 12x_1 + 6x_3 - 14.5 + \mu_3 - \mu_4 = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_3} = 12x_3 - 2x_1 + 6x_2 + 13 + \mu_5 - \mu_6 = 0$$

$$\mu_1(x_1-1) = 0$$

$$\mu_2(-x_1-1) = 0$$

$$\mu_3(x_2-1) = 0$$

$$\mu_4(-x_2-1) = 0$$

$$\mu_5(x_3-1) = 0$$

$$\mu_6(-x_3-1) = 0$$

$$g_1(x) = x_1 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$g_2(x) = -x_1 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$g_3(x) = x_2 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$g_4(x) = -x_2 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$g_5(x) = x_3 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$g_6(x) = -x_3 - 1 \leq 0$$

$$\mu_1 \geq 0$$

$$\mu_2 \geq 0$$

$$\mu_3 \geq 0$$

$$\mu_4 \geq 0$$

$$\mu_5 \geq 0$$

$$\mu_6 \geq 0$$

④ from the 1.(b)(ii)

$$x^* = \left[1 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad -1 \right]^T$$

$$13 + 12 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 - 22 + \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$$

$$17 \times \frac{1}{2} + 12 - 6 - 14.5 + \mu_3 - \mu_4 = 0$$

$$12 \times (-1) - 2 \times 1 + 3 + 13 + \mu_5 - \mu_6 = 0$$

$$\mu_2 = \mu_1 + 1 \quad \text{let } \mu_1 = 0, \mu_2 = 1$$

$$\mu_4 = \mu_3 \quad \mu_3 = 0, \mu_4 = 0$$

$$2 + \mu_5 = \mu_6 \quad \mu_5 = 0, \mu_6 = 2$$

$$X^* = \left[1 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad -1 \right]^T$$

$$\nabla g_1^T Y = y_1 = 0$$

$$\nabla g_5^T Y = y_3 = 0$$

$$\nabla_{LXX}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 12 & -2 \\ 12 & 17 & 6 \\ -2 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_1 = 13 > 0$$

$$A_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 13 & 12 \\ 12 & 17 \end{vmatrix} = 77 > 0$$

$$A_3 = 100 > 0$$

∇_{LXX}^2 is a positive-definite

$$Y^T \nabla_{LXX}^2 Y = [y_1 \ y_2 \ y_3] \begin{bmatrix} 13 & 12 & -2 \\ 12 & 17 & 6 \\ -2 & 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 17y_2^2 > 0 \quad \forall y \neq 0$$