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22-51-01
Q (a) max profit?
Solution let profit & product A X1 BX2 CX3 DX4
       Z = 30x_1 - 15(800 - x_1) + 40x_2 - 20(750 - x_2)
+ 20 x3 - 10(600 - x3) + 10x4 - 8(500 - x4)
           = 45 9/1 +609/2 + 30×3 + 18×4 - 3700 b
  subject to
                 $ 0.3×1 fo.3×2 fo.25 X3 fo.15 X4 ≤ 1000

0.25 X1 fo.35 X2 fo.4×3 fo.22 X4 ≤ 1000

0.45 X1 fo.5 X2 fo.4×3 fo.22 X4 ≤ 1000

0.15 X1 fo.5.X2 fo.1×3 fo.05 X4 ≤ 1000

X1 ∈ 800

X2 ∈ 750

X5 ∈ 660

×4 ∈ 500

X1, ×2, ×3, ×4 ≥ 0
(b) Max Z= J X1+4×2+0. X3+0. X4+0. X5+0. X6
  Subject to \begin{cases} -X_1 + X_2 + X_3 = 1 \\ X_2 + X_4 = 2 \\ X_1 + 2X_2 + X_5 = 6 \\ 6X_1 + 4X_2 + X_6 = 24 \\ X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5, X_6 > 0 \end{cases}
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D list Simplex Max Table

Ī		X <sup>T</sup>	
	Χo	A	B
ł		-CT+CJA	CoTB

$$X^{7} = [X_1 \ X_2 \ X_3 \ X_4 \ X_5 \ X_6] \qquad X_0 = [X_3 \ X_4 \ X_5 \ X_6]^{T}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-C^{T}+C^{T}A = -C^{T} = [-5 - 40000]$$

3 draw Simplex Max Table

$$x_1$$
  $x_2$   $x_3$   $x_4$   $x_5$   $x_6$   
 $x_3 - 1$   $1$   $0$   $0$   $0$   $1$   
 $x_4$   $0$   $1$   $0$   $0$   $0$   $0$   $0$   
 $x_5$   $1$   $2$   $0$   $0$   $1$   $0$   $6$   
 $x_6$   $6$   $4$   $0$   $0$   $0$   $1$   $24$ 

@ simplex Method: iteration |

@ Simplex Iteration Q.

 $20 \times (-\frac{3}{2}) = -36$ 

$$X_1$$
  $X_2$   $X_3$   $X_4$   $X_5$   $X_6$   $X_6$   $X_7$   $X_8$   $X_8$ 

$$-\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{3}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{8} \qquad 2 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$2 - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{4}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{3}{4} \times (-\frac{1}{3}) = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \times (-\frac{1}{3}) + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{24} + \frac{4}{24} = \frac{9}{24} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$(-\frac{5}{3}) \times (\frac{3}{2}) + 5 = -\frac{1}{6} + 5 = -\frac{1}{6} + \frac{30}{6} = \frac{25}{6} + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$(-\frac{1}{3}) \times (\frac{3}{2}) + 5 = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{12} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} \times (\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{1}{2} \qquad -\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} = -\frac{1}{12} + \frac{10}{12} = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

(b) The final row co efficient are all nonegative

the optimal result

$$X_1 = 3$$
  $X_2 = \frac{3}{3}$   $X_3 = \frac{5}{6}$   $X_4 = \frac{5}{2}$   $X_5 = \frac{5}{2}$ 

the maximum Z = 21