(a)(i) Q: vector - matrix form and scalar form input and output?

## scalar form

$$y_{i} = \frac{1}{2} W_{ij} X_{j} + 0_{i}$$
  $z = 1, 2, -9$   $z = \frac{1}{2} W_{ij} X_{j} + \frac{1}{2} z = \frac{1.2}{2.2}$ 

## Solution parameters: 98×100+98=9898

multiplications: 98×100 = 9800

summations: 98 x (99+1) = 9800

Liii) 6: ratio

## Neural Networks and Deep CNN -- Neuron Model

In mathematical terms, we can describe the neuron as: 用数学术语,我们可以将种经元法

$$u_k = \sum_{j=1}^p w_{kj} x_j \qquad y_k = f(u_k - \theta_k)$$

Where  $x_1, x_2, ..., x_p$  are the input signals,  $w_{k1}, w_{k2}, ..., w_{kp}$  are the synaptic weights of neuron k,  $u_k$  is the linear combiner output,  $\theta_k$  is the threshold, f(.) is the activation function and  $y_k$  is the neurons  $\theta_k$  is an external parameter, we can consider this parameter as an input variable: 0 k是一个外部参数。我们可以将这个参数看作一个输入变量:

Then we have: 
$$x_0 = 1$$
,  $w_{k0} = -\theta_k$ 

第一题是+ 还是- ?

(a) Output after FC layer

$$= \begin{array}{c|c} W_{N} + b \\ \hline = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 7 & 8 \\ 1 & 8 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_{2} \leftarrow \begin{bmatrix} w_{-1} \\ w_{0} \\ w_{1} \end{bmatrix} \begin{cases} y_{1} \\ y_{2} \\ x_{3} \\ x_{4} \\ \vdots \\ x_{100} \end{cases}$$

(ii) parameters: 
$$20 \times (3+1) = 80$$
  
rnultiplications:  $3 \times 98 \times 20 = 5880$ 

summations: (2+1) ×98 ×20=5880

(iii) Ratio = 
$$\frac{98\times20}{80}$$
 = 24.5

20个(3权重+1个bias) 6年9乘3次, 98年3 20个 第20个 6年9分2权如10 98个9,20个