COURSE CONTENT

Academic Year	AY24-25		Semester	1		
School/Programme	EEE/ MSc					
Course Coordinator	TBC					
Course Code	EE6483	EE6483				
Course Title	Artificial Intelligen	Artificial Intelligence and Data Mining 人工智能与数据挖掘				
Pre-requisites	NIL					
No of AUs	3					
Contact Hours	39					
Proposal Date	16 July 2023					
i.e. date proposal was drafted						
Expected Implementation date	2024-25 Semester	· 1				
of new/revised course						
Suggested Class Size	50					
Any cross-listing?	Within EEE					
Is course opened to all	MSc Programn	nes*		Outside EEE		
Postgraduate students		PE SP MI	Eng PhD	(Please specify)		
(including IGP) or specific		GE GE				
program (please indicate)?	* List of MSc programmes					
			c Engineerin	g (CME) Programme		
			_	-		
	MSc Computer Control & Automation (CCA) Programme MSc Electropics (ET) Programme					
	MSc Electronics (ET) ProgrammeMSc Power Engineering (PE) Programme					
	MSc Signal Processing (SP) Programme					
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Course Aims

This course introduces the fundamental theory and concepts of Artificial intelligence (AI) and Data Mining methods, in particular state space representation and search strategies, association rule mining, supervised learning, classifiers, neural networks, unsupervised learning, clustering analysis, and their applications in the area of Artificial Intelligence and Data Mining. This can be summarized

as: 本课程介绍人工智能和数据挖掘方法的基本理论和概念,特别是状态空间表示和搜索策略、关联规则挖掘、监督学习、分类器、神经网络、无监督学习、聚类分析,以及它们在人工智能和数据挖掘领域的应用。

- 1. To understand the concepts of knowledge representation for state space search, strategies for the search.
- 2. To understand the basics of a data mining paradigm known as Association Rule Mining and its application to knowledge discovery problems.
- 3. To understand the fundamental theory and concepts of supervised learning, unsupervised learning, neural networks, several learning paradigms and its applications.

1. 了解状态空间搜索中知识表示的概念、搜察策略。 2. 了解被称为关联规则挖掘的数据挖掘范式的基础知识及其在知识发现问题中的应用。 Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO). 了解监督学习、无监督学习、神经网络、几种学习范式及其应用的基本理论和概念

Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate and Explain the use of state representation of problems, and strategies for the 3 search
- 2. Discuss and Illustrate the concepts of state space search algorithms
- 3. Discuss and Illustrate the concepts of heuristic search algorithms

完成本课程后,学生应能: 演示和解释问题的状态表示和搜索策略的使用。 讨论并说明状态空间搜索算法的概念。 讨论和说明启发式搜索算法的概念

解释关联规则挖掘的基本数据挖掘概念/算法5。 解释机器学习模型和算法的基础知识 应用数据挖掘和人工智能的基本理论和概念进行广泛的数据分析,包括关联,分类,聚类,预测。

- 4. Explain basic data mining concepts/algorithms for association rule mining
- 5. Explain the basics of machine learning models and algorithms
- 6. Apply the fundamental theory and concepts of data mining and AI for wide range of data analysis including association, classification, clustering, prediction.

Course Content

Structures and Strategies for State Space Representation & Search, Heuristic Search, Data Mining Concepts and Algorithms. Classification and Prediction methods. Unsupervised Learning and Clustering Analysis.

状态空间表示与搜索的结构与策略。

Assessment (includes both continuous and summative assessment)

数据挖掘的概念和算法。 分类和预测方法。

Component	Course LO Tested	Weighting	无监督学 Team/ Individual	习与聚类分析 Assessment rubrics
1. Continuous Assessment 1 (CA1): Quiz	1, 2, 3, 4	10%	Individual	N/A
2. Continuous Assessment 2 (CA2): Assignments	4, 5	10%	Individual	Appendix 1
3. Continuous Assessment 3 (CA3): Project Report	5,6	20%^	Individual/ team	Appendix 2 & 3
4. Final Examination	all	60%	Individual	N/A
Total	•	100%		

[^] A more difficult project for Msc students. It also includes an additional component of paper survey mandatory only for MSc students. ^对硕士生来说更难的项目。

它还包括一个额外的组成部分的论文调查只强制为硕士生。

Description of Assessment Components:

The assignments are take-home assignments. Homework 1 covers the topics Decision Tree classifier, RBF, Backpropagation, SVM. Homework 2 covers the topics CNN, K-means, HAC.

The quiz is assessments under a proctored environment. Quiz covers the topics State Space representation, Search Strategies, Associate Rule Mining.

The project report is a take-home project assignment. Individual student will submit a Project Report to illustrate the problem and the solution. Included as part of the report is the code, and paper survey. The project will be graded out of 100 points and will then be scaled to 20% of the total marks. 80% of the project assessment will be based on the students' individual survey and analysis, while only 20% dependents on their codes and testing accuracy which can be a team effort. The survey is an additional mandatory component in the project report for Msc students and it requires students to conduct a comprehensive literature survey including current state-of-the-art papers and write a discussion of their results, summary of the learning points, and proposals of future research directions.

涵盖了决策树分类器、RBF、反向传播、支持向量机等主题。

F业2包括CNN , K-means , HA(

Formative feedback 环境下进行的评估

逾涵盖了状态空间表示、搜索策略、关联规则挖掘等主题。 目报告是带回家的项目作业。

份项目报告来说明问题和解决方案。

报告的一部分包括代码和论文调查

该项目的评分为100分,然后将按比例占总分的20%。 80%的项目评估将基于学生的个人调查和分析,而只有20%依赖于他们的代码和测试准确性,这可以是一个团队的努力

该调查是硕士生项目报告中额外的强制性组成部分,它要求学生进行全面的文献调查,包括当前最先进的论文,并对其结果进行讨论 ,总结学习点,并对未来的研究方向提出建议。

2

Examination results;

Markers' report on overall examination performance; Quiz scores and analysis;

Homework assessment scores and analysis;

Project report assessment grade and analysis.

考试成绩; 阅卷人整体考试成绩报告; 测验成绩及分析; 作业考核成绩及分析; 项目报告考核成绩及分析。

Learning and Teaching Approach

Note: Please include and indicate TEL component.

Approach	How does this approach support students in achieving the learning outcomes?
Lectures	Face-to-face interaction covering all topics, which provide the basic background and essential theory for achieving the Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) 1-6.
Video recordings (TEL)	Video recordings of all lectures are provided.

Reading and References

Textbooks

- 1. Luger George F, <u>Artificial Intelligence</u>: <u>Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving</u>, 6th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2009. (Q335.L951)
- 2. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, <u>Introduction to Data Mining</u>: Pearson 2nd Edition, 2019
- 3. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, <u>Deep Learning</u>, MIT Press, 2016. ISBN: 978-0262035613 (Q325.5.G651)

References

- 1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, <u>Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques</u>, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011, ISBN: 978-0-12-381479-1.
- 2. S. Russell and P. Norvig, <u>Artificial Intelligence -A Modern Approach</u>, 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2020.
- 3. Kevin P. Murphy, Probabilistic Machine Learning- An Introduction, The MIT Press, 2022.
- 4. Christopher M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006

Course Policies and Student Responsibilities

General: Students are expected to take all scheduled projects and tests by due dates. Students are expected to take responsibility to follow up with course notes, assignments, project and course related announcements. Students are expected to participate in all tutorial/exercise discussions and activities.

课程政策和学生责任总则:学生应在截止目期前完成所有计划的项目和测试。 学生应负责跟进课程笔记、作业、项目和课程相关公告。 学生应该参与所有的辅导课/练习讨论和活动。 **Absenteeism**: Continuous assessments make up a significant portion of the course total mark. Absence from continuous assessments without officially approved leave will result in no marks and affect the overall course grade.

Academic Integrity

Good academic work depends on honesty and ethical behaviour. The quality of your work as a student relies on adhering to the principles of academic integrity and to the NTU Honour Code, a set of values shared by the whole university community. Truth, Trust, and Justice are at the core of NTU's shared values.

As a student, it is important that you recognise your responsibilities in understanding and applying the principles of academic integrity in all the work you do at NTU. Not knowing what is involved in maintaining academic integrity does not excuse academic dishonesty. You need to actively equip yourself with strategies to avoid all forms of academic dishonesty, including plagiarism, academic fraud, collusion and cheating. If you are uncertain about the definitions of any of these terms, you should refer to the <u>Academic Integrity Intranet Site</u> for more information. Consult your instructor(s) if you need any clarification about the requirements of academic integrity in the course.

Course Instructors

Instructor	Office Location	Phone	Email
The contact info will be	provided to students at	the beginning of each se	mester.

Industry Participation

Company Name	Description of involvement (e.g., co-curation of course, speaker or instructor), include no. of course hours if known.	Contact Person	Email	
Industry guest speaker to be determined.				

Planned Weekly Schedule

Week	Topic	Course LO	Readings/ Activities
1	Introduction to AI & Brief history	1	Lecture1-3
	State Space Representation 人工智	能简介&简史	状态空间表示搜索策略
	Search Strategies: data /goal driven		
2	Search Algorithms:	2	Lecture4-6
	Backtracking/BreadthFirst/DepthFirst. 搜	索算法:回溯	Fxtra Exercise 皮优先/深度优先。
3	Heuristic Search: Hill-climbing/Best first	3	Lecture7-9
	MiniMax/ Alpha-Beta. 启	发式搜索:爬	山/Best firstMiniMax
4	Introduction to DataMining	4/6	Lecture10-12
			Extra Exercise

:数据/目标驱动

Al pha-Beta.

	Association Rule Mining: 关联规则指 Apriori/FPGrowth.	丞掘:Apri or	i/FPGrowth。	
5		5/6	Quiz (10%) covering	
	Introduction to Machine Learning		lecture materials in	
	机器学	习概论	Weeks 1 to 4	
			Lecture13-15	
6		5/6	Lecture16-18	
	Classification and Decision Trees 分类与	决策树	Project starts	
7	Nearest Neighbor Classifiers and Support	5/6	Lecture19-21	
	Vector Machines 最近等	邓分类器与支	持向量机	
	Recess week 休息·	一周		
8	Noural Nativaries Paraentrans The	5/6	Lecture22-24	
	Neural Networks: Perceptrons, The Backpropagation Algorithm 神经网	络:感知器	Homework 1 (5%) , 反向传播算法	
9	Neural Networks: Convolutional Neural	5/6	Lecture25-27	
	Networks,		Extra Exercise	
	Other Popular Deep Learning Networks 神经	圣网络:卷积	神经网络,其他流行的	深度学习网络
10	Unsupervised Learning: Clustering, K-	5/6	Lecture28-30	
	means, HAC 无	监督学习:聚	类,Kmeans, HAC	
11	Regularization and Optimization for Deep	5	Lecture31-33	
	Models 深	度模型的正则	Homework 2 (5%) 此与优化	
12	Dimensionality Reduction and Bayesian	5/6	Lecture34-36	
		维与贝叶斯推	≢理	
13	Bayesian Reasoning	5/6	Lecture37-39	
	,		Project submission	
	—————————————————————————————————————	叶斯推理	(20%)	

Other information(s)

Note: Student who has passed IE4483 at NTU-UG programme will be bar from taking this course.

注:在南大- ug课程中通过IE4483的学生将被禁止参加本课程。

Appendix 1: Assessment Criteria for CA2 (Homework Assignment)

Marks	Criteria
>=90%	Able to achieve ILO4 & ILO5 completely
70% - 89%	Able to achieve ILO4 & ILO5 with some minor
	issues/misunderstanding
50% - 69%	Able to achieve most ILO4 & ILO5. Some major
	issues/misunderstanding exist
40% - 49%	Able to achieve only some of ILO4 & ILO5
<40%	Unable to achieve ILO4 & ILO5

每个学生将提交一份项目报告来说明问题、调查和解决方案。

作为报告的一部分包括代码。 该项目的评分为100分,然后将按比例占总分的20%。

80%的项目评估将基于学生的个人调查和分析,而只有20%依赖于他们的代码和测试准确性,这可以是一个团队的努力。

Appendix 2: Assessment Criteria for CA3 (Project Report)

Individual student will submit a Project Report to illustrate the problem, survey, and the solution. Included as part of the report is the code. The project will be graded out of 100 points and will then be scaled to 20% of the total marks. 80% of the project assessment will be based on the students' individual survey, analysis, while only 20% dependents on their codes and testing accuracy which can be a team effort.

	Criteria	Standards			
		Fail standard	Pass standard	High standard	根据课程材
		(0-40)	(41-74)	(75-100)	料确定问题
确定问题的 并计划解决	Identify the core definition of the problem and plan the solution. (ILO 5, 6) 核心定义 方案。	Identifying completely wrong definitions of the problems, and planning solutions that are somewhat related but are not the actual solutions expected for the problems.	Identifying the correct and relevant definitions of the problems in line with the course materials, planning solutions reasonably in line with solutions expected for the problems and trying to relate the course materials to the planned solutions. Accuracy and clarity can be further improved.	Identifying the correct and relevant definitions of the problems in line with the course materials, planning technically accurate steps for the solutions that are expected for the problems, and clearly connecting the course materials to the planned solutions.	的关问解划确并课计方来正定题决技的清程划案,预案上骤地料解系统,预案上骤地料解系统,对解系统。
有效地挖掘数 并设计所需的 来解决问题。	Explore the data effectively and devise required models to solve the problem. (ILO 5, 6) 据模型	Ad hoc analysis of the data and arbitrary steps in building the model without properly connecting the concepts with relevant concepts from the course. No or little evidence of critical evaluation of the proposed solution.	Logical exploration of the data that demonstrates a good understanding of the concepts from the course and building models with reasonable accuracy to solve the problems. Reasonable evidence of critical thinking related to the proposed solution and producing solutions with some degree of intuition and justification (rigorous steps for model-building or validation of models and results may be missing).	Clear logical flow of data exploration of that demonstrates a good understanding of the concepts from the course (and beyond) and building models with high accuracy to solve the problems. Extensive evidence of critical thinking related to the proposed solution, and producing solutions with clear intuition and proper justification, including rigorous steps for modelbuilding and validation of the models and results.	数辑表(概理精来与决批广以和产,建果步据流明及念解度解所方判泛清适生包和验骤探清对其有,构决建案性证晰当解括模证。索晰课他很并建问议相思据的的决模型的的,程)好以模题的关维,直理方型和严的,程)好以模题的关维,直理方型和严逻这善的的高型。解的的并觉由案构结格逻这一的的高型。解的的并觉由案构结格
整体	Overall Organization of the Project Report. (ILO 5)	Disorganised format and arrangement of the code and report, without any comment or little/no mention of references/resources.	Clear logical flow and well- formatted arrangement of the code and report, with all essential components. Reasonable comments and reasonable documentation of references /resources.	Clear logical flow and well- formatted arrangement of the code and report, with all essential components. Detailed set of technical comments to illustrate the choices made towards the solution, and to highlight	代的清合所组一技用和指流格包要,必必以证证的,以必以证证的,以为以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,以外的,
项目报告的	组织。				解决方案所做为选择,并论是出现,并论。

the inferences. Proper
documentation of
references /resources.

Appendix 3: Assessment Criteria for CA3 (Paper Survey)

优秀-全面的文献综述, 包括当前最先进的论文, 对其结果的讨论, 学习点的总结,

Marks	Criteria 调查和模型增强的实施。
>=85%	Outstanding – Comprehensive literature survey including
	current state-of-the-art papers, a discussion of their results,
	summary of the learning points, investigations, and
	implementations of model enhancements.
75%- 84%	Excellent – Comprehensive literature survey including current
	state-of-the-art papers, a discussion of their results, summary of
	the learning points, and proposals of future research directions.
65% - 74%	Good – Literature survey based on at least 4 current state-of-
	the-art papers with a discussion of their results and summary of
	the learning points.
50% - 64%	Average – Some literature survey based on at least 3 papers
	with a discussion of their results and summary of the learning
	points.
40% - 49%	Marginal – Some literature survey based on at least 2 papers
	with a discussion of their results and summary of the learning
	points.
< 40%	Poor – Little or no literature survey done.
0%	Not submitted

Annex B

COURSE CONTENT

Academic Year	2022/2023	Semester	S1
Course Coordinator	Chen LiHui		
Course Code	IE4483		
Course Title	Artificial Intelligence and Data Mining 人工智能与数据挖掘		
Pre-requisites	EE/IM2007/IE2107 Engineering Mathematics II + IE/EE0005 Introduction to Data Science & Artificial Intelligence, or equivalents		
No of AUs	3		
Contact Hours	Lectures: 39 hours		
Proposal Date	10 Mar 2022; updated on 13 June 2022		

Course Aims

This course aims at introducing you to the fundamental theory and concepts of Artificial intelligence (AI) and Data Mining methods, in particular state space representation and search strategies, association rule mining, supervised learning, classifiers, neural networks, unsupervised learning, clustering analysis, and their applications in the area of AI and Data Mining. This can be summarized as:

- 1. To understand the concepts of knowledge representation for state space search, strategies for the search.
- 2. To understand the basics of a data mining paradigm known as Association Rule Mining and its application to knowledge discovery problems.
- 3. To understand the fundamental theory and concepts of supervised learning, unsupervised learning, neural networks, several learning paradigms and its applications.

Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO)

Upon completion of this course, you should be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate and Explain the use of state representation of problems, and strategies for the search
- 2. Discuss and Illustrate the concepts of state space search algorithms
- 3. Discuss and Illustrate the concepts of heuristic search algorithms
- 4. Explain basic data mining concepts/algorithms for association rule mining
- 5. Explain the basics of machine learning models and algorithms
- 6. Apply the fundamental theory and concepts of data mining and AI for wide range of data analysis including association, classification, clustering, prediction.

Course Content

Structures and Strategies for State Space Representation & Search. Heuristic Search. Data Mining Concepts and Algorithms. Classification and Prediction methods. Unsupervised Learning and Clustering Analysis.

	Outline	
S/N	Topic	Lecture Hours
1	Structures and Strategies for State Space Representation & Search	4
2	Heuristic Search	4
3	Data Mining Concepts and Algorithms	5
4	Classification and Prediction methods	20
5	Unsupervised Learning and Clustering Analysis	6
	Total hours	39

Assessment (includes both continuous and summative assessment) Related Course **Programme LO** Team/ Assessment Component LO Weighting or Graduate Individual rubrics Tested **Attributes** 1. Final Examination ALL EAB SLO a,b,c 60% Individual 2. Continuous Assessment 1 (CA1): 1,2,3 EAB SLO a,c 10% Individual Quiz 3. Continuous See Assessment 2 (CA2): 2,3,4,5 10% Individual Appendix EAB SLO a,b,c,e Assignment 1A 4. Continuous See Assessment 3 (CA3): 5,6 20% Individual/team Appendix EAB SLO a,b,c,d,e **Project Report** 1B Total 100%

Course Student	Cat	EAB'			duate for th		ibutes le cou	•	idicate SLO a		I/par	tial/w	eak
Learning Outcomes	Cat	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)
IE4483 Artificial Intelligence and Data Mining	 Major PE (for EEE/IEM students) BDE (for DA students, 	•	•	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	0		0

		including EEE / IEM students)												
1.	Demonstrate and Explain the use of state representation of problems, and strategies for the search						and	EAB SLO* (a), (b), (c)			(c)			
2.	Discuss	and Illustrate the co	ncepts	of stat	te spa	ce sear	ch algo	orithm	S		EAB SL	O* (a	a), (b),	(c)
3.	Discuss and Illustrate the concepts of heuristic search algorithms					EAB SL (d)	O* (a	a), (b),	(c),					
4.	4. Explain basics data mining concepts/algorithms for association rule mining				EAB SL (d), (l)	O* (a	a), (b),	(c),						
5.	Explain	the basics of machine	e learni	ing mo	odels a	and alg	orithm	ıs			EAB SL (d), (e)			(c),
6.	6. Apply the fundamental theory and concepts of data mining and AI for wide range of data analysis including association, classification, clustering, prediction					EAB SL (d), (e)			(c),					

Legend: • Fully consistent (contributes to more than 75% of Student Learning Outcomes)

- Partially consistent (contributes to about 50% of Student Learning Outcomes)
- O Weakly consistent (contributes to about 25% of Student Learning Outcomes)

Blank Not related to Student Learning Outcomes

Formative feedback

You would be able to receive the feedback through

- Continuous Assessment 1 (CA1): Quiz;
- Continuous Assessment 2 (CA2): Homework Assignments 1-5;
- Continuous Assessment 3 (CA3): Project Report;
- Examination results; and
- Markets' report on overall examination performance.

Learning and Teaching approach

Approach	How does this approach support students in achieving the learning outcomes?
LECTURE	The faculty will present the course contents to you via lecture notes, face-to-face teaching and videos, which provide the basic background and essential theory for achieving the Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO) 1-6.
TUTORIAL	N/A
LABORATORY(if any)	N/A

^{*} Please refer to Appendix 2 on the EAB accreditation SLO

Reading and References

Textbooks

- 1. Luger George F, <u>Artificial Intelligence</u>: <u>Structures and Strategies for Complex Problem Solving</u>, 6th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2009. (Q335.L951)
- 2. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, <u>Introduction to Data Mining</u>: Pearson 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 3. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, <u>Deep Learning</u>, MIT Press, 2016. ISBN: 978-0262035613 (Q325.5.G651)

References

- 1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, <u>Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques</u>, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011, ISBN: 978-0-12-381479-1.
- 2. S. Russell and P. Norvig, Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2020.
- 3. Kevin P. Murphy, <u>Probabilistic Machine Learning An Introduction</u>, The MIT Press, 2022.
- 4. Christopher M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006

Course Policies and Student Responsibilities

General: Students are expected to attend all lectures/tutorials and take and submit all scheduled continuous assessments. During the course period, announcements will be broadcast online. Students are required to check course website regularly and follow up with these announcements closely.

Absenteeism: Continuous assignments make up a significant portion of the total mark. Absence from continuous assignments without official approved leave will result in zero marks and affect the overall course grade.

Academic Integrity

Honesty and good ethical behaviour are pillars of good academic work. Both students and course instructors must adhere to the principles of academic integrity and to the NTU Honor Code.

It is important that students recognize your responsibilities in understanding and applying the principles of academic integrity in all the work you carry out at NTU. You need to actively equip yourself with strategies to avoid all forms of academic dishonesty, including plagiarism, academic fraud, collusion and cheating.

Course Instructors

Instructor	Office Location	Phone	Email
Chen LiHui	S1-B1c-96	67904484	elhchen@ntu.edu.sg
Tan Yap Peng	S1-B1a-16	6790 5872	eyptan@ntu.edu.sg
Wen BiHan	S2-B2b-54	6790 4708	Bihan.wen@ntu.edu.sg

	Weekly Schedule		
Week	Торіс	Course LO	Readings, Activities
1	Introduction to AI & Brief history State Space Representation Search Strategies: data /goal driven	ILO1	Lecture1-3 Homework 1 (Due week 3)
2	Search Algorithms: Backtracking/BreadthFirst/DepthFirst	ILO2	Lecture4-6 Homework 2 (Due week 4)
3	Heuristic Search: Hill-climbing/ Best-First / MiniMax/ Alpha-Beta	ILO3	Lecture7-9
4	Introduction to DataMining Association Rule Mining: Apriori/FPGrowth	ILO4/ILO6	Lecture10-12
5	Introduction to Machine Learning	ILO5/ILO6	Quiz1 Lecture14-15
6	Classification and Decision Trees	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture16-18 Homework 3 (Due Week 8)
7	Nearest Neighbor Classifiers and Support Vector Machines	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture19-21 Project (Due week 13
	Recess week		
8	Neural Networks: Perceptrons, The Backpropagation Algorithm	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture 22-24 Homework 4 (Due Week 10
9	Neural Networks: Convolutional Neural Networks, Other Popular Deep Learning Networks	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture 25-27
10	Unsupervised Learning Clustering & Regression	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture 28-30 Homework 5 (Due week 12
11	Regularization and Optimization for Deep Models	ILO5	Lecture 31-33
12	Dimensionality Reduction + Bayesian Reasoning	ILO5/ ILO6	Lecture 34-36

13 Bayesian Reasoning

Lecture 37-39

ILO5/ ILO6

Appendix 1A: Assessment Criteria for CA2 (Assignment)

Marks	Criteria
>=90%	Able to achieve LO4 & LO6 completely
70% - 89%	Able to achieve LO4 & LO6 with some minor issues/misunderstanding
50% - 69%	Able to achieve most LO4 & LO6. Some major issues/misunderstanding exist
40% - 49%	Able to achieve only some of LO4 & LO6
<40%	Unable to achieve LO4 & LO6

Appendix 1B: Assessment Criteria for CA3 (Project Report)

CA3 can be individual or students can choose to team up with one other partner. If students choose to form a group of two, the two students in the same group may share the same codes and experimental results. However, they MUST clearly state their contributions to the codes and experiments in their submitted individual project report.

Furthermore, students need to answer a list of questions in the project report based on their understanding of the code and experiment design. They need to explain and justify the algorithms they use, and analyse the results based on what they learn from this course. All of these answers MUST be done independently no matter whether they choose to work in team or individually.

Individual student will submit a Project Report to illustrate the problem and the solution. Included as part of the report is the code. The project will be graded out of 100 points and will then be scaled to 20% of the total marks. 80% of the project assessment will be based on students' individual analysis, while 20% is dependent on their codes and testing accuracy which can be a team effort.

Criteria		Standards	
	Fail standard (0-40)	Pass standard (41-74)	High standard (75-100)
Identify the core definition of the problem and plan the solution. (LO 5, 6)	Identifying completely wrong definitions of the problems, and planning solutions that are somewhat related but are not the actual solutions expected for the problems.	Identifying the correct and relevant definitions of the problems in line with the course materials, planning solutions reasonably in line with solutions expected for the problems and trying to relate the course materials to the planned solutions. Accuracy and clarity can be further improved.	Identifying the correct and relevant definitions of the problems in line with the course materials, planning technically accurate steps for the solutions that are expected for the problems, and clearly connecting the course materials to the planned solutions.

	1	T	
Explore the data effectively and devise required models to solve the problem. (LO 5, 6)	Ad hoc analysis of the data and arbitrary steps in building the model without properly connecting the concepts with relevant concepts from the course. No or little evidence of critical evaluation of the proposed solution.	Logical exploration of the data that demonstrates a good understanding of the concepts from the course and building models with reasonable accuracy to solve the problems. Reasonable evidence of critical thinking related to the proposed solution and producing solutions with some degree of intuition and justification (rigorous steps for model-building or validation of models and results may be missing).	Clear logical flow of data exploration of that demonstrates a good understanding of the concepts from the course (and beyond) and building models with high accuracy to solve the problems. Extensive evidence of critical thinking related to the proposed solution, and producing solutions with clear intuition and proper justification, including rigorous steps for model-building and validation of the models and results.
Overall Organization of the Project Report. (LO 5)	Disorganised format and arrangement of the code and report, without any comment or little/no mention of references/resources.	Clear logical flow and well-formatted arrangement of the code and report, with all essential components. Reasonable comments and reasonable documentation of references /resources.	Clear logical flow and well-formatted arrangement of the code and report, with all essential components. Detailed set of technical comments to illustrate the choices made towards the solution, and to highlight the inferences. Proper documentation of references /resources.

Appendix 2: The EAB (Engineering Accreditation Board) Accreditation SLOs (Student Learning Outcomes)

	*EAB Graduate Attributes ¹
a)	Engineering Knowledge
	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialisation as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to the solution of complex engineering problems.

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¹ Reference: <u>EAB Accreditation Manual</u>

b) **Problem Analysis**

Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. (WK1 to WK4)

c) Design / Development of Solutions

Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. (WK5)

d) Investigation

Conduct investigations of complex problems using research-based knowledge (WK8) and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

e) Modern Tool Usage

Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering problems, with an understanding of the limitations. (WK6)

f) The Engineer and Society

Apply reasoning informed by contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems. (WK7).

g) Environment and Sustainability

Understand and evaluate the sustainability and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in societal and environmental contexts. (WK7)

h) Ethics

Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. (WK7)

i) Individual and Team Work

Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multidisciplinary settings.

j) Communication

Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

k)	Project Management and Finance
	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making, and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
l)	Life-long Learning
	Recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

No.	Knowledge Profile
WK 1	A systematic, theory-based understanding of the natural sciences applicable to the discipline
WK 2	Conceptually-based mathematics, numerical analysis, statistics and formal aspects of computer and information science to support analysis and modelling applicable to the discipline
WK 3	A systematic, theory-based formulation of engineering fundamentals required in the engineering discipline
WK 4	Engineering specialist knowledge that provides theoretical frameworks and bodies of knowledge for the accepted practice areas in the engineering discipline; much is at the forefront of the discipline
WK 5	Knowledge that supports engineering design in a practice area
WK 6	Knowledge of engineering practice (technology) in the practice areas in the engineering discipline
WK 7	Comprehension of the role of engineering in society and identified issues in engineering practice in the discipline: ethics and the professional responsibility of an engineer to public safety; the impact of engineering activity: economic, social, cultural, environmental and sustainability
WK 8	Engagement with selected knowledge in the research literature of the discipline