

#### 4.2.6.2 Association rules generation - Example 2.

TID	Items Bought
1	N, E, W
2	N, O, W
3	W, E
4	O, N, E
5	O, W, N
6	G, O

Q(a) minisup  $\geq 0\%$       Apriori

(b) two.      minconf 60%.

Solution ①  $\text{minsup} = 6 \times 0.3 = 1.8 \approx 2$

TID	Items Bought	item	$\sigma$
1	N, E, W	N	4
2	N, O, W	E	3
3	W, E	W	4
4	O, N, E	O	4
5	O, W, N	G	1
6	G, O		

$$C_1' = \{N, E, W, O, G\}$$

$$C_1 = \{N:4, E:3, W:4, O:4, \cancel{G:1}\}$$

$$L_1 = \{N:4, E:3, W:4, O:4\}$$

$$C_2' = \{NE, NW, NO, EW, EO, WO\}$$

$$C_2 = \{NE:2, NW:3, NO:3, EW:2, \cancel{EO:1}, \cancel{WO:2}\}$$

$$L_2 = \{NE:2, NW:3, NO:3, EW:2, \cancel{WO:2}\}$$

$$C_3' = \{\cancel{NEW}, \cancel{NEO}, \cancel{NWO}, \cancel{EWO}\}$$

$$C_3' = \{\cancel{NEW:1}, \cancel{NEO:1}, \cancel{NWO:2}\}$$

$$L_3 = \{\cancel{NWO:2}\}$$

Hence, the frequent itemsets are  $4+5+1=10$

$$L_1 = \{N:4, E:3, W:4, O:4\}$$

$$L_2 = \{NE:2, NW:3, NO:3, EW:2, WO:2\}$$

$$L_3 = \{NOW:2\}$$

(b)

$$\text{confidence}(N \rightarrow E) = \frac{\sigma(NE)}{\sigma(N)} = \frac{2}{4} = 50\% < 60\% \quad X$$

$$\text{confidence}(NW \rightarrow O) = \frac{\sigma(NWO)}{\sigma(NW)} = \frac{2}{3} = 66.7\% > 60\%$$

$$\text{confidence}(NO \rightarrow W) = \frac{\sigma(NOW)}{\sigma(NO)} = \frac{2}{3} = 66.7\% > 60\%$$