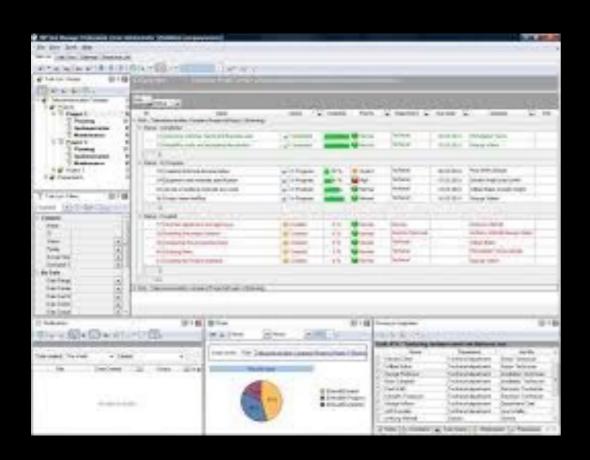
Correct-by-Construction Interactive Software: From Declarative Specifications to Efficient Implementations

Kyle Headley

Matthew Hammer

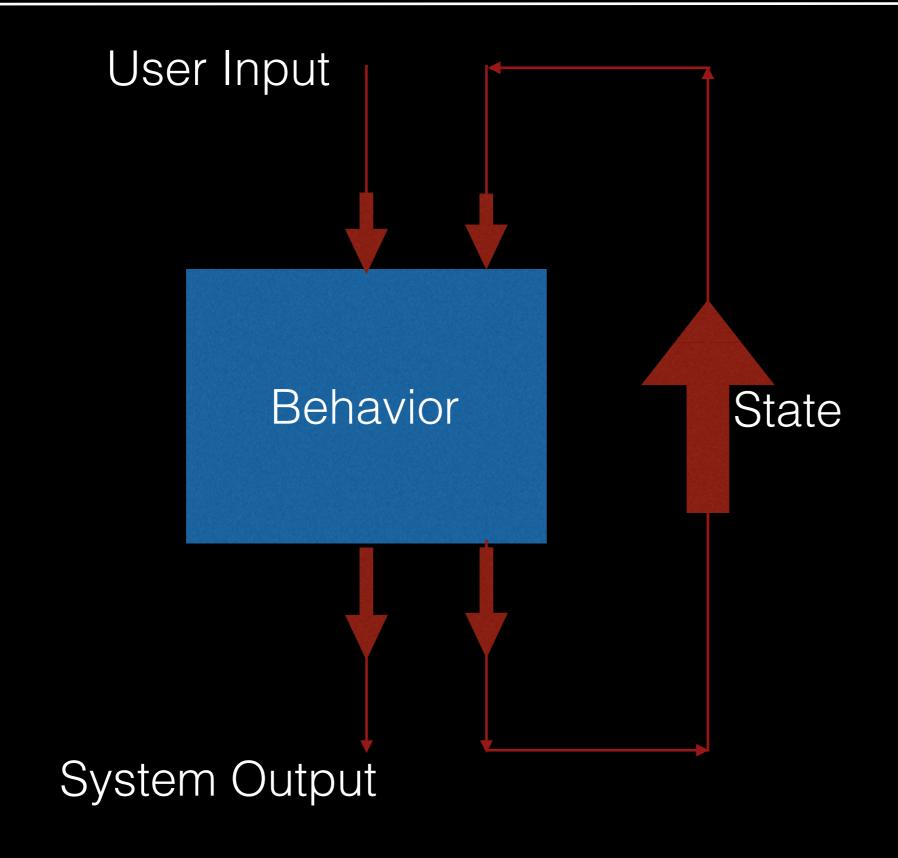
OBT '16











Programming interactive experiences is *complex*

Existing interactive experiences are underspecified

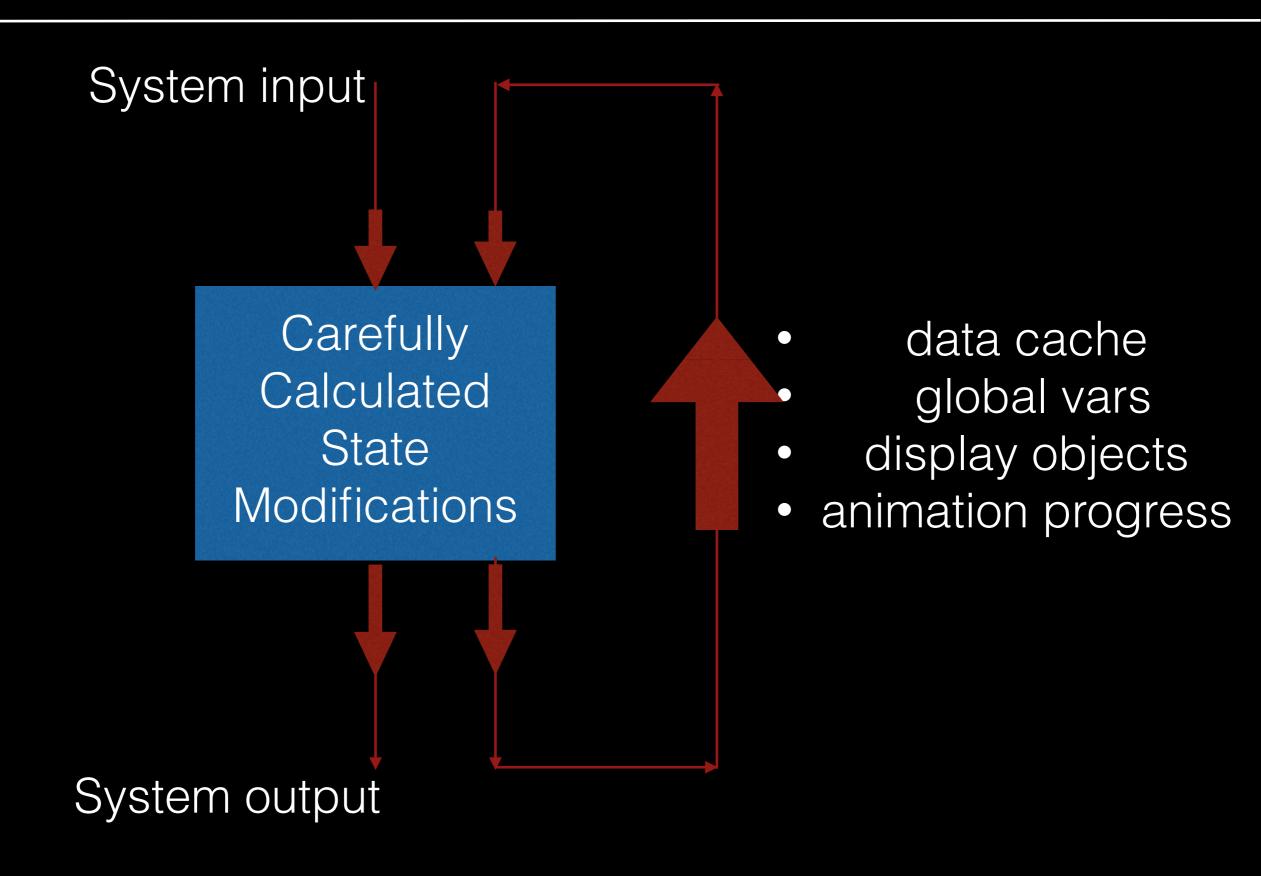
Complex examples

Obvious

Extending emacs/eclipse

Subtle

- What is the semantics of UNDO?
- Undo with multiple buffers?
- Undo over higher order commands?



Using PL Features, Algorithms, Techniques for interactive behavior

Programming interactive experiences can be *simple*

Existing interactive experiences can be *unambiguous*

Code can be independent of the framework used

Correct-by-construction Interactive Program

Semantics preserving transformation



Deterministic functions

Functional Programming

Executable Spec

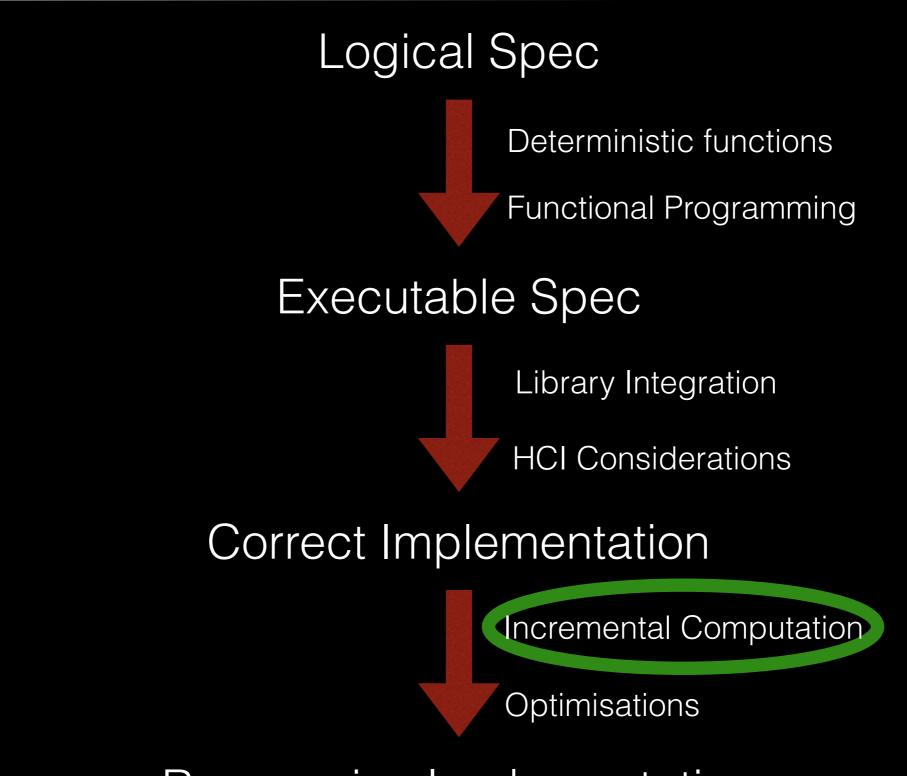
Library Integration
HCI Considerations

Correct Implementation

Incremental Computation
Optimisations

Responsive Implementation

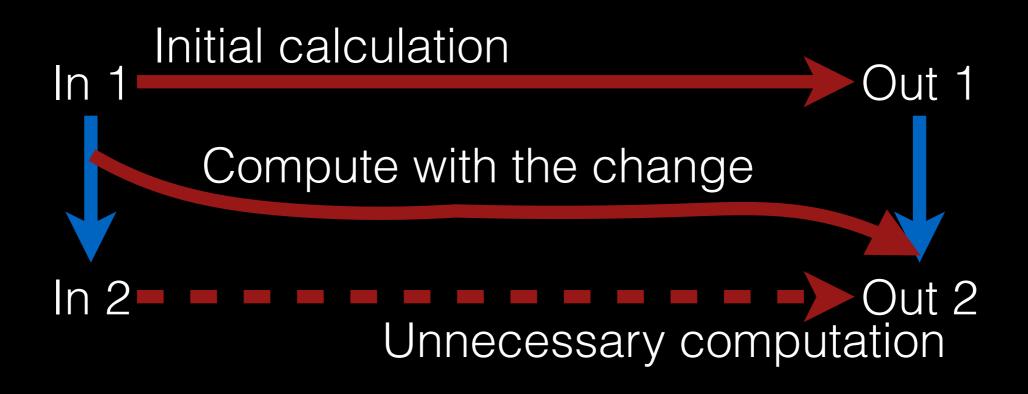
Correct-by-construction Interactive Program



Responsive Implementation

Incremental Computation

A computation is incremental if repeating it with a changed input is faster than from-scratch recomputation



Incremental Computation

Incremental computation can use:

- Memoization / Caching
- Dependency graphs
- Internal efficient data structures

Incremental Computation

An incremental computation library may be simple or complex

```
fn cmdz of actions
 <A:Adapton
 ,Acts:TreeT<A,Action>
,Cmds:TreeT<A,Command>
 ,Edit:ListEdit<A,Command,Cmds>
 (st: &mut A, acts:Acts::Tree)
 -> (Edit::State, Option<A::Name>) {
let z = Edit::insert(st, z, Dir2::Left, c);
let z = Edit::ins cell(st, z, Dir2::Left, nm.clone());
let z = Edit::ins name(st, z, Dir2::Left, nm);
```

```
fn foo(a: u32) -> u32 {
   ...
}
memo!(ic_tables, foo, a:a)
```

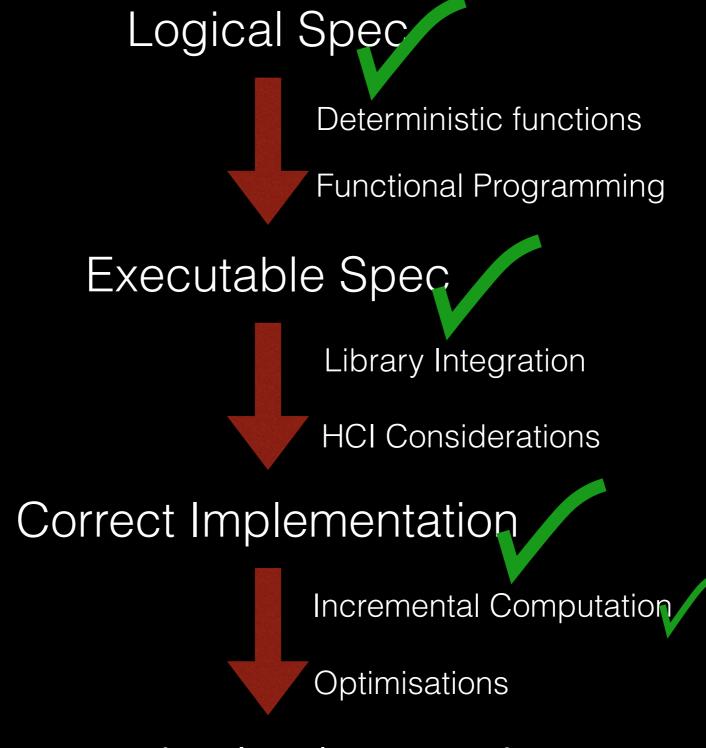
Proof of Concept: Text Editor

IC_Edit

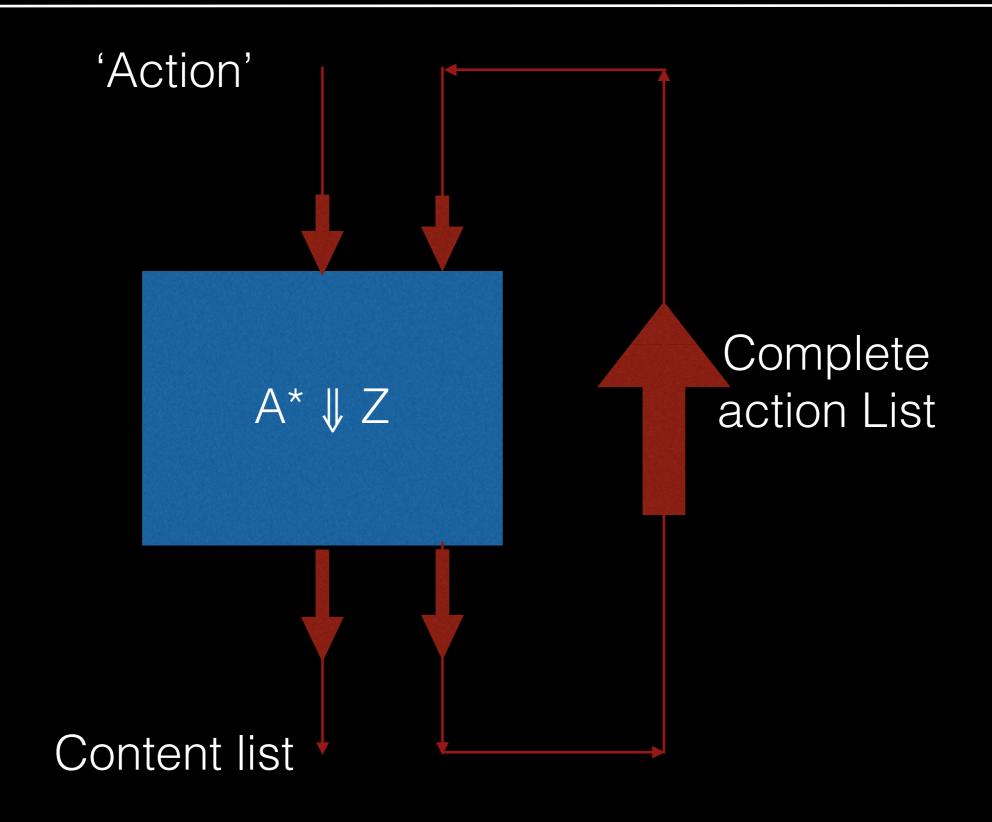
Features:

- Text creation/removal
- Undo/Redo
- Multiple 'cursors'

Proof of Concept: Text Editor



Responsive Implementation



IC_Edit

Primitive operations

Edits

Insert, Overwrite, Delete, Undo, Redo

Cursor Management

Move, Make, Jump, Switch, Join

IC_Edit

Primitive operations

Edits

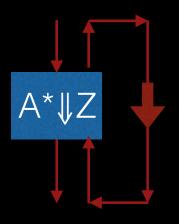
Insert, Overwrite, Delete, Undo, Redo

Cursor Management

Move, Make, Jump, Switch, Join

Demo — Correct Implementation

IC_Edit Spec



Build content from action list

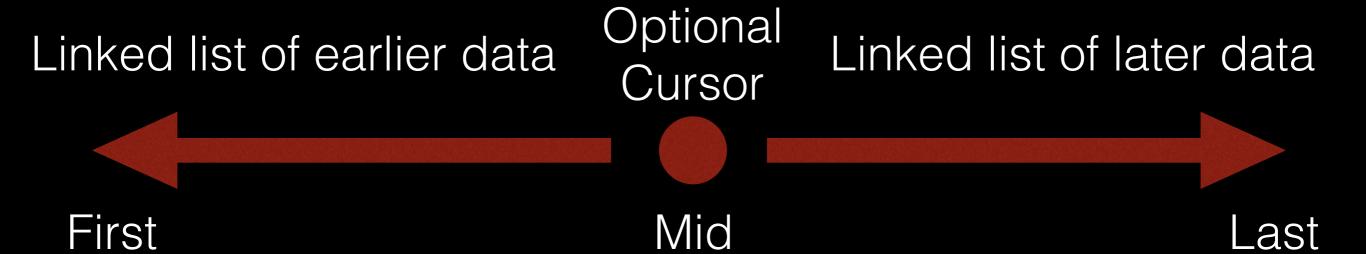
Initial cursor a fresh

Handle Undo/Redo $A^* \downarrow \langle C_1^* || C_2^* \rangle$

Build content $\langle \epsilon | \alpha | \epsilon \rangle \vdash reverse(C_1^*) \downarrow Z$

$$A^* \Downarrow Z$$

Zipper



Links progress away from cursor

IC_Edit Spec

$$A^* \Downarrow \langle\!\langle C_1^* |\!| C_2^* \rangle\!\rangle$$

A ::= UNDO | REDO | Command

A*: Action List

C₁*: Commands to process

C₂*: Commands that have been undone

IC_Edit Spec

$$Z_1 \vdash reverse(C_1^*) \Downarrow Z_2$$

Command ::= Insert | Delete | Overwrite | CursorCommands

Z₁: Initial content zipper

C₁*: Active commands

Z₂: Final content zipper

Implementation

Which data structure to choose?

0000000

Array

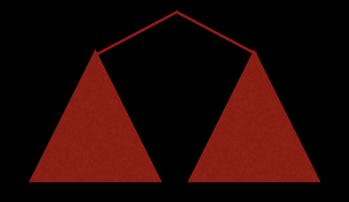
Easy: Random access

Hard: Insert, Search

Zipper

Easy: Insert, local move

Hard: Search

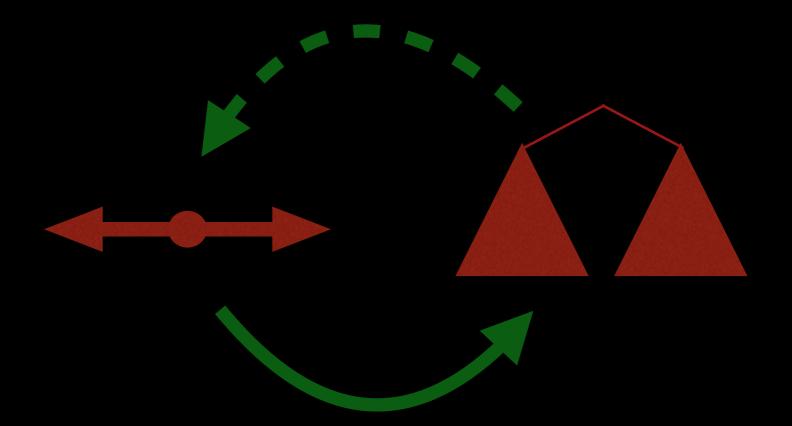


Tree

Easy: Search, global move

Hard: Insert (balancing issues)

Key Insight

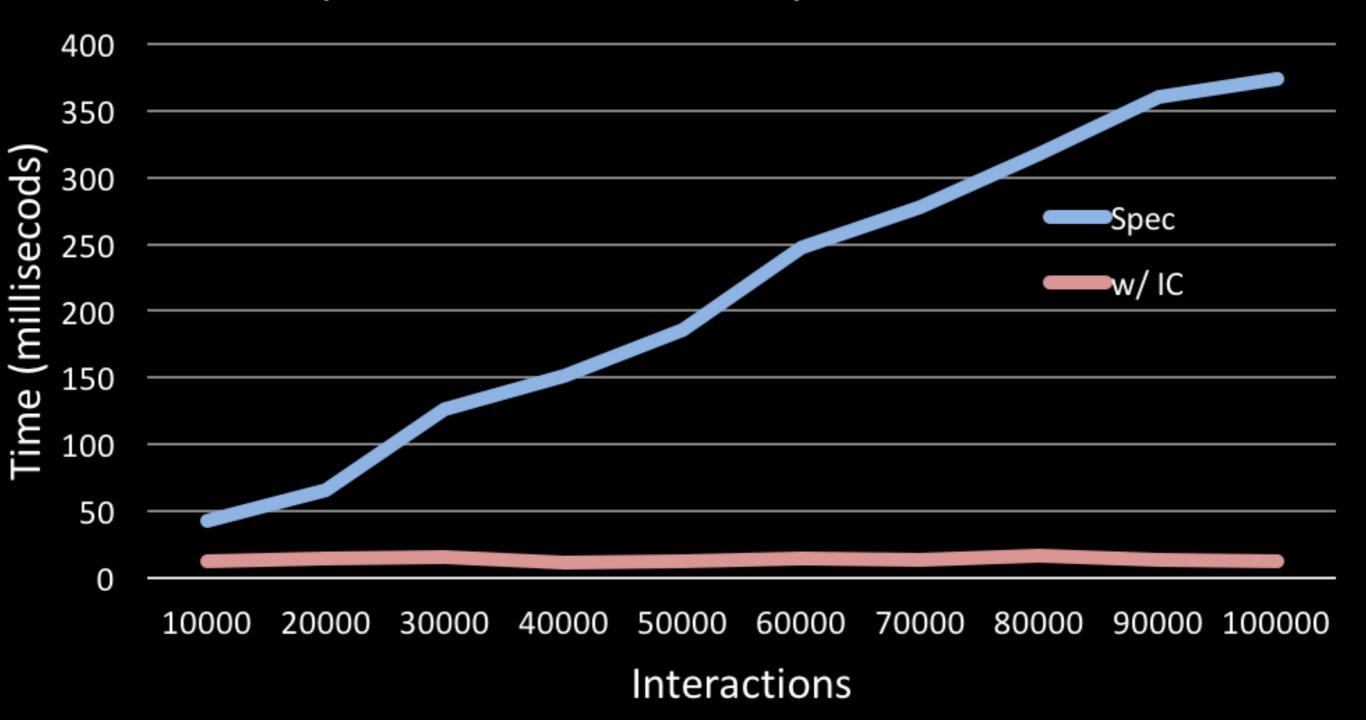


- Use data structure that is easiest for each operation
- Transform to other structures and keep them in cache
- Use incremental computation for optimizations

Implementation

Preliminary Results

Update Time After Many Interactions



IC_Edit Future

Optimise Searching

Reduce overhead

Implement additional features

- Search for words
- Better navigation

Correct-by-construction next steps

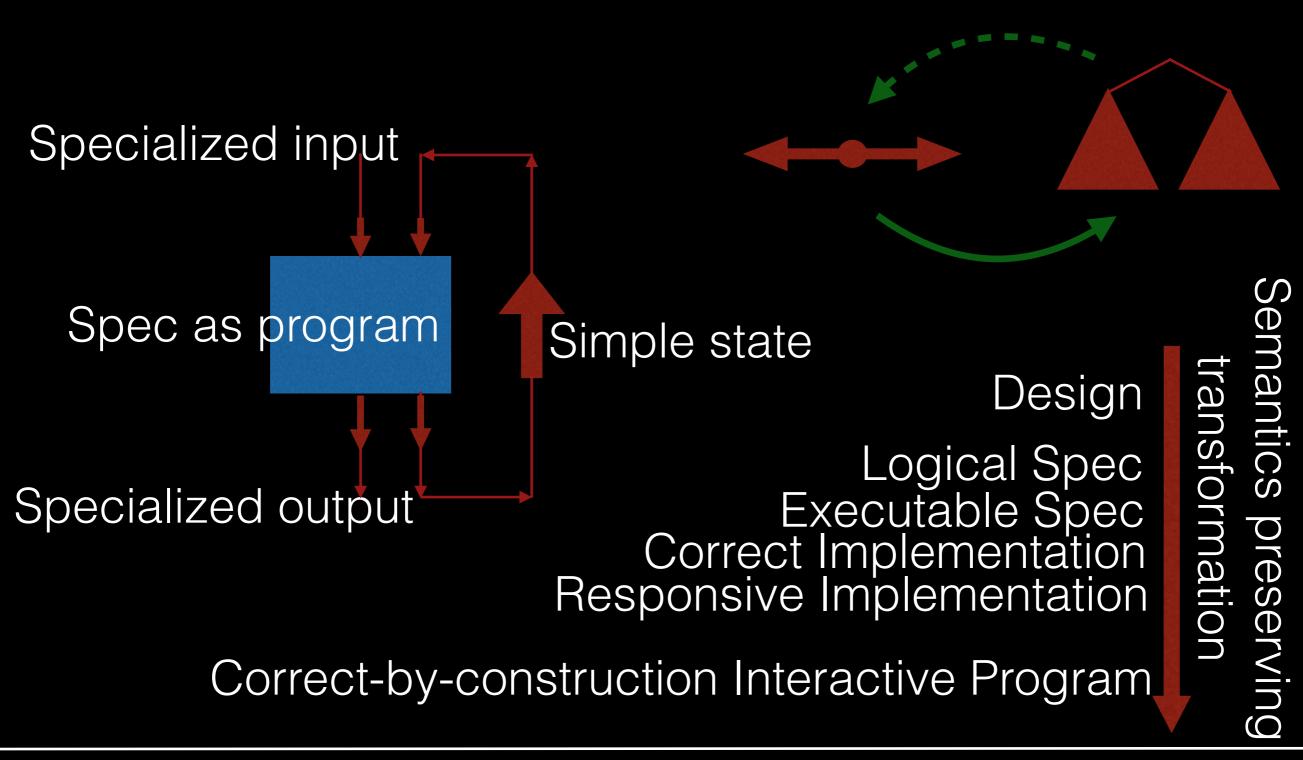
Spreadsheet

IDE

Improved Adapton interface

Better composition of techniques

Servo: Web browser in rust Use IC to cache useful data structures



Kyle Headley, Matthew Hammer, University of Colorado at Boulder, OBT'16