

**C Programming Questions (with Answers)**

1. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
#include<stdio.h>

int fn(void);
void print(int,int(*)());
int i=10;
void main(void)
{
    int i=20;
    print(i,fn);
}
void print(int i,int (*fn1)())
{
    printf("%d\n",(*fn1)());
}

int fn(void)
{
    return(i-=5);
}
```

- a) Syntax error in line number 3.
- b) 15
- c) 5
- d) 0

Ans : c

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2. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int sum_up(int *,int);
void main(void)
{
    int x[10];
    int i=10;
    for(;i)
    {
        i--;
        *(x+i)=i;
    }
}
```

```

    }
    printf("%d", sum_up(x,10));
}
int sum_up(int array[],int size)
{
    int i=0;
    float sum=0;
    for(; i < size; i++)
        sum += array[i];
    return sum;
}

```

- a) Unpredictable output.
- b) 45
- c) 55
- d) Syntax error

Ans : (b)

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3. What will be the output of the following program ?

```

int coins[5]={20, 5, 20, 3, 20};
void main(void)
{
    int pos=5, *next();
    *next() = pos;
    printf("%d %d %d",pos,*next(),coins[0]);
}
int *next()
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
        if (coins[i]==20)
            return(coins+i);
    printf("Error!");
    exit(0);
}

```

- a) 5 20 5
- b) Syntax error : lvalue required
- c) 5 20 20
- d) 5 20 3

Ans : (a)

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4. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
main()
{
    int x=5;
    printf("%d %d %d\n",x,x<<2,x>>2);
}
```

- a) 5 20 1
- b) 5 40 1
- c) 5 80 1
- d) Syntax error

Ans : (a)

---

5. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
#define LOCATE(n) printf("LOCATE: %d\n", n)
main()
{
    LOCATE(5);
}
```

- a) Ascii value of 5
- b) Syntax error : Type mismatch
- c) LOCATE: 5\5
- d) LOCATE: 5

Ans: d

---

6. What will be the output of the following program segment, when compiled using a gcc compiler ?

```
char *p = "hello, world!";
p[0] = 'H';
puts(p);
```

- a) Segmentation fault.
- b) Hello, world!
- c) Compilation error or warning.

d) Junk output.

Ans: (a)

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7. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
int *func()
{
    static int i=7;
    return &i;
}

main()
{
    int *i = func();
    printf("%d\n", *i);
}
```

- a) 7
- b) Garbage output
- c) Segmentation fault.
- d) Syntax error.

Ans : (a)

---

8. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char arr[100];
    func(&arr);
}

void func(char (*arr)[100])
{
    printf("%d\n", sizeof *arr);
}
```

- a) 4
- b) 100
- c) 400
- d) Syntax error

Ans : (b)

=====

9. What is `get_ptr` in the following declaration ?

```
float (*get_ptr(const char opcode))(float, float);
```

- a) function takes two floats and returns a pointer to a function which is taking a char and returns a float.
- b) Not a proper declaration. Syntax error.
- c) function takes two floats and returns a pointer to a float.
- d) function takes a char and returns a pointer to a function which is taking two floats and returns a float.

Ans : (d)

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10. What is "a" in the following declaration ?

```
char *(*(*a[]))()
```

- a) pointer to a function taking a char array as argument and returning pointer to char
- b) array of pointer to function returning pointer to function returning pointer to char
- c) pointer to function taking a char array as argument and returning pointer to function returning pointer to char
- d) Not a valid declaration. Syntax error.

Ans : (b)

=====

11. What is the output of the following program ?

```
void foo(void)
{
    unsigned int a = 6;
    int b = -20;
    printf("%d\n", (a+b) > 6);
}
main()
{
```

```
    foo();  
}
```

- a) 0
- b) -14
- c) 1
- d) 26

Ans : (c)

=====

12. What is the output of the following program ?

```
#define min((a),(b)) ((a)<(b))?(a):(b)  
main()  
{  
    int i=0,a[20],*ptr;  
  
    ptr=a;  
    while(min(ptr++, &a[9]) < &a[8]) i=i+1;  
  
    printf("i=%d\n",i);  
}
```

- a) 1
- b) 5
- c) 20
- d) Syntax Error

Ans : (b)

=====

13. What is the output of the following program ?

```
# include <stdio.h>  
void main()  
{  
    static int a[] = { 0,1,2,3 };  
    static int *p[] = { a, a+1, a+2, a+3 };  
    int **ptr=p;  
  
    *++*ptr;
```

```
printf("%d %d %d",ptr-p, *ptr-a, **ptr);  
}
```

- a) 0 1 2
- b) 0 1 1
- c) Segmentation fault
- d) 4 1 1

Ans : (b)

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14. What is the output of the following program ?

```
int func(int p, int q)  
{  
    return (p+q);  
}
```

```
void main()  
{
```

```
    int x=1, y=2, z=3;
```

```
    printf("%d",func((x+3, y+=1), z--));  
}
```

- a) 6
- b) 7
- c) 5
- d) 4

Ans : (a)

=====

15. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
void main()  
{
```

```
    int j;  
    int i;  
    int a[8];
```

```
    for(i=0; i<=8 ;i++)  
        a[i]=0;
```

```
printf("hello");  
}
```

- a) hello
- b) Compilation error.
- c) Program will hang.
- d) Stack overflow

Ans : (c)

=====

16. What is the output of the following program, when it is invoked as "a.out hello" ?

```
void main(int argc, char * argv[])  
{  
    printf("Hello\n");  
    if (argc != 1) goto JUMP;  
    printf("World\n");  
}
```

JUMP:

```
printf("Welcome to jump\n");  
}
```

- a) Hello  
Welcome to jump
- b) Hello  
World  
Welcome to jump
- c) Hello  
World
- d) Hello  
Welcome to jump  
World

Ans : (b)

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17. What will be the output of the following program ?

```
enum {
```



```
a = (2 * 3),  
b = (a + 4),  
c = (b + 5)  
}
```

```
main()  
{  
    printf("%d %d %d\n", a, b, c);  
}
```

- a) 6 10 15
- b) 0 1 2
- c) Compilation Error
- d) 2 2 2

Ans : (a)

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