



NAT-MCH
Ethernet Switch
Configuration Manual
Firmware v2.18.2
Revision v22



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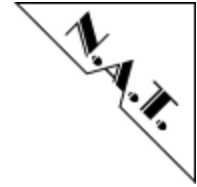
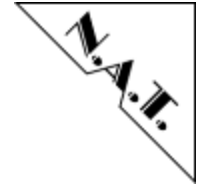
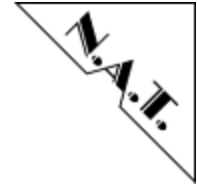


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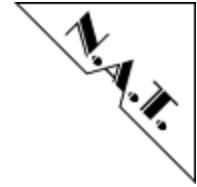
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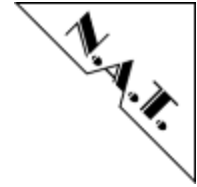
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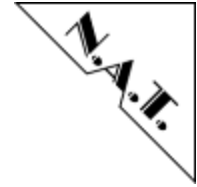


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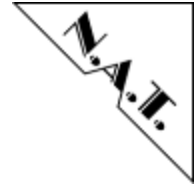


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Glossary

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| μTCA | Micro TCA (= MTCA) |
| AMC | Advanced Mezzanine Card |
| ATCA | Advanced Telecom Computing Architecture |
| BPDU | Bridge Protocol Data Unit |
| EAPOL | Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN |
| I2C | Inter Integrated Circuit, 2 wire serial bus |
| KCS | Keyboard Controller Style |
| LAG-Master | Port within an aggregation group defined settings for all port of the group |
| LAN | Local Area Network |
| LED ID | Light Emitting Diode Identifier |
| LUN | Logical Unit Number |
| MAC | Media Access Control address |
| MCH | μTCA Carrier Hub |
| NMCH | NAT-MCH |
| OEM | Original Equipment Manufacturer |
| Operable Switch | At the current time configurable switch device |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol |
| UDP | User Datagram Protocol |



Abbreviations of setting options

| | |
|-----------|---|
| AGE_TIME | Aging Interval of the MAC-Table |
| ALIAS | aliases of AMC-Port or additional connection |
| AMC_PM | Port map of the AMC slots |
| AUX_PM | Port map of unused ports |
| BLK_NM | Block Not Mirror packets mode [FLAG] |
| BRG_PRI | Bridge priority related Spanning Tree Protocol |
| CPU_1 | CPU Port 1 (on the baseboard)(<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| CPU_PM | Port map of the CPU ports |
| FLAG | binary value [0 1] |
| FRT_PM | Port map of the Front panel connections |
| FRT_1 | First front 1GbE uplink port (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| FRT_2 | Second front 1GbE uplink port (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| FRT_3 | Third front 1GbE uplink port (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| FRT_4 | Fourth front 1GbE uplink port (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| FWD_DELAY | Forwarding delay: time that is spent in the listening and learning state |
| GR_MEM_IN | Group Membership Interval of IGMP-Snooping mode in seconds |
| HELLO_T | Hello Time is a time between each bridge BPDU that is sent on a port |
| JMB_SIZE | Frame size of Jumbo Ethernet frames |
| INST_N | RSTP instance ID {INST_0 INST_1} |
| ISW_BX | Switch port of the baseboard connected to the XAUI Hub (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| ISW_XB | Switch port of the XAUI Hub connected to the baseboard (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| ISW_PM | Port map of Inter-Switch connection |



| | |
|-----------------|---|
| LAG_GR | Membership of an aggregation group to provide the Link Aggregation mode |
| LAG_HM | Hashing Mode of the Link Aggregation |
| LIST_OF_ALIASES | List of aliases: used AMC-Port and additional connection aliases |
| MAC_ADDR | MAC Address |
| MAX_AGE | Max Age maximal time that passes before a bridge port set the info |
| NON_STP_PORT | FLAG for excluding of a port from the STP mathematic calculation |
| PONT2POINT | port is connected to a shared LAN or a point-to-point LAN segment |
| IFF_MODE | Interface mode {SerDes/SGMII/AUTO} |
| PORT_CPT | Capture port [all used ports] |
| PORT_NO | Number of port [all used ports] |
| PORT_PRI | Port priority [0 .. 240] in steps of 16, related RSTP |
| PORT_PTH_COST | Port path coast [1..200 000 000] or [0] |
| PRI_1P | 802.1p priority [0-7] |
| PRI_MTAB | priority contained at the MAC-Address table [0-7] |
| QEUR_IN | Query Interval of IGMP Snooping mode in seconds |
| SRC_CON | Alias of Source Connection [all used ports] |
| TX_QUEUE | Transmit queue [0-4] |
| UPC_PM | Port map of the Update channels |
| VLANID | Virtual LAN ID [1-4096] |
| UPDC_B | Update Channel between 1GbE switches on Base Boards (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |
| UPDC_X | Update Channel between 10GbE switches on XAUI Boards (<i>Table 3-1</i>) |



1 Introduction

The NAT-MCH is a MicroTCA (μ TCA/MTCA) Carrier Hub in the form factor of a single width and single or double height Advanced Mezzanine Card (AMC). It provides the central management and data switching entity for all MicroTCA systems. The NAT-MCH comprises of a base module and numerous optional daughter cards, which can be mounted on the base module. The NAT-MCH is MicroTCA.0 R1.0 compliant and delivers switching and hub functionality for the various system fabrics as defined in the AMC.x standard series, i.e. 1 Gigabit Ethernet, PCI-Express (PCIe), Serial Rapid I/O (SRIO), 10 Gigabit Ethernet (XAUI) or Serial Attached SCSI (SAS). The NAT-MCH can also provide a centralized clock distribution to all AMCs in the system.

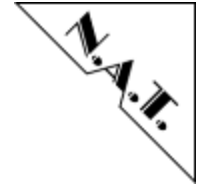


2 NAT-MCH Switches

The Gigabit Ethernet option of the NAT-MCH is realized by a Broadcom BCM5396 Ethernet switch, the 10 Gigabit Ethernet option by a Fulcrum FM222X Ethernet switch. These Ethernet switches provide a layer 2, non-blocking, low-latency 1 Gigabit and 10 Gigabit Ethernet packet transfer. They support Port Based VLAN, VLAN 802.1Q protocol, MAC-Security function, Quality of Service 802.1p protocol, Control of Link Status as well as a Port Mirroring control, Jumbo Frame and Link Aggregation mode.

While the 1GbE switch is located on the Base Board of the NAT-MCH the 10 GbE switch is located on an optional extension hub module that can be plugged on the NAT-MCH base. The switches can be connected with each other by a so-called *Inter-Switch Connection*, depending on PCB version.

The 1GbE switch on the baseboard may have one or two Uplinks.



3 Port Switching Concept

The port management in the MicroTCA Systems runs in several steps, controlled by software. This chapter describes the process flow of the port management from physical ports to the AMC-Ports in all details.

3.1 Fabrics and physical Ports

The MicroTCA backplane provides the connectivity among AMCs. The specification defines one to seven *fabric* interfaces per MCH for every AMC. Each fabric consists of the 12 lanes that can be used for different connection types. For example, one lane can provide 1GbE connectivity; four lanes (Fat Pipe) can serve one 10GbE Port of the switch.

The NAT-MCH uses the fabric A1 to A12 for 12x1GbE- and Fat Pipe (four lanes) D1-G1 to D12-G12 for 12x10GbE connections.

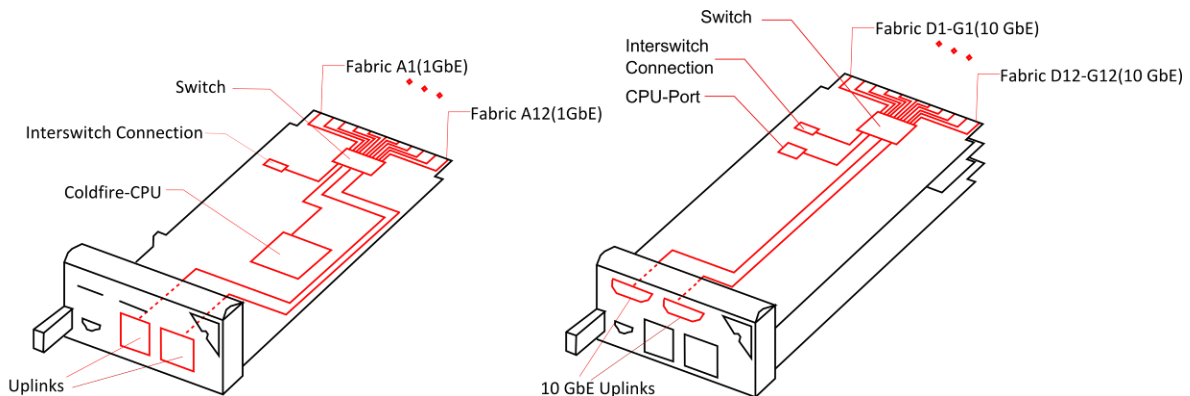


Figure 3-1: NAT-MCH Base V3.x with and without XAUI Hub-Module (simplified)

The BCM5396 supports up to 17x1GbE and the FM222X/FM4000 supports 24x10GbE ports, but depending on the hardware version of the NAT-MCH, not all of these ports might be used: the mapping between physical port of the switch device and fabrics of the NAT-MCH depends on the PCB version. To be independent of the physical port, the firmware provides different mappings of connections for different PCB versions. The mapping process is transparent to the user, to simplify the management of the NAT-MCH.

3.2 AMC Ports and Backplane Interconnect

The specification denotes the ports available at the AMC as AMC-Port [0:20]. The AMC-Ports <0>, <1>, <4>--<11> can be used for the Ethernet connections.

The routing between the MCH fabric and AMC-Port is provided by the MicroTCA backplane. The backplane routing is variable but defined by the manufacturer at production time. The routing information is stored in the Carrier Point-to-Point Connectivity records that are part of the FRU-Backplane info saved in the backplane



EEPROM. To manage Ethernet traffic correctly, the MCH reads the connectivity records at boot time.

The user interface of the NAT-MCH is AMC-Port related. The firmware interprets FRU Info, and then maps the AMC-Ports to the fabrics of the NAT-MCH depending on the p2p records. Therefore, the AMC-Ports are mapped in two following steps:

1. AMC-Port to fabric Lane(s) (depends on p2p record)
2. MCH Fabric to physical port of the switch (depends on PCB version)

NOTE: If the p2p record routes the AMC-Port to the fabric lane(s) that are not supported by the MCH PCB version, the AMC-Port will not be offered to the user in the settings.

3.3 Identifier of AMC Port and Additional Connections

The NAT-MCH orders the notation of the AMC-Ports. The notation contains the connection type, slot number and occupied AMC-Ports:

AMC Slot / AMC-Port(s)

For example, the AMC is in slot <3>; the board is connected with the MCH due the port <0> (1GbE, e.g. fabric A3) and <4>-<7> (10GbE, e.g. fabric D3-G3). Therefore, the port name looks as follows: <AMC3/0> for 1GbE und <AMC3/4-7> for the 10GbE connection.

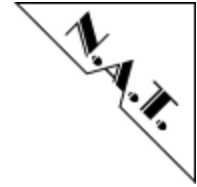
The NAT-MCH has additional connections that are not part of the fabrics. These are:

- Update channel attached to the second NAT-MCH in redundant environments;
- Connection between the 1GbE- and the 10GbE switch;
- Uplink ports at the front panel of the NAT-MCH that allow interconnecting the system over 1GbE or 10GbE ports to other carriers or to other systems.

These connections are offered in the user settings as well.

The notation of the additional connections contains the connection type and the number (numerical or literal):

Type _ index



| Connection Notation | Description | Switch | Port usage on | | |
|---------------------|---|--------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Base Board ≤ V2.1 < V3.0 | Base Board ≥ V3.0 | XAUI Board V1.2 |
| <FRT_1> | Uplink port 1 at the front panel | 1GbE | used | used | unused |
| <FRT_2> | Uplink port 2 at the front panel | 1GbE | reserved | optional | unused |
| <FRT_3> | Uplink port 3 at the front panel | 10 GbE | reserved | unused | optional |
| <FRT_4> | Uplink port 4 at the front panel | 10GbE | reserved | unused | optional |
| <UPDC_B> | Update Channel between 1GbE switches on Base Boards | 1GbE | used | used | reserved |
| <UPDC_X> | Update Channel between 10GbE switches on XAUI Boards | 10 GbE | unused | unused | used |
| <ISW_BX> | Inter Switch Connection from the Base- to the XAUI board | 1GbE | reserved | used | unused |
| <ISW_XB> | Inter Switch Connection from the XAUI- to the Base board | 10 GbE | unused | unused | used |
| <CPU_1> | CPU Port 1 (on the base board) | 1 GbE | used | used | unused |

Table 3-1: NAT-MCH – Additional connections and usage

Table 3-1 indicates additional connections, which are currently used depending on the hardware version of the NAT-MCH Base board and of the NAT-MCH XAUI board.

To avoid entering the port alias string in the console based switch configuration menus also a number has been assigned to each port, which has to be used as “ID” in the configuration menus.

3.4 Configuration Interfaces

Three interfaces can be used to configure the Ethernet switches on the NAT-MCH. The first one is the text based Command Line Interface (CLI) which can either be used via a serial connection at the MCH debug port (DBG) or via a Telnet connection to the board. Furthermore, the switch can be configured via a web-interface, which can be accessed via a standard web-browser. Finally, the switch can be configured via a text based configuration file, which can be edited by the user with a standard text editor on a PC.

3.5 Command Line Interface (CLI)

In order to access the CLI, a VT100 type terminal (19200, 8N1) has to be connected via console cable to the DBG port of the NAT-MCH. For details, please refer to the NAT-MCH User’s Manual.



Detailed information about the commands, which need to be entered at the console prompt to call the protocol specific configuration menu, is given in the protocol or feature specific chapters below.

To exit from any menu or any subsequent submenu always press <q>. For help press <h> or <?> or type <help>.

3.6 Web-Interface

The NAT-MCH has an integrated embedded web server, which allows users to view and change configuration parameters of the NAT-MCH.

Before the web server can be used, it has to be enabled via the command line interface. Please refer to the NAT-MCH User's Manual for details. The onboard web server can be accessed with any standard web-browser by entering the IP-address of the NAT-MCH into the browser's address line.

Information about the different configuration web pages can be found in the protocol specific chapters below.

3.7 Text Based Switch Configuration

A text-based configuration file can be used to configure the protocols and features of the Ethernet switch on the NAT-MCH. A set of configuration items has been defined which could be used to set the protocol or feature specific parameters. A general description of these items follows in the next chapters, the protocol or feature specific items and their parameters are explained in the associated chapters below.

To backup the current Ethernet switch settings of a NAT-MCH a text-based configuration file can be generated and downloaded via one of the configuration interfaces. This file then can be adapted with a standard text editor and uploaded again to the NAT-MCH. By this, the configuration of one NAT-MCH can also be "cloned" to other NAT-MCHs.

3.7.1 Text Based Configuration Structure

The text-based configuration is line-oriented; each text line contains exactly one item of the switch configuration. The order of the configuration items in the switch configuration file is irrelevant; however, it is recommended to leave the order unchanged to simplify a review of the configuration file.

Each configuration line starts with the configuration item ID followed by one or more parameters. The configuration item ID and the parameters are separated by a '=' character, the parameters are separated by commas.

For example:



```
eth_802.1q_dflt =   AMC10/0,   100,   5
```

Comments can be added to the configuration by writing a '#' character at the beginning of the line. These lines will be ignored by the software when parsing the configuration file.

Example: # this is a comment

The almost all features of the Ethernet switch can be enabled or disabled on user demand by initialization flag item. This is a Boolean value and it can be <0> or <1>. If the initialization flag item of a feature is not set, all other configuration items related to this feature will be ignored and the feature will be disabled. If a configuration item or one of its parameters is not preset, the switch configuration uses default values as specified in the chapters below.

3.7.2 Parameter Data Types

There are three types of the numerical data representation than are used for the parameters in the configuration items:

| Type | Prefix | Example | Decimal value |
|-------------|--------|---------|---------------|
| Binary | 0b | 0b0110 | 6 |
| Hexadecimal | 0x | 0xFF | 255 |
| Decimal | none | 15 | 15 |

Table 3-2 : Numerical data representation in the text based switch configuration



4 Device Location of the NAT-MCH

All configurable devices of the NAT-MCH are spread over different mezzanines. The exact position of a device is the so-called *device location*, which consists of three components:

- MCH-ID: reserved for future usage; currently is fixed to '0'
- Mezzanine level: distinguishes the NAT-MCH mezzanine boards; refer to Figure 4-1
- Instance ID: defines the device on the particular mezzanine board

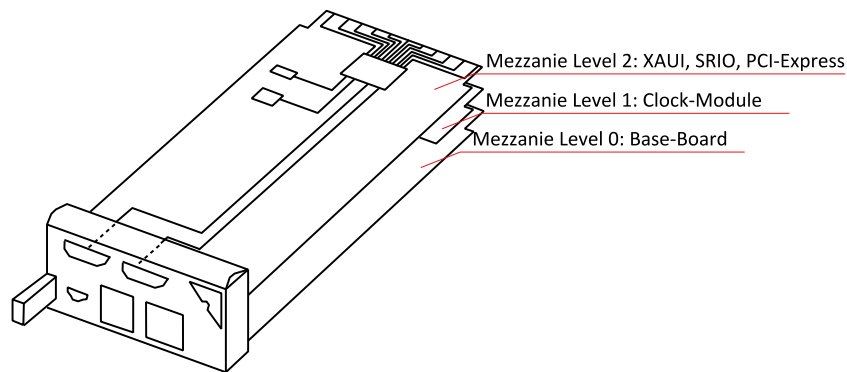


Figure 4-1: NAT_MCH with a Hub-Module

Therefore, the device location is a unique identifier of each configurable device within the NAT-MCH that is used for reference, control and configuration.



4.1 Changing the Switch Device

The Ethernet switches on the NAT-MCH are identified via the device location parameters as described in chapter 4. The user can configure only one of the switches at a time; the currently selected switch is called the *operable switch*. The selection of the operable switch can be done via the CLI and the web interface.

4.1.1 CLI Based Configuration

It is possible to view and change the operable switch device by command line interface.

4.1.1.1 Menu item: *Get Device Location*

This menu item shows the actual switch device:

```
Mezzanine: ..... 2
Instance ID: ..... 0
```

4.1.1.2 Menu Item: *Change Device Location*

With this menu item, the operable switch can be selected. The information about all initialized switches appears in the console:

```
ID [1]
Driver: . BCM5396 1Gb(1)
Mezzanine: ..... 0
Instance ID: ..... 0

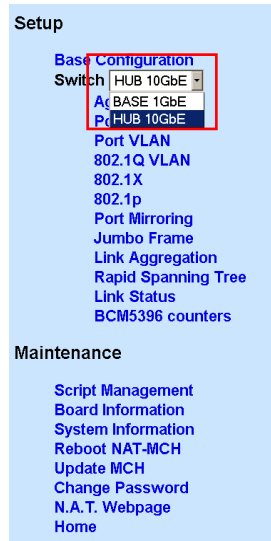
ID [2]
Driver: . FM222X 10Gb(2)
Mezzanine: ..... 2
Instance ID: ..... 0
```

The ID number is used to change the operable switch.



4.1.2 Web Based Configuration

The operable switch can also be changed by the web interface; the drop down menu appears on the left of the web browser window:



The current menu item shows the operable switch. To change the operable switch a switch device from the drop down menu has to be selected. The browser refreshes its content automatically afterwards.

Please note that the browser content should be refreshed after power cycling or resetting the NAT-MCH to get the current operable switch and configuration parameters.

4.1.3 Text Based Configuration

All configurable devices on the NAT-MCH can be set up by the Text Based Configuration as well. As described in Chapter 4, three configuration items are required:

- `mch_id` defines MCH
- `mez_id` defines mezzanine level
- `ins_id` defines instance ID

The device location is valid if the configuration items stay sequentially in the order of their arrival. Thereafter, it will be checked, if the device has been initialized for this device location. If the device is referenced correctly, the according configuration part will be parsed and applied. If the device location is not related to Switch Management the searching for the next related device location is to be continued.



5 Default Switch Configuration

This chapter describes the default switch configuration of the NAT-MCH in redundant and non-redundant environments. The Ethernet switch uses a default configuration if the corresponding flag in the MCH-Configuration has not been set.

5.1 Risk of Loops

The NAT-MCH can be operated with up to two Ethernet switches (1-GbE on Base board and 10-GbE on XAUI module). This causes a certain risk of loops in the network attached to the MicroTCA system. Constellations, which can result in network loops, are described in the following sub-chapters.

5.1.1 Loop due to Uplinks

This case needs to be considered with PCBv3.4 (Base) and later or/and XAUI-Hub-Module with Uplink option only: both uplinks at the front panel have been connected with the external switch or hub, as it shown at the next figure:

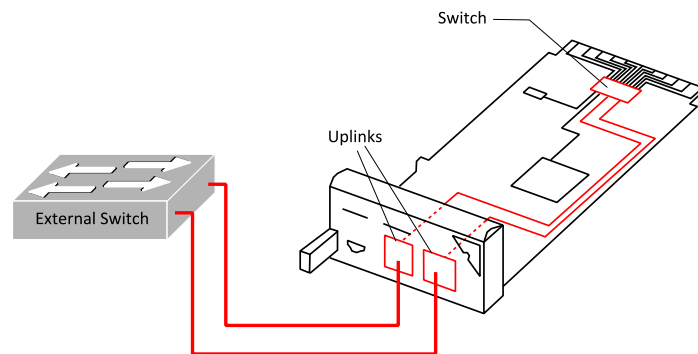


Figure 5-1: Loop due to both uplinks

The Ethernet switch of the Baseboard builds up the loop with the external switch.



5.1.2 Loop due to Update Channel

This case is possible in redundant environment only. The uplinks of different NAT-MCHs are connected with the external switch.

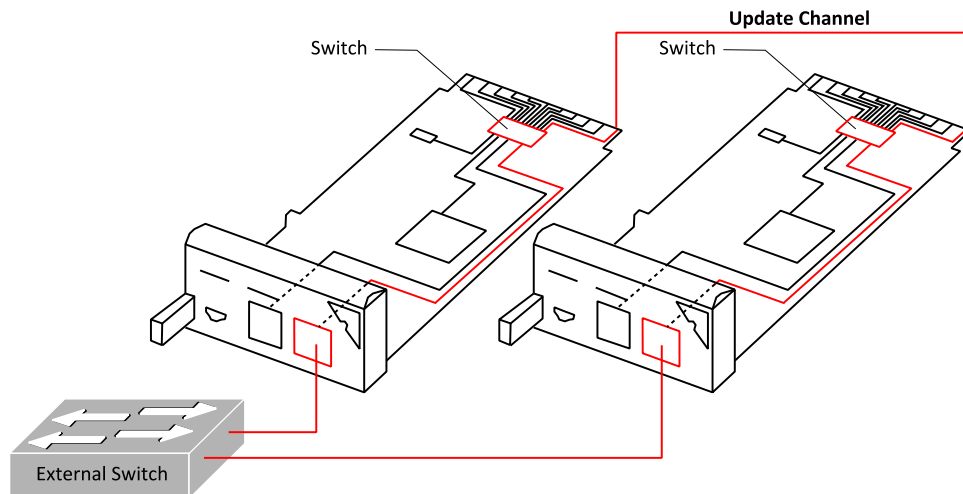


Figure 5-2: Loop due to update channel

The loop accrues via the uplink of one MCH, over the Update Channel and the uplink of a second MCH.

5.1.3 Loop due to Inter-Switch Connection

The loop can be build due to the Inter-Switch connection between MCH Base with 10GbE Hub and external switch over 1-GbE and 10-GbE uplinks:

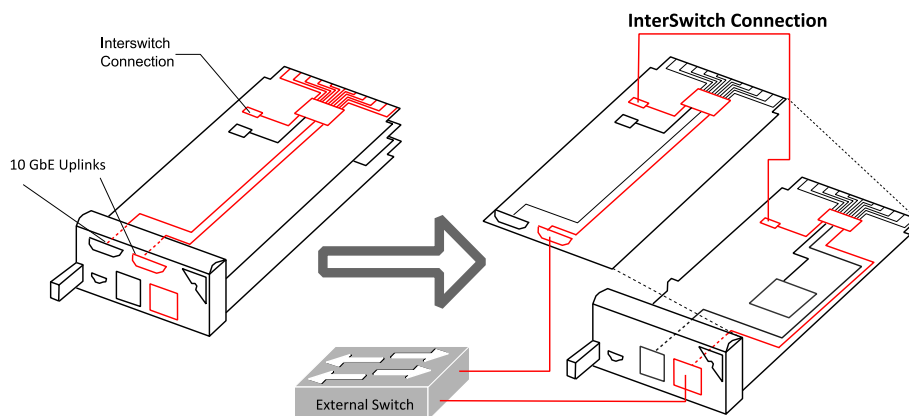


Figure 5-3: Loop due to Inter-Switch connection

The 1-GbEs and 10-GbE switch make the ring connection with the external switch over Ethernet network.



5.2 Loop Avoiding

The default switch configuration serves to avoid the loop in the Ethernet network, if no “Port Enable/Disable” configuration has been loaded.

The case “*Loop due to Uplinks*” can occur in redundant and non-redundant environment. In non-redundant environment, disabling the second uplink port on the switch resolves the loop.

In redundant environments, both front uplink ports of the secondary MCH need to be disabled. If the secondary MCH has a XAUI Hub, all uplinks of this module will be disabled as well.

For resolving a “*Loop due to Inter-Switch Connection*”, the Inter-Switch connection is disabled on the 1GbE-Switch.

In reply to summarize the above post, the following ports are disabled by default.

- Primary MCH - FRT_2, FRT_4, ISW_BX
- Secondary MCH - FRT_1, FRT_2, FRT_3, FRT_4, ISW_BX

5.3 Load User Configurations at System Start

The Ethernet switches of the NAT-MCH support several protocols and features that are described in *Chapter 6*.

The default switch configuration uses only basic switch functionality. If extended or full functionality is needed, particular features need to be activated and set up by the user. After the switch configuration is completed, it has to be saved. The backup process is described in *Chapter 7*.

To load the switch configuration from FLASH memory at system start, the according flag in the MCH configuration should be set. In section “*GbE switch parameter*” the “*configuration source*” is set to <no configuration> by default. This flag can be changed in the CLI or web interface of the NAT-MCH.



5.3.1 CLI – load User Configuration at System Start

To set the option in the CLI, enter <mchcfg>:

```
nat> mchcfg
MCH CFG: configuration modes
[ 0] no action
[ 1] print complete configuration
[ 2] reset to defaults
[ 3] modify MCH global configuration
[ 4] modify ShM configuration
[ 5] modify CM configuration
[ 6] modify SEL configuration
[ 7] modify GbE switch configuration
[ 8] modify CLK module configuration
[10] modify NTP configuration
[11] modify DHCP configuration
[ ?] print menu
[ h] print menu
[ q] quit and save configuration
```

Choose <7> for <modify GbE switch configuration>:

```
Enter configuration mode (RET=0/0x0): 7
GbE switch parameter:
-----
GbE configuration source:                no configuration

GbE configuration source:
no configuration:                        0
load from FLASH:                        1
```

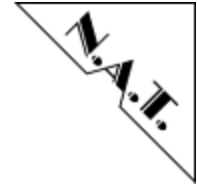
select 1 to load switch configuration from FLASH.

```
Enter source (RET=0/0x0): 1
```

enter <q> to exit and save MCH-Configuration.

```
Enter configuration mode (RET=0/0x0): q
.....
MCH CFG: configuration updated
```

At the next system start, the NAT-MCH loads the switch configuration from FLASH.



5.3.2 Web Interface – load user configuration at system start

To change MCH configuration via the web interface, select menu item “Change MCH Configuration” in the navigation frame and find <GbE parameter> on the right side.

Setup

[Show MCH Configuration](#)

[Change MCH Configuration](#)

Switch BCM5396 1Gb

[General settings](#)

[Port VLAN](#)

[802.1Q VLAN](#)

[802.1X](#)

[802.1P](#)

[Port Mirroring](#)

[Jumbo frame](#)

[Link Aggregation](#)

[Link Status](#)

[BCM5396 counters](#)

Maintenance

[Backup Settings](#)

[Board Information](#)

| SEL parameter | Configuration |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| configuration flags: | |
| keep on read | disabled |
| allocate SEL in non-volatile RAM | no |
| ignore 'version change' sensor | no |

| GbE switch parameter | Configuration |
|----------------------|---|
| configuration source | no configuration no configuration load from FLASH |

| Clock module parameter | Configuration |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| configuration source | load from FLASH |

| NTP parameter | Current Configuration |
|---------------|-----------------------|
|---------------|-----------------------|

Figure 5-- Change MCH Configuration

Select in the dropdown menu the option <load from FLASH> and confirm the modification with the “Save” button.

At the next system start, the NAT-MCH loads the switch configuration from FLASH.



6 Switch Management

The following chapters describe the switch protocol and feature specific configuration options via the different configuration interfaces. Each chapter contains a short description of the switch protocol or feature followed by a subchapter, which describes the configuration process depending on the used configuration interface.

6.1 Identifier of AMC Port and Additional Connections

6.2 General Settings (Age Time)

This part provides the general settings to control basic functionalities of all NAT-MCH switches. Currently only the Age Time feature is used for this part.

The NAT-MCH switches are configurable for learning the MAC addresses of the packets. The Age Time process periodically removes dynamically learned addresses from the MAC table: the internal switch table is scanned at regular intervals, aging out entries not accessed during previous two aging intervals. The aging intervals are programmable via user interface. Entries that are written via user interface are static; therefore they are not affected by the aging process.

6.2.1 CLI Based Configuration

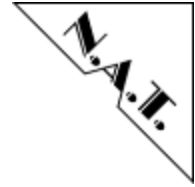
The 'MAC-Table management' offers the commands to manipulate the settings related to the MAC table and aging process.

6.2.1.1 Show Age Time

This menu item can be used to show the current aging interval of the switch:

```
-----
                        AGE TIME
-----
State: enabled
Age Time      300 (range [1..1048576])
-----
```

The aging interval is displayed in seconds.



6.2.1.2 Set Age Time

This menu item is used to set the aging interval of table scanning.

```
AGE TIME
-----
Enter Age time
[0] - disable Age Time functionality
[1..1048576]: Age Time in seconds
```

Entering <0> will disable the aging process, any number from <1>-<1048576> sets an aging interval in seconds. To enable the functionality select the <set age time> item again:

```
AGE TIME
-----
The aging Timeout process is currently disabled!
Possible operation
[e] - enable Aging Timeout and continue setting
[x] - quit this menu
```

and confirm it with <e>.

6.2.2 Web Based Configuration

To configure the aging process of the switch select the <General settings> link in the navigation frame of the NAT-MCH website.

General Settings

Age Time

Active mode ☒ Submit 300 Submit

Web Interface Release: V1.27 Final (12:38:35 Aug 2 2010)

Use the <Active mode> checkbox to enable/disable the aging process and the text field to set the aging intervals of table scanning.

6.2.3 Text Based configuration

To configure the Age Time functionality, two configuration items of the text-based configuration have to be used:

```
<eth_mac_ageinit>- Active state of the Age Time functionality.
<eth_mac_agemtime>- Aging interval in seconds.
```




6.2.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate Age Time*

Description:

The `<eth_mac_ageinit>` configuration item is used to activate/deactivate the aging process. If the configuration item is missing in the configuration file the aging process will be activated by default.

Syntax:

```
eth_mac_ageinit = FLAG;
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_mac_ageinit>` configuration item are described in Table 8-15 page 123.

Example:

Activate 802.1Q VLAN mode:

```
eth_mac_ageinit = 1;
```

The upper configuration item activates the aging process.

6.2.3.2 *Set Aging Interval*

Description:

The `<eth_mac_agemtime>` configuration item determines the aging interval of the table scanning in seconds. If the configuration item is set to "deactivate" or the item is not present at all, other configuration items related with this mode will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_mac_agemtime = AGE TIME;
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_mac_agemtime>` configuration item are described in Table 8-16 page 123.

Example:

Set aging interval parameter:

```
eth_mac_agemtime = 30;
```

The upper configuration item sets the aging interval to 30 seconds.



6.3 Enable/Disable Port

This feature is available as a standalone tool since firmware v2.17. It allows the configuring of communication state to *enabled/disabled* on particular switch port. The switch port, which has been set to *disabled*, occurs neither frame transmitting nor frame receiving.

6.3.1 CLI Based Configuration

Please, select submenu 'Port Enable/Disable' to manipulate the settings of this mode on particular port.

```
[ 0] : no action (unsupported)
[ 1] : show port configuration state
[ 2] : enable/disable port
[ 3] : set default configuration
[ ?] : ?: help
[ h] : h: help
[ q] : q: quit submenu
```

The menu item <show port configuration state> show the current state for all switch ports as it follows:

| Enable/Disable State Map | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---|---|---|-------|---|------|-----|-----|---|
| AMCs | | | | | Front | | Up_C | ISw | CPU | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | B | B | 1 |
| | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

To set port mode use the menu item <enable/disable port>:



Choose Port ID:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|-----|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | AMCs | | | | | Front | | Up_C | ISw | CPU | | | | | | |
| AMC | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | B | B | 1 | | | | | | |
| SLOTS | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | | | | | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | . | | | | | | |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | | | | | | |
| PORT | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | | | | |
| ID | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | | | | | |

> (RET=0/0x0):

Then enter <Port ID> which is to be configured (e.g. <Port ID>=02 for AMC2/0 or <Port ID>=06 for uplink FRONT1)

[d] - disabled
[e] - enabled
[q] - no change
Enter port state (RET=e):

and finally, select any mode of switch port.

To set default configuration, please use configuration <set default configuration>. The default configuration defined to avoid loops described in the chapter 5.1 Risk of Loops.

6.3.2 Web Based Configuration

To configure a port map select “Port on/off” link in the navigation frame of the NAT-MCH website. In order to enable or to disable a port check or uncheck the checkbox as shown in Figure 6-1.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 6 | A M C 7 | A M C 8 | A M C 9 | A M C 10 | A M C 12 | F R O N T 1 | F R O N T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
| Port | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Up/Down | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Press <Apply> button to confirm changes

Click to change port state

Figure 6-1 : Enable/Disable Port Webpage



6.3.3 Text based Configuration

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_enconn_map>` is used to specify which connection shall be enabled or disabled. If configuration file does not contain the item, the switch management uses the default configuration.

Syntax:

```
<eth_enconn_map>    =  LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The `eth_enconn_map` configuration item consists of an alias list according to the description in chapter 3.3. Bit values related to reserved ports are ignored and set to the default value. The parameters are described in *Table 8-4 on page 117*.

Example:

```
eth_enconn_map    =  AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0, AMC4/0, AMC5/0, FRT_1, CPU_1  
                    └──────────────────────────────────────────┘  
                    LIST OF ALIASES
```

The upper example shows that on the current switch the AMC-Ports `<AMC1/0>-<AMC5/0>` and additional connection, `<FRT_1>` `<CPU_1>` are enabled, other connections are disabled.

6.3.4 Backward Compatibility

The firmware versions from v2.9 to v2.16.2 use to control the port mode the configuration item `<eth_pbvlan_encm>`.

Syntax:

```
eth_pbvlan_encm    =  LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

The newer versions interpret it too, but do not use it for generating of new script file. The behaviors of latest version relating the item is the same as older versions. If the `<eth_pbvlan_init>` is set to false or not presents the entry `<eth_pbvlan_encm>` will be ignored and default configuration will be applied.

The new configuration file contains the item `<eth_enconn_map>` (see *chapter 6.3.3 on page 36*). Therefore, the functionality is not related to Port Based VLAN, if the switch configuration has been generated anew.



6.4 Port Based VLAN

Port Based VLAN is used to group certain network stations or networks into Virtual LANs by only allowing the communication between certain switch ports. A Port Based VLAN can be setup by restricting the forwarding of Ethernet frames from one source port to a specific list of destination ports.

6.4.1 CLI Based Configuration

The 'Port Based VLAN menu' offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the Port Based VLAN mode. To call the menu enter `<vlanp_cfg>` at the prompt.

```
[ 0] : no action (unsupported)
[ 1] : activate port based VLAN
[ 2] : deactivate port based VLAN
[ 3] : set VLAN port map
[ 4] : show VLAN port map
[ 5] : enable/disable port
[ 6] : set default configuration
[ ?] : ?: help
[ h] : h: help
[ q] : q: quit submenu
```

Figure 6-2 : CLI Port Based VLAN menu

The following chapters will explain how to use these submenus.

NOTE: In a redundant MicroTCA system with two MCHs an endless frame loop might occur if the front panel GbE ports of both MCHs are connected to the same network. For this reason, either the VLAN port configuration has to be set to avoid such frame loop, or it must be assured that the front GbE ports are not connected to the same network!

6.4.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate Port Based VLAN*

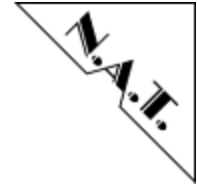
The Port Based VLAN options can only be changed if the protocol mode has been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item `<activate port based VLAN>` from the configuration menu.

The menu item `<deactivate port based VLAN>` can be used to deactivate the Port Based VLAN protocol again.

6.4.1.2 *Set VLAN Port Map*

With this menu, the forwarding map for one switch port item can be setup and changed. During the configuration process, the user has to enter the source port ID and the list of destination ports to which incoming frames (from the source port) may be forwarded.

The configuration software will display a table of all available ports on the NAT-MCH version. The user has to enter the AMC-Port ID (indicated in the second row of the table) for which the forwarding map should be setup:



Choose Port ID:

| ===== | | | | | | | | | | | ===== | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|------|-----|-----|---|
| | AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | Up_C | ISw | CPU | |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PORT | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ID | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

> (RET=0/0x0):

After choosing the source port number the user has to decide for each destination port, if forwarding to this port should be allowed:

- [0] - disable frame forwarding to this port
- [1] - enable frame forwarding to this port

NOTE: To setup a bi-directional communication path between two switch ports the forwarding map for both (source) ports has to be entered. Please also note that any setting for a particular source port will become effective immediately.

6.4.1.3 Show VLAN Port Map

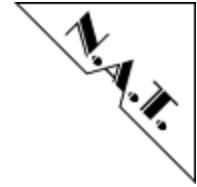
This menu item displays the forwarding map for a specific or all source ports.

Choose Port ID:

| ===== | | | | | | | | | | | ===== | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|------|-----|-----|---|
| | AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | Up_C | ISw | CPU | |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PORT | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ID | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

or [a] - for all ports

Entering the character <a> will display the forwarding configuration for all available destination ports, entering a specific port number will only display the forwarding map for this port.



| Forwarding Map(s) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|---|-----|---|--|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | | CPU | | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| AMC | from: | | | | | | | | | | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | |
| PORTS | to: | | | | | | | | | | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | |
| S_PORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC1/1 | : | 1 | x | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | d | 1 | d | 1 | d | 1 | | |

The printed table shows the forwarding map for one or all source ports (depending on the selection above). Each line contains the source port ID at the beginning followed by the forwarding map.

The meaning of the characters shown in the forwarding map is as follows:

- 'x' – no relationship as the source port equals the destination port
- '0' – frames are not forwarded to the respective destination port
- '1' – frames are forwarded to the respective destination port
- 'd' – disabled as the respective destination port is existing but turned off

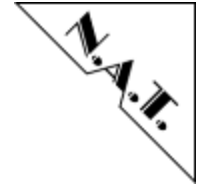
6.4.1.4 Enable/Disable Port

This menu item can be used to disable or enable specific switch ports. If a port is disabled no traffic will be received from or transmitted to this port.

Please be aware that turning on or off a port affects its relationship to any destination port. When disabling a port, all port maps that contain an entry for this port as a destination port will have this entry set to <d> for 'disabled'. When enabling a disabled source port the entry in any port map for this particular port as a destination port will be set to <1> for 'frames are forwarded to the respective destination port'.

Please note that any setting for a particular source port will become effective immediately.

The configuration software will display a table of all available ports on the NAT-MCH version. The user has to enter the port number (indicated in the second row of the table) for which the forwarding map should be setup:



Choose Port ID:

| ===== | | | | | | | | | | | ===== | | | | |
|-------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|------|-----|-----|---|
| | AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | Up_C | ISw | CPU | |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PORT | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ID | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

> (RET=0/0x0) :

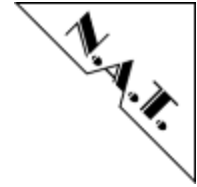
After entering, the port number the following choices are displayed to either enable the port, disable the port or leave the port state unchanged:

```
[d] - disabled
[e] - enabled
[q] - no change
Enter port state (RET=0/0x0) :
```

NOTE: Disabling the update channel (port number <UPC_1>) in a redundant system with two MCHs will seriously affect the functionality of the MicroTCA system, as this will break the communication between the MCHs.

6.4.1.5 Set Default Configuration

Choosing this menu item resets the Port Based VLAN settings to default. Forwarding of frames will be enabled for all source ports to all destination ports; all ports will be enabled.



6.4.2 Web Based Configuration

To configure the Port Based VLAN options of the switch select the <Port VLAN> link in the navigation frame of the NAT-MCH website.

The Port Based VLAN options can only be changed if the protocol mode has been activated.

6.4.2.1 Activate/Deactivate Port Based VLAN

If Port Based VLAN is currently disabled it can be enabled by clicking the <Activate> button.

The Port Based VLAN protocol can be also deactivated at any time by clicking the <Deactivate> button.

6.4.2.2 Set VLAN Port Map

The Port Based VLAN forwarding maps are presented in form of a table for all ports in the lower part of the configuration webpage as shown in Figure 6-3.

To enable or to disable the forwarding of the Ethernet frames from a source port to a destination port check or uncheck the related checkbox of the forwarding table. To confirm the changes click the <Apply> button.

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 6 | A M C 7 | A M C 8 | A M C 9 | A M C 10 | A M C 12 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| AMC1_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC2_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC3_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC4_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC5_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC6_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC7_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC8_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC9_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC10_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| AMC12_0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| FRT_1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| FRT_2 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| UPDC_B | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ISWC_BX | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| CPU_1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 6-3 : Port Based VLAN Forwarding Maps Webpage



6.4.3 Text based Configuration

There are three configuration items related to the Port Based VLAN protocol.

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>eth_pbvlan_init</code> | Activate/Deactivate Port Based VLAN protocol |
| <code>eth_pbvlan_fwcm</code> | Set port map |
| <code>eth_pbvlan_encm</code> | Enable/Disable ports (from older firmware versions see chapter 6.3.4 <i>Backward Compatibility</i> on page 36). |

6.4.3.1 **Activate/Deactivate Port Based VLAN**

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_pbvlan_init>` is used to activate the Port Based VLAN mode. If the configuration item is missing in the configuration file the Port Based VLAN protocol will be deactivated for default.

Syntax:

```
eth_pbvlan_init    = FLAG;
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_pbvlan_init>` configuration item are described in Table 8-5 on page 118.

Example:

```
eth_pbvlan_init    = 1;
```

The Port Based VLAN will be activated.

6.4.3.2 **Set VLAN Port Map**

Description:

The `<eth_pbvlan_fwcm>` configuration item is used to specify the forwarding port map for a specific source port.

Syntax:

```
eth_pbvlan_fwcm = SRC_CON, LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The `<eth_pbvlan_fwcm>` configuration item consists of several source aliases and a list of destination aliases, which specify the frame forwarding on connections according to the description in chapter 3.3. Bit values related to reserved ports are ignored and set to the default value. The parameters are described in Table 8-7 on page 119.



Example:

```
eth_pbvlan_fwcm = AMC1/0,      AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0, CPU_1  
                  SRC CON      LIST OF ALIASES
```

The configuration item sets the forwarding for the source connection assigned to the alias <AMC1/0>. The Ethernet packets will be forwarded to connections: <AMC1/0>, <AMC2/0>, <AMC3/0> and <CPU_1>.



6.5 802.1Q VLAN

The 802.1Q VLAN protocol uses the so-called VLAN tag included in the Ethernet frame for deciding if a frame should be forwarded to a specific switch port or not. Stations within the network are grouped together to one virtual network by using the same VLAN identifier within the Ethernet frame.

The Ethernet switch can be configured to allow the forwarding of VLAN tagged frames only to dedicated ports depending on the VLAN identifier of the received Ethernet frame. This means that a port has to be a member of a VLAN group (identified by the VLAN ID) to allow forwarding of frames containing the VLAN ID to this port. Such ports will be called Membership Ports or Associated Ports in this document.

Furthermore, the switch can be configured to remove the VLAN tag from an Ethernet frame before forwarding the frame to the destination port. This can be configured for each VLAN ID on a per port basis. These ports will be called Untagged Ports in this document.

Incoming frames that do not contain a VLAN tag field are tagged with a default VLAN tag. The default VLAN ID and the default priority within this tag can be set for each port individually.

NOTE: The NAT-MCH cannot process frames that contain a VLAN tag. Therefore, the CPU port always should be marked as Untagged.

The switch is preset to route all frames without a VLAN Tag. This is achieved by setting the default VLAN ID for each port to 1 and adding an VLAN table entry for VLAN ID 1, which allows forwarding these frames to all ports. Furthermore, all ports are marked as untagged ports, so that all incoming frames are forwarded through the switch unchanged.

NOTE: Changing these default VLAN settings might result in unrequested system behavior!

The address-learning mode used by the switch can be configured to either use the MAC address of the Ethernet frame only for the address learning or to use both, the MAC address and the VLAN ID of the Ethernet frame for the address learning.



6.5.1 CLI Based Configuration

The '802.1Q VLAN menu' offers the commands to manipulate the settings related to the 802.1Q VLAN protocol. To call the menu enter <vlanq_cfg> at the prompt.

```
[ 0] : no action (unsupported)
[ 1] : activate 802.1Q VLAN
[ 2] : deactivate 802.1Q VLAN
[ 3] : set learn mode
[ 4] : show learn mode
[ 5] : add/Set VLAN group
[ 6] : remove VLAN group
[ 7] : show all VLAN groups
[ 8] : set default VLAN ID for a port
[ 9] : show port default VLAN IDs
[10] : set default configuration
```

Figure 6-4 : CLI 802.1Q VLAN menu

The following chapters will explain how to use these submenus.

6.5.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1Q mode*

The 802.1Q VLAN options can only be changed if the protocol mode has been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item <activate 802.1Q VLAN> from the configuration menu.

The menu item <deactivate 802.1Q VLAN> can be used to deactivate the 802.1Q VLAN protocol again.

NOTE: The 802.1X and 802.1p features require the 802.1Q mode to be activated. Therefore, the 802.1Q VLAN mode cannot be deactivated if one of the features is active.

6.5.1.2 *Set 802.1Q Learn Mode*

This menu item is used to select the address-learning mode of the switch.

The following configuration options can be selected:

```
[1] - use MAC address and VLAN ID for the address resolution
[2] - only use the MAC address for the address resolution
>
```

If option <1> is selected the switch uses the MAC and the VLAN ID of the received Ethernet frame for the address learning. If option <2> is selected, only the MAC address will be used for the address learning.

6.5.1.3 *Show 802.1Q Learn Mode*

This menu item can be used to show the current address learning configuration (refer to chapter 6.5.1.2).



6.5.1.4 **Add/Set VLAN Group**

This menu item can be used to add a new VLAN ID to the VLAN table or to overwrite an already configured VLAN ID.

First, the VLAN ID that should be configured has to be entered (e.g. VLAN ID 156):

```
Enter VLAN ID (RET=0/0x0): 156
```

Then the port membership map for this VLAN ID has to be entered for all ports.

```
Enter port membership for this VLAN ID:  
[0] - disable forwarding for this port  
[1] - enable forwarding for this port
```

If frames with the corresponding VLAN ID should be forwarded to the port, enter <1>, otherwise enter <0> for the port.

After the port membership had been entered for each used port, the untagging map has to be entered:

```
Enter untagging map for this VLAN ID:  
[0] - disable untagging for this port  
[1] - enable untagging for this port
```

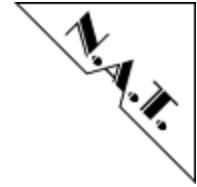
If the VLAN tag should be removed from the frame before it is forwarded to the destination port, enter <1>, otherwise enter <0> for the port.

6.5.1.5 **Remove VLAN Group**

This menu item can be used to remove a VLAN ID from the VLAN table.

The VLAN ID that should be removed has to be entered (e.g. VLAN ID 156):

```
Enter VLAN ID (RET=1/0x1): 156
```



6.5.1.6 Show all VLAN Groups

This menu item can be used to show all currently configured VLAN IDs.

The VLAN table will be printed on the console as shown in Figure 6-5.

VLAN (RET=0/0x0): 7

| VLAN Table | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|-----|---|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | CPU | |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . | |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0001 | m | : | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | d | 1 | d | 1 | |
| | u | : | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | d | 1 | d | 1 | |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0002 | m | : | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | d | 0 | d | 0 |
| | u | : | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | d | 0 | d | 0 |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 6-5 : IEEE 802.1Q VLAN table example

The first column shows the VLAN ID of the VLAN Group entry. The line marked with a 'm' at the beginning shows the Membership Port map which indicates to which ports a frame containing the VLAN ID may be forwarded. The line marked with a 'u' at the beginning contains the Untagged Port map, which indicates if the VLAN ID should be removed from the Ethernet frame before it is forwarded to this port.

6.5.1.7 Set Port Default VLAN Tag

This menu item can be used to assign a default VLAN ID to a specific switch port.

First, the switch port number has to be entered:

Choose Port ID:

| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | | Front | Up_C | ISw | CPU | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|------|-----|-----|---|---|
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 | | | | | | | | | | | 1 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PORT | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ID | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

> (RET=0/0x0):

Then the default VLAN ID has to be entered:

Enter VLAN ID (RET=164/0xa4): 76

and finally the VLAN priority:



```
Enter VLAN Priority[0-7] (RET=0/0x0): 3
```

In this example the default VLAN ID 76 and the VLAN priority 3 will be assigned to the port <AMC 2>, means all incoming Ethernet frames received on port <AMC 2> which do not contain a VLAN tag will be tagged by the switch using the VLAN ID 76 and VLAN priority 3.

6.5.1.8 Show Port Default VLAN IDs

This menu can be used to display the current default VLAN ID and VLAN priority assigned to the switch ports.

The settings will be printed on the console as shown in Figure 6-6. The first column contains the switch port number, the second column the default VLAN ID and the third column the default VLAN priority.

| *** PORT DEFAULT VLAN IDs *** | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|-----|
| port id | VLAN ID | PRI |
| AMC_01 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_02 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_03 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_04 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_05 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_06 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_07 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_08 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_09 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_10 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_11 | 0001 | 00 |
| AMC_12 | 0001 | 00 |
| FRNT_1 | 0001 | 00 |
| UP_C_1 | 0001 | 00 |
| CPU_1 | 0001 | 00 |

Figure 6-6 : 802.1Q port default VLAN ID example



6.5.2 Web Based configuration

To configure the 802.1Q VLAN protocol options of the switch select the <802.1Q VLAN> link in the navigation frame of the NAT-MCH website.

The 802.1Q VLAN options can only be changed if the protocol mode has been activated.

6.5.2.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1Q VLAN*

If 802.1Q VLAN is currently disabled it can be enabled by clicking the <Activate> button.

The 802.1Q VLAN protocol can be deactivated by clicking the <Deactivate> button.

NOTE: The 802.1X and 802.1p features require the 802.1Q mode to be activated. Therefore, the 802.1Q VLAN mode cannot be deactivated if one of the features is active.

6.5.2.2 *802.1Q VLAN menu*

If 802.1Q VLAN mode is activated, the menu as shown in Figure 6-7 will be presented on the webpage. The menu offers diverse tools to configure the 802.1Q VLAN. The configuration options will be explained in the following chapters.

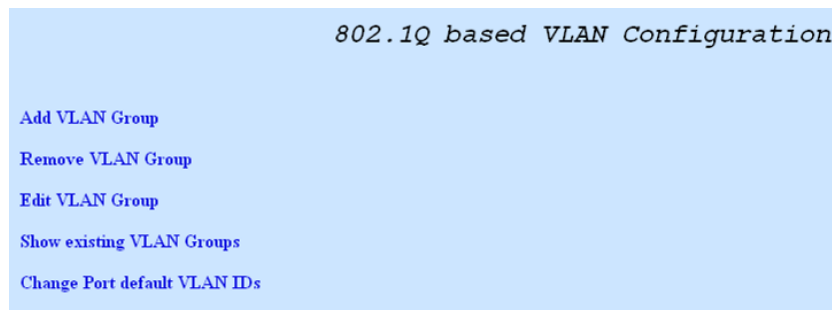


Figure 6-7 : 802.1Q VLAN Web-Menu



6.5.2.3 Add VLAN Group

Figure 6-8- shows the “Add VLAN Group” webpage, which can be used to add new VLAN groups to the VLAN table.

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Associate | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Untagged | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Save Discard Changes

Figure 6-8 : Add VLAN Group webpage

To add a new entry to the VLAN table the VLAN ID has to be entered into the field “New VLAN ID” first. This value must be within a range from 1 to 4094.

After this, the Membership Ports have to be selected by setting the checkboxes in the row named “associate”. If the checkbox is set, the port will be a member of that VLAN group, if it is not set the port is not a member of the VLAN group.

The row named “untagged” determines if the VLAN tag shall be removed from the Ethernet frame (means untagged) before it is sent on the destination port. If the checkbox of a port is set the frames directed to this port will be untagged, if not, the frames will be routed unchanged.

The VLAN group will be added to the VLAN table after the “Save” button on the webpage has been clicked. By clicking the “Discard Changes” button, the entered information will be neglected.



6.5.2.4 Remove VLAN Group

Figure 6-9 shows the "Remove VLAN Group" webpage, which can be used to remove existing VLAN groups from the VLAN table.

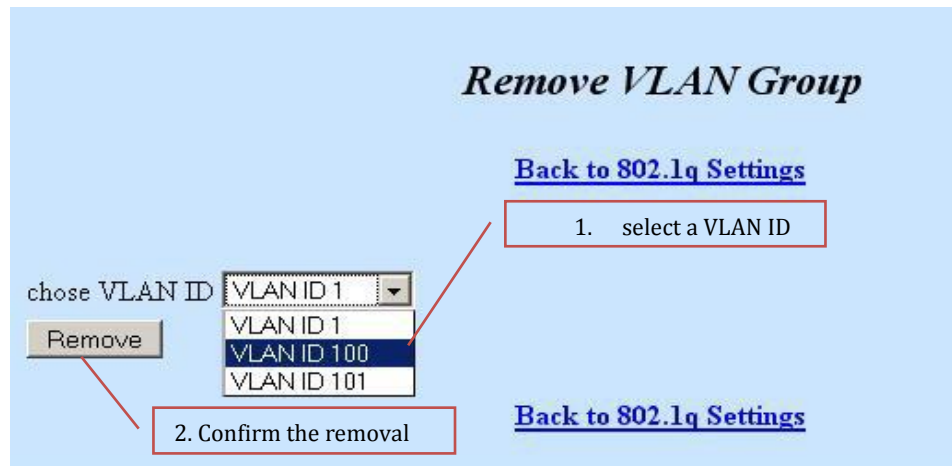
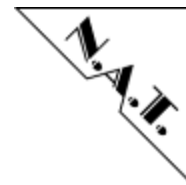


Figure 6-9 : Remove VLAN Group webpage

The currently configured VLAN IDs can be selected via the "choose VLAN ID" dropdown menu. To remove a VLAN ID from the VLAN table select the VLAN ID in the dropdown menu and click the "Remove" button.



6.5.2.5 Edit VLAN Group

Existing VLAN groups can be changed via the “Edit VLAN Group” webpage.

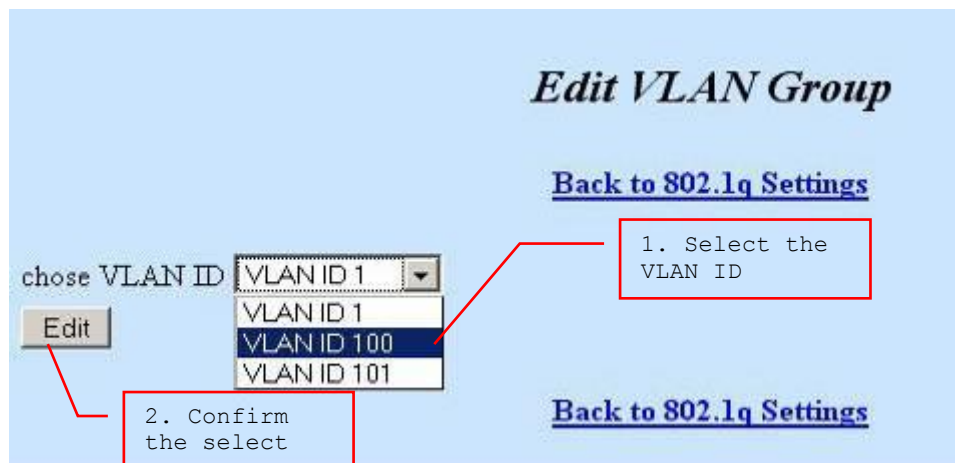


Figure 6-10: Edit VLAN-group

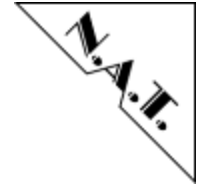
First, the VLAN ID of the group that should be changed has to be selected from the dropdown menu. After clicking the <Edit>-button the VLAN-group can be changed, as described in chapter 6.5.2.3.

6.5.2.6 Show Existing VLAN Group

To show the existing VLAN groups choose the “Show existing VLAN Group” webpage from the configuration menu page. The existing VLAN-Table entries will be listed as show in Figure 6-13.

| Show VLAN Entry | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Back to 802.1Q Settings | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| VLAN ID | Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
| | Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1 | Associated | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| | Untagged | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 100 | Associated | * | - | - | - | * | - | - | - | - | * | - |
| | Untagged | * | - | - | - | * | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 101 | Associated | * | * | - | - | - | - | - | * | - | - | - |
| | Untagged | * | * | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Back to 802.1Q Settings | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 6-11: Show existing VLAN group



Switch ports marked with a dot are members of the VLAN group. Ports marked with hyphen are not members of the group.

6.5.2.7 Set Port Default VLAN Tag

This page can be used to display and change default VLAN ID assignment to the switch ports.

Port default VLAN IDs

[Back to 802.1Q Settings](#)

| Port | Default VLAN ID | Priority |
|---------|-----------------|----------|
| AMC1/0 | 100 | 0 |
| AMC1/1 | 101 | 0 |
| AMC2/0 | 1 | 0 |
| AMC2/1 | 1 | 0 |
| AMC3/0 | 1 | 0 |
| AMC4/0 | 1 | 0 |
| FRT_1 | 1 | 0 |
| FRT_2 | 1 | 0 |
| UPDC_B | 1 | 0 |
| ISWC_BX | 1 | 0 |
| CPU_1 | 1 | 0 |

Figure 6-12 : Change Port Default VLAN ID

To assign a default VLAN ID to a certain port, enter the VLAN ID to the column <Default VLAN ID> and press the button <Save> to confirm a change.



6.5.3 Text Based configuration

To configure the 802.1Q VLAN protocol five configuration items of the text-based configuration have to be used:

`eth_802.1q_init` Activation/Deactivation flag for 802.1Q VLAN mode
`eth_802.1q_lrn` Hash key generation mode
`eth_802.1q_m_cm` Port Membership map of the VLAN group
`eth_802.1q_u_cm` Port Untagging map of the VLAN group
`eth_802.1q_tag` Port default VLAN-Tag

6.5.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1Q VLAN*

Description:

The `<eth_802.1q_init>` configuration item determines if the 802.1Q VLAN mode should be activated or deactivated. If the configuration item is set to "deactivate" or the item is not present at all, other configuration items related to this mode will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1q_init = FLAG;
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_802.1q_init>` configuration item are described in the Table 8-8 page 120.

Example:

Activate 802.1Q VLAN mode:

```
eth_802.1q_init = 1;
```

The upper configuration item activates 802.1Q VLAN mode.

6.5.3.2 *Learn Mode*

Description:

The `<eth_802.1q_lrn>` configuration item can be used to change the hash key generation algorithm of the Ethernet switch.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1q_lrn = FLAG;
```

Parameter Description:

The Parameters of `<eth_802.1q_lrn>` *config item* are described in *the Table 8-9 page 120*.



Example:

```
eth_802.1q_lrn = 0;
```

The configuration item sets the hash key generation algorithm for the MAC-Table entries to the mode:

Use only the MAC-Address to generate the hash key

6.5.3.3 Add VLAN Group

Description:

The configuration items `<eth_802.1q_m_cm>` and `<eth_802.1q_u_cm>` can be used to add a VLAN group to the VLAN-Table.

`eth_802.1q_m_cm` – Port Membership map

`eth_802.1q_u_cm` – Port Untagging map

NOTE: If one of the configuration items of a VLAN group is missing, it will be substituted by the default values as defined in *Table 8-10* and *Table 8-11*.

Syntax:

Each of the configuration items has seven parameters. The first parameter specifies the VLAN ID of the VLAN group. The other parameters specify the port maps for the VLAN group.

```
eth_802.1q_m_cm = VLANID, LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

```
eth_802.1q_u_cm = VLANID, LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_802.1q_m_cm>` and `<eth_802.1q_u_cm>` configuration items are described in *Table 8-10 on page 121* and *Table 8-11 on page 121*.

Syntax:

Add VLAN group with ID 3.

```
eth_802.1q_m_cm = 0003, AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0
eth_802.1q_u_cm = 0003, AMC1/0, AMC2/0
```

The upper example shows the configuration items for adding an entry assigned VLAN ID `<0003>`. The entry allows the forwarding of Ethernet packets with the VLAN-Tag containing VLAN ID `<0003>` to the all VLAN member ports AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0 (see `<eth_802.1q_m_cm>`) and the removal of VLAN-Tag on ports AMC1/0, AMC2/0 (see `<eth_802.1q_u_cm>`) by transmitting.



6.5.3.4 Set Port Default VLAN Tag

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_802.1q_dflt>` can be used to set the default VLAN ID and default VLAN-Priority of a certain connection. Incoming frames that do not contain a VLAN Tag will be tagged using these default values.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1q_dflt = ALIAS, VLANID, PRI_1P
```

Parameter Description:

The Parameters of the `<eth_802.1q_tag>` configuration item are described in the *page 121*.

Example:

Set default VLAN tag for AMC Port `<AMC1/0>` using VLAN ID `<1>` and priority `<7>`.

```
eth_802.1q_tag = AMC1/0, 0001, 7
```

The upper configuration item sets default VLAN tag for AMC-Port `<AMC1/0>` using VLAN ID `<1>` (see VLANID) with the priority `<0>` (see PRI_1P) for all incoming Ethernet frames.



6.6 802.1X Port-Based Security

IEEE 802.1X defines a port-based authentication protocol. It provides authentication of devices attached to a switch port and supports authentication process for all frames based on matching of source MAC address and VLAN ID of an incoming frame and existing information at the MAC table of the switch.

In 802.1X also the source MAC address only can be used for authentication, because the IEEE standard does define this explicitly. Therefore, the decision about which parameters to be used is left to the switch manufacturer. The Ethernet switch on the baseboard uses for the authentication the MAC address and the VLAN ID while the XAUI switch on the hub module only uses the MAC address. The user interface takes care about these differences and only offers the parameters needed for the specific switch device.

The 802.1X protocol can be activated on a per port basis. MAC addresses that should be authenticated must be written into the MAC table of the switch.

6.6.1 CLI based Configuration

The '802.1X menu' offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the 802.1s security mode. To call the menu enter `<vlanx_cfg>` at the prompt.

6.6.1.1 Activate/Deactivate 802.1X Mode

The 802.1X protocol options can only be changed if the mode has been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item "activate 802.1X" from the submenu.

The 802.1X protocol can be deactivated by choosing the menu item "deactivate 802.1X".

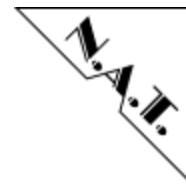
NOTE: The 802.1X feature can only operate if the 802.1Q feature is activated.

6.6.1.2 Set Frame Dropping Mode

The switch can be configured to route or drop special frames such as Bridge Protocol Data Units (BPDU) and Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) frames. Two modes can be configured on the NAT-MCH related to these special frames:

- Drop frame if source MAC misses in the MAC table, and the frame is not a IEEE Standard 802.1X special frame
- Drop frames that are not IEEE Standard 802.1X special frames

These modes can be set in the `<set/read dropping mode>` menu item.



```
Mode: drop frames if MAC SA misses
Change to 'drop all frames without special frames'?
[0]-no; [1]-yes (RET=0/0x0):
```

When chosen, the current mode setting is shown and the user is asked if the mode should be changed. To change the mode enter <1> - for 'yes' or enter <0> - for 'no'.

6.6.1.3 Add 802.1X Entry

The authentication process for every frame is based on matching of the source MAC address and the VLAN ID of an incoming frame with an existing 802.1X entry in the address table of the switch. To write such an 802.1X entry, select the <write 802.1X entry> menu item.

First, the MAC address has to be specified in the following format:

```
Enter MAC (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx):
00:E0:4C:75:6B:DE
```

Then the VLAN ID has to be entered (depending on the switch device):

```
Enter VLAN ID: (RET=0/0x0): 0007
```

Finally, the switch port number has to be chosen to which the MAC address belongs:

Choose Port ID:

```
=====
| AMCs                                Front  Up_C  ISw   CPU  |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0|    0 0|    0|    0|    0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5|    1 2|    1|    1|    1 |
|-----|
| AMC  from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1|    . .|    .|    .|    . |
| PORTS  to:  . . . . . . . . . .|    . .|    .|    .|    . |
|-----|
| PORT      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1|    1 1|    1|    1|    1 |
| ID        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0|    1 2|    3|    4|    5 |
or [a] - for All ports
> (RET=0/0x0):
```

6.6.1.4 Delete 802.1X Entry

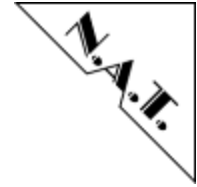
To delete an 802.1X entry from the address table, choose the menu item <delete 802.1X entry> and enter the MAC address of the entry in the following format:

```
Enter MAC (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx):
00:E0:4C:75:6B:DE
```

Then enter the VLAN ID:

```
Enter VLAN ID (1..4094): 0007
```

If the 802.1X entry was found it can be deleted:



```

=====
|          MAC          | VID  | PRI | Age | Static | Ports |
|-----|
| 00:E0:4C:75:6B:DE | 0007 | 0   | 0   | 1      | 0x0002(-----) |
|-----|
End of Search
Delete?
[1] - 'no'; [2] - 'yes' (RET=0/0x0):

```

Figure 6-13: example of menu item „Delete 802.1X entry

Enter <2> to delete the 802.1X entry or <1> to cancel the operation.

6.6.1.5 Delete all Entries

This menu item can be used to delete all existing 802.1X entries. To delete all entries enter <y>, to cancel the operation enter <n>.

6.6.1.6 Show all 802.1X Entries

This menu item can be used to show all 802.1X entries.

```

=====
|          MAC          | VID  | PRI | Static |      Port      |
|-----|
| 00:03:04:05:06:07 | 0100 | 0   | 1      | AMC_01( 802.1X) |
|-----|
End of Search
802.1X (RET=0/0x0):

```

Figure 6-14: example of the menu item „Show all 802.1X entries“

6.6.1.7 Set 802.1X Ports

With this menu item, the 802.1X mode can be activated or deactivated for any port of the NAT-MCH separately.

The mode can either be set for all ports at once or for one specific port.

```

=====
|          Set security function ports          |
|-----|
Choose switch port ID:
P |=====|
O |          AMC SLOTS          | Fr_PHY | Upd_C | ISw      | CPU      |
R | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 | 0 0 . . . . | 0 .   | 0 . . . . | 0 . . . . |
T | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 | 1 2 . . . . | 1 .   | 1 . . . . | 1 . . . . |
|-----|
I | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 1 1 . . . . | 1 .   | 2 . . . . | 2 . . . . |
D | 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 | 2 3 . . . . | 8 .   | 0 . . . . | 6 . . . . |
or [a] - for All ports
> (RET=a):

```

Figure 6-15 : example of the menu item „Set 802.1X ports“

If the 802.1X mode should only be activated for one specific port, enter the number of this port, otherwise enter <a> to set the mode for each used port:



The security mode can either be enabled by entering <1> or disabled by entering <0>.

- [0] - disable security function for this port
- [1] - enable security function for this port

6.6.1.8 **Show 802.1X Ports**

With this menu item, the 802.1X states of all ports are shown.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| 802.1X Security Port Map | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC SLOTS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| Fr_PHY Upd_C CPU | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Figure 6-16 : example of the menu item „Show 802.1X ports“

<0> indicates that the 802.1X mode is deactivated for that port, <1> indicates that it is activated.



6.6.2 Web Based Configuration

To configure 802.1X protocol via the web interface, click the <802.1X> link at the navigation part of the browser window.

6.6.2.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1X Mode*

The 802.1X protocol can be activated and deactivated via the web interface by clicking the <Activate> button (refer to Figure 6-17). The 802.1Q VLAN mode has to be enabled before the 802.1X mode can be activated.

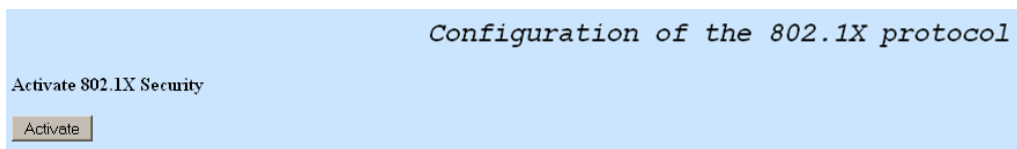


Figure 6-17 : Activate 802.1X

After the 802.1X protocol has been activated, the configuration menu will be displayed on the web page as shown in Figure 6-18.

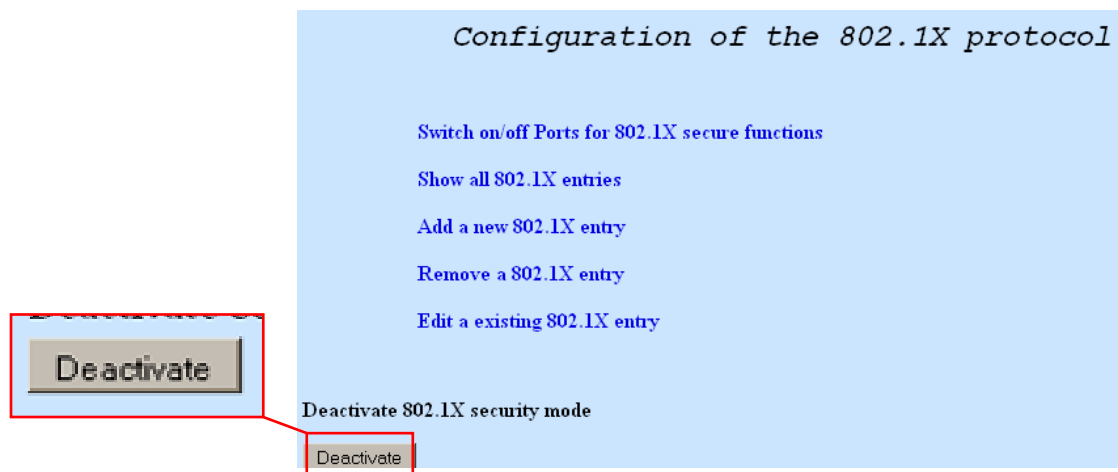


Figure 6-18 : 802.1X Menu

To deactivate the 802.1X protocol, press the <Deactivate> button on the bottom of the webpage.

6.6.2.2 *Set 802.1X Ports*

To enable the security function on a certain port, choose the <Switch on/off ports for security function> link as shown in Figure 6-18.



Assign Ports to 802.1X Mode

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| States | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 6-19 : 802.1X secure ports

To enable the 802.1X function on a specific port the checkbox in the column "On" has to be set for that port. The changes will be applied after pressing the <Save> button or discarded when pressing the <Discard Changes> button.

6.6.2.3 Show all 802.1X Entries

To view all 802.1X related MAC table entries click on the <Show all 802.1X entries> link in the configuration menu. The entries present in the MAC table are displayed as shown in **Figure 6-20**.

1GbE

[Show all 802.1X entries](#)

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| MAC Address | VLAN ID | Port |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------|
| 00 : 13 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC3/0 |
| 00 : 11 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC1/0 |
| 00 : 14 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC4/0 |
| 00 : 12 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC2/0 |
| 00 : 17 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC1/1 |
| 00 : 15 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | 10 | AMC5/0 |

10GbE

[Show all 802.1X entries](#)

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| MAC Address | Port |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| 00 : 11 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | ISWC_XB |
| 00 : 12 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | AMC2/4-7 |
| 00 : 13 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | AMC3/4-7 |
| 00 : 14 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | AMC4/4-7 |
| 00 : 15 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 | AMC5/4-7 |

Figure 6-20 : Show all 802.1X Entries

6.6.2.4 Add 802.1X Entry

To authenticate a station in the Ethernet switch, its MAC address has to be added to the MAC table. This can be done via the <Add a new 802.1X entry> webpage in the 802.1X configuration menu as shown in Figure 6-18.

There are three parameters that have to be set to add a new 802.1X entry to the MAC table (refer to Figure 6-21). The MAC address (unicast address) of the station that should be authenticated has to be entered in the row "Mac Address". After that, the VLAN ID of the



VLAN group the station belongs to has to be entered in the row "VLAN ID". Finally the switch port, the station is connected to, has to be selected via the radio buttons.

The entry will be added after pressing the <Save> button on the web page.

Add new 802.1X entry

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| Function | Additional Information | Value |
|------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| MAC Address | <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> : <input type="text" value=""/> | |
| VLAN ID | <input type="text" value=""/> [1..4095] | |
| associated Ports | AMC1/0 | <input checked="" type="radio"/> |
| | AMC1/1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC2/0 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC2/1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC3/0 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC3/1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC4/0 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC4/1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC5/0 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | AMC5/1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | FRT_1 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | FRT_2 | <input type="radio"/> |
| | UPDC_B | <input type="radio"/> |
| | ISWC_BX | <input type="radio"/> |
| | CPU_1 | <input type="radio"/> |

Figure 6-21 : Add new 802.1X Entry

6.6.2.5 Remove 802.1X Entry

To delete an 802.1X entry via the web interface choose the menu item <remove a 802.1X entry> at 802.1X configuration menu as shown in Figure 6-18.

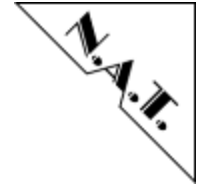
Remove a 802.1X entry

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| MAC Address | VLAN ID | Port | Delete |
|---|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="13"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC3/0 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="11"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC1/0 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="14"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC4/0 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="12"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC2/0 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="17"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC1/1 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| <input type="text" value="00"/> : <input type="text" value="15"/> : <input type="text" value="22"/> : <input type="text" value="33"/> : <input type="text" value="44"/> : <input type="text" value="55"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | AMC5/0 | <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

Delete all entries

Figure 6-22 : Remove 802.1X entry



To delete one specific entry from the MAC table press the <Delete> button at the end of the row of the table entry. To remove all 802.1X entries, press the button <Delete all entries> button at the bottom of the webpage.

6.6.2.6 Edit 802.1X Entries

Already existing 802.1X entries can be changed via the <Edit existing 802.1V entries> menu item.

Edit a 802.1X entry

[Back to 802.1X Menu](#)

| MAC Address | | | | | | VLAN ID | Port | Edit |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|---------|--------|------|
| 00 | 13 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC3/0 | Edit |
| 00 | 11 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC1/0 | Edit |
| 00 | 14 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC4/0 | Edit |
| 00 | 12 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC2/0 | Edit |
| 00 | 17 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC1/1 | Edit |
| 00 | 15 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 10 | AMC5/0 | Edit |

Figure 6-23 : Edit 802.1X Entry

To change an 802.1X entry press the <Edit> button in the table and update the parameters as described in *Chapter 6.6.1.3*.



6.6.3 Text Based Configuration

There are four types of configuration items, which are used, to configure the 802.1X mode:

```
eth_802.1X_ini      - 802.1X activation/deactivation
eth_802.1X_dm       - dropping mode
Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden. - port map for 802.1X
mode
Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden. - MAC-Table entry for
802.1X mode
```

6.6.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1X Mode*

Description:

The <eth_802.1X_ini> configuration item determines if the 802.1X mode should be activated or deactivated. If the configuration item is set to "deactivate" or the item is not present at all, other configuration items related to this mode will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1X_ini = FLAG;
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the <eth_802.1X_ini> configuration item are described in Table 8-17 on page 124.

Example:

```
eth_802.1X_ini = 1;
```

The upper example activates the 802.1X Security mode.

6.6.3.2 *Set Frame Dropping Mode*

Description:

The <eth_802.1X_dm> configuration item can be used to determine which frames types shall be dropped.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1X_dm = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the <eth_802.1X_dm> configuration item are described in Table 8-18 page 124.



Example:

```
eth_802.1X_dm = 0
```

The configuration item allows the dropping of Ethernet frames if the source MAC misses in the MAC table and the frame is not an IEEE Standard 802.1X special frame.

6.6.3.3 Set 802.1X Ports

Description:

The 802.1X security mode can be activated at any connection by means of the <eth_802.1x_cm> configuration item.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1x_cm =LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of <eth_802.1x_cm> configuration item are described in *Table 8-19* page 125.

Example:

```
eth_802.1x_cm = AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0, AMC4/0, AMC5/0
```

The example shows the activating of 801.2X port security mode at the connections <AMC1/0>, <AMC2/0>, <AMC3/0>, <AMC4/0> and <AMC5/0>.

6.6.3.4 Add 802.1X Entry

Description:

This configuration can be used to add 802.1X entries to the MAC table.

Syntax:

```
eth_mac_ent_con = MAC_ADDR, VLANID, PRI_MTAB, ALIAS
```

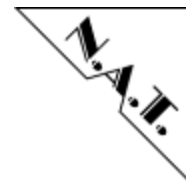
Parameter Description:

The parameters of <eth_mac_ent_con> configuration item are described in *Table 8-14* page 123.

Example:

Add 802.1X entry for MAC 00:40:42:22:33:44 with VLAN ID <100>, priority <0> on port <AMC1/0>.

```
eth_mac_ent_con = 00:40:42:22:33:44, 0100, 00, AMC1/0
```



6.7 Quality of Service

The Quality of Service (QoS) feature provides up to four internal queues per port to support four different traffic priorities. These priorities can be set in such a way that high priority traffic experiences less delay in the switch under congested condition than does low-priority traffic.

The switch can assign packets to one of the four egress transmit queues, according to information in the IEEE Standard 802.1p. The priority of the transmit queues raises with the queue's number so that queue number 0 has the lowest priority and queue 3 has the highest priority.

The IEEE Standard 802.1p feature is enabled on a port-by-port basis. When using the IEEE Standard 802.1p priority mechanism, the incoming packet is examined for the presence of a valid IEEE Standard 802.1p priority tag. If the tag is present, the packet is assigned a remapped IEEE Standard 802.1p priority based on a priority ID mapping. The priority ID from the IEEE Standard 802.1p priority tag can be mapped to one of four transmit queues.

6.7.1 CLI Based Configuration

The 'Quality of service menu' offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the Quality of Service feature. To call the menu enter <qos_cfg> at the prompt.

6.7.1.1 Show Priority ID Mapping

To show the priority mapping of a specific port enter the port number:

Choose Port ID:

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Figure 6-24 : Quality of Service priority mapping

or [a] - for All ports

Now the priority ID of the IEEE 802.1p standard has to be entered:

68



Finally the transmit queue number for this priority ID has to be chosen:

```
Enter TX Queue(0 - 3): (RET=0/0x0): 1
tx_queue: 1
```

After this the new priority mapping is printed:

```
*****
                Priority Mapping port: 1
*****
pri_id: 0 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 1 tx_queue: 1
pri_id: 2 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 3 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 4 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 5 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 6 tx_queue: 3
pri_id: 7 tx_queue: 3
```

Note: The 802.1P mode has to be activated for a specific port in the '802.1p submenu'.

6.7.1.3 Set Default QoS Configuration

With this menu item, the current setting can be replaced by the default QoS configuration.

```
[1] - Reset general QoS setting only
[2] - Reset general all QoS setting
[q] - Quit
```

In order to reset only general QoS settings enter <1>. In this case, all priority IDs for all MCH ports will be remapped to transmission queue 0 (lowest priority).

To reset all QoS settings (also 802.1p settings) enter <2>. In this case, all priority IDs for all MCH ports will be remapped to transmission queue 0 and the state of 802.1p ports will be set to <0> (disabled state).



6.7.2 Web Based Configuration

As the general Quality of Service options and the settings to support 802.1p have been placed on one webpage, please refer to chapter 6.8.2 for a detailed description.

6.7.3 Text Based Configuration

There is only one configuration item to set the general Quality of Service options:

```
<eth_qos_cm> - set priority mapping
```

6.7.3.1 Set Priority ID Mapping

Description:

It is possible to configure a mapping between a VLAN -Priority and internal transmit queue for a certain port. This can be done via the `<eth_qos_map>` configuration item.

Syntax:

```
eth_qos_cm = ALIAS, PRI_1P, TX_QUEUE
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_qos_cm>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-20* on page 126.

Syntax:

```
eth_qos_cm = AMC1/0, 01, 03
```

The upper example accords the transmit queue 3(`TX_QUEUE`) to 802.1p priority 1 (see `PRI_1P`) on the AMC-Port `<AMC1/0>`.



6.8 802.1p Quality of Service

6.8.1 CLI Based Configuration

This submenu offers the following commands to manipulate the parameters of the 802.1p mode. To call the menu enter `<qos1p_cfg>` at the prompt.

```
[ 0] : no action (unsupported)
[ 1] : activate 802.1p mode
[ 2] : deactivate 802.1p mode
[ 3] : 802.1p port
[ ?] : ?: help
[ h] : h: help
[ q] : q: quit submenu
```

6.8.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate 802.1p Mode*

The 802.1p configuration options can only be changed if the 802.1Q mode and the 802.1p mode have been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item `<activate 802.1p mode>`.

NOTE: The 802.1p feature can only operate if the 802.1Q mode is activated.

If activating the 802.1p mode the user will be asked if the 802.1Q (if deactivated) should also be activated.

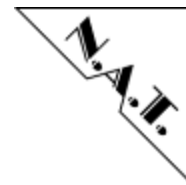
```
802.1Q is deactivated. 802.1p need 802.1Q activated.
Should the 802.1Q mode be deactivated?
```

The 802.1p mode can be deactivated by choosing the menu item `<deactivate 802.1p mode>`.

6.8.1.2 *Set 802.1p Ports*

This menu item can be used to activate or deactivate the 802.1p protocol on a per port basis.

Enter the port number whose state should be changed:



Choose Port ID:

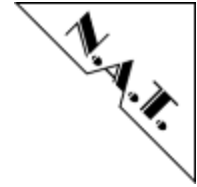
```

=====
|          AMCs          Front    Up_C   ISw    CPU    |
| AMC      0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  |
| SLOTS    1  1  2  2  3  3  4  4  5  5  1  2  1  1  1  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AMC  from: 0  1  0  1  0  1  0  1  0  1  0  1  .  .  .  |
| PORTS  to:  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| PORT      0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  1  1  1  1  |
| ID        1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  0  1  2  3  4  5  |
or [a] - for All ports
> (RET=a):
    
```

Then the 802.1p state can be set to <on> or <off>:

```

[0] - 802.1p off
[1] - 802.1p on.
    
```

6.8.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the Quality of Service webpage select the <802.1p> link at the navigation part of the browser window.

6.8.2.1 Activate/Deactivate 802.1p Mode

To activate the 802.1p mode click the <Activate> button on the 802.1p configuration webpage. To deactivate the mode use the <Deactivate> button.

6.8.2.2 Set Priority ID Mapping

To configure the mapping between the VLAN-Priority and the TX-Queue for a port follow the link <Switch on/off Ports and set priority ID mapping for 802.1p QoS> on the configuration webpage. The current mapping will be shown on the page as shown below.

Activate Ports for 802.1p function

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| ON | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Set Priority Map for 802.1p function

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| AMC Port → | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Priority ↓ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pri ID 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 6 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pri ID 7 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-25 : Web based 802.1p Mapping

Before the priority ID mapping can be changed for a specific port the 802.1p mode has to be activated for that port via the table on the top of the page. To activate the 802.1 mode for a port set the checkbox for that port and press the <Apply> button.

The checkbox columns related to the port in the lower table will be activated and can be used to assign the used TX-Queue for a specific priority. To confirm the changes press the <Apply> button below the table.



6.8.3 Text Based Configuration

There are two configuration items available to configure the 802.1p mode.

`eth_802.1p_ini` – Activate/Deactivate 802.1p mode
`eth_802.1p_cm` – Set priority ID mapping

6.8.3.1 **Activate/Deactivate 802.1p Mode**

Description:

The `eth_802.1p_ini` configuration item can be used to activate the 802.1p mode. If this configuration item is set to “deactivated” or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to 802.1p mode will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1p_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_802.1p_ini>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-22* on page 127.

Example:

Activate 802.1p mode.

```
eth_802.1p_ini = 1
```

6.8.3.2 **Set 802.1p Ports**

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_802.1p_cm>` defines on which port(s) 802.1p mode is activated.

Syntax:

```
eth_802.1p_cm = LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_802.1p_cm>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-23* on page 127.

Example:

```
eth_802.1p_cm = AMC1/0, AMC2/0
```

The upper configuration item activates 802.1p priority at the ports `<AMC1/0>` and `<AMC2/0>`.



6.9 Port Mirroring

The Port Mirroring feature can be used to monitor the incoming (ingress) and/or outgoing (egress) traffic for specific ports. The traffic of the monitored ports will be directed to one switch port, the so-called mirror capture port.

Via so-called filtering rules it can be defined if the traffic of a port shall be mirrored and what kind of traffic will be mirrored in detail (ingress and/or egress). The mirror filtering rules consist of two filtering masks:

- <Port Mask for Ingress Traffic>
- <Port Mask for Egress Traffic>

Both filtering masks can be configured via the following menus and via text based configuration.

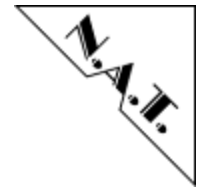
NOTE: The switch might not be able to forward all traffic to the mirror capture port if the traffic on the mirrored ports is higher than the data rate of the capture port.

6.9.1 CLI Based Configuration

The 'Port Mirroring menu' offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the Port Mirroring feature. To call the menu enter <mirr_cfg> at the prompt.

6.9.1.1 Activate/Deactivate Port Mirroring

The Port Mirroring options can only be changed if the mode has been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item <activate port mirroring>. It can be deactivated again by choosing the menu item <deactivate port mirroring>.



6.9.1.5 Set Monitored Ports (Egress Traffic)

The egress mirror rule defines the ports of which the egress traffic will mirrored to the capture port. The mirroring can either be set for all ports or for one specific port.

Choose Port ID:

```

=====
|          AMCs          Front  Up_C  ISw  CPU  |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
|-----|
| AMC  from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  .  .  .  .  .  |
| PORTS  to:  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  |
|-----|
| PORT      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| ID        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 |
| or [a] - for All ports
| > (RET=a):

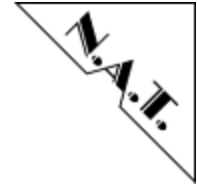
```

If the state of the mirroring mode should only be changed for one specific port, enter the port ID, otherwise enter <a> to set the mode for each used port. To enable the egress mirroring, enter <1> for a specific port, to disable mirroring enter <0>:

```

[0] - don't monitor this port
[1] - monitor this port

```



6.9.1.6 Show Port Mirroring Configuration

If Port Mirroring mode has been activated, the current configuration can be shown via the <show port mirroring configuration> menu item:

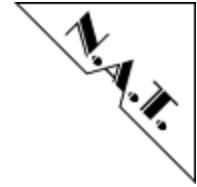
```
Mirroring mode:..... enabled
Capture port ID:..... FRT_1
```

```
Receive ports that are monitored
[0]-not monitored, [1]-monitored
```

| Ingress Mirror Port Map | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|-----|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | CPU |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | 0 1 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 |

```
Transmit ports that are monitored
[0]-not monitored, [1]-monitored
```

| Egress Mirror Port Map | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|-----|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | CPU |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| ----- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | 0 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 |



6.9.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the Port Mirroring web page select the <Port Mirroring> link at the navigation part of the browser window.

6.9.2.1 Activate/Deactivate Port Mirroring Mode

To activate the Port Mirroring mode click the <Activate> button on the Port Mirroring configuration web page. To deactivate the mode use the <Deactivate> button on the web page.

6.9.2.2 Set Ingress and Egress Port Mirroring

If the Port Mirroring mode has been enabled, the following form will be shown (*Figure 6-26*). To configure the functionality, the capture port has to be defined. It can be selected by the <Capture port> drop down menu. The shortcuts of the port names are described in chapter 3.

To enable/disable the mirroring on the certain port(s) use the according checkboxes. The row of the checkboxes defines the mirroring type. The <Ingress> row defines the mirroring of the inbound traffic; the <Egress> row controls the outbound traffic. To confirm the settings press the button <Apply> or <Discard> to cancel.

Port Mirroring Configuration

AMC5/0 Capture port

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ingress | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Egress | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-26: Port-Mirroring settings over web interface

The upper example (*Figure 6-26*) provides the mirroring of inbound traffic on the ports <AMC_1> und <AMC_2>.



6.9.3 Text Based Configuration

There are four configuration items available to configure Port Mirroring mode.

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <code>eth_mirr_ini</code> | – Activate/Deactivate Port Mirroring |
| <code>eth_mirr_capt</code> | – General settings of Port Mirroring |
| <code>eth_mirr_icm</code> | – Ingress traffic mirroring rule |
| <code>eth_mirr_ecm</code> | – Egress traffic mirroring rule |

6.9.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate Port Mirroring*

Description:

The `eth_mirr_ini` configuration item can be used to activate the Port Mirroring feature. If this configuration item is set to “deactivated” or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to Port Mirroring will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_mirr_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_mirr_ini>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-24* on page 128.

Example:

Activate port mirroring:

```
eth_mirr_ini = 1
```

6.9.3.2 *Set Capture port*

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_mirr_capt>` can be used to specify the mirroring capture port and if non-mirror traffic to this port shall be allowed.

Syntax:

```
eth_mirr_capt = PORT_CPT
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_mirr_capt>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-25* on page 128.

Example:

```
eth_mirr_capt = FRT_1
```

The example shows a configuration item that sets the port `FRT_1` as a capture port.



6.9.3.3 Set Monitored Ports (Ingress Traffic)

Description:

The `<eth_mirr_icm>` configuration item can be used to set the ingress mirroring rule.

Syntax:

```
eth_mirr_icm = LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of `<eth_mirr_icm>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-26* page 128.

Example:

```
eth_mirr_icm = AMC2/0, AMC3/0
```

The upper configuration item allows the mirroring of ingress traffic at the ports `<AMC2/0>` and `<AMC3/0>`.

6.9.3.4 Set Monitored Ports (Egress Traffic)

Description:

The `<eth_mirr_ecm>` configuration item can be used to set the egress-mirroring rule.

Syntax:

```
eth_mirr_ecm = LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

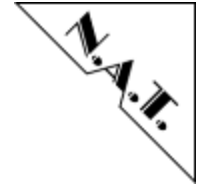
Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_mirr_ecm>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-27* on page 129.

Syntax:

```
eth_mirr_ecm = AMC12/0
```

The upper configuration item allows the mirroring of egress traffic at the port `<AMC12/0>`.



6.10 Jumbo Frame Forwarding

The Ethernet switches can receive and transmit Ethernet frames of extended length on ports linked on 1 Gigabit and 10 Gigabit speed. Referred to as Jumbo Frames, these packets may be longer than 1518 byte (when untagged). The maximum supported frame size ranges from 9kB to 16kB and can be different depending on the switch device type. This feature can be enabled on each port individually.

NOTE: Jumbo frames consume larger blocks of Gigabit switch buffer memory. Thus it is strongly recommended, to set a port to Jumbo enable mode only if necessary and - to ensure system performance – not to enable more than two ports of the Gigabit switch simultaneously.

6.10.1 CLI Based Configuration

6.10.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate Jumbo Frame Forwarding Mode*

The Jumbo Frames Forwarding options can only be changed if the mode has been activated. This can be done by choosing the menu item `<activate jumbo mode>`. The Jumbo Frame Forwarding can be deactivated again by choosing the menu item `<deactivate jumbo mode>`.

6.10.1.2 *Set Jumbo Ports*

The Jumbo Frame Forwarding mode can either be set for all ports or for one specific port.

Choose Port ID:

```

=====
|                                     Front   Up_C   ISw   CPU   |
| AMCs                               0 0|  0|  0|  0 |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0|  0 0|  0|  0|  0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5|  1 2|  1|  1|  1 |
|-----|
| AMC  from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 | . . . . . |
| PORTS to:  . . . . . | . . . . . |
|-----|
| PORT      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 |
| ID        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 | 1 2 3 4 5 |
or [a] - for All ports
> (RET=a):
    
```

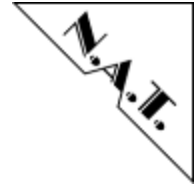
If the state of the Jumbo Frame Forwarding mode shall only be changed for one specific port, enter the port ID, otherwise enter `<a>` to set the mode for each used port. As different switches support different Jumbo sizes, the information about possible options is given as follows:



The switch supports the following
JUMBO frame sizes:

| Size | Size ID |
|-------------|---------|
| ----- ----- | |
| OFF | 0 |
| 9K | 9 |
| ----- --- | |
| 10K | 10 |
| ----- ----- | |

Use the “Size ID” to set the necessary Jumbo state for the certain port.



6.10.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the Jumbo Frame page select the <Jumbo Frame> link at the navigation part of the browser window.

6.10.2.1 *Activate/Deactivate Jumbo Frame Mode*

To activate the Jumbo Frame mode click the <Activate> button on the jumbo frame configuration web page. To deactivate the mode use the <Deactivate> button on the web page.

6.10.2.2 *Set Jumbo Frame Mode on Port*

If the Jumbo Frame mode has been enabled, the functionality can be activated on the certain port of the switch.

To configure the Jumbo Frames transmission on the certain port(s) use the according checkboxes as it is shown on the *Figure 6-27*. To confirm the settings press the button <Apply>, <Discard> to cancel, <Deactivate> to disable Jumbo frame functionality.

Jumbo frame Configuration

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|--------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jumbo frames | 9K <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | 9K <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> | OFF <input type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-27: Jumbo Frame settings over web interface

The upper example enables the Jumbo Frame transmission on the port <AMC1/0> and <AMC2/0>.



6.10.3 Text Based Configuration

There are two configuration items available to configure the Jumbo Frame mode.

`eth_jumbo_ini` – Activates/Deactivates Jumbo mode
`eth_jumbo_size` – Defines the frame size

6.10.3.1 **Activate/Deactivate Jumbo Frame Mode**

Description:

The `<eth_jumbo_ini>` configuration item can be used to activate the Jumbo Frame Forwarding. If this configuration item is set to "deactivated" or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to the Jumbo Frame mode will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_jumbo_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_jumbo_ini>` configuration item are described in *chapter 8.10* on the page 130.

Example:

Activate Jumbo Frame Forwarding:

```
eth_jumbo_ini = 1
```

6.10.3.2 **Set the frame size**

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_jumbo_size>` defines the frame size on the port.

Syntax:

```
eth_jumbo_size = ALIAS, JMB_SIZE
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_jumbo_size>` configuration item are described in *chapter 130* on the page 130.



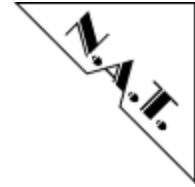
Example:

```
eth_jumbo_size = 5, 10;
```

The upper configuration item activates Jumbo mode at the port `AMC 6` and sets the maximal frame size to `10K`.

```
eth_jumbo_size = 6, 0;
```

The upper configuration item deactivates Jumbo mode at the port `AMC 7` and sets the normal maximal frame size.



6.11 Link Aggregation

The Link Aggregation feature allows more than one port to be grouped together as a single link connection between two switch devices. This increases the effective bandwidth through a link and provides redundancy. The switch used on the NAT-MCH allows up to four aggregation groups, with each group consisting of two to eight physical ports. There are no restrictions in the membership in any aggregation group, like as sequential order of link ports. However, the ports within a Link Aggregation group cannot overlap the ports of another group. By performing a dynamic hashing algorithm based on the MAC addresses, each packet destined to the aggregation group is forwarded to one of the valid ports within this group. This allows a seamless, automatic redundancy scheme. The hashing function can be performed either on the MAC Destination Address (DA), MAC Source Address (SA) or the mixed Destination/Source Address (DA/SA), depending on the user's choice.

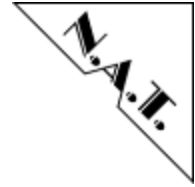
The protocol configuration of the ports within an aggregation group has to be the same for all ports. This is handled by the MCH-Software as described in the following example:

For instance, port < AMC1/0> and < AMC5/1> are enabled for frame checking in the 802.1X configuration:

| 802.1X Security Port Map | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|---|-----|---|---|---|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | | CPU | | | |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| | | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Now the Link Aggregation mode is activated and the ports <AMC1/0>, <AMC2/0> and <AMC2/1> are added to the aggregation group <3>. In this case, three ports of the same aggregation group have different 802.1X related settings. The MCH-Software handles this in the following way:

1. Determine the Link Aggregation Master Port (LAG-Master). The LAG-Master is the port within an aggregation group, which is located on the leftmost position within the aggregation membership vector. This port defines the setting for all ports of the group. In this example, the LAG-Master is the port <AMC 1> for the aggregation group <3>.
2. Apply the setting of the LAG-Master to all ports within the aggregation group. In this example, the states of the ports <AMC 3> and <AMC 4> will be changed



automatically from the state <0> to <1>. As a result, the configuration of the 802.1X ports will be changed as follows:

| 802.1X Security Port Map | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|
| | AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | ISw | CPU | | | | |
| AMC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| SLOTS | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| LAG Gr. | 3 | . | 3 | 3 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The row <LAG Gr.> shows, which ports are member of which aggregation group.

6.11.1 CLI Based Configuration

The '(submenu) Link Aggregation' offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the Link Aggregation mode.

6.11.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate Link Aggregation Mode*

The options of the Link Aggregation can only be changed if the mode has been enabled. This can be done by choosing the menu item <enable link aggregation> from the submenu.

The Link Aggregation mode can be disabled by choosing the menu item <disable link aggregation>.

6.11.1.2 *Set Hashing Mode*

With this menu item, the hashing mode can be configured to route outbound frames within the aggregation group. To set the required hashing mode, choose the dialog item <set hashing mode>.

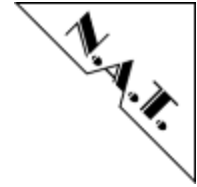
Then select a hashing mode (page 87)

```
[1] - DA^SA
[2] - DA
[3] - SA
Enter hashing mode > (RET=0/0x0)
```

and press <Enter>; the change will be assumed.

6.11.1.3 *Set Members of an Aggregation Group*

As previously described, the switch allows up to four aggregation groups. With this dialog item, the aggregation groups can be customized.



As a first step, the aggregation group has to be chosen.

Enter Group ID [0-3]

Then the ports have to be entered that should be added to the aggregation group.

Choose Port ID:

```

=====
|
|          AMCs          Front    Up_C   ISw   CPU   |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0| 0 0| 0| 0| 0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5| 1 2| 1| 1| 1 |
|-----|
| AMC  from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  | . .   .   .   . |
| PORTS to:  . . . . . . . . . . | . .   .   .   . |
|-----|
| PORT      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 1 1   1   1   1 |
| ID        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0   | 1 2   3   4   5 |
| or [a] - for All ports
| > (RET=a):

```

If only one specific port is to be added/removed, enter the port ID, otherwise enter <a> to set the membership state for each port. To add a port to an aggregation group, enter <1>, and otherwise enter <0> for removal:

6.11.1.4 Show Configuration

With this menu item, the memberships of all aggregation groups are shown.

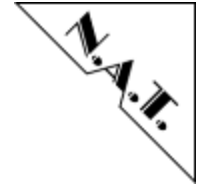
THE LINK AGGREGATION CONFIGURATION

Hashing mode: ... DA^SA

```

=====
|
|          Link Aggreration Groups
|-----|
|          AMCs          Front    Up_C   ISw   CPU   |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0| 0 0| 0| 0| 0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5| 1 2| 1| 1| 1 |
|-----|
| AMC  from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1  | . .   .   .   . |
| PORTS to:  . . . . . . . . . . | . .   .   .   . |
|-----|
| Group ID
| 0      :   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 | 0 1   0 .   0   0 |
|-----|
| 1      :   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0   0   0   0 |
|-----|
| 2      :   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0   0   0   0 |
|-----|
| 3      :   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0   0   0   0 |
|-----|

```



6.11.1.5 Set default configuration

Choosing this menu item resets the Link Aggregation settings to default, means all ports will be removed from all membership groups. To set the default configuration of Link Aggregation, select dialog item `<set default configuration>`.

6.11.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the Link Aggregation page select the `<Link Aggregation>` link at the navigation part of the browser window.

6.11.2.1 Activate/Deactivate Link Aggregation Mode

To activate the Link Aggregation mode click the `<Activate>` button on the Link Aggregation web page. To deactivate the mode use the `<Deactivate>` button on the web page.

6.11.2.2 Set Hashing Mode and Members of Aggregation Group

If the Link Aggregation mode has been enabled, ports can be combined to an aggregation group. Up to four aggregations group can be set as it is shown at the *Figure 6-2*.

At first, the hashing mode has to be set: one of three hashing modes can be selected by the drop down menu.

To aggregate the port to the group use the checkboxes of the required ports at one of four groups. To confirm the settings press the button `<Apply>` or `<Discard>` to cancel.

The button `<Deactivate>` is used to disable the Link Aggregation mode and to deny the access to the feature settings.

Link Aggregation Configuration

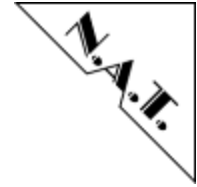
DA^SA Hashing mode

| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | C P U 1 |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Group 0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Group 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Group 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Group 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-28: Link Aggregation settings over web interface

The upper example combines the port `<AMC1/0>` and `<AMC1/1>` to the link aggregation group `<0>`.



6.11.2.3 Additional Link Aggregation Information

The Link Aggregation has effect on all port related settings for all protocols. For this reason, the information about the port assignment to the aggregation group is present at all other features if the Link Aggregation mode is enabled. The following figure shows the web interface of the Port Based VLAN in case the Link Aggregation mode has been activated.

| LAG Gr | LAG Gr | 0 | 0 | n/a | 1 | 1 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
|--------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Slot | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | A | F | F | U | I | C |
| Port | M | M | M | M | M | M | M | M | M | M | M | R | R | P | S | P |
| | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | T | T | D | W | U |
| | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 0 | AMC1/0 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 0 | AMC1/1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC2/0 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 1 | AMC2/1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 1 | AMC3/0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC3/1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC4/0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC4/1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC5/0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | AMC5/1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | FRT_1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | FRT_2 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | UPDC_B | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | ISWC_BX | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| n/a | CPU_1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-29: addition information over web interface

As shown in the figure above all settings of the slave ports within the aggregation group are indicated as inactive. The values of these inactive settings change automatically if the value of the master port is modified.



6.11.3 Text Based Configuration

There are three configuration items available to configure the Link Aggregation mode.

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <code>eth_lag_ini</code> | – Activate/Deactivate the Link Aggregation mode |
| <code>eth_lag_hash</code> | – Hashing of the Link Aggregation |
| <code>eth_lag_gr_cm</code> | – Port-Membership of the certain aggregation group |

6.11.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate Link Aggregation Mode*

Description:

The `<eth_lag_ini>` configuration item can be used to activate the Link Aggregation mode. If this configuration item is set to “deactivated” or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to the Link Aggregation will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_lag_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_lag_ini>` configuration item are described in *the Table 8-30* on the *page 131*.

6.11.3.2 *Set Hashing Mode*

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_lag_hash>` defines the hashing mode to route the outbound frames within a aggregation group.

Syntax:

```
eth_lag_hash = LAG_HM
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_lag_hash>` configuration item are described in Table 8-31 on the page 131.

Example:

```
eth_lag_hash = 1
```

This configuration forces the switch to generate the hash key based on the destination address of frames routed to the ports that are member of an aggregation group.



6.11.3.3 *Set Member of Aggregation Group*

Description:

The `<eth_lag_gr_cm>` configuration item is used to specify the forwarding port map for a specific source port.

Syntax:

```
eth_lag_gr_cm = LAG_GR, LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The `<eth_lag_gr_cm>` configuration item consists of an aggregation group ID and six parameters, which specify the port membership according to the description in chapter *Table 8-32*. Bit values related to reserved ports are ignored and set to the default value. The parameters are described in *Table 8-32* on the page 132.

Example:

```
eth_lag_gr_cm = 0,    <FRT_1>, <FRT_2>
eth_lag_gr_cm = 1,    <AMC1/0>, <AMC2/0>
```

This configuration assigns `<FRT_1>` and `<FRT_2>` to the aggregation group `<0>` and `<AMC1/0>` and `<AMC2/0>` to the group `<1>`. The switch handles the ports `<FRT_1>`, `<FRT_2>` and `<AMC1/0>`, `<AMC2/0>` as two single link connections.

6.12 *Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol*

The *Spanning Tree Protocol* (STP) is a network protocol that provides a loop avoiding network topology for any bridged Ethernet LAN. The basic function of STP is to prevent bridge loops and ensuing broadcast radiation. Spanning tree also allows a network design to use redundant links to provide backup paths, if an active link fails.

The *Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol* (RSTP) provides significantly faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. RSTP was designed to be backwards-compatible with standard STP.

To ensure that each bridge has enough information about another, the bridges use special messages called *Bridge Protocol Data Units* (BPDUs) to exchange information about bridge IDs, root path costs etc. A bridge shares BPDUs via Ethernet frames that contain the reserved MAC address 01:80:C2:00:00:00 in the destination field.

The NAT-MCH supports up to two RSTP instances on the Base-MCH. Because a RSTP instance runs on a VLAN Group, add first 802.1Q VLAN groups for the future RSTP instances (e.g. Group 100 and Group 200). To make your MCH available over the new VLAN, add, "Default VLAN Tag" on the CPU port too (e.g. to VLAN 100).



If RSTP instance should be runs in a MCH redundant environment, the “Update Channel” should be added to each VLAN Group.

Please, note that the BPDU frames from your external switch must contain a VLAN tag. The absence of the VLAN information corrupts communication between switches. If your external switch sends the BPDU frames without a VLAN Tag, you can add it at the receiving side on the MCH (see 6.5.2.7).

Additionally, the NAT-MCH provides “VLAN ignore” option, if 802.1Q VLAN is irrelevant for a switch configuration. Please, enable this option to make no difference what VLAN information contains in a BPDU frame. In this case, all received frame have to be processed by the same RSTP Instance. The selecting of this mode make a using of another RSTP unavailable.

The firmware supports a user interface for the RSTP Multi-Instance functionality. Therefore, you can configure particular RSTP instances via the command line or the web interface and backup your settings.

6.12.1 CLI Based Configuration

The `\(submenu) RSTP` offers the commands to manipulate the settings of the Rapid Spanning Tree mode.

6.12.1.1 *Activate/Deactivate Spanning Tree Protocol*

The options of the Rapid Spanning Tree can only be changed if the mode has been enabled. This can be done by choosing

Please, use the menu item `<enable RSTP>` to enable new RSTP instance. Then enter VLAN group ID or “VLAN Ignore” option, bridge priority and member ports of new RSTP instance.

The RSTP instance can be disabled by choosing the menu item `<disable RSTP>`.

After the activation, the bridge and port are initialized with default configuration. The bridge exchanges information computes the current topology and avoids loops. To define the reaction on network topology changing, the bridge and port configuration has to be set manually.

6.12.1.2 *Configure Bridge Parameters*

With this menu item, the main parameters of the bridge can be configured for the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol.

Enter the `<configure bridge>` and select VLAN group. Then set *Bridge Priority*. from 0 to 61440 in steps of 4096; if the step is not exactly 4096, it will be rounded automatically.

NOTE: This parameter should be changed if mandatory only.

The Forward Delay value needs to be entered. It defines the time that is spent in the listening and learning state. This time is equal to 15 sec by default, but can be varied between 4 and 30 sec.

```
RSTP Member Port:
    [y] - port is RSTP member
    [m] - port isn't RSTP member
AMC1/0[y]/[n]>
```

6.12.1.3 *Configure Port Parameters*

```

Choose Port ID:
=====
|
|          AMCs          Front      Up_C      ISw      CPU
|  AMC          0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0
|  SLOTS        1  1  2  2  3  3  4  4  5  5  1  2  1  1  1
|-----|
|  AMC  from:  0  1  0  1  0  1  0  1  0  1  .  .  .  .  .
|  PORTS  to:  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .  .
|-----|
|
|-----|
|  PORT          0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  1  1  1  1
|  ID            1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  0  1  2  3  4  5
|
> (RET=0/0x0): 5

```

```
Enter <Port Priority>[0..240] in steps of 16 (RET=128/0x80): 0
Enter admin Port <Path Cost> [1..200 000 000] (RET=0/0x0): 1
```

Both parameters are used to determine the current state of the interface and can effect current LAN topology.



Path Cost: This parameter assigns how the *local switch* elects the root port. Cost is cumulative throughout the STP domain, the higher cost is the less preferred.

Port Priority: This parameter affects how the *downstream switch* elects its root port. This is only significant locally between the two directly connected switches, higher priority is less preferred.

AdminPointToPointMAC specifies whether this port is connected to a shared LAN segment or a point-to-point LAN segment. A point-to-point LAN segment is connected to exactly one other bridge, typically with a direct cable in between. Only point-to-point links and edge ports can rapid transition to forwarding state.

If this field is set to Auto, the switch automatically detects whether the port is connected to a shared link or a point-to-point link. Ports operating in half duplex are set to False, and ports operating in full duplex are set to True. However, the type of link can be set manually; options are:

- ForceTrue - Defines the port as connected to a point-to-point link.
- ForceFalse - Defines the port as connected to a shared LAN segment.
- Auto - Automatically detects whether the port is connected to a shared link or a point-to-point link.

```
Enter <adminPointToPointMAC>
[t] - ForceTrue
[f] - ForceFalse
[a] - Auto
> (RET=a): a
```

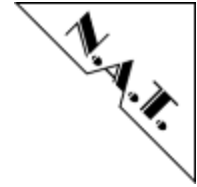
AdminEdgePort specifies whether this port is an edge port or a non-edge port. An edge port is not connected to any other bridge. Only edge ports and point-to-point links can rapid transition to forwarding state; options are:

- True - Defines the port as an edge port.
- False- Defines the port as a non-edge port.

```
Enter adminEdgePort
[t] - True
[f] - False
Enter <adminEdgePort> (RET=t):
```

The Admin Non STP – Status indicates whether the port includes the STP mathematic calculation.

- True- Port does not include feature
- False- Port includes feature



STP Enter <admin non stp> (RET=f):

6.12.1.4 **Attach Port**

With this menu item, the RSTP-Instance can add/remove particular port to/from its membership:

```
Choose Port ID:
|=====|
|          AMCs          Front  Up_C  ISw  CPU  |
| AMC      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |
| SLOTS    1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
|-----|
| AMC      from: 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| PORTS    to:   . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |
|-----|
| PORT      0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| ID        1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 |
> (RET=0/0x0): 5
[d] - disabled RSTP
[e] - enabled RSTP
[q] - no change
Enter port state (RET=e):
```

This utility is designed for software diagnostic purpose, it shall be changed if necessary only.

6.12.1.5 **Show Brief**

This submenu item shows all settings of the bridge and of the all port instance.

```
Bridge Configuration:
.....Bridge Priority:....32768
.....Hello Time:.....2
.....Max Age:.....20
.....Forwarding delay:...15

Port Configuration: AMc1/0 (ID=0)
  Port Priority:.....128
  Path Cost:.....0
  adminPointToPointMAC:...Auto
  admin_non_stp:.....false

Port Configuration: AMc1/1 (ID=1)
  Port Priority:.....128
  Path Cost:.....0
  adminPointToPointMAC:...Auto
  admin_non_stp:.....false
```

etc...



6.12.1.6 *Show Instance Status*

This submenu item shows current state of RSTP state machine on particular RSTP instance:

```
=== State machine: VLAN 100 ===
BrId:
    prio          - 61436
    addr          - 00 40 42 0b 10 e8

BrTimes:
    MessageAge    - 0
...
rootPrio :
    root_bridge
        prio      - 61436
        addr      - 00 40 42 0b 10 e8
    root_path_cost - 0
...
    port_name      - UPDC_B
    port_id        - 256
    role           - DisabledPort
    selectedRole   - DisabledPort
    forward/forwarding - 0/0
    learn/learning  - 0/0
    proposed/proposing - 0/0
    adminPCost     - 20000
    operPCost      - 20000
    operSpeed      - 1000
...
```

This utility can be use to check the RSTP configuration of NAT-MCH relating another networking hardware.



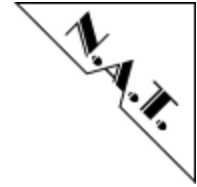
6.12.1.7 Show Port States

This submenu item shows the current Spanning Tree State of all ports summarized in the table as it follows:

| STP Port State | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|---|------|---|-----|-----|---|
| AMCs | | | | | | | | | | Front | | Up_C | | ISw | CPU | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| AMC | from: | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | . | . | . | . | . |
| PORTS | to: | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| log 100 | | X | X | X | X | F | F | D | D | X | X | F | d | F | d | X |
| log 200 | | F | D | D | D | X | X | X | X | X | X | F | d | F | d | X |
| physical | | F | D | D | D | F | D | D | D | N | N | F | d | F | d | N |

Legend:

- [N]- NON STP
- [D]- DISCARDING
- [d]- DISABLED
- [L]- LEARNING
- [F]- FORWARDING
- [X]- Not Instance Member



6.12.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol Settings page select the <RSTP> link at the navigation part of the browser window and activate it if mode is down.

The protocol configuration consists of two parts "Bridge Configuration" and "Configuration of Ports". The upper part provides the configuration applied for generally switch configuration: Bridge Priority, Hello Time, Max Age, and Forwarding Delay and initialization of BPDU Filtering (*Chapter 6.13*). The second part (bottom) defines Port Priority, Port Path Cost, PointToPointMAC, AdminEdgePort and BPDU Filtering settings applied on the particular port.

Rapid Spanning Tree Configuration

Ignore VLAN ID
Enable
Disable

Discard VLAN ID
VLAN ID 1
VLAN ID 100
VLAN ID 200

Bridge Configuration (Status: Not Running)

| Bridge Priority | HelloTime | MaxAge | FwdDelay | BPDU Filtering |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|
| 61436 | 2sec | 20 | 15 | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Port Configuration

| STP State | NONE | NONE | NONE | NONE | NONE | FRWD. | DISC. | DISC. | NONE | NONE | NONE | NONE | FRWD. | DISC. |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Slot/Port | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 6 | A M C 7 | A M C 8 | A M C 9 | A M C 10 | A M C 11 | A M C 12 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 |
| AMC Port | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Instance membership | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Edge | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Non STP | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Priority | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Path Cost | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 20000 | 10 | 10 |
| PointToPointMAC | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto |

Figure 6-30: Rapid Spanning Tree - Settings

To confirm the settings press the button <Apply> or <Discard> to cancel not applied changes. To disable the protocol instance, use the button <Deactivate>.



6.12.3 Text Based Configuration

There are three configuration items available to configure the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol settings.

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>eth_rstp_ini</code> | – Activate/Deactivate the RSTP mode |
| <code>eth_rstp_bridge</code> | – Bridge configuration for the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol |
| <code>eth_rstp_port</code> | – Port configuration for the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol |

6.12.3.1 **Activate/Deactivate Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol**

Description:

The '`eth_rstp_ini`' configuration item can be used to activate the Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol. If this configuration item is set to "deactivated" or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to the RSTP will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_rstp_ini = INST_N, FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_rstp_ini>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-33* on page 133.

6.12.3.2 **Set Bridge Configuration**

Description:

The `<eth_rstp_bridge>` configuration item is used to specify the generic Bridge configuration of the Rapid STP.

Syntax:

```
eth_rstp_bridge = INST_N, BRG_PRI, HELLO_T, MAX_AGE, FWD_DELAY
```

Parameter Description:

the options: Bridge Priority, Hello Time, Max Age, Forward Delay Time

The `<eth_rstp_bridge>` configuration item contains four parameters: Bridge Priority, Hello Time, Max Age and Forward Delay Time, which specify the RSTP Bridge options according to the description in chapter 6.12.1.2. Bit values related to reserved ports are ignored and set to the default value. The Parameters are described in *Table 8-34* on the page 133.

Example:

```
eth_rstp_bridge = INST_0 32768, 2, 20, 15
```



This configuration item sets Bridge Priority to 32768, the Hello Time to 2 seconds, Max Age to 20 seconds and Forwarding delay to 15 seconds on a bridge for RSTP “instance 0”.

6.12.3.3 **Set Port Configuration**

Description:

The <eth_rstp_port> configuration item is used to specify the Rapid STP settings on particular port.

Syntax:

```
eth_rstp_port= INST_N, ALIAS, PORT_PRI, PORT_PTH_COST, PONT2POINT,  
NON_STP_PORT
```

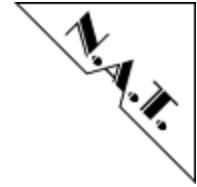
Parameter Description:

The <eth_rstp_bridge> configuration item consists of a part alias and five parameters, which specify the port configuration according to the description in chapter 6.12.1.3. Bit values related to reserved ports are ignored and set to the default value. The Parameters are described in Table 8-35 on the *page 134*.

Example:

```
eth_rstp_port= INST_0, AMC1/0, 128, 0, Auto, 0
```

This configuration item sets for the connection AMC1/0 Port Priority to 128, the Port Path Cost to automatically calculation, share LAN or Pont2Point to Auto and the port is included to STP calculation for RSTP “instance 0”.



6.13 BPDU Filtering

BPDU filtering is a feature that extends the functionality of Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol. It is a software module, which provides the blocking of any RSTP BPDU on particular port. If the BPDU filtering is enabled, the outgoing and incoming BPDUs will not be transmitted and the incoming BPDUs will not be process by RSTP Stack.

6.13.1 Web Based Configuration

The configuration of the BPDU filtering can be set in the RSTP menu. To configure the filter, enable the feature at first. Therefore, select the checkbox “BPDU Filtering” in the “Bridge configuration” section and press the button “Apply” to confirm the act.

| Bridge Priority | HelloTime | MaxAge | FwdDelay | BPDU Filtering |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|
| 32768 | 2 sec | 20 | 15 | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Figure 6-31: enable BPDU filtering

Then the port related settings become accessible and appear in the “Port configuration” section.

| STP State | DISC. | DISC. | DISC. | DISC. | DISC. | FRWD. | DISC. | DISC. | DISC. |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Slot/If | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D B | I S W B |
| AMC Port | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| Edge | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| Non STP | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| BPDU Filtering | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Priority | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 128 |
| Path Cost | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PointToPointMAC | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto |

If the “BPDU filtering” has not been enabled in the “Bridge configuration”, the port related settings of the feature have been hidden.

6.13.2 Text Based Configuration

The “BPDU filtering” is represented as a stand-alone feature by the text-based configuration.



6.13.2.1 **Activate/Deactivate BPDU Filtering**

Description:

The `<eth_txfilt_ini>` configuration item can be used to activate the BPDU Filtering. If this configuration item is set to "deactivated" or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to the BPDU Filtering will be ignored.

Syntax:

```
eth_txfilt_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the `<eth_txfilt_ini>` configuration item are described in *Table 8-36* on page 135.

6.13.2.2 **Set BPDU Filtering on Port**

Description:

The configuration item `<eth_txfilt_cm>` is used to define connections that apply the BPDU Filtering.

Syntax:

```
eth_txfilt_cm = LIST_OF_ALIASES
```

Parameter Description:

The `<eth_txfilt_cm>` configuration item consists of an alias list. If connection has been presented in the list, the BPDU Filtering has been enabled on it. The parameters are described in *page 135*.

Example:

```
eth_pbvlan_encm = AMC1/0, AMC2/0, AMC3/0, AMC4/0, AMC5/0, FRT_1, CPU_1
```




6.14 IGMP Snooping for IGMP V1V2 on IPV4

(The IGMP Snooping functionality is only available for the 10 GbE Hub-Module equipped with a FM4000 chip.)

Internet Group Management Protocol Snooping is the process of capturing IGMP packets from the network. This feature allows a NAT-MCH to observe communication between hosts and routers in terms of IGMP management packets. By listening to these conversation the NAT-MCH calculates a port membership associated to IP multicast streams. In this respect, the NAT-MCH forwards IP multicast data stream only to these ports which are interested in the multicast stream.

The NAT-MCH processes IGMP Management frames only on selected VLAN. Therefore, 802.1Q VLAN has to be setup first. For each VLAN present, the IGMP Snooping can be activated to capture IGMP management frames for this VLAN (*VLAN Trap*).

The NAT-MCH can operate in “Querier” or “Non-Querier” mode. If Querier mode is enabled a General Query can be sent on all active non-router ports in order to reduce network convergence time.

6.14.1 CLI Based Configuration

The '(submenu) IGMP' offers commands to manipulate the settings of the IGMP Snooping mode.

6.14.1.1 **Activate/Deactivate IGMP Snooping**

To enable IGMP Snooping choose the menu item `<enable IGMP Snooping>` from the submenu.

To disable IGMP Snooping choose the menu item `<disable IGMP Snooping>`.

After the activation of IGMP Snooping, the default settings for IGMP will be set. These settings can be changed manually in terms of `<IGMP general settings>` and `<configure VLAN Trap>` items.

6.14.1.2 **IGMP general settings**

If the IGMP Snooping has been enabled this menu item allows configuring the `<Querier mode>`, `<Query interval>` and `<Group Membership Interval>`. These parameters will be prompted as follows:



```
Should be Querier Mode enabled?  
[y]-yes, [n]- no (RET=n)>
```

To select <Querier mode> of the NAT-MCH enter <y> to enable Querier or <n> set it as a <Non-Querier>.

```
The following parameters are used to calculate internal timer update.  
Change the default settings If you are really sure.  
Enter Query Interval in sec. (RET=125/0x7d):>125  
Enter Query Interval in sec. (RET=320/0x140):>320
```

6.14.1.3 **Configure VLAN Trap**

The NAT-MCH processes IGMP Management frames only for the selected VLANs. In this menu item, the VLAN Trap state can be configured to <enable trap> or to <disable trap>. The chosen VLAN must be configured via the 802.1Q VLAN setting first:

```
Enter VLAN ID[1 - 4094] (RET=1/0x1):>10  
Should be this VLAN an IGMP member?  
[y]-yes, [n]- no (RET=y):>y
```

Enter <y> to configure VLAN for <enable trap> or <n> for <disable trap>.



6.14.2 Web Based Configuration

To call the IGMP Snooping Settings page select the <IGMP Snooping> link at the navigation part of the browser window and activate it if mode is down.

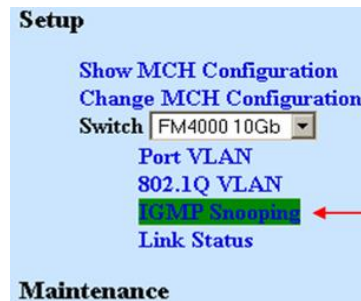


Figure 6-32: IGMP Snooping - Submenu

The protocol configuration consists of two parts "Summary Settings" and "VLAN Traps". The upper part provides the configuration applied for general switch configuration: Group membership Interval, Group Query Interval and Querier Mode. The Summary settings must be submitted explicit by press the button "Submit".

There are VLANs to select in the bottom part of menu. The IGMP Snooping can be activated to capture IGMP management frames on particular VLANs (*VLAN Trap*). To add a VLAN to the VLAN Trap choose it in the dropdown menu list and submit selection with the button "Add".

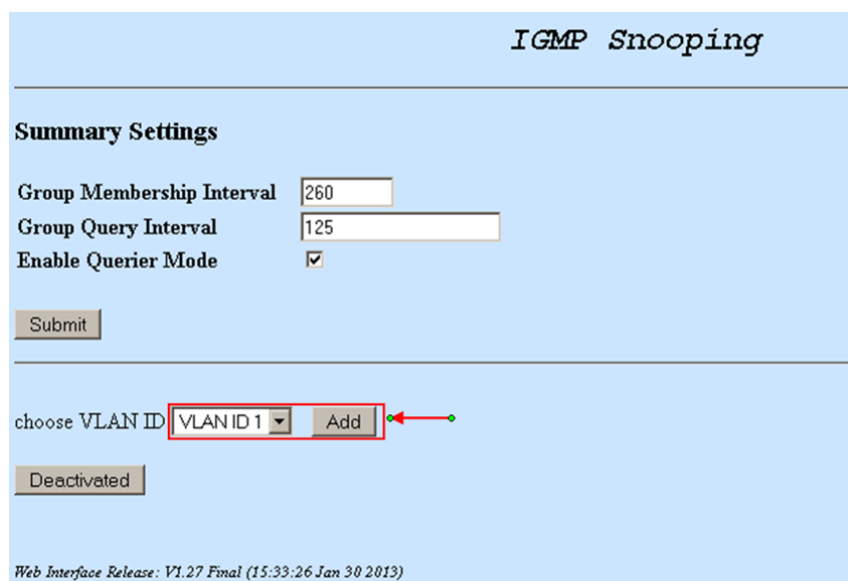
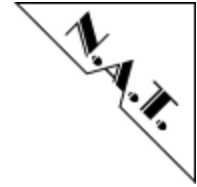


Figure 6-33: IGMP Snooping - Add VLAN Trap



Each VLAN can be removed from the VLAN Trap anytime, by press the button "Remove" for the corresponding VLAN.

IGMP Snooping

Summary Settings
 Group Membership Interval
 Group Query Interval
 Enable Querier Mode ☒

| VLAN ID | Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | F R T 3 | F R T 4 | U P D 1 | I S W 1 | Remove VLAN Trap |
|---------|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Port | 4-7 | 4-7 | 4-7 | 4-7 | 4-7 | - | - | - | - | |
| 1 | Associated | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | <input type="button" value="Remove"/> |
| | Untagged | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | |

choose VLAN ID

Figure 6-34: IGMP Snooping - Remove VLAN Trap

All settings will be accepted at the running time.

6.14.3 Text Based Configuration

There are five configuration items available to configure the IGMP mode.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| eth_igmps_ini | - Activates/Deactivates IGMP Snooping |
| eth_igmps_qf | - Defines Querier/Non-Querier mode |
| eth_igmps_qi | - Defines Query Interval for internal timers |
| eth_igmps_gmi | - Defines Group Membership Interval for internal timers |
| eth_igmps_vlan | - Defines VLAN (one per item) as related to IGMP Snooping |

6.14.3.1 *Activate/Deactivate IGMP Snooping*

Description:

The <eth_igmps_ini> configuration item can be used to enable/disable IGMP Snooping mode. If this configuration item is set to "deactivated" or if the item is not present in the configuration file, all further configuration items related to IGMP Snooping will be ignored.



Syntax:

```
eth_igmps_ini = FLAG
```

Parameter Description:

The parameters of the <eth_igmps_ini> configuration item are described in *Table 8-38* on page 136.

Example:

Activate IGMP Snooping mode:

```
eth_igmps_ini = 1
```

6.14.3.2 *Querier mode*

Description:

The <eth_igmps_qf> configuration item can be used to enable/disable Querier mode for IGMP Snooping mode.

Syntax:

```
eth_igmps_qf = FLAG
```

Parameter description:

The parameters of the <eth_igmps_qf> configuration item are described in *Table 8-39* on page 136.

Example:

Activate Querier mode for IGMP Snooping:

```
eth_igmps_qf = 1
```

Set NAT-MCH to Non-Querier mode:

```
eth_igmps_qf = 0
```

6.14.3.3 *Query Interval*

Description:

The <eth_igmps_qi> configuration item can be used to Set Query Interval for IGMP Snooping mode.



Syntax:

```
eth_igmps_qf = QEUR_IN
```

Parameter description:

The parameters of the <eth_igmps_qi> configuration item are described in *Table 8-40* on page 136.

Example:

Set Query Interval at internal timer to 125 seconds:

```
eth_igmps_qi = 125
```

6.14.3.4 **Group Membership Interval**

Description:

The <eth_igmps_gmi> configuration item can be used to Set Group Membership Interval for IGMP Snooping mode.

Syntax:

```
eth_igmps_gmi = GR_MEM_IN
```

Parameter description:

The parameters of the <eth_igmps_gmi> configuration item are described in on page 137.

Example:

Set Group membership Interval at internal timer to 320 seconds:

```
eth_igmps_gmi = 320
```

6.14.3.5 **Add/Remove VLAN to/from IGMP Snooping**

Description:

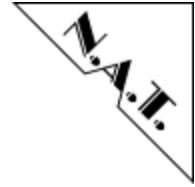
The <eth_igmps_vlan> can be used to set one VLAN Group per configuration item for IGMP Snooping mode. More than one item can be present for the same switch device. The chosen VLAN must be configured via the 802.1Q VLAN setting first.

Syntax:

```
eth_igmps_vlan = VLANID
```

Parameter description:

The parameters of the <eth_igmps_vlan> configuration item are described in *Table 8-42* on page 137.



Example:

Set the VLANs: 10, 20 and 30 as active for IGMP Snooping

```
eth_igmps_vlan = 10
eth_igmps_vlan = 20
eth_igmps_vlan = 30
```

6.15 Interface mode - SerDes/SGMII (Base MCH GbE)

The Ethernet (GbE) switch on the Base Board of the NAT-MCH is integrated with 1.25G-SerDes/SGMII port interfaces for connecting to AMCs. Those AMC port can be configured in SGMII or SerDes mode. The SGMII interface pins are shared with the SerDes interface pins. There are three options available SerDes, SGMII and Auto-Detection.

The SerDes interface operates via 1000BASE-X and complies with IEEE Standard 802.3.

The SGMII interface transmits and receives serial data differentially at 1.25 Gbit/s. Transmit data timing is recovered from the incoming data signal, and the attached link partner does the same.

To detect the interface mode automatically, the link partner exchange control information, when establishing a link. Upon receiving proper acknowledgement, the Ethernet switch of Base-MCH completes auto-negotiation and returns to normal data mode.

6.15.1 Web Based Configuration

The configuration of Interface mode can be set in the “SerDes/SGMII” menu.

Interface Mode Configuration: SerDes/SGMII

| Slot | AMC 1 | AMC 1 | AMC 2 | AMC 2 | AMC 3 | AMC 3 | AMC 4 | AMC 4 | AMC 5 | AMC 5 |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Port | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Interface mode | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII | SGMII |

Apply Discard

Figure 6-35: Interface mode SerDes/SGMII on AMC Backplane Ports

Therefore, select the dropdown menu on particular ports to select one of three available options SerDes, SGMII or Auto. Then press button “Apply” to confirm the act.



6.15.2 Text Based Configuration

There is one configuration item available to configure the Interface mode on particular port.

`eth_sgmi_i_mode` – Interface mode on particular port

Syntax:

```
eth_sgmi_i_mode= ALIAS, IFF_MODE
```

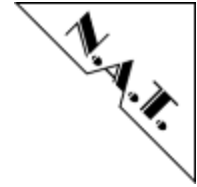
Parameter Description:

The `<eth_sgmi_i_mode>` configuration item consists of a part alias and one parameter, which specify the port configuration according to the description in *chapter 6.15*. The Parameters are summered in Table 8-43 on the *page 138*.

Example:

```
eth_sgmi_i_mode = AMC1/0, serdes
eth_sgmi_i_mode = AMC2/0, sgmi
...
eth_sgmi_i_mode = AMC7/0, auto
...
```

Those configuration items set for the interface mode of connection `AMC1/0` to SerDes, `AMC2/0` to SGMII and connection `AMC7/0` to Auto-Detection.



6.16 Switch Counters (Base MCH GbE)

The web interface make available three types of counters for Ethernet (GbE) switch on the baseboard:

- Bit Error (BER) Counter
- Checksum Error (CRC) Counter
- Received Packets (RCV) Counter

Broadcom5396: Counter Initialization

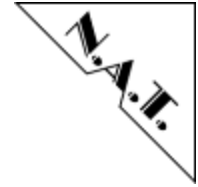
| Slot | A M C 1 | A M C 2 | A M C 3 | A M C 4 | A M C 5 | A M C 6 | A M C 7 | A M C 8 | A M C 9 | A M C 10 | A M C 11 | A M C 12 | F R T 1 | F R T 2 | U P D B | I S W B |
|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Port | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| CRC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RCV | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BER | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CRC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| RCV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Refresh Discard

Figure 6-36: Switch Counters (Base MCH GbE)

BER Counter is always enabled: It counts if invalid code groups are detect. The counter may to be increased if MCH is starting or if AMC has been hold from reset. If all carrier components are already running, the BER Counter should stay unchanged. Otherwise, the increase of a port value can indicate a hardware complication with a system component.

The CRC/ RCV counters cannot run simultaneously. One of two counters has to be selected by user. CRC shows number of frames with detected CRC Error. RCV counter shows number of received Ethernet frames.



7 Script Management Backup Settings

7.1 Script Management – Web interface (FW V2.16 and later)

The web interface offers a comfortable menu for the management of the switch configuration. To enter the menu, select the `<Script Management>` link at the navigation part of the browser window.

Then the settings management menu appears on the right side of the browser window as follows:

Download Configurations

Startup Configuration : [nat_mch_startup_cfg.txt](#) ⓘ

Running Configuration : [nat_mch_running_cfg.txt](#) ⓘ

Load/Delete Configurations

Startup Configuration : ⓘ

Startup Configuration : ⓘ

Upload Configuration

1. Select local file: Keine Datei ausgewählt ⓘ

2. Select upload option: ☒ Overwrite Startup configuration ⓘ

3. Submit upload:

Verify Configuration

Select local file: Keine Datei ausgewählt ⓘ

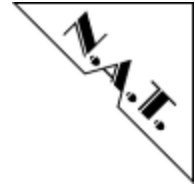
Download links

FLASH operations

Upload form

Verify form

Figure 7-1: Script Management menu



7.1.1 Download the Switch Configuration

Because the Startup configuration can be modified by user in the runtime, the Running configuration originates from it. Both configurations can be downloaded in the “Script Management” menu as shown in *Figure 7-1*.

7.1.2 Save Running Configuration

New running configuration of switch can be simply saved to FLASH. To save it permanently, press the button <Save> and wait a little until the operation has been confirmed. Therefore, a new switch configuration will not be lost after NAT-MCH reboot.

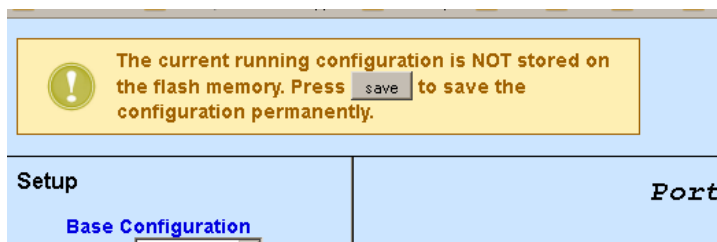


Figure 7-2: save switch configuration

7.1.3 Load/Delete Startup Configuration

The Startup switch configuration can be loaded applied by user manually.

The feature is very useful, if the board has been misconfigured in the runtime. Please, press the button <Load> to overwrite nonconforming-Running configuration by the Startup configuration.

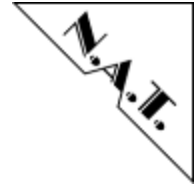
To load the default switch configuration on startup, the startup configuration must be removed from FLASH. Please, press the button <Delete> and wait until the operation has been completed.

7.1.4 Upload the Switch Configuration

The web interface offers the upload of the switch configuration via web browser.

To upload the switch configuration, press at first the button <Browse> to select the path of the file, then press the button <Upload>.

If the option “Overwrite Startup” is not selected the local file will be applied for the Running Configuration only. Selecting this option overwrites the Startup Configuration on FLASH memory.



8 Description Tables of the Text Based Configuration

8.1 Device Location

Table 8-1: <mch_id> configuration item (page 23, 25)

This configuration item specifies the MCH that shall be selected for the further configuration (see the chapter 4)

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | MCH ID 0 – Currently only one MCH is supported | 0 |

Table 8-2: <mez_id> configuration item (page 23, 25)

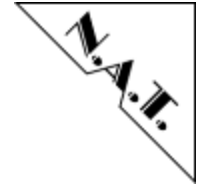
The configuration item defines mezzanine level (see the chapter 4)

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Mezzanine level[0..2]: - Base Board - Clock Module - Hub Module | none |

Table 8-3: <ins_id> configuration item (page 23, 25)

The configuration item defines instance ID on mezzanine level (see the chapter 4)

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Instance ID [0..7]: First Device Second Device ... | none |

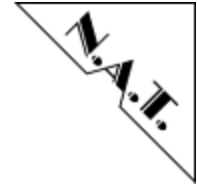


8.2 Port Enable/Disable

Table 8-4: <eth_enconn_map> configuration item (page 42)

This configuration item can be used to disable or enable AMC Ports and additional connections. If a connection is disabled no traffic will be received from or transmitted to this port from switch.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|---|--|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES: alias list of active connections | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |



8.3 Port Based VLAN Configuration

Table 8-5: <eth_pbvlan_init> configuration item (page42)

This configuration item is used to activate the Port Based VLAN mode.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Port Based VLAN initialization flag 0 - Port Based VLAN is deactivated 1 - Port Based VLAN is activated | 0 |

Table 8-6: <eth_pbvlan_encm> configuration item of Firmwares V2.9 -V2.16.2

This configuration item can be used to disable or enable AMC Ports and additional connections. If a connection is disabled no traffic will be received from or transmitted to this port from switch.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|---|--|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES: alias list of active connections | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |

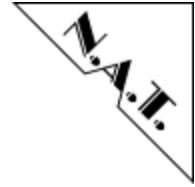
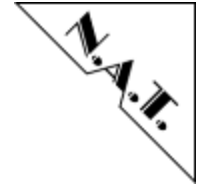


Table 8-7: <eth_pbvlan_fwcm> configuration item (page 42)

The configuration item is used to specify the connection list map for a specific source port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|--|--|
| 1 | source ALIAS: alias of some source connection | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0 |
| 2 | LIST_OF_ALIASES: alias list of destination connections | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |



8.4 802.1Q VLAN Configuration

Table 8-8: <eth_802.1q_init> configuration item (page 54)

The configuration item determines if the 802.1Q VLAN mode should be activated or deactivated.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | 802.1Q VLAN initialization flag 0 - 802.1Q VLAN is deactivated 1 - 802.1Q VLAN is activated | 0 |

Table 8-9: <eth_802.1q_lrn> configuration item (page 54)

The configuration item can be used to change the hash key generation algorithm of the Ethernet switch

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | The Mode of the MAC-Entry-Resolution flag 0 – The MAC-Address is used to generate the hash key for the MAC-Table entry. 1 – The MAC-Address and VLAN ID are used to generate the hash key for the MAC-Table entry. | 1 |

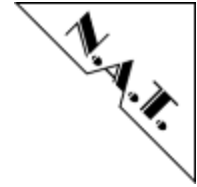


Table 8-10: <eth_802.1q_m_cm> configuration item (page 55)

The configuration item defines the connections assigned to the VLAN group of the VLAN-Table; those provide the forwarding of the VLAN frames.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|--|--|
| 1 | VLAN ID [1-4094] of VLAN-Entry | 10 |
| 2 | LIST_OF_ALIASES: alias list of connection have to be assigned to the VLAN membership | 1GbE Switch: <div> <div>AMC1/0,</div> <div>AMC2/0,</div> <div>AMC3/0,</div> <div>AMC4/0,</div> <div>AMC5/0,</div> <div>FRT_1,</div> <div>UPDC_B,</div> <div>CPU_1</div> </div> <div> <div>AMC1/1,</div> <div>AMC2/1,</div> <div>AMC3/1,</div> <div>AMC4/1,</div> <div>AMC5/1,</div> <div>FRT_2,</div> <div>ISW_BX,</div> </div> |

Table 8-11: <eth_802.1q_u_cm> configuration item (page 55)

The configuration item defines the ports on which the VLAN Tag must be removed from frames by transmit.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|--|
| 1 | VLAN ID [1-4094] of VLAN-Entry | 10 |
| 2 | LIST_OF_ALIASES: alias list of connection to define VLAN Untagging on Particular Port | 1GbE Switch: <div> <div>AMC1/0,</div> <div>AMC2/0,</div> <div>AMC3/0,</div> <div>AMC4/0,</div> <div>AMC5/0,</div> <div>FRT_1,</div> <div>UPDC_B,</div> <div>CPU_1</div> </div> <div> <div>AMC1/1,</div> <div>AMC2/1,</div> <div>AMC3/1,</div> <div>AMC4/1,</div> <div>AMC5/1,</div> <div>FRT_2,</div> <div>ISW_BX,</div> </div> |



Table 8-12: <eth 802.1q dflt> configuration item (page 56)

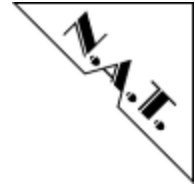
This configuration item specifies the VLAN-Tag is to be added to the untagged Ethernet frame at the certain connection.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|---|---------|
| 1 | ALIAS of connection, on which all ingress frame have to be tagged | AMC1/0 |
| 2 | Default VLAN ID[1-4094] | 100 |
| 3 | VLAN priority[0-7] | 7 |

Table 8-13: <eth 802.1q tag> configuration item (V2.9 and earlier)

This configuration item specifies the VLAN-Tag, which is to be added to the untagged Ethernet frame at the certain port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|----------------|
| 1 | Port ID where default VLAN-Tag has to be set. | All used ports |
| 2 | Default VLAN ID[1-4094] | 1 |
| 3 | VLAN priority[0-7] | 0 |



8.5 MAC Table

Table 8-14: <eth_mac_ent_con> configuration item page (page 66)

The configuration item adds the entry to the MAC Address Table to provide the static routing of frames and to support the 802.1X port security mode.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | 6.6.3.4-Address: [xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx] | 00:01:02:03:04:05 |
| 2 | VLAN ID [1-4094] | 100 |
| 3 | Priority [0-7] | 7 |
| 4 | ALIAS of connection on which the frame with previously mentioned source -Address has been received and permitted to route | AMC6/0 |

Table 8-15: <eth_mac_ageinit> configuration item page (page 33)

The configuration item determines Age Time initialized state.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Age Time initialization flag 0 – aging process is deactivated 1 - aging process is activated | 1 |

Table 8-16: <eth_mac_agemtime> configuration item page (page 33)

The configuration item determines activated or deactivated Age Time(in seconds) of the dynamical learned MAC Table entry.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Aging interval in seconds AGE TIME [1..<depends on the switch device>] | 300 |



8.6 802.1X Configuration

Table 8-17: <eth 802.1x ini> configuration item (page 65)

The configuration item provides the access for using the 802.1X port security functionalities

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | 802.1X initialization flag 0 - 802.1X Port Security is deactivated 1 - 802.1Q Port Security is activated | 0 |

Table 8-18: <eth 802.1x dm> configuration item (page 65)

The configuration item sets the dropping mode by frame checking

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | The Drop mode flag 0 - Drop frame if source MAC misses in the MAC table, and the frame is not a IEEE Standard 802.1X special frame 1 - Drop frames that are not IEEE Standard 802.1X special frames | 0 |

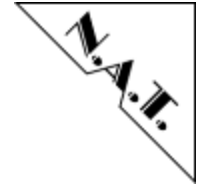


Table 8-19: <eth 802.1x cm> configuration item (page 66)

The configuration items defines connections on which the 802.1X mode is enabled

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections on which the 802.1X mode is enabled | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |



8.7 Quality of Service Configuration

Table 8-20: <eth_qos_cm> configuration item (page 70)

The configuration item configures a mapping between a VLAN –Priority and internal transmit queue for a certain connection

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Example |
|---------------|---|---------|
| 1 | ALIAS of connection on which the mapping between VLAN priority and internal transmit queue has to be defined. | none |
| 2 | Priority (0-7) at VLAN Tag of Ethernet Frame | none |
| 3 | Egress Queue (0-3) | 0 |

Table 8-21: <eth_qos_map> configuration item (V2.9 or earlier)

The configuration item configures a mapping between a VLAN –Priority and internal transmit queue for a certain port

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Port ID (a used port) | none |
| 2 | Priority (0-7) at VLAN Tag of Ethernet Frame | none |
| 3 | Egress Queue (0-3) | 0 |



8.8 802.1p Quality of Service Configuration

Table 8-22: <eth_802.1p_ini> configuration item (page 73)

The configuration item can be used to activate the 802.1p mode

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Quality of Service- 802.1p initialization flag 0 - 802.1p QoS is deactivated 1 - 802.1p QoS is activated | 0 |

Table 8-23: <eth_802.1p_cm> configuration item (page 74)

The configuration item defines on which port(s) 802.1p mode is activated

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|--|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections on those the 802.1X mode is enabled | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |



8.9 Port Mirroring Configuration

Table 8-24: <eth_mirr_ini> configuration item (page 80)

The configuration item can be used to activate the port mirroring feature

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Port Mirroring initialization flag 0 - Port Mirroring is deactivated 1 - Port Mirroring is activated | 0 |

Table 8-25: <eth_mirr_capt> configuration item (page 80)

The configuration item defines the capture port

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | PORT_CPT capture port | FRT_1 |

Table 8-26: <eth_mirr_icm> configuration item (page 81)

The configuration item defines the port(s) on which all **ingress** frames must be mirrored to the capture port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections on those all ingress frames must be mirrored to the capture port PORT_CPT. | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, |



Table 8-27: <eth_mirr_ecm> configuration item (page 81)

The configuration item defines the port(s) on which all **egress** frames must be mirrored to the capture port

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections on those all ingress frames must be mirrored to the capture port <code>PORT_CPT</code> . | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, |



8.10 Jumbo frame Configuration

Table 8-28: <eth_jumbo_ini> configuration item (page 85)

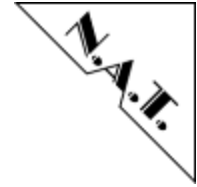
The configuration item can enable or disable the access to the Jumbo frame functionality.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Jumbo mode initialization flag 0 - Jumbo mode is deactivated 1 - Jumbo mode is activated | 0 |

Table 8-29: <eth_jumbo_size> configuration item (page 82)

The configuration item defines the Jumbo Frame functionality on the port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Port ID where Jumbo functionality is to be set | 0 |
| 2 | The frame size (Kbyte) [0, 9, ..., 16] | 0 |



8.11 Link Aggregation Configuration

Table 8-30: <eth_lag_ini> configuration item (page 92)

The configuration item can enable or disable the Link Aggregation mode.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Link Aggregation initialization flag 0 - aggregation mode is deactivated 1 - aggregation mode is activated | 0 |

Table 8-31: <eth_lag_hash> configuration item (pages 87, 92)

The configuration item specifies the hash key generation method to provide the routing of the frames within the Aggregation Group

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Hashing mode provide the routing of outbound frames inside of an Aggregation Group. The setting takes effect for all Aggregation Groups. 0 – The hash key will be generated based on the Destination and Source MAC Addresses of the processed frame. 1 – The hash key will be generated based on the Destination MAC Addresses of the processed frame. 0 – The hash key will be generated based on the Source MAC Addresses of the processed frame. | 0 |



Table 8-32: <eth_lag_gr_cm> configuration item (pages 87, 88)

This configuration item define ports are assigned to the specific aggregation group.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|-----------------|
| 1 | ID of an aggregation group [0-3] | Each used ports |
| 2 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections are assigned to the aggregation group | none |



8.12 Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol

Table 8-33: <eth_rstp_ini> configuration item (page 101)

The configuration item can enable or disable the Rapid Spanning Tree Configuration.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. | INST_N RSTP instance ID | {INST_0 INST_1} |
| | Protocol initialization flag | |
| 2. | 0 - Rapid Spanning Tree mode is deactivated 1 - Rapid Spanning Tree mode is activated | 0 |

Table 8-34: <eth_rstp_bridge> configuration item (pages 101)

This configuration item defines generic Rapid STP configuration .of the Bridge.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. | INST_N RSTP instance ID | {INST_0 INST_1} |
| 2. | BRG_PRI: Bridge Priority | 61336-61339 |
| 3. | HELLO_T: Hello Time | 2 |
| 4. | MAX_AGE: Max Age | 20 |
| 5. | FWD_DELAY: Forwarding Delay | 15 |

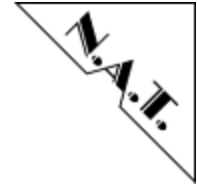


Table 8-35: <eth_rstp_port> configuration item (pages 102)

This configuration item defines Rapid STP configuration .of the Port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|-------------------|
| 1. | INST_N RSTP instance ID | {INST_0 INST_1} |
| 2. | ALIAS of connection | none |
| 3. | PORT_PRI: Port Priority [0..240] steps 16 | 128 |
| 4. | PORT_PTH_COST: Port Path Cost [1..200 000 000] | 1 |
| 5. | PONT2POINT: adminPointToPointMAC [True False Auto] | Auto |
| 6. | NON_STP_PORT: admin_non_stp [0..1] | 0 |



8.13 BPDU Filtering

Table 8-36: <eth_txfilt_ini> configuration item (page 104)

The configuration item can enable or disable BPDU Filtering Configuration.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Feature initialization flag 0 - BPDU Filtering mode is deactivated 1 - BPDU Filtering mode is activated | 0 |

Table 8-37: <eth_txfilt_cm> configuration item (page 104)

The configuration items defines connections on which the BPDU Filtering mode is enabled

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|--|
| 1 | LIST_OF_ALIASES of connections on which the BPDU Filtering mode is enabled | 1GbE Switch: AMC1/0, AMC1/1, AMC2/0, AMC2/1, AMC3/0, AMC3/1, AMC4/0, AMC4/1, AMC5/0, AMC5/1, FRT_1, FRT_2, UPDC_B, ISW_BX, CPU_1 |



8.14 IGMP Snooping

Table 8-38: <eth igmps ini> configuration item (page 108)

The configuration item can enable or disable IGMP Snooping Configuration.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Protocol initialization flag 0 - IGMP Snooping mode is deactivated 1 - IGMP Snooping mode is activated | 0 |

Table 8-39: <eth igmps qf> configuration item (page 109)

The configuration item can set Querier mode of the NAT-MCH.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|---|---------------|
| 1 | Querier mode 0 - Non-Querier mode 1 - Querier mode is enabled | 0 |

Table 8-40: <eth igmps qi> configuration item (page 109)

The configuration item can set Query Interval for IGMP Snooping mode.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Querier mode in seconds | 125 |



Table 8-41: <eth_igmps_gmi> configuration item (page 110)

The configuration item can set Group Membership Interval for IGMP Snooping mode.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Group Membership Interval in seconds | 320 |

Table 8-42: <eth_igmps_vlan> configuration item (page 110)

The configuration item can set a VLAN group as active for the IGMP Snooping

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | VLANID [0 .. 4095] | none |



8.15 Interface mode SerDes/SGMII

Table 8-43: <eth_sgmi_i_mode>configuration item (pages 112)

This configuration item defines Rapid STP configuration .of the Port.

| Parameter No. | Parameter description | Default value |
|---------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | ALIAS of AMC connection | none |
| 4 | Interface mode [SerDes SGMII Auto] | SerDes |



9 XAUI Packet Counters -

The FM222x switch of Fulcrum Microsystems inc. supports a few counters to maintain the statistic of packet traffic. All counters are listed in thirteen groups. Furthermore, most counters have one *additional parameter* such as port ID, VCNT field ID or Trigger ID. Each counter in a group is mutually exclusive. The description of packet counters are shown in chapter 9.1 *XAUI - Packet Counter Description*

9.1 XAUI - Packet Counter Description

Table 9-1 : Group 1 Counters - RX Packet Counters per Type [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|----------------|--|
| RxUcast | Unicast frames received. (Note: oversize and undersize frames with good or bad CRC are counted. Proper size frames with bad CRC are not counted; they are counted as RxFCSErrors.) |
| RxBcast | Valid broadcast frames received (good frames only). |
| RxMcast | Valid multicast frames received (good frames only, does not include broadcast or pause frames). |
| RxPause | Valid received pause frames |
| RxFCSErrors | Received frames of proper size but CRC error, and integral number of octets. |
| RxSymbolErrors | Received frames of proper size, but with symbol error. |



Table 9-2: Group 2 Counters - RX Packet Counters per Size [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|---------------|---|
| RxMinto63 | Received frames of < 64 octets that are not error frames because the min. frame size is set below the Ethernet minimum (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx64 | Received frames of 64 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx65to127 | Received frames of 65 to 127 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx128to255 | Received frames of 128 to 255 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx256to511 | Received frames of 256 to 511 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx512to1023 | Received frames of 512 to 1023 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx1024to1522 | Received frames of 1024 to 1522 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx1523to2047 | Received frames of 1523 to 2047 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx2048to4095 | Received frames of 2048 to 4095 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx4096to8191 | Received frames of 4096 to 8191 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx8191to10239 | Received frames of 8192 to 10239 octets (good and bad frames counted). |
| Rx10240toMax | Received frames of 10240 to MaxFrame octets. Note: Maxframe is configurable. This counter will only be activated if MaxFrame is > 10240. That is it is the count of non-error frames above 10240. In any case, Fulcrum strongly recommends against sending packets above 10240 octets, as the Ethernet CRC is no longer valid. |
| RxFragments | Received frames smaller than Min Sized Frame octets with either a CRC or alignment error. |
| RxUndersized | Received frames smaller than the minimum frame size but otherwise well formed with a good CRC |



| | |
|-------------|--|
| RxJabbers | Received frames greater than MaxFrame octets and alignment error and good or bad CRC. This counter is only 16 bits |
| RxOversized | Received frames greater than MaxFrame octets . This counter includes oversized well formed packets as well oversized packets with a bad CRC or an alignment problem. The software must read the counter STAT_RX_JABBER[Jabber Count] in the EPL to detect how many of the oversized frames were actually malformed packets. NOTE: If the frame is counted here, it is not counted in a bin counter RxxxxtoYYYY even if it fits in that bin |



Table 9-3: Group 3 Counters - RX Octet Counters [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|--------------|---|
| RxGoodOctets | Received octets on good packets |
| RxBadOctets | Received octets on bad packets. Note: total received octets is the sum of RxGoodOctets and RxBadOctets. |

Table 9-4: Group 4 Counters - RX Packet Counters per Priority [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|------|--------------------------------|
| RxP0 | Received frames of priority 0 |
| RxP1 | Received frames of priority 1 |
| RxP2 | Received frames of priority 2. |
| RxP3 | Received frames of priority 3 |
| RxP4 | Received frames of priority 4 |
| RxP5 | Received frames of priority 5. |
| RxP6 | Received frames of priority 6. |
| RxP7 | Received frames of priority 7. |

Table 9-5: Group 5 Counters - RX Octet Counters per Priority [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| RxOctetsP0 | Received octets on Priority 0 |
| RxOctetsP1 | Received octets on Priority 1. |
| RxOctetsP2 | Received octets on Priority 2. |
| RxOctetsP3 | Received octets on Priority 3. |
| RxOctetsP4 | Received octets on Priority 4 |
| RxOctetsP5 | Received octets on Priority 5 |
| RxOctetsP6 | Received octets on Priority 6. |
| RxOctetsP7 | Received octets on Priority 7 |



Table 9-6: Group 6 Counters - RX Packet Counters per Flow [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| FIDForwarded | Number of frames that were forwarded normally, either unicast or multicast, as a result of a lookup of a valid entry in the MAC address table, or a broadcast. Note: This counter does not count mirrored frames. |
| FloodForwarded | Number of good unicast addressed frames that were flooded because the destination is unknown, or an unregistered multicast. |
| TriggerMirrored | Number of good frames that were mirrored. Note: Total number of normally forwarded packets = FIDForwarded + FloodForwarded + TriggerMirrored (note that trapped frames are not subject to triggers, so are not mirrored). This counter is only incremented if flooding is enabled in the switch |
| STPDrops | Number of frames that were dropped because either the ingress or egress port is not in the forwarding spanning tree state, resulting in a frame drop on ingress. |
| ReservedTraps | Number of frames that are trapped to the CPU and not forwarded normally, as a result of any of the three specific trap functions: |
| BroadcastDrops | Number of frames that were dropped with DA=0xFFFFFFFFFFFF because storm control is enabled. |
| SecurityViolationDrops | Number of frames that are dropped or trapped because they are considered a security violation. |
| VLANTagDrops | Number of frames discarded because the frames were untagged, and drop untagged is configured, or the frames were tagged, and drop tagged is configured. |
| VLANIngressBVDrops | Number of frames dropped for an ingress VLAN boundary violation. Note: This only applies to 802.1Q, because in port-based VLAN there is no such thing as an ingress violation. |
| VLANEgressBVDrops | Number of frames dropped for an egress VLAN boundary violation. This does not mean the number of ports filtered by the VLAN membership list in a multicast or flood; it means the destination address |



| | |
|----------------------|---|
| | corresponds to a port that is not (or no longer) in the VLAN membership list, so the frame was dropped and not forwarded. |
| TriggerRedirAndDrops | Number of frames that were dropped or redirected because they caused a user defined trigger to fire. |
| DLFDrops | Number of frames that were discarded because there was a destination lookup failure and flooding is not enabled in the switch. Note: This counter is incremented for unicast & multicast |
| CMRxDrops | Number of frames dropped for exceeding the RX shared watermark. |



Table 9-7: Group 7 Counters - TX Packet Counters per Type [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|----------------|--|
| TxUnicast | Unicast frames transmitted, possibly with incorrect FCS due to cut-through. (Note: undersized frames that have been padded to the min size (MAC_CFG_2[PadMinSize]=1) are counted.) |
| TxBroadcast | Broadcast frames transmitted, possibly with incorrect FCS due to cut-through. |
| TxMulticast | Multicast frames transmitted, possibly with incorrect FCS due to cut-through. |
| TxPause | Transmitted pause frames and valid FCS. This counter is a 32 bit counter only |
| TxFCSErrors | Transmitted frames with FCS errors. (Note: undersized frames that have been padded to the min size (MAC_CFG_2[PadMinSize]=1) are not counted even though they have a forcedbad CRC.). This counter is a 32 bit counter only. |
| TxErrorDrops | The number of frames that were marked on ingress as erroneous (either due to an FCS or PHY error, or due to under/over size problems) which the switch element actually managed to discard. Frames marked as erroneous on ingress which were transmitted (due to cutthrough) will not be included in this counter. |
| TxTimeoutDrops | A frame in a TX queue was dropped as a result of a time out. |



Table 9-8: Group 8 Counters - TX Packet Counters per Size [0..24]

| Name | Description |
|---------------|--|
| TxMinto63 | Transmitted frames of min. frame size to 63 octets. This counter is for non-error frames that are less than 64 octets because the min. frame size is set below 64 octets in the MAC, or error frames that the switch transmitted anyway because MAC_CFG_2[Min Frame Discard] was not set (includes bad frames) |
| Tx64 | Transmitted frames of 64 octets. (includes bad frames) |
| Tx65to127 | Transmitted frames of 65 to 127 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx128to255 | Transmitted frames of 128 to 255 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx256to511 | Transmitted frames of 256 to 511 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx512to1023 | Transmitted frames of 512 to 1023 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx1024to1522 | Transmitted frames of 1024 to 1522 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx1523to2047 | Transmitted frames of 1522 to 2047 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx2048to4095 | Transmitted frames of 2048 to 4095 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx4096to8191 | Transmitted frames of 4096 to 8191 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx8192to10239 | Transmitted frames of 8192 to 10239 octets (includes bad frames) |
| Tx10240toMax | Transmitted frames of 10240 to MaxFrame octets (includes bad frames). This counter will only be activated if Maxframe is >10240. That is it is the count of non-error frames above 10240. However, Fulcrum strongly recommends not sending packets above 10240, as the Ethernet CRC is not long enough. |



Table 9-9: Group 9 Counters - TX Octet Counters [1..24]

| Name | Description |
|----------|--|
| TxOctets | Transmitted octets including CRC but excluding preambles and inter-frame characters. |

Table 9-10: Group 10 Counters - Congestion Management Counters

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| CMTxDrops[0..24] | Count of frames dropped for congestion management from TX port 0. |
| CMGlobalLowDrops | Count of frames dropped for congestion management from the global low PWD watermark. |
| CMGlobalHighDrops | Count of frames dropped from the global high PWD watermark. |
| CMGlobalPrivilegeDrops | Count of frames dropped from the global privilege watermark. |

Table 9-11: Group 11 Counters - VLAN Octet Counters [0..31]

| Name | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| VLANUnicastOctets[i] | Unicast octets received on VLAN[i] |
| VLANXcastOctets[i] | Broadcast and multicast octets received on VLAN[i]. |

Table 9-12: Group 12 Counters - VLAN Packet Counters [0..31]

| Name | Description |
|----------------|--|
| VLANUnicast[i] | Unicast frames received on VLAN[i] |
| VLANXcast[i] | Broadcast and multicast frames received on VLAN[i] |

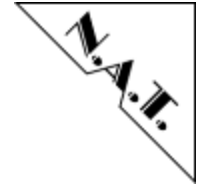
Table 9-13: Group 13 Counters - Trigger Counters [0..16]

| Name | Description |
|---------------|---|
| TrigCount[i] | Number of times trigger "I" was taken, where $0 \leq i \leq 15$ |
| TrigCount[16] | No trigger was taken. |

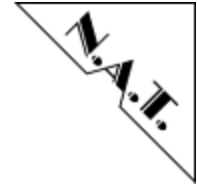


10 Document's History

| Version | Date | Description | Author |
|---------|------------|--|--------|
| 1.0 | 30.08.2007 | Initial version; | HK |
| 1.1 | 21.09.2007 | Added note about Port Based VLAN configuration and frame loops; | WW |
| 1.2 | 26.09.2007 | Added description of the 802.1Q VLAN configuration menu; | WW |
| 1.3 | 03.03.2008 | Added description of 802.1X and 802.1p protocol configuration; | AL/WW |
| 1.4 | 28.03.2008 | Added description of the port mirroring configuration; | AL |
| 1.5 | 10.06.2008 | Added activate/deactivate mode and set default configuration for each feature | AL/WW |
| 1.6 | 03.12.2008 | Changed the document's structure; Added description of web interface; Added description of the text based configuration; | AL |
| 1.7 | 04.08.2009 | Added note about the Jumbo frame mode; | AL |
| 1.8 | 27.07.2009 | Fixed the forwarding map in Chapter 6.4.3.2; Added description of the Link Aggregation mode; | AL |
| 1.9 | 30.07.2009 | Added the cross references and short descriptions to the chapter "Description tables of the text based configuration" | AL |
| 1.10 | 12.08.2009 | Added descriptions of the web interface for the Port Mirroring, Jumbo Frame und Link Aggregation modes. | |



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| | 19.08.2009 | Changed the chapter headlines for the consistent by the chapter naming. | |
| 1.11 | 11.02.2010 | Added description about the 10 GbE switch | AL |
| | 11.02.2010 | Added description about device location | AL |
| | 11.02.2010 | Adapted the Jumbo frame description for the changed configuration process | AL |
| 1.12 | 27.04.2010 | Text correction: Chapter 5.1, 5.1.1.2, 5.1.3 | AL |
| | 15.05.2010 | Added chapter 9, 9.1, 9.1.1, 9.2, 9.2.1, 9.2.2 und 9.2.3 | AL |
| 1.13 | 02.05.2010 | Added chapter 6 "General settings (Age Time)" | AL |
| | 01.04.2011 | Changed name of chapter "Switch Port Numbering" to "Port switching concept" Added parts: " <i>Fabrics and physical Ports</i> ", " <i>AMC Ports and Backplane Interconnect</i> " and " <i>Identifier of AMC Port and Additional Connections</i> " | |
| | 06.04.2011 | Added chapter "Default Switch Configuration" | |
| 1.14 | 23.12.2011 | Added Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol to the chapter 6 and chapter 8 | AL |
| 1.15 | 11.12.2012 | Fixed table : MCH - Base Board Mapping <Front 2 > to physical <port 13> | AL |
| 1.15 | 11.12.2012 | Added description for the IGMP Snooping mode | AL |
| 1.16 | 31.01.2013 | Added Web-Interface description for the IGMP Snooping mode | AL |
| 1.16 | 31.1.2013 | All additional ports changed to reference on text marks. | AL |



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| 1.16 | 31.1.2013 | Changed address of the N.A.T. Headquarters | AL |
| 1.17 | 16.05.2013 | Updated chapter "Script Management - Web interface" | |
| 1.18 | 19.05.2013 | Phone and fax updated, words updated | |
| | 13.11.2013 | Reworked, typo correction | SE |
| 1.19 | 11.08.2014 | Chapter "Backup Settings" renamed to "Switch Management" | AL |
| | 19.01.2015 | Chapter "Switch Management" updated for FW V2.16 | AL |
| | 20.02.2015 | Added Chapter 6.12 "BPDU Filtering" | AL |
| 20 | 08.04.2015 | Changed version numbering | AL |
| | 08.04.2015 | Removed chapters "Port Maps (v2.9 and earlier)" and "Port Maps, Connection List and Backward Compatibility"- are not related to FWv2.17 | |
| | 08.04.2015 | Added chapter "Enable/Disable Port" | AL |
| | 09.04.2015 | The Chapter "XAUI - Packet Counter Description" has been made as a standalone part | AL |
| | 09.04.2015 | Remove part "Driver Level"- supported regular by switch management | AL |
| | 10.04.2015 | Updated description tables in chapters 8.9 <i>Port Mirroring Configuration</i> and 8.10 <i>Jumbo frame Configuration</i> | AL |
| | 10.04.2015 | Removed all chapters are not related FW v2.17 | AL |
| | 24.10.2016 | Added chapter 6.16 <i>Switch Counters (Base MCH GbE)</i> | AL |
| | 25.10.2016 | Added chapter 6.12.1.6 <i>Show Instance Status</i> | AL |



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| | | Chapter 6.12 <i>Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol</i> reworked for because of RSTP multi instance feature. | |
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