PAC2

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Lectura de dades

Es carreguen les dades i es comprova que els tipus de les dades siguin els esperats.

```
df <- read.csv("../Dades/train.csv")
head(df)</pre>
```

```
##
     PassengerId Survived Pclass
## 1
               1
## 2
               2
                         1
                                1
## 3
               3
                                3
               4
## 4
                                1
                         1
## 5
               5
                         0
                                3
                                3
               6
                         0
## 6
##
                                                       Name
                                                               Sex Age SibSp Parch
                                   Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
## 1
                                                              male
                                                                    22
## 2 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer) female
                                                                                  0
                                                                                  0
## 3
                                   Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female
## 4
            Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female
                                                                                  0
                                                                    35
                                                                            1
## 5
                                 Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                              male
                                                                    35
                                                                                  0
## 6
                                          Moran, Mr. James
                                                              male
                                                                    NA
##
               Ticket
                          Fare Cabin Embarked
## 1
            A/5 21171 7.2500
                                             S
             PC 17599 71.2833
                                             С
## 2
                                 C85
## 3 STON/02. 3101282 7.9250
                                             S
## 4
               113803 53.1000
                                             S
## 5
               373450 8.0500
                                             S
## 6
               330877 8.4583
                                             Q
```

str(df)

```
## 'data.frame':
                   891 obs. of 12 variables:
##
   $ PassengerId: int
                       1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
   $ Survived
                : int
                       0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
##
   $ Pclass
                 : int
                       3 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 2 ...
                       "Braund, Mr. Owen Harris" "Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)"
##
   $ Name
                  chr
                       "male" "female" "female" ...
##
   $ Sex
                  chr
   $ Age
                 : num
                       22 38 26 35 35 NA 54 2 27 14 ...
                       1 1 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 1 ...
##
   $ SibSp
                 : int
   $ Parch
                 : int 000000120 ...
```

```
## $ Ticket : chr "A/5 21171" "PC 17599" "STON/02. 3101282" "113803" ...
## $ Fare : num 7.25 71.28 7.92 53.1 8.05 ...
## $ Cabin : chr "" "C85" "" "C123" ...
## $ Embarked : chr "S" "C" "S" "S" ...
```

summary(df)

```
PassengerId
                                          Pclass
##
                       Survived
                                                           Name
          : 1.0
##
    Min.
                    Min.
                            :0.0000
                                      Min.
                                             :1.000
                                                       Length:891
    1st Qu.:223.5
                    1st Qu.:0.0000
                                      1st Qu.:2.000
                                                       Class : character
   Median :446.0
                    Median :0.0000
                                      Median :3.000
                                                       Mode :character
           :446.0
                                             :2.309
##
   Mean
                    Mean
                            :0.3838
                                      Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:668.5
                    3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                      3rd Qu.:3.000
##
   Max.
           :891.0
                    Max.
                            :1.0000
                                      Max.
                                             :3.000
##
##
        Sex
                             Age
                                            SibSp
                                                             Parch
##
    Length:891
                       Min.
                               : 0.42
                                        Min.
                                                :0.000
                                                                :0.0000
                                                         Min.
    Class : character
                       1st Qu.:20.12
                                        1st Qu.:0.000
                                                         1st Qu.:0.0000
   Mode :character
                                        Median :0.000
##
                       Median :28.00
                                                         Median :0.0000
##
                       Mean
                               :29.70
                                        Mean
                                              :0.523
                                                         Mean
                                                                :0.3816
##
                        3rd Qu.:38.00
                                        3rd Qu.:1.000
                                                         3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
                       Max.
                               :80.00
                                        Max.
                                               :8.000
                                                         Max.
                                                                :6.0000
##
                       NA's
                               :177
                                                               Embarked
##
       Ticket
                            Fare
                                            Cabin
   Length:891
                               : 0.00
                                         Length:891
                                                             Length:891
##
                       Min.
    Class :character
                       1st Qu.: 7.91
                                         Class :character
                                                             Class : character
##
    Mode :character
                       Median : 14.45
                                         Mode :character
                                                             Mode :character
##
                       Mean
                              : 32.20
##
                        3rd Qu.: 31.00
##
                       Max.
                               :512.33
##
```

Hi ha tres variables que no ens aporten informació a nivell estadístic a l'hora d'analitzar les dades. Aquestes variables són: **Name**, **Ticket** i **PassengerId**. Per tant, aquestes variables seran eliminades de cara a l'anàlisi.

```
df <- select(df, -Name)
df <- select(df, -Ticket)
df <- select(df, -PassengerId)</pre>
```

Es passen els valors categòrics a tipus factor.

```
df$Pclass <- as.factor(df$Pclass)
df$Sex <- as.factor(df$Sex)
df$Embarked <- as.factor(df$Embarked)
str(df)</pre>
```

```
## 'data.frame': 891 obs. of 9 variables:
## $ Survived: int 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ Pclass : Factor w/ 3 levels "1","2","3": 3 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 2 ...
## $ Sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "female", "male": 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 ...
```

```
##
   $ Age
              : num
                     22 38 26 35 35 NA 54 2 27 14 ...
                     1 1 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 1 ...
## $ SibSp
              : int
              : int
   $ Parch
                     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 ...
##
                     7.25 71.28 7.92 53.1 8.05 ...
   $ Fare
              : num
                     "" "C85" "" "C123" ...
   $ Cabin
              : chr
   \ Embarked: Factor w/ 4 levels "","C","Q","S": 4 2 4 4 4 3 4 4 4 2 ...
```

Es comprova si hi ha valors NA en el dataset, o valors buits.

```
colSums(is.na(df))
## Survived
               Pclass
                                             SibSp
                                                                          Cabin
                            Sex
                                     Age
                                                       Parch
                                                                 Fare
                    0
                              0
                                     177
##
                                                           0
                                                                     0
                                                                              0
## Embarked
##
colSums(df=="")
                                             SibSp
                                                                          Cabin
## Survived
               Pclass
                            Sex
                                     Age
                                                       Parch
                                                                 Fare
                              0
                                      NA
                                                                            687
## Embarked
##
```

S'observa que hi ha 177 valors d'Age NA, 687 Cabin buits i 2 Embarked.

Posem el valor de la mitjana en els missing values d'Age.

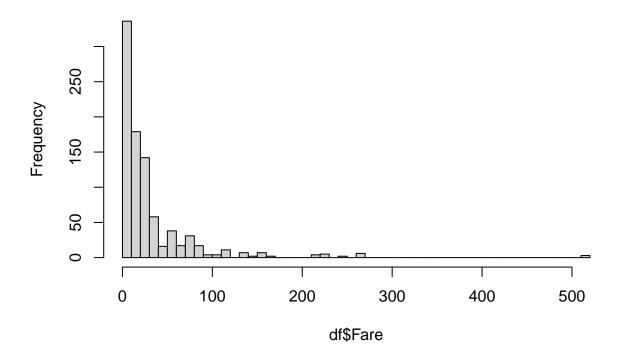
```
age_mean <- mean(df$Age[!is.na(df$Age)])
df$Age[is.na(df$Age)] <- age_mean</pre>
```

Identificació i tractament de valors extrems.

Analitzem la distribució dels valors de Fare.

```
hist(df$Fare, breaks=50, main="Histograma de Fare")
```

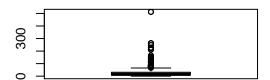
Histograma de Fare



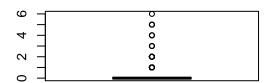
La majoria de valors es troben en el grup < 150 i majoritàriament es troben en el grup < 50.

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
boxplot(df$Fare, main="Boxplot de Fare")
boxplot(df$Parch, main="Boxplot de Parents/children")
boxplot(df$SibSp, main="Boxplot de Siblings/spouses")
boxplot(df$Age, main="Boxplot d'Age")
```

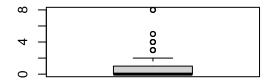
Boxplot de Fare



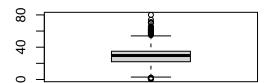
Boxplot de Parents/children



Boxplot de Siblings/spouses



Boxplot d'Age



Com hem vist en l'histograma anteriorment hi ha outliers en els valors de Fare. Tot i això considerem que no son valors erronis, sino simplement elevats. Es pot deure a habitacions del Titanic més exclusives.

Per la resta de variables veiem que existeixen outliers, però són valors raonables que es deuen a un major número mostres de certs valors i no a errors.

Neteja de la variable Cabin

A cabin hi veiem representat un caràcter amb un número. S'ha considerat interessant separar aquesta informació per veure com afecta tant la ubicació dins el vaixell (representada pel caràcter) com el número d'habitació.

```
f_split_cabin <- function (x) {
   cabin <- strsplit(x, " ")[[1]][1]
   type <- substring(cabin, 1, 1)
   number <- substring(cabin, 2)
   if (is.na(type)) type <- ""
   if (is.na(number) || number == "") number <- 0
   return(c(type, number))
}

cabinType <- c()
   cabinNumber <- c()
   for (item in df$Cabin){
      cabin <- f_split_cabin(item)
      cabinType <- c(cabinType, cabin[1])</pre>
```

```
cabinNumber <- c(cabinNumber, cabin[2])
}

df["cabinType"] <- as.factor(cabinType)
df["cabinNumber"] <- as.integer(cabinNumber)

df <- select(df, -Cabin)

head(df)</pre>
```

```
Survived Pclass
##
                   Sex
                          Age SibSp Parch
                                          Fare Embarked cabinType
## 1
      0 3 male 22.00000
                                 1
                                     0 7.2500
                                                   S
                                                   С
## 2
        1
             1 female 38.00000
                                    0 71.2833
                                                            C
                                 1
## 3
        1
              3 female 26.00000
                                0 0 7.9250
                                                   S
        1
              1 female 35.00000 1
                                    0 53.1000
                                                   S
                                                            С
## 4
## 5
         0
              3 male 35.00000 0 0 8.0500
                                                   S
## 6
         0
              3 male 29.69912 0 0 8.4583
                                                   Q
## cabinNumber
## 1
## 2
          85
## 3
          0
## 4
          123
## 5
            0
## 6
            0
```

Anàlisi de les dades

```
# Agrupació per classe.
df.p1 <- df[df$Pclass == "1",]</pre>
df.p2 <- df[df$Pclass == "2",]</pre>
df.p3 <- df[df$Pclass == "3",]</pre>
#Agrupació per port d'embarc
df.emb_s <- df[df$Embarked == "S",]</pre>
df.emb_q <- df[df$Embarked == "Q",]</pre>
df.emb_c <- df[df$Embarked == "C",]</pre>
# Agrupació per cabinType
df.ctype_a <- df[df$cabinType == "A",]</pre>
df.ctype_b <- df[df$cabinType == "B",]</pre>
df.ctype_c <- df[df$cabinType == "C",]</pre>
df.ctype_d <- df[df$cabinType == "D",]</pre>
df.ctype_e <- df[df$cabinType == "E",]</pre>
df.ctype_f <- df[df$cabinType == "F",]</pre>
df.ctype_g <- df[df$cabinType == "G",]</pre>
df.ctype_t <- df[df$cabinType == "T",]</pre>
# Agrupació per sex
df.male <- df[df$Sex == "male",]</pre>
df.female <- df[df$Sex == "female",]</pre>
```

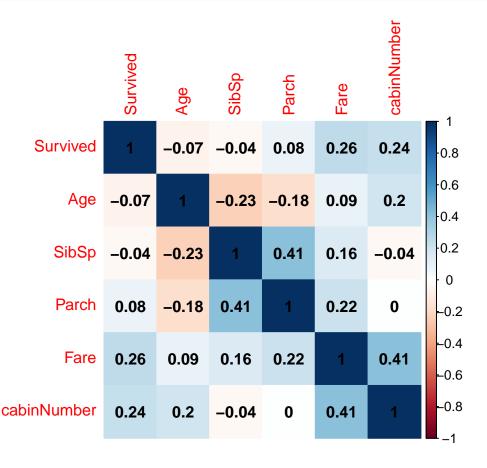
Comprovació de la normalitat i homogenitat

```
alpha = 0.05
col.names = colnames(df)
for (i in 1:ncol(df)) {
  if (is.integer(df[,i]) | is.numeric(df[,i])) {
    p_val = ad.test(df[,i])$p.value
    if (p_val < alpha) {</pre>
      cat(col.names[i])
      cat('\n')
    }
  }
}
## Survived
## Age
## SibSp
## Parch
## Fare
## cabinNumber
fligner.test(Survived ~ Age, data = df)
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
## data: Survived by Age
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 76.02, df = 88, p-value = 0.8151
fligner.test(Survived ~ Fare, data = df)
##
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: Survived by Fare
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 258.22, df = 247, p-value = 0.299
fligner.test(Survived ~ SibSp, data = df)
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
## data: Survived by SibSp
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 21.832, df = 6, p-value = 0.001298
fligner.test(Survived ~ Parch, data = df)
```

```
## Fligner-Killeen test of homogeneity of variances
##
## data: Survived by Parch
## Fligner-Killeen:med chi-squared = 17.231, df = 6, p-value = 0.00847

df_num <- df[, sapply(df, is.numeric)]

corrplot(cor(df_num), method="color", addCoef.col = "black")</pre>
```

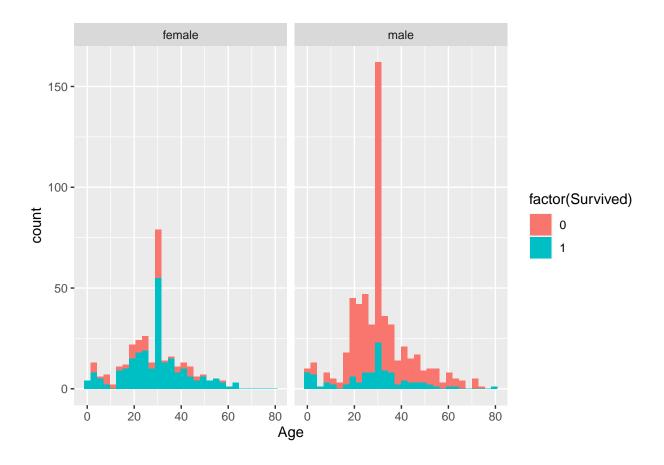


str(df)

```
891 obs. of 10 variables:
## 'data.frame':
   $ Survived : int 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 ...
##
                 : Factor w/ 3 levels "1", "2", "3": 3 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 3 2 ...
##
   $ Pclass
                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "female", "male": 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 \dots
##
   $ Sex
                 : num 22 38 26 35 35 ...
##
   $ Age
##
   $ SibSp
                       1 1 0 1 0 0 0 3 0 1 ...
                 : int
## $ Parch
                 : int
                       0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 ...
##
   $ Fare
                 : num 7.25 71.28 7.92 53.1 8.05 ...
                 : Factor w/ 4 levels "", "C", "Q", "S": 4 2 4 4 4 3 4 4 4 2 ...
##
   $ Embarked
## $ cabinType : Factor w/ 9 levels "","A","B","C",..: 1 4 1 4 1 1 6 1 1 1 ...
## $ cabinNumber: int 0 85 0 123 0 0 46 0 0 0 ...
```

```
df.male.survived <- df[df$Sex == "male",]$Survived</pre>
df.female.survived <- df[df$Sex == "female",]$Survived</pre>
t.test(df.male.survived, df.female.survived, alternative = "less")
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: df.male.survived and df.female.survived
## t = -18.672, df = 584.43, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is less than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
          -Inf -0.5043259
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.1889081 0.7420382
ggplot(df[1:891,], aes(Age, fill = factor(Survived))) +
  geom_histogram() +
 facet_grid(.~Sex)
```

'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



Representacions gràfiques

[3,] "Mix"

[2,] "Qualitatives" "0.387144392223383"

"0.413430912164883"

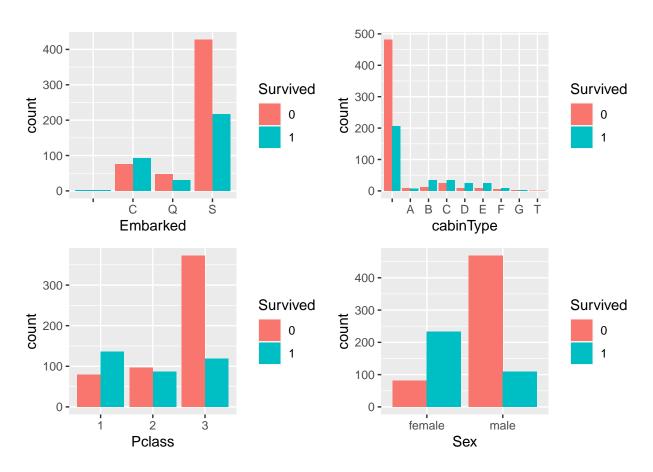
```
gg_em <- ggplot(df, aes(x = Embarked, fill = as.factor(Survived))) +
    labs(fill="Survived") +
    geom_bar(position = "dodge")

gg_ctype <- ggplot(df, aes(x = cabinType, fill = as.factor(Survived))) +
    labs(fill="Survived") +
    geom_bar(position = "dodge")

gg_pclass <- ggplot(df, aes(x = Pclass, fill = as.factor(Survived))) +
    labs(fill="Survived") +
    geom_bar(position = "dodge")

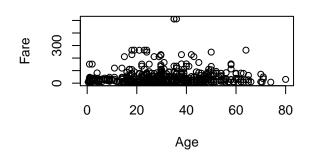
gg_sex <- ggplot(df, aes(x = Sex, fill = as.factor(Survived))) +
    labs(fill="Survived") +
    geom_bar(position = "dodge")

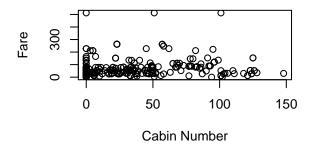
grid.arrange(gg_em, gg_ctype, gg_pclass, gg_sex, nrow=2)</pre>
```



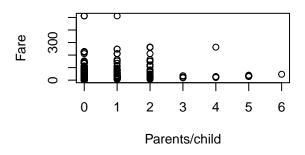
Scatterplot de Age vs Fare

Scatterplot de Cabin number vs. Fare





Scatterplot de Parents/childen vs. Fare



Exportació de les dades

S'exporten les dades en un fitxer csv.

write.csv(df,"../Dades/output.csv", row.names = FALSE)