

# An Introduction to String Theory

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► Metric:

- $\eta_{\mu\nu} = \text{diag}(-1, +1, \dots, +1)$

# The Relativistic Point Particle – The Action

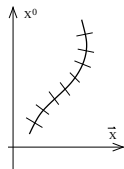
- ▶ Consider the action of a point particle (with fixed coordinates  $X_\mu = (t, \vec{x})$  in a given frame):

$$S = -m \int dt \sqrt{1 - \dot{\vec{x}}\dot{\vec{x}}}$$

→ not Lorentz-invariant, due to mixture of spacial and temporal coordinates under a Lorentz-transformation  $\Lambda$ .

- ▶ Consider instead for a generalized coordinate  $\tau$  along the line element:

$$S = -m \int d\tau \sqrt{-\frac{dX^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dX^\nu}{d\tau} \eta_{\mu\nu}}$$



Ref: [1]

Remark:  $S$  is proportional to the integral over the worldline of the particle

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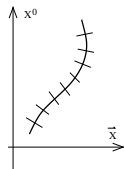
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# The Relativistic Point Particle – Action Symmetries

What are the symmetries of

$$S = -m \int d\tau \sqrt{-\frac{dX^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dX^\nu}{d\tau} \eta_{\mu\nu}}$$

- Reparametrization invariance:

Let  $\tilde{\tau} = \tilde{\tau}(\tau)$ . Then:

$$S' = -m \int d\tilde{\tau} \sqrt{-\frac{dX^\mu}{d\tilde{\tau}} \frac{dX^\nu}{d\tilde{\tau}} \eta_{\mu\nu}} = S$$

→ gauge symmetry of the action → still D-1 dof!

- Poincaré invariance:

Let:

$$X'^\mu = \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu X^\nu + c^\mu$$

Then:

$$S' = S, \quad \text{as} \quad \Lambda^\mu{}_\rho \eta_{\mu\nu} \Lambda^\nu{}_\sigma = \eta_{\rho\sigma}$$

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# Dynamics of a Relativistic String – The Nambu-Goto Action

Action of the Relativistic String?

$$\text{particle} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \text{worldline} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad S = -m \underbrace{\int d\tau \sqrt{-\frac{dX^\mu}{d\tau} \frac{dX^\nu}{d\tau} \eta_{\mu\nu}}}_{\text{line element } ds}$$

$$\text{closed string} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad ? \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad ?$$

Boundary condition of closed strings living in  $D$  dimensions:

$$X^\mu(\tau, \sigma) = X^\mu(\tau, \sigma + 2\pi) \quad \text{for } \mu = 0, 1, \dots, D-1; \sigma \in [0; 2\pi)$$

Shorthand notation:  $\sigma^\alpha = (\tau, \sigma)$  for  $\alpha \in \{0; 1\}$

**image of a string**



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$$\text{closed string} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \text{worldsheet} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad ?$$

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closed string  $\Leftrightarrow$  worldsheet  $\Leftrightarrow$  Nambu-Goto/Dirac Action

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**image of a string**

How to describe the surface area to construct the action?

$$S \propto \int_{\partial V} d^2x = \int_{\partial V} d^2\sigma |\det J| \quad (1)$$

For this, first remember that any metric is given by:

$$g_{\alpha\beta} = g(e_\alpha, e_\beta)$$

So the metric on the worldsheet (the pullback metric) can be written as:

$$\gamma_{\alpha\beta} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial X^\mu}{\partial \sigma^\alpha} \frac{\partial X^\nu}{\partial \sigma^\beta} \eta_{\mu\nu}}_{(J^T \eta J)_{\alpha\beta}}$$

Thus,

$$\det \gamma = \det^2 J \det \eta = -\det^2 J$$

$$|\det J| = \sqrt{-\det \gamma} = \sqrt{-\gamma}$$

# Never forget the Titles!

- ▶ first item
  - subitem
    - subsubitem
- ▶ second item
  1. item 1
    - 1.1 subitem 1
    - 1.2 subitem 2
  2. item 2
- ▶ third item

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# Covariant Quantization of the Solutions of the Nambu-Goto Action

$$S = \frac{1}{2\pi\alpha'} \int \sqrt{-\det g} \, \partial_\mu \quad (2)$$

# Quantization of $X^\mu$ in the Lightcone Gauge

- [1] David Tong. “Lectures on String Theory”. In: *arXiv:0908.0333 [hep-th]* (Feb. 2012). arXiv: 0908.0333. URL: <http://arxiv.org/abs/0908.0333> (visited on 07/13/2020).