

- When the average running time of Merge sort and quick sort is the same asymptotically (i.e.,  $O(n \log n)$ ), why is Quick sort considered much faster?

- QS is inplace. No new array is created. Little additional memory is needed.
- It has better cache memory use.
- Has smaller constants in the time complexity formular.

- Implement both merge sort and quick sort algorithms and measure the actual running time.

YES SIR!

- What are the in-built sorting algorithms used by Java and Python?

- Python - timsort - merge +insertion
- Java - int/ double - dual-pivot quick sort
- Java - Object - timsort