

Characteristic classes
for Lie groupoids :
going to the basics

Friday Fish, 24/07/2020

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Motivacão M-fixed

Characteristic classes: $P \rightarrow M$ ppal bundle, $\forall B \rightsquigarrow C^k(P) \in H^k(M)$

→ Chern classes : $E \rightarrow M$ cplx v.b

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Motivation M-fixed

→ Chern classes: $E^n \rightarrow M$ cplx v.b. $\rightsquigarrow C^k(E) \in H^k(M)$

Classifying space B

$$f^* Q^{\text{univ}} \simeq E$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$M - \xrightarrow{f} B$$

$$Q^{\text{univ}}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$C^i(E) := f^* c^i, \quad c^i \in H^i(B)$$

Chern-Weil theory

$$\text{Choose } \nabla: \nabla_X e^i = \omega_j^i(X) e^j$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{curvature } \Omega: \Lambda^2 TM \rightarrow \text{End}(E)$$

$$\Omega = d\omega + \frac{1}{2} [\omega, \omega]$$

$$\det\left(\frac{i}{2\pi} t\Omega + I\right) = \sum_k^n C_k(E) t^k$$

$$C^k(E) \in H^{2k}(M)$$

③

Motivation:

Characteristic classes for $E \in \text{Rep}(A)$: (Marius/Rui)

$\rightarrow C^k(E) \in H^{2k-1}(A)$: Image $\vee E: H_{\text{dR}}(G) \rightarrow H(A)$

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Motivation:

Characteristic classes for $E \in \text{Rep}(A)$:

(Marius/Rui)

→ Construction: $\nabla : \Gamma(A) \times \Gamma(E) \rightarrow \Gamma(E)$

Local frame e of $E|_U$: $\nabla_\alpha e^i = \omega_j^i(\alpha) e^j$, $\alpha \in \Gamma(A)$

$\omega_e := (\omega_j^i) \in C^1(A) \otimes \mathfrak{gl}_n \rightsquigarrow C_{2k-1}(E|_U) := \underbrace{\text{tr}(\omega_e \wedge \dots \wedge \omega_e)}_{2k-1} \in \text{H}^{2k-1}(A)$

$\text{tr}(\omega_e) - \text{tr}(\omega_f) = d\zeta \checkmark \quad \xleftarrow[\text{R}]{} E \xrightarrow[\text{C}]{} \text{tr}(\omega_e) - \text{tr}(\omega_f) \neq d\zeta X$

Replace ω_e by $\frac{\omega_e + \omega_e^*}{2}$ (???)

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Definition:

$$G, E \in \text{Rep}_{\mathbb{C}}(G) : \varphi_g: E_x \xrightarrow{\sim} E_y \Leftrightarrow \begin{matrix} G & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & GL(E) \\ \downarrow & g & \downarrow \\ M & & M \end{matrix}$$

$x \xrightarrow{g} y$

Defn: $H_{\mathbb{R}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C})) \xrightarrow{\cong} H(GL(E)) \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} H(G)$

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Definition at cochains

$$G \xrightarrow{\varphi} GL(E)$$

$$\text{Def}_n : H_{\mathbb{R}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C})) \xrightarrow{\cong} H(GL(E)) \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} H(G)$$

Locally: $E = M \times \mathbb{C}^n \rightsquigarrow GL(E) \xrightarrow{F} GL_n = GL_n(\mathbb{C})$, $r \circ F = \text{id}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \xi : E_x \rightarrow E_y & \mapsto & A_\xi \\ \downarrow \downarrow & & \downarrow \downarrow \\ M & \longrightarrow & * \end{array}$$

$$C^*(GL_n) \xrightarrow{r^*} C^*(GL(E)) \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} C^*(G)$$

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→ G-Lie group : Cohomology of BG and
 $R_{G/k} : W(\mathcal{O}_J, k) \rightarrow \Omega^*(B.G)$

→ Computation of $C^*(\mathfrak{gl}_n, U(n)) \xrightarrow{R_{GL_n/U(n)}} C^*(GL_n)$
(Polar decomposition of matrices)

↔ local formulas for ch. classes.

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Cohomology of BG

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P \curvearrowleft G & & E \curvearrowright G \\ \downarrow & \leftrightarrow & \downarrow \\ M & \text{ppal } G\text{-bdle} & M \xrightarrow{f} BG \end{array}$$

Ch. classes P :
 $f^* H^*(BG)$

Model for $H^*(BG)$: Bott-Shulman Complex $E.G$ -simplicial:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \Omega^*(E_0 G) & \rightarrow & \Omega^*(E_1 G) & \rightarrow & \Omega^*(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & E_{p+1} G = G^{p+2} \xrightarrow{\partial^i} E_p G = G^{p+1} \\ \uparrow d & & \uparrow & & \uparrow d & & \\ \Omega^*(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \Omega^*(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \\ \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \\ \Omega^*(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \\ \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \\ \Omega^*(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{d} & \Omega^*(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \end{array}$$

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Cohomology of BG

Model for $\Omega^\bullet(BG)$: Bott-Shulman Complex $E_\bullet G$ -simplicial:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \Omega^1(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \Omega^2(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \Omega^3(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \\ \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \\ \Omega^1(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \Omega^1(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \Omega^1(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \\ \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \uparrow d & & \\ \Omega^0(E_0 G) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \Omega^0(E_1 G) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & \Omega^0(E_2 G) & \dashrightarrow & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} E_p G = G^{p+1} \curvearrowleft G \\ \downarrow \\ B_p G = G^p \end{array}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow x \in \sigma_j : i_x, L_x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} i_x : \Omega^q(E_p G) \rightarrow \Omega^{q-1}(E_p G) \\ L_x : \Omega^q(E_p G) \rightarrow \Omega^q(E_p G) \end{array}$$

$\rightarrow \Omega^\bullet(E_\bullet G)$ - σ_j -dg-algebra

$\rightarrow \Omega^\bullet(E_\bullet G)_{\text{basic}} = \text{Ker } i_x \cap \text{Ker } L_x$

$$H(\Omega^\bullet(E_\bullet G)_{\text{basic}}) = H(BG)$$

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Chern-Weil theory

\mathfrak{g} -Lie algebra \rightsquigarrow Weil algebra:

$$W^{p,q} = S^p \mathfrak{g}^* \otimes \Lambda^{p-q} \mathfrak{g}^* \quad p, q \geq 0$$

\rightarrow \mathfrak{g} -dg-algebra: i_x -contraction on $\Lambda \mathfrak{g}^*$, trivial on $S \mathfrak{g}^*$

$$L_x = \text{ad}_x^*, \quad x \in \mathfrak{g}$$

$$\mathfrak{g} = \text{Lie}(G)$$

$$\mathfrak{g}^* \xrightarrow{\theta} \Omega^1(G) = \Omega^1(E, G) - \text{connection}$$

left-inv. MC

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Chern-Weil theory

Weil algebra: $W^{p,q} = \text{S}^p \mathfrak{o}_j^* \otimes \Lambda^{p-q} \mathfrak{o}_j^*$

\mathfrak{o}_j -dg-algebra: $i_x: W^\bullet \rightarrow W^{\bullet+1}$, $L_x: W^\bullet \rightarrow W^\bullet \quad x \in \mathfrak{o}_j$

$\mathfrak{o}_j = \text{Lie}(G)$ $\mathfrak{o}_j^* \xrightarrow{\theta} \Omega^1(G) = \Omega^1(E, G)$ - connection

Thm (Alexeev-Meinrenken) $W \mathfrak{o}_j \xleftarrow{\iota^*} \Omega^*(E, G)$ \mathfrak{o}_j -dg-spaces

$(S\mathfrak{o}_j)_{\text{inv}} \xleftarrow{\iota^*} \Omega^*(B, G)$

\mathfrak{o}_j -dg-algebras
in cohom.

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Chern-Weil theory

$$\sigma_j = \text{Lie}(G): \quad \Omega^* \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} W\Omega^* \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(E.G) \quad \sigma_j\text{-dg-sp.}$$

Thm (Alexeev-Meinrenken) G -compact, connected

σ_j -dg-algebras $(S\Omega^*)_{\text{inv}} \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(B.G)$ is a h. equiv.
in cohom.

Thm (S.) G -connected, $K \subset G$ max. compact subgroup
with $\mathfrak{k} := \text{Lie}(K)$. Then

$$(W\Omega^*)_{K\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(E.G)_{K\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{\overline{\pi}^*} \Omega^*(B.G) \quad \text{is a h. equiv}$$

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Chern-Weil theory

$$\sigma_j = \text{Lie}(G) : \sigma_j^* \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(\mathfrak{g}) \rightsquigarrow W\sigma_j \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(E.G)$$

Thm (S.) G -connected, $K \subset G$ max. compact, $\mathcal{R} = \text{Lie}(K)$

$(W\sigma_j)_{\mathcal{R}\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(E.G)_{\mathcal{R}\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{\cong} \Omega^*(B.G)$ is a h. equiv

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Chern-Weil theory

Thm (S.) G -connected, $K \subset G$ max. compact, $\mathcal{R} = \text{Lie}(k)$

1. $(W\sigma)_K$ -basic $\xrightarrow{C^\theta} \Omega^*(E_G)_K$ -basic $\xrightarrow{\bar{i}^*} \Omega^*(B_G)$ is a h. equiv
2. $R_{G/K}: (\Lambda^* \sigma^*)_{K\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{C^\theta} \Omega^*(E_G)_K$ -basic $\xrightarrow{\bar{i}^*} \Omega^*(B_G) = C^*(\mathcal{G})$

Van Est Integration (Meinrenken-S.)

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Description of $H_{\text{dfr}}(\mathbf{GL}_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

$U(n) \subset GL_n$ max. compact, $\text{Lie } U(n) = \mathbb{U}(n) = \{ A \in \mathfrak{gl}_n \mid A^* = -A \}$

$$(\wedge^* \mathfrak{gl}_n)_{\mathbb{U}(n)\text{-basic}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}_{GL_n/U(n)}} C^*(\mathbb{G}|_n)$$

Polar decomposition

$$\mathbb{P} = \{ A \in \mathfrak{gl}_n \mid A = A^* \}$$

$$\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{U}(n) \oplus \mathbb{P} : A = \frac{A - A^*}{2} + \frac{A + A^*}{2}$$

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Description of $H_{\text{dfr}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

Polar decomp.: $\mathbb{U}(n) = \{A \in \mathfrak{gl}_n \mid A^* = -A\}$, $\mathbb{P} = \{A \in \mathfrak{gl}_n \mid A = A^*\}$

$$\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}) = \mathbb{U}(n) \oplus \mathbb{P} : A = \frac{A-A^*}{2} + \frac{A+A^*}{2}$$

- a. $[\mathbb{U}(n), \mathbb{U}(n)] \subset \mathbb{U}(n)$,
- b. $[\mathbb{U}(n), \mathbb{P}] \subset \mathbb{P}$,
- c. $[\mathbb{P}, \mathbb{P}] \subset \mathbb{U}(n)$

Lemma: $\mathfrak{g} = \mathbb{R} \oplus \mathbb{P}$. If b. $\Rightarrow (\wedge^{\bullet} \mathfrak{g}^*)_{k\text{-basic}} = (\wedge^{\bullet} \mathbb{P}^*)_{R\text{-inv}}$

If b & c $\Rightarrow H^*(\mathfrak{g}, \mathbb{R}) = (\wedge^{\bullet} \mathbb{P}^*)_{R\text{-inv}}$

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Description of $H_{\text{dfr}}(\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

$$\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}) = \mathfrak{U}(n) \oplus \mathfrak{J} : \quad H^*(\mathfrak{gl}_n, \mathfrak{U}(n)) = (\wedge^* \mathfrak{J}^*)_{\mathfrak{U}(n)-\text{inv}}$$

Characteristic coeff. $c_q \in (S^q \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}}$: $\det(tI + A) = \sum_{q=0}^n c_q t^{n-q}$

$$(S^q \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}} = \mathbb{C}[c_1, \dots, c_n]$$

$$c_q(A) = \text{tr}(\wedge^q A)$$

→ Cartan map: $\sigma: (S^q \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}} \rightarrow (\wedge^{2q-1} \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}}$

$$\sigma(c_q) = \text{cte } \Phi_{2q-1}, \quad \Phi_{2q-1}(A_1, \dots, A_{2q-1}) = \sum_{\sigma \in S_{2q-1}} \varepsilon^\sigma \text{tr}(A_{\sigma(1)} \cdots A_{\sigma(2q-1)})$$

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Description of $H_{\text{dfr}}(\mathfrak{GL}_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

$$\mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C}) = \mathfrak{U}(n) \oplus \mathfrak{P} : H(\mathfrak{gl}_n, \mathfrak{U}(n)) = (\wedge \mathfrak{P}^*)_{\mathfrak{U}(n)-\text{inv}} = (\wedge \sigma \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\mathfrak{U}(n)-\text{basic}}$$

$\vec{A} = -A \quad A^* = A$

$$\rightarrow \text{Cartan map: } \sigma: (\wedge \sigma \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}} \rightarrow (\wedge^{2g-1} \sigma \mathfrak{gl}_n^*)_{\text{inv}}$$

$$\sigma(\zeta_g) = \det \Phi_{2g-1}, \quad \Phi_{2g-1}(A_1, \dots, A_{2g-1}) = \sum_{\tau \in S_{2g-1}} \varepsilon^\tau \operatorname{tr}(A_{\tau(1)} \cdots A_{\tau(2g-1)})$$

$$\langle u_{2g-1} := i^{2g-1} \Phi_{2g-1} | P \rangle_R = (\wedge^{2g-1} \mathfrak{P}^*)_{\mathfrak{U}(n)-\text{inv}} = H^{2g-1}(\sigma \mathfrak{gl}_n, \mathfrak{U}(n))$$

$$H(\sigma \mathfrak{gl}_n, \mathfrak{U}(n)) = \bigwedge (u_1, u_3, \dots, u_{2n-1})$$

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Description of $H_{\text{dfr}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

$$(\Lambda \mathcal{O}(n)_{\text{L(n)-basic}} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_{GL_n/U(n)}} C^*(GL_n) : H(GL_n) = \Lambda(v_1, v_3, \dots, v_{2n-1})$$

$$u_{2g-1} \mapsto v_{2g-1}$$

Polar decomposition $GL_n = P U(n); e: \mathbb{P} \xrightarrow{\cong} P$

$$A = e^x U : x \in \mathbb{P}, U \in U(n)$$

$$\begin{aligned} GL_n/U(n) &= P &\cong& \mathbb{P} \\ e^x U(n) &\leftrightarrow e^x &\leftrightarrow& x \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow t \cdot e^x U(n) := e^{tx} U(n), \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

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Description of $H_{\text{diff}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C}))$ at cochains

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (\Lambda^* \mathfrak{gl}_n^{**})_{\text{U}(n)\text{-basic}} & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}_{GL_n/U(n)}} & C^*(GL_n) : H(GL_n) = \Lambda(v_1, v_3, \dots, v_{2n-1}) \\
 (\Lambda^* \mathfrak{p}^*)_{\text{U}(n)\text{-inv}} & \xrightarrow{\text{U}_{2g-1}} & V_{2g-1} \\
 & & \rightarrow \mathfrak{gl}_n = \mathfrak{p} \oplus \mathfrak{u}(n) \\
 & & \rightarrow GL_n = P U(n)
 \end{array}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{\mathcal{R}_{GL_n/U(n)}(\text{tr}_{\mathfrak{p}})}{\mathfrak{p}} \in C^*(GL_n) : (\Lambda^* \mathfrak{p})_{\text{U}(n)\text{-inv}} \simeq \Omega^*(P)^{GL_n}, \alpha \mapsto \alpha_p$$

$$A = e^X U : t \xrightarrow{\tau_A(t)} e^{tX} \in P$$

$$V_1(e^X U) = \int_0^1 \mathfrak{F}_A^*(\text{tr}_P) \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right) = \int \text{tr} \left(L_{e^{tX}} \left(\frac{d}{ds} e^{sX} \Big|_{s=t} \right) \right) = \text{tr}(X)$$

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The 1-st ch. class $v_1(E) \in C^1(G)$

$$G \xrightarrow{\varphi} GL(E) \quad \text{Defn: } H_{\mathbb{R}}(GL_n(\mathbb{C})) \xrightarrow[\cong]{ME} H(GL(E)) \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} H(G)$$

Locally: $E = M \times \mathbb{C}^n \rightsquigarrow GL(E) \xrightarrow{r} GL_n = GL_n(\mathbb{C})$,
 $\xi: E_x \rightarrow E_y \mapsto A_\xi$

$$(\wedge^r \mathfrak{gl}_n)_{\Delta(n)} \xrightarrow[R]{\sim} C^r(GL_n) \xrightarrow{r^*} C^r(GL(E)) \xrightarrow{\varphi^*} C^r(G)$$

$$v_1(E)(g) = \operatorname{tr} \left(\underset{\nearrow}{X_g} \right)$$

$$A_g = e^{X_g} U_g: E_{s(g)} \rightarrow E_{t(g)}, X_g \in \mathcal{P}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \xrightarrow[V \in E]{} U_g(E)(\alpha) = \operatorname{tr} \left(\frac{\omega(\alpha) + \tilde{\omega}^*(\alpha)}{2} \right) \\ & C^r(A) \quad \omega = \left(\frac{\omega + \omega^*}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{\omega - \omega^*}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

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Questions:

→ Ch. classes for rep. up to homotopy

 ~> intrinsic classes for groupoids (Adjoint)

→ Applications