We are in charge of repairing the population of pandas in a nature reserve in inland China. The panda carrying capacity in our reserve is 165, but there are currently only 5 pandas in the reserve.

The population is modeled by the logistics curve

$$P(t) = \frac{165}{1 + 32e^{-0.2t}}$$

where t is measured in years. (Take a moment to verify that the current population P(0) is indeed 5.)

We intend to reintroduce zoo-bred pandas to our reserve in order to increase the population; however, if we increase the panda population too quickly, then we risk causing an ecological disaster that will destroy the reserve's ecosystem.

1. Find the rate of growth of the panda population. About how many pandas can we expect to be born this year (i.e. the year t = 0)?

$$P(t) = \frac{165}{1 + 32e^{-0.2t}}$$

$$P'(t) = \frac{1056e^{0.2t}}{(e^{0.2t} + 32)^2}$$

$$P'(0) = 0.969...$$

We can expect about one panda to be born this year.

2. Find the time t at which the population has the fastest rate of growth. (Remember that a logistics curve has its maximum rate of growth when the population is at half the carrying capacity.)

Since the carrying capacity is 165, we need to solve P(t) = 82.5.

$$P(t) = 82.5 \frac{165}{1 + 32e^{-0.2t}} = 82.5$$
$$t = 25 \ln(2)$$

 $t \approx 17.328$

3. Find the maximum rate of growth of the population. We found that the max rate of growth occurs at $t = 25 \ln(2)$.

$$P'(t) = \frac{1056e^{0.2t}}{(e^{0.2t} + 32)^2}$$
$$P'(25\ln(2)) = 8.25$$

So the max population growth rate is 8.25 pandas per year.

We can assume that the naturally-occurring maximum population growth rate is an ecologically-safe rate at which to grow the panda population.

- 4. How many pandas can we safely introduce to the reserve this year, assuming that the zoo-bred pandas do not breed the first year? (Remember, you need to account for the naturally-born offspring of the 5 initial pandas.) One panda will be born in the wild, so we can safely introduce 7 more pandas without exceeding the maximum growth rate of 8.25.
- 5. After we introduce as many pandas as we can, what can we expect the population to be one year from now? What will the rate of growth be at that time? How many pandas can we safely introduce at that time? Next year, we will have 5+1+7=13 pandas. Our model P(t) is now inaccurate. P(1)=6 and P'(1)=1.168... no longer reflect our current situation. By introducing 7 pandas last year, we have essentially moved the population curve forward in time. We can calculate the growth rate for next year by finding the point on the graph where P(t)=13 and finding P'(t) there.

$$P(t) = 13$$

$$\frac{165}{1 + 32e^{-0.2t}} = 13$$

$$t = 5(2\ln(2) + \ln(13) - \ln(19))$$

$$t \approx 5.034$$

$$P'(5.034) \approx 2.395$$

We find that between 2 and 3 pandas will be born that year, so we can safely introduce 6 additional pandas without exceeding the natural max of 8.25.