

Working with RStudio



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Getting started: Tools

- To profit best, you need to install both R and R Studio on your computer



The basic R system: R console (GUI) & packages

Download: <http://cran.us.r-project.org/>

Add my recommended packages:

source("http://euclid.psych.yorku.ca/www/psy6135/R/install-pkgs.R")

The R Studio IDE: analyze, write, publish

Download:

<https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/>

Add: R Studio-related packages, as useful



R package tools



Data prep: Tidy data makes analysis and graphing much easier.

Packages: [tidyverse](#), comprised of: [tidyr](#), [dplyr](#), [lubridate](#), ...

The tidyverse



R graphics: general frameworks for making standard and custom graphics

Graphics frameworks: base graphics, [lattice](#), [ggplot2](#), [rgl](#) (3D)

Application packages: [car](#) (linear models), [vcd](#) (categorical data analysis), [heplots](#) (multivariate linear models)

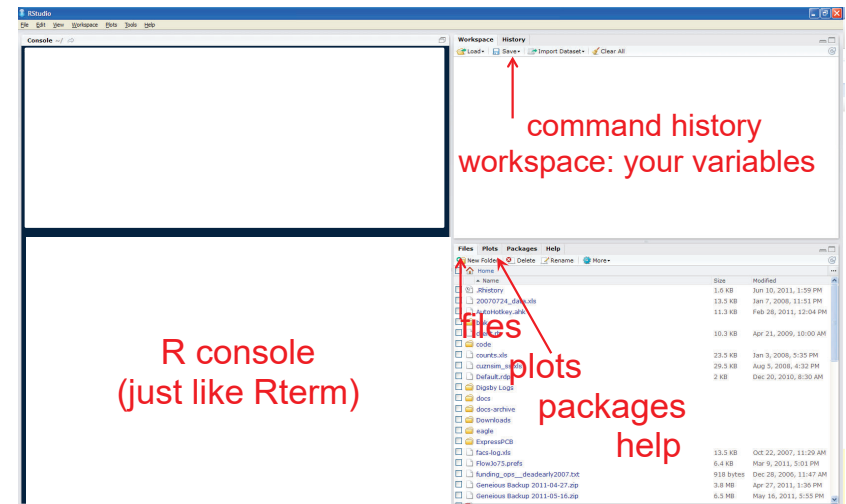


Publish: A variety of R packages make it easy to write and publish research reports and slide presentations in various formats (HTML, Word, LaTeX, ...), all within R Studio



Web apps: R now has several powerful connections to preparing dynamic, web-based data display and analysis applications.

Getting started: R Studio



R Studio navigation

R folder navigation commands:

- Where am I?

```
> getwd()
[1] "C:/Dropbox/Documents/6135"
```

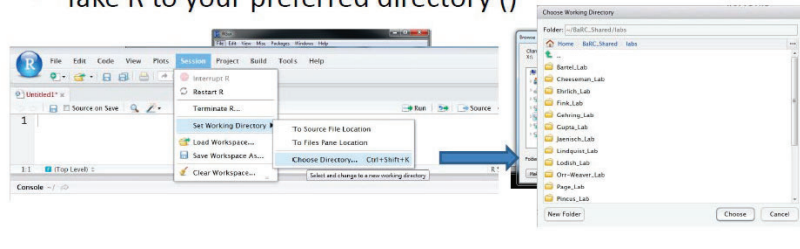
Better yet: create an R project!

- Go somewhere:

```
> setwd("C:/Dropbox")
> setwd(file.choose())
```

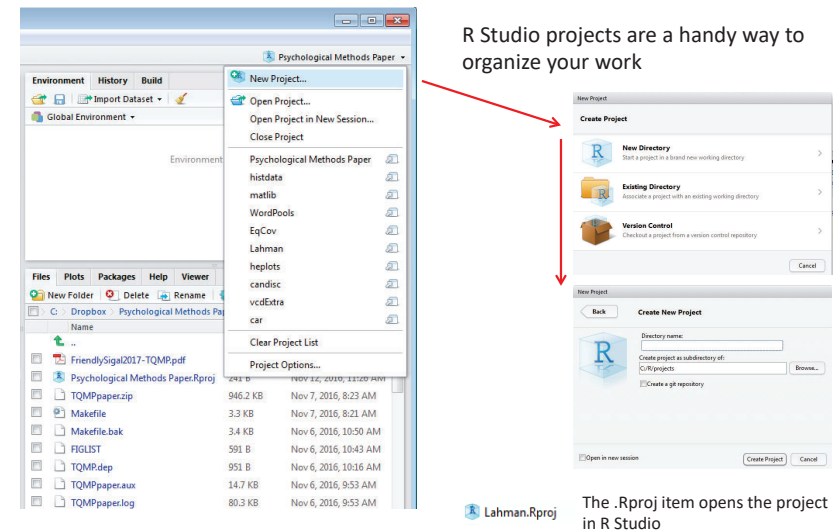
R Studio GUI

- Take R to your preferred directory ()



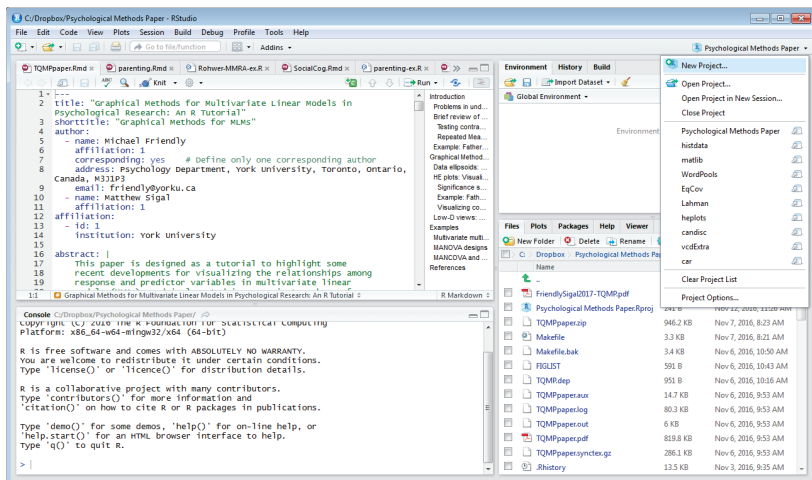
R Studio projects

R Studio projects are a handy way to organize your work



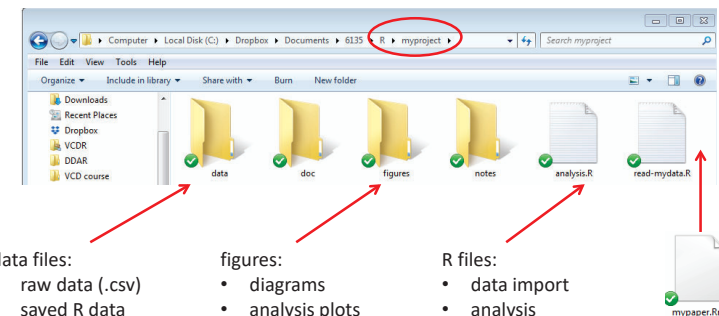
R Studio projects

An R Studio project for a **research paper**: R files (scripts), Rmd files (text, R “chunks”)



Organizing an R project

- Use a separate folder for each project
- Use sub-folders for various parts



data files:

- raw data (.csv)
- saved R data (.Rdata)

figures:

- diagrams
- analysis plots

R files:

- data import
- analysis

Write up files will go here (.Rmd, .docx, .pdf)

This project, saved in a **Dropbox** folder automatically syncs with all my computers & collaborators. I use **Git** & **GitHub** for more serious work.

Organizing an R project

- Use separate R files for different steps:
 - Data import, data cleaning, ... → save as an RData file
 - Analysis: load RData, ...

read-mydata.R

```
# read the data; better yet: use RStudio File -> Import Dataset ...
mydata <- read.csv("data/mydata.csv")

# data cleaning:
#   filter missing, make factors, transform variables, ....

# save the current state
save("data/mydata.RData")
```

9

Organizing an R project

- Use separate R files for different steps:
 - Data import, data cleaning, ... → save as an RData file
 - Analysis: load RData, ...

analyse.R

```
#' ## load the data
load("data/mydata.RData")

#' ## do the analysis – exploratory plots
plot(mydata)

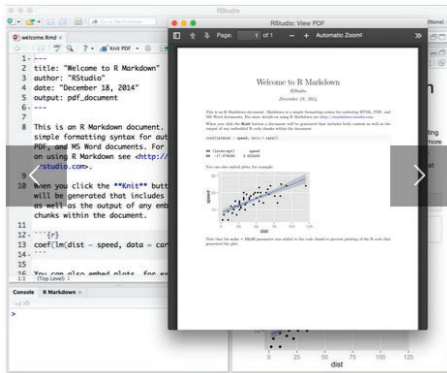
#' ## fit models
mymod.1 <- lm(y ~ X1 + X2 + X3, data=mydata)

#' ## plot models, extract model summaries
plot(mymod.1)
summary(mymod.1)
```

NB: #' ## is a special R comment for a H2 heading in an R “notebook” script

10

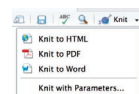
Reproducible analysis & reporting



R Studio, together with the knitr and rmarkdown packages provide an easy way to combine writing, analysis, and R output into complete documents

.Rmd files are just text files, using rmarkdown markup and knitr to run R on “code chunks”

A given document can be rendered in different output formats:



11

Output formats and templates



The integration of R, R Studio, knitr, rmarkdown and other tools is now highly advanced.



My last book was written entirely in R Studio, using .Rnw syntax → LaTeX → PDF → camera ready copy



The ggplot2 book was written using .Rmd format.

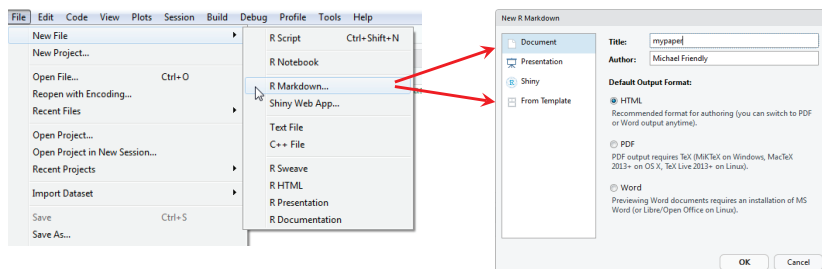
The [bookdown](#) package makes it easier to manage a book-length project – TOC, fig/table #s, cross-references, etc. Also: [blogdown](#), [posterdown](#), ...

Templates are available for APA papers, slides, handouts, entire web sites, etc.

12

Writing it up

- In R Studio, create a .Rmd file to use R Markdown for your write-up
 - lots of options: HTML, Word, PDF (needs LaTeX)
 - templates for various pub types

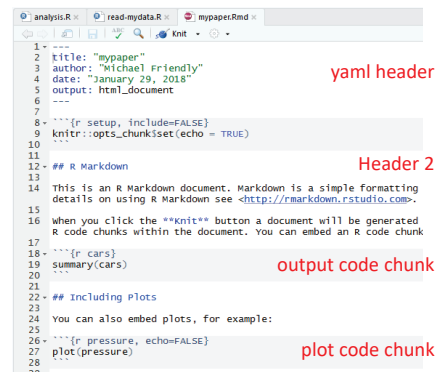


13

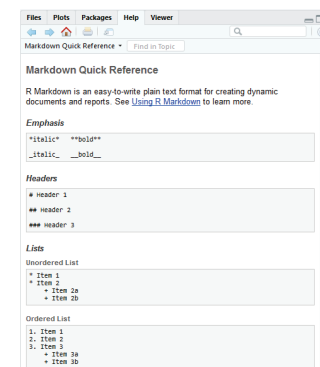
Writing it up

- Use simple Markdown to write text
- Include code chunks for analysis & graphs

mypaper.Rmd, created from a template



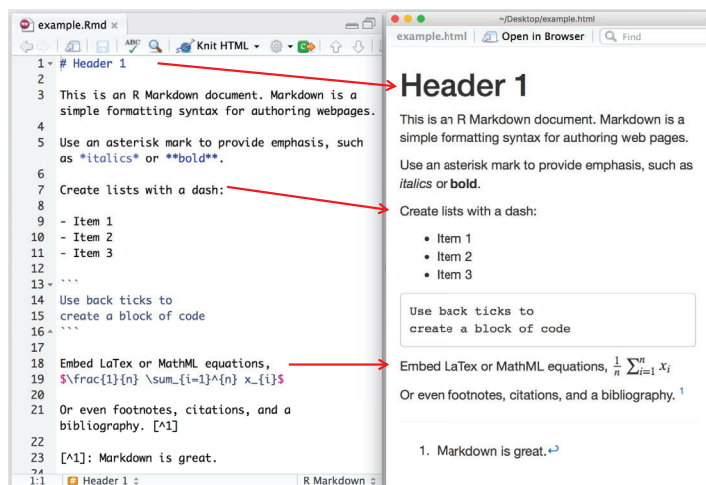
Help -> Markdown quick reference



14

rmarkdown basics

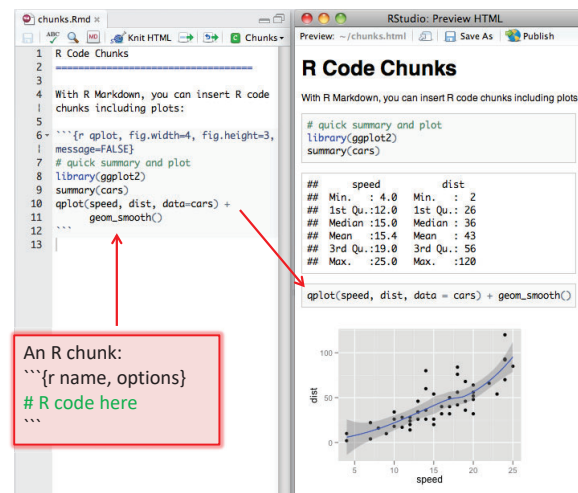
rmarkdown uses simple formatting for all standard document elements



15

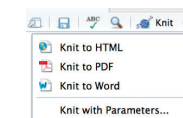
R code chunks

R code chunks are run by knitr, and the results are inserted in the output document



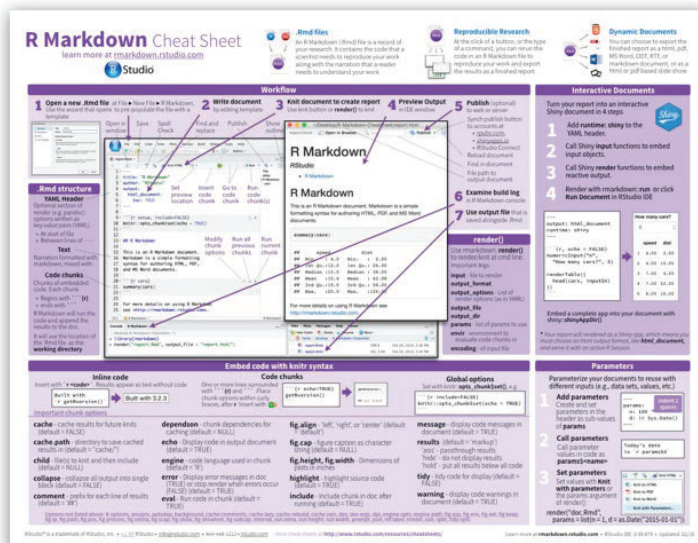
There are many options for controlling the details of chunk output – numbers, tables, graphs

Choose the output format:



16

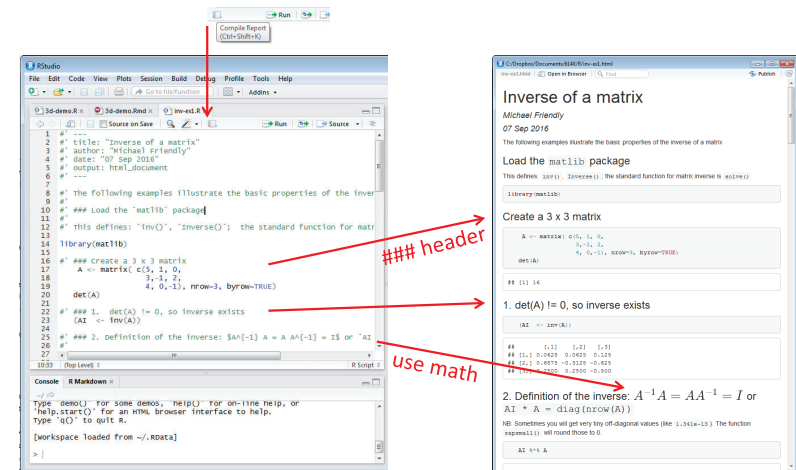
The R Markdown Cheat Sheet provides most of the details
<https://www.rstudio.com/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/rmarkdown-cheatsheet-2.0.pdf>



17

R notebooks

Often, you just want to “compile” an R script, and get the output embedded in the result, in HTML, Word, or PDF. Just type Ctrl-Shift-K or tap the **Compile Report** button



18