LaTeX Equations with symbolic Matrix, Eqn and matrix 2 latex

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Write out the SVD using Eqn() and symbolicMatrix(). In Rmd, Eqn() can be given an equation label. Both of these equations are numbered. (In this example, using echo = TRUE gives output that intersperses the code with the equation output for some reason.)

```
Eqn("X=U \\lambda V", label='eqn:svd')
Eqn(symbolicMatrix("u", "n", "k", lhs = ''),
    symbolicMatrix("\\lambda", "k", "k", diag=TRUE),
    symbolicMatrix("v", "k", "p", transpose = TRUE))
```

produces:

$$X = U\lambda V \tag{1}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & \cdots & u_{1k} \\ u_{21} & u_{22} & \cdots & u_{2k} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ u_{n1} & u_{n2} & \cdots & u_{nk} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & \lambda_k \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{11} & v_{12} & \cdots & v_{1p} \\ v_{21} & v_{22} & \cdots & v_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ v_{k1} & v_{k2} & \cdots & v_{kp} \end{pmatrix}^{\top}$$

$$(2)$$

This can be referenced: As seen in Equation 1...

aligned

You can also align the equations. Note the locations of the & for alignment.

Show the singular value decomposition:

$$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{U}\boldsymbol{\Lambda}\mathbf{V} \tag{3}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & \cdots & u_{1k} \\ u_{21} & u_{22} & \cdots & u_{2k} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ u_{n1} & u_{n2} & \cdots & u_{nk} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & \lambda_k \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_{11} & v_{12} & \cdots & v_{1p} \\ v_{21} & v_{22} & \cdots & v_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ v_{k1} & v_{k2} & \cdots & v_{kp} \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

matrix2latex

matrix2latex() can also generate symbolic equations from numeric or character matrices.

Create character matrix:

```
A <- matrix(paste0('a_', 1:9), 3, 3)
b <- paste0("\\beta_", 1:3)
```

Show $[\mathbf{A}|\mathbf{b}]$:

```
matrix2latex(cbind(A,b)) |> Eqn(number=FALSE)
```

```
\begin{bmatrix}
a_1 & a_4 & a_7 & \beta_1 \\
a_2 & a_5 & a_8 & \beta_2 \\
a_3 & a_6 & a_9 & \beta_3
\end{bmatrix}
```

showEqn

showEqn() can also write IATEX, but writes out the equations. However, but the array environment needs to be included inside \$\$... \$\$ to be evaluated in a chunk, so this chunk is not evaluated (it causes a LaTeX error).

Perhaps look at showEqn.R to see if this can be fixed.

It would produce:

```
\label{lillill} $$a_{11} \cdot x_1 &+& a_{12} \cdot x_2 &+& a_{13} \cdot x_3 &=& b_1 \cdot a_{21} \cdot x_1 &+& a_{22} \cdot x_2 &+& a_{23} \cdot x_3 &=& b_2 \cdot a_{31} \cdot x_1 &+& a_{32} \cdot x_2 &+& a_{33} \cdot x_3 &=& b_3 \cdot x_4 & a_{31} \cdot x_1 &+& a_{32} \cdot x_2 &+& a_{33} \cdot x_3 &=& b_3 \cdot x_4 & a_{31} \cdot x_3 &=& b_3 \cdot x_4 & a_{31} \cdot x_4 & a_{32} \cdot x_4 & a_{33} \cdot x_3 &=& b_3 \cdot x_4 & a_{31} \cdot x_4 & a_{
```

Evaluating the above code in an unnumbered LATEX math environment via Eqn():

```
showEqn(A, b, vars = x, latex=TRUE) |> Eqn(number=FALSE)
```