

# Volume Tables for *Acacia auriculiformis*, *Cassia siamea* and *Pinus caribaea* in Bangladesh

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## Abstract

The paper presents volume tables for *Acacia auriculiformis* (akashmoni), *Cassia siamea* (minjiri) and *Pinus caribaea* (pine), three fast growing plantation species from Bangladesh. Diameter at breast height (D)-volume and D - height - volume relationships were determined to estimate the total volumes overbark and underbark.

## সারসংক্ষেপ

আলোচ্য প্রবন্ধে বাংলাদেশের সৃষ্টি বাগানে উৎপাদিত দ্রুত বর্ধনশীল তিনটি প্রজাতি যথা : *Acacia auriculiformis* (আকাশমনি), *Cassia siamea* (মিনজিরি) এবং *Pinus caribaea* (পাইন) এর ভলিউম টেবিল উপস্থাপিত করা হয়েছে। বুক উচ্চতায় গাছের ব্যাস এবং বুক উচ্চতায় গাছের ব্যাস ও মোট উচ্চতার সহিত ভলিউমের সম্পর্ক নির্ণয় করে প্রয়োজনীয় টেবিল তৈরী করা হয়েছে।

**Key words:** *Acacia auriculiformis*, Bangladesh, *Cassia siamea*, *Pinus caribaea*, volume table

## Introduction

*Acacia auriculiformis* (akashmoni), *Cassia siamea* (minjiri) and *Pinus caribaea* (pine) are promising fast growing tree species. These have been successfully introduced and included in the plantation programme in Bangladesh.

The older and matured plantations of these species are now ready for harvesting. So volume tables for these species are needed to estimate the quantity of harvest. This paper presents the volume tables for these three species.

## Materials and methods

### Measurement of trees

We observed that most of the trees fall within the diameter at breast height (dbh) range of 5 - 20 cm. We divided this range into 5 cm dbh classes, and collected data of at least 30 trees from each class. Larger trees were also included whenever available. We selected trees at random having average to better stem form in a plantation for data collection. We marked and measured the dbh first, and then felled the trees for the species akashmoni and minjiri, and total heights were

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measured. The trees were marked at one metre intervals from one metre above ground level to a top-end diameter of approximately 3.0 cm overbark, to measure overbark diameters. The barks were then removed from each point to measure underbark diameters.

Total heights, dbh, overbark diameter and bark thicknesses to estimate the underbark diameters at one meter intervals were measured for pine from standing trees. We collected data for akashmoni and minjiri from the plantations of Dinajpur, Tangail, Chittagong and Cox's Bazar; and for pine from the plantations of Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Sylhet and Dinajpur. The dbh-height class distributions of the sample trees are given in Table 1.

#### Compilation of data

The volumes of all the sections except the top and bottom portions were computed by using the mean cross-sectional area of the two ends of each section (Das *et al.* 1992). The bottom section was assumed cylindrical and volume was estimated. The top most section was assumed a cone, and volume was computed as one third of the cylindrical volume of the portion. The top end diameter measurement for each tree was considered as the base diameter of the cone. The volume of the cone was ignored for estimation of underbark tree volume. The individual tree volume was then estimated by summing up the volumes of each section of a tree. The individual tree volume ( $V$ ) was related to dbh ( $D$ ) and total height ( $H$ ) by regression analyses using various functions and transformations as required in the regression models.

**Table 1. Dbh and height class distribution of the sample trees taken for estimation of volumes**

Dbh class in cm	HEIGHT CLASS IN METRES								Total	
	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20		
<b>Number of trees in each dbh class</b>										
<b>AKASHMONI</b>										
5 - 10	10	21	21	5					57	
10 - 15		3	10	23	15				51	
15 - 20			1	12	8	4			25	
20 - 25				4	2				6	
<b>Total</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>4</b>			<b>139</b>	
<b>MINJIRI</b>										
5 - 10	9	26	6	5					46	
10 - 15		4	12	13	10	2	1		42	
15 - 20			4	11	6	7	2		30	
20 - 25					1	1			2	
<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>		<b>120</b>	
<b>PINE</b>										
5 - 10	8	16	10	2					36	
10 - 15			9	5	9	2			25	
15 - 20			2	4	5	13	3		27	
20 - 25					4	9	10	1	24	
25 +						5	4	1	10	
<b>Total</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>122</b>	

## Computation of volume functions

Multiple regression analyses were done to select the best suited models. The following 10 models used by Latif *et al.* (1993) were tested to select the best models with different variables :

1.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D$
2.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D + b_2 D^2$
3.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D^2$
4.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D^2 H$
5.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D^2 + b_2 H + b_3 D^2 H$
6.  $V = b_0 + b_1 D^2 + b_2 DH + b_3 D^2 H$
7.  $\log(V) = b_0 + b_1 \log(D)$
8.  $\log(V) = b_0 + b_1 \log(D) + b_2 \log(H)$
9.  $V/D^2 = b_0 + b_1 HD^2 + b_2 / H + b_3 / D^2$
10.  $V/D^2 = b_0 + b_1 / D^2 + b_2 / H + b_3 / D$

Where,  $V$  = volume in cubic meters,  $D$  = dbh in centimetres and  $H$  = total height in meters and  $b_0$  is the regression constant and  $b_1, b_2$  and  $b_3$  are regression coefficients. The logarithmic functions are to the base e.

The best fitted models were chosen based on the highest coefficient of determination ( $R^2$ ), F-ratio (F), lowest residual mean square and low Furnival index (FI). Models were selected for estimation of total volume overbark and total volume underbark to a top-end diameter of approximately 3.0 cm overbark. The selected models were also transformed for estimation of volume from girth at breast height (GBH,G).

## Validation test procedure

The best suited regression models were tested with a set of independent data of 30-35 trees, collected and compiled in the same procedure. The actual volumes of these trees were collectively compared with the corresponding

volumes predicted by the selected models. The independent tests for validation were the absolute deviation percent, paired t-test, chi-square test and 45 degree line test (Islam *et al.* 1992).

## Results and discussions

The regression models for total volume over-bark (Vob) and total volume underbark (Vub) to a top-end diameter of approximately 3.0 cm overbark were selected after the validation of the selected models. The best fitted models were selected for estimation of volume on diameter at breast height (dbh, D), and volume on dbh and total height. The selected models are given as follows :

### Akashmoni

1. (a)  $\log(Vob) = -8.208 + 2.2389 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(vob) = -10.7709 + 2.2389 * \log(G)$   
 $R^2 = 0.959, F = 3228.84, FI = 0.0061$
2. (a)  $\log(Vob) = -9.125 + 1.918 * \log(D)$   
+  $0.67988 * \log(H)$   
(b)  $\log(Vob) = -11.3205 + 1.918 * \log(G)$   
+  $0.67988 * \log(H)$   
 $R^2 = 0.988, F = 5810.5, FI = 0.0648$
3. (a)  $\log(Vub) = -9.187 + 2.468 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(Vub) = -12.0121 + 2.468 * \log(G)$   
 $R^2 = 0.9688, F = 4282.9, FI = 0.0059$
- ✓ (a)  $\log(Vub) = -10.2398 + 2.100244 * \log(D)$   
+  $0.780214 * \log(H)$   
(b)  $\log(Vub) = -12.6440 + 2.100244 * \log(G)$   
+  $0.780214 * \log(H)$   
 $R^2 = 0.9773, F = 2947.0, FI = 0.0048$

### Minjiri

1. (a)  $\log(Vob) = -8.602 + 2.4038 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(Vob) = -11.3536 + 2.4038 * \log(G)$   
 $R^2 = 0.9796, F = 5669.8, FI = 0.0098$

2. (a)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -9.514 + 1.871 * \log(D)$   
 $+ 0.897 * \log(H)$

(b)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -11.6557 + 1.871 * \log(G)$   
 $+ 0.897 * \log(H)$

$R^2 = 0.9898, F = 5697.0, FI = 0.0054$

3. (a)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -9.334 + 2.55686 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -12.2632 + 2.55686 * \log(G)$

$R^2 = 0.976, F = 4851.89, FI = 0.0081$

4. (a)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -10.1766698 + 2.0641847 * \log(D)$   
 $+ 0.8290937 * \log(H)$

(b)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -12.5396 + 2.064187 * \log(G)$   
 $+ 0.8290937 * \log(H)$

$R^2 = 0.986, F = 4120.3, FI = 0.0049$

### Pine

1. (a)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -8.7854 + 2.410755 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -11.545 + 2.410755 * \log(G)$

$R^2 = 0.986, F = 8230.56, FI = 0.0020$

2. (a)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -9.39412 + 1.867386 * \log(D)$   
 $+ 0.839034 * \log(H)$

(b)  $\log(V_{ob}) = -11.5317 + 1.867386 * \log(G)$   
 $+ 0.839034 * \log(H)$

$R^2 = 0.9945, F = 10376.1, FI = 0.0052$

3. (a)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -9.11552 + 2.483187 * \log(D)$   
(b)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -11.9580 + 2.483187 * \log(G)$

$R^2 = 0.9858, F = 6889.44, FI = 0.0084$

4. (a)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -9.7505 + 1.935397 * \log(D)$   
 $+ 0.851715 * \log(H)$

(b)  $\log(V_{ub}) = -11.9660 + 1.935397 * \log(G)$   
 $+ 0.851715 * \log(H)$

$R^2 = 0.9933, F = 7281.44, FI = 0.0058$

Where :

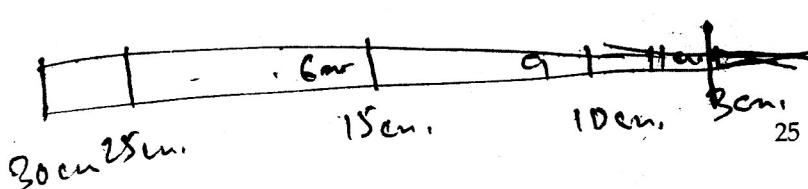
D = diameter at breast height in cm,  
G = girth at breast height in cm,  
H = total height in meters,  
V<sub>ob</sub> = total volume overbark in cubic meters  
and  
V<sub>ub</sub> = total underbark volume to top end dia-  
meter of 3.0 cm in cubic meters.

### Validation of the selected models

The co-efficients of determination of the selected models were closer to one. Similarly, F values were higher and FI values were less than one for the selected models.

The selected models satisfied all the validation criteria. The absolute deviation percents, and chi-square values were less than 10%, 2.0 and 17.71 respectively and estimated volumes tend to make an angle of approximately 45 degree with the actual volumes when plotted on graphs.

Therefore, the selected models may be used for the species within the data range used for preparation of the volume tables. After the validation test, volume tables were prepared for ready use and are presented in Tables 2-8.



**Table 2. One-way volumes for akashmoni, minjiri and pine trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	Akashmoni		Minjiri		Pine	
		vob (m <sup>3</sup> )	Vub (m <sup>3</sup> )	Vob (m <sup>3</sup> )	Vub (m <sup>3</sup> )	Vob (m <sup>3</sup> )	Vub (m <sup>3</sup> )
4	12.6	0.005	0.003	0.006	0.003	0.004	0.003
5	15.7	0.009	0.005	0.010	0.005	0.007	0.006
6	18.8	0.014	0.009	0.015	0.008	0.011	0.009
7	22.0	0.020	0.013	0.021	0.012	0.017	0.014
8	25.1	0.027	0.018	0.028	0.017	0.023	0.019
9	28.3	0.036	0.024	0.037	0.023	0.031	0.026
10	31.4	0.047	0.032	0.047	0.030	0.039	0.033
11	34.6	0.059	0.041	0.058	0.038	0.050	0.042
12	37.7	0.072	0.051	0.071	0.047	0.061	0.053
13	40.8	0.087	0.062	0.084	0.057	0.074	0.064
14	44.0	0.105	0.075	0.100	0.068	0.089	0.077
15	47.1	0.123	0.090	0.117	0.081	0.105	0.092
16	50.3	0.144	0.106	0.135	0.095	0.122	0.107
17	53.4	0.167	0.124	0.154	0.111	0.142	0.125
18	56.5	0.191	0.143	0.176	0.128	0.162	0.144
19	59.7	0.218	0.164	0.198	0.146	0.185	0.165
20	62.8	0.246	0.187	0.222	0.166	0.209	0.187

**Table 3. Total volume overbark in cubic meters for akashmoni trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	9.4	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.005			
4	12.6	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009			
5	15.7	0.003	0.006	0.008	0.009	0.011	0.012	0.014			
6	18.8	0.005	0.008	0.011	0.013	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022		
7	22.0	0.007	0.011	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.029		
8	25.1	0.009	0.015	0.019	0.024	0.028	0.031	0.035	0.038		
9	28.3	0.011	0.018	0.024	0.030	0.035	0.039	0.044	0.048		
10	31.4	0.014	0.023	0.030	0.037	0.043	0.048	0.054	0.059		
11	34.6	0.017	0.027	0.036	0.044	0.051	0.058	0.065	0.071	0.077	
12	37.7	0.020	0.032	0.043	0.052	0.061	0.069	0.076	0.084	0.091	
13	40.8	0.023	0.038	0.050	0.061	0.071	0.080	0.089	0.098	0.106	
14	44.0	0.027	0.044	0.058	0.070	0.082	0.093	0.103	0.113	0.122	
15	47.1	0.031	0.050	0.066	0.080	0.093	0.106	0.118	0.129	0.140	
16	50.3	0.057	0.075	0.091	0.106	0.120	0.133	0.146	0.158	0.170	
17	53.4	0.064	0.084	0.102	0.119	0.135	0.150	0.164	0.178	0.191	
18	56.5	0.071	0.094	0.114	0.133	0.150	0.167	0.183	0.198	0.213	
19	59.7	0.079	0.104	0.126	0.147	0.167	0.185	0.203	0.220	0.236	
20	62.8	0.087	0.115	0.140	0.163	0.184	0.204	0.224	0.243	0.261	

**Table 4. Total volume underbark for akashmoni trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
volume in cubic meter											
3	9.4	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002		
4	12.6	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.005		
5	15.7	0.001	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.013	
6	18.8	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.014	0.016	0.018	
7	22.0	0.003	0.006	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.014	0.016	0.018		
8	25.1	0.004	0.008	0.011	0.014	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.024		
9	28.3	0.006	0.010	0.014	0.018	0.021	0.025	0.028	0.031	0.034	
10	31.4	0.007	0.013	0.018	0.022	0.027	0.033	0.038	0.043	0.047	0.052
11	34.6	0.009	0.016	0.022	0.027	0.033	0.039	0.045	0.051	0.057	0.062
12	37.7	0.011	0.019	0.026	0.033	0.039	0.047	0.054	0.061	0.067	0.074
13	40.8	0.013	0.023	0.031	0.039	0.046	0.054	0.063	0.071	0.079	0.086
14	44.0	0.015	0.026	0.036	0.046	0.054	0.063	0.073	0.082	0.091	0.100
15	47.1	0.018	0.031	0.042	0.053	0.063	0.073	0.082	0.091		
16	50.3	0.035	0.048	0.061	0.072	0.083	0.094	0.105	0.115	0.125	
17	53.4	0.040	0.055	0.069	0.082	0.095	0.107	0.119	0.130	0.141	
18	56.5	0.045	0.062	0.078	0.093	0.107	0.121	0.134	0.147	0.160	
19	59.7	0.051	0.070	0.087	0.104	0.120	0.135	0.150	0.165	0.179	
20	62.8	0.056	0.078	0.097	0.116	0.134	0.151	0.167	0.183	0.199	

**Table 5. Total volume overbark for minjiri tree in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
volume in cubic meter											
2	6.3	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003			
3	9.4	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.006			
4	12.6	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.006	0.008	0.009	0.011			
5	15.7	0.003	0.005	0.007	0.010	0.012	0.014	0.016			
6	18.8	0.004	0.007	0.011	0.014	0.017	0.020	0.020	0.025		
7	22.0	0.005	0.010	0.014	0.018	0.022	0.026	0.030	0.034		
8	25.1	0.007	0.013	0.018	0.023	0.028	0.034	0.039	0.043		
9	28.3	0.008	0.016	0.022	0.029	0.036	0.042	0.048	0.054		
10	31.4	0.010	0.019	0.027	0.035	0.043	0.051	0.059	0.066		
11	34.6	0.012	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.052	0.061	0.070	0.079	0.088	
12	37.7	0.014	0.027	0.038	0.050	0.061	0.072	0.082	0.093	0.103	
13	40.8	0.017	0.031	0.045	0.058	0.071	0.083	0.096	0.108	0.120	
14	44.0	0.019	0.036	0.051	0.066	0.081	0.096	0.110	0.124	0.138	
15	47.1	0.022	0.041	0.058	0.076	0.092	0.109	0.125	0.141	0.157	
16	50.3	0.046	0.066	0.085	0.104	0.123	0.141	0.159	0.177	0.194	
17	53.4	0.051	0.074	0.096	0.117	0.138	0.158	0.178	0.198	0.217	
18	56.5	0.057	0.082	0.106	0.130	0.153	0.176	0.198	0.220	0.242	
19	59.7	0.063	0.091	0.118	0.144	0.169	0.194	0.219	0.244	0.268	
20	62.8	0.070	0.100	0.130	0.158	0.186	0.214	0.241	0.268	0.295	

**Table 6. Total volume underbark for minjiri trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
volume in cubic meter											
2	6.3	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
3	9.4	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003
4	12.6	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.006
5	15.7	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.009	0.009	0.009
6	18.8	0.003	0.005	0.007	0.009	0.010	0.012	0.014	0.014	0.015	0.015
7	22.0	0.004	0.007	0.009	0.012	0.014	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.021	0.021
8	25.1	0.005	0.009	0.012	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.025	0.028	0.028	0.028
9	28.3	0.006	0.011	0.016	0.020	0.024	0.028	0.032	0.035	0.035	0.035
10	31.4	0.008	0.014	0.019	0.025	0.030	0.035	0.039	0.044	0.044	0.044
11	34.6	0.010	0.017	0.024	0.030	0.036	0.042	0.048	0.053	0.059	0.059
12	37.7	0.011	0.020	0.028	0.036	0.043	0.050	0.057	0.064	0.071	0.071
13	40.8	0.013	0.024	0.033	0.043	0.051	0.059	0.068	0.076	0.083	0.083
14	44.0	0.016	0.028	0.039	0.050	0.060	0.069	0.079	0.088	0.097	0.097
15	47.1	0.018	0.032	0.045	0.057	0.069	0.080	0.091	0.101	0.112	0.112
16	50.3		0.037	0.051	0.065	0.079	0.091	0.104	0.116	0.128	0.139
17	53.4		0.042	0.058	0.074	0.089	0.104	0.118	0.131	0.145	0.158
18	56.5		0.047	0.066	0.083	0.100	0.116	0.132	0.148	0.163	0.178
19	59.7		0.052	0.073	0.093	0.112	0.130	0.148	0.165	0.182	0.199
20	62.8		0.058	0.081	0.103	0.124	0.145	0.164	0.184	0.203	0.221

**Table 7. Total volume overbark for *Pinus caribaea* trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
volume in cubic meter											
4	12.6	0.002	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.013	0.014
5	15.7	0.003	0.005	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.014	0.015	0.017	0.019	0.021
6	18.8	0.004	0.008	0.011	0.014	0.016	0.019	0.022	0.024	0.027	0.029
7	22.0	0.006	0.010	0.014	0.018	0.022	0.025	0.029	0.032	0.036	0.039
8	25.1	0.007	0.013	0.018	0.023	0.028	0.033	0.037	0.041	0.046	0.050
9	28.3	0.009	0.016	0.023	0.029	0.035	0.041	0.046	0.052	0.057	0.062
10	31.4	0.011	0.020	0.028	0.035	0.042	0.049	0.056	0.063	0.069	0.076
11	34.6	0.013	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.051	0.059	0.067	0.075	0.083	0.090
12	37.7	0.015	0.028	0.039	0.049	0.059	0.069	0.079	0.088	0.097	0.106
13	40.8	0.018	0.032	0.045	0.057	0.069	0.081	0.092	0.102	0.113	0.124
14	44.0	0.021	0.037	0.052	0.066	0.079	0.092	0.105	0.118	0.130	0.142
15	47.1	0.023	0.042	0.059	0.075	0.090	0.105	0.120	0.134	0.148	0.161
16	50.3	0.026	0.047	0.066	0.084	0.102	0.119	0.135	0.151	0.167	0.182
17	53.4	0.030	0.053	0.074	0.095	0.114	0.133	0.151	0.169	0.187	0.204
18	56.5	0.033	0.059	0.083	0.105	0.127	0.148	0.168	0.188	0.208	0.227
19	59.7	0.036	0.065	0.091	0.116	0.140	0.164	0.186	0.208	0.230	0.251
20	62.8	0.040	0.072	0.101	0.128	0.154	0.180	0.205	0.229	0.253	0.276
21	66.0	0.044	0.078	0.110	0.140	0.169	0.197	0.224	0.251	0.277	0.303
22	69.1	0.048	0.086	0.120	0.153	0.185	0.215	0.245	0.274	0.302	0.330
23	72.3	0.052	0.093	0.131	0.166	0.200	0.234	0.266	0.297	0.328	0.359
24	75.4	0.056	0.101	0.141	0.180	0.217	0.253	0.288	0.322	0.355	0.388

**Table 8. Total volume underbark for *Pinus caribaea* trees in plantations of Bangladesh**

DBH (cm)	GBH (cm)	HEIGHT IN METERS									
		4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	
4	12.6	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.011	
5	15.7	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.009	0.011	0.012	0.014	0.015	0.017	
6	18.8	0.006	0.009	0.011	0.013	0.016	0.018	0.020	0.022	0.024	
7	22.0	0.008	0.012	0.015	0.018	0.021	0.024	0.027	0.030	0.032	
8	25.1	0.011	0.015	0.019	0.023	0.027	0.031	0.035	0.038	0.042	
9	28.3	0.013	0.019	0.024	0.029	0.034	0.039	0.043	0.048	0.053	
10	31.4	0.016	0.023	0.030	0.036	0.042	0.048	0.053	0.059	0.064	
11	34.6	0.020	0.028	0.035	0.043	0.050	0.057	0.064	0.071	0.077	
12	37.7	0.023	0.033	0.042	0.051	0.059	0.068	0.076	0.084	0.092	
13	40.8	0.027	0.038	0.049	0.059	0.069	0.079	0.088	0.098	0.107	
14	44.0	0.031	0.044	0.057	0.068	0.080	0.091	0.102	0.113	0.124	
15	47.1	0.036	0.051	0.065	0.078	0.091	0.104	0.117	0.129	0.141	
16	50.3	0.041	0.057	0.073	0.089	0.104	0.118	0.132	0.146	0.160	
17	53.4	0.046	0.065	0.082	0.100	0.116	0.133	0.149	0.164	0.180	
18	56.5	0.051	0.072	0.092	0.111	0.130	0.148	0.166	0.184	0.201	
19	59.7	0.057	0.080	0.102	0.124	0.144	0.165	0.184	0.204	0.223	
20	62.8	0.063	0.088	0.113	0.137	0.159	0.182	0.204	0.225	0.246	
21	66.0	0.069	0.097	0.124	0.150	0.175	0.200	0.224	0.247	0.271	
22	69.1	0.075	0.106	0.136	0.164	0.192	0.219	0.245	0.271	0.296	
23	72.3	0.082	0.116	0.148	0.179	0.209	0.238	0.267	0.295	0.323	
24	75.4	0.089	0.126	0.161	0.194	0.227	0.259	0.290	0.320	0.351	

## Acknowledgement

We acknowledge the financial support extended by Bangladesh Agricultural Research Council, Dhaka for the study.

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