

# MAIS202 - Deliverable 1 - Data Selection Proposal

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## 1 Dataset

[Dataset](#) will be MIDI files from the GBA/NDS era Pokémon games' original soundtrack. In total there are 837 tracks, approx. 1 minute on average, which totals just under 14 hours of Pokemon tunes a model can be trained on. Most GBA/NDS games use MIDI tracks with custom soundfonts for in-game music. Since these songs were made explicitly to use MIDI as a file format, there isn't that "walmart" feeling you get when listening to MIDI versions of music written for human-played instruments.

## 2 Methodology

### 2.1 Data Preprocessing

All of the data available in the MIDI files is useful for polyphonic music generation. A directory of MIDI files will be converted into "NoteSequences", a Google [protocol buffer](#) helpful for working with non-waveform file types, then "SequenceExamples" are created that contain a set of inputs and labels representing a polyphonic sequence from the set of "NoteSequences". This data is then separated into a training and evaluation set and ready for the model.

### 2.2 Machine learning model

The goal of the project is to generate new polyphonic Pokémon music using the [Google Magenta library](#) model [PolyphonyRNN](#). It uses Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN) with cells implementing Long-Short-Term-Memory (LSTM) to improve the RNN's ability to learn longer-term structures. This is of importance as music tends to have recurring sections and structures. Computing will be done via Google Colabs for that delicious computing power. A Concurrent Neural Network (CNN) approach like [PixelCNN](#) is possible but would require representing MIDI as images and naive CNNs don't compute long range dependencies well. There is evidence to suggest that [CNNs with locally connected convolutional layers could perform better than RNNs](#) but there are no available models for efficient implementation and it increases the learning difficulty (for me not the model).

## 3 Metrics

Evaluating the performance of the models in polyphonic music generation is hard because music quality is subjective. There isn't a way to find an objective metric but we could look at the loss per epoch.

## 4 Final Conceptualization

The music generated by the model would be integrated into a simple webapp where the user is presented with 4 music samples and need to choose which 2 were produced by AI. They can keep playing so long as there are more samples left. This data would be collected (i.e how often ai-sample-1 was thought to be an official Pokémon song) and used to validate the performance of. I'd love it if the ML produced songs were thought to be real 60% of the time.