Neutrinos via Charm Decays in Astrophysical Sources

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Abstract

Acknowledgements

Abbreviations

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1 Introduction

- 1.1 Motivation
- 1.2 Organisation

2 Methods

$$\mu = \frac{BR^3}{2} \tag{2.1}$$

$$\dot{E} = -\frac{2\mu^2 \omega^4 \sin^2 \chi}{3c^3}$$
 (2.2)

$$\dot{E} = -\frac{\mu^2 \omega^4 \left(1 + \sin^2 \chi\right)}{c^3} \tag{2.3}$$

$$\tau \equiv -\frac{E}{\dot{E}} \tag{2.4}$$

$$I = \frac{2MR^2}{5} \tag{2.5}$$

$$E = \frac{I\omega^2}{2} \tag{2.6}$$

$$\dot{E} = \omega \dot{\omega} = K \omega^4 \tag{2.7}$$

$$I\dot{\omega} = K\omega^3 \tag{2.8}$$

$$I\omega^{-3}d\omega = Kdt \tag{2.9}$$

$$\omega^{-2} = \omega_0^{-2} - \frac{2Kt}{I} = \omega_0^{-2} \left(1 + \frac{t}{\tau} \right) \tag{2.10}$$

$$\tau = -\frac{I}{2K\omega^2} \tag{2.11}$$

$$\omega = \frac{\omega_0}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{t}{\tau}}} \tag{2.12}$$

3 Results

4 Discussion

Appendix