Ground-Source Heat Pump Coil Optimization

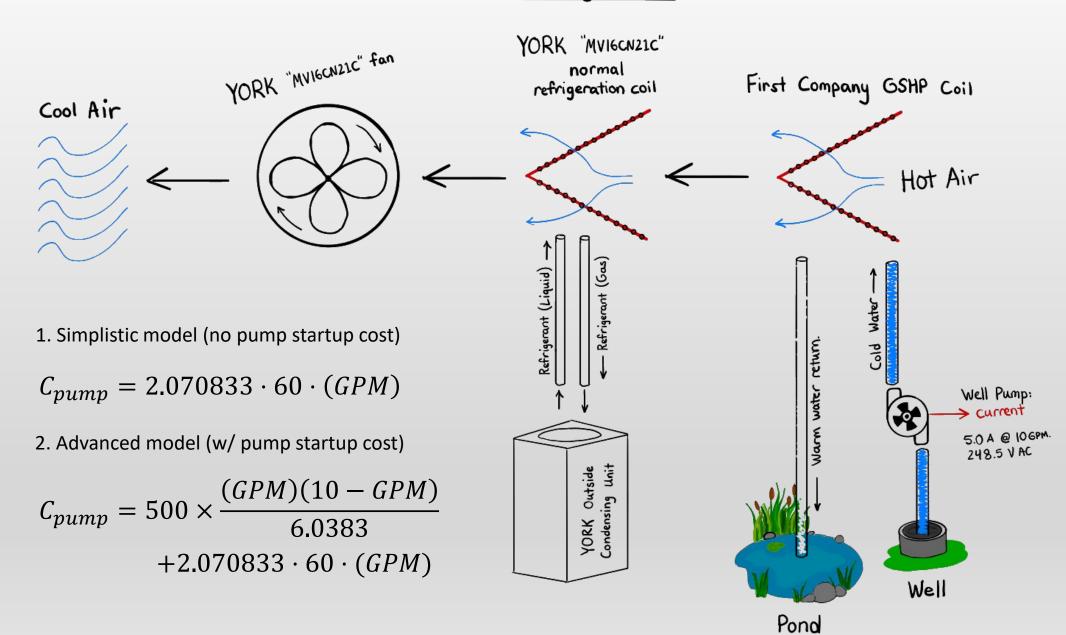
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for: MATH 319

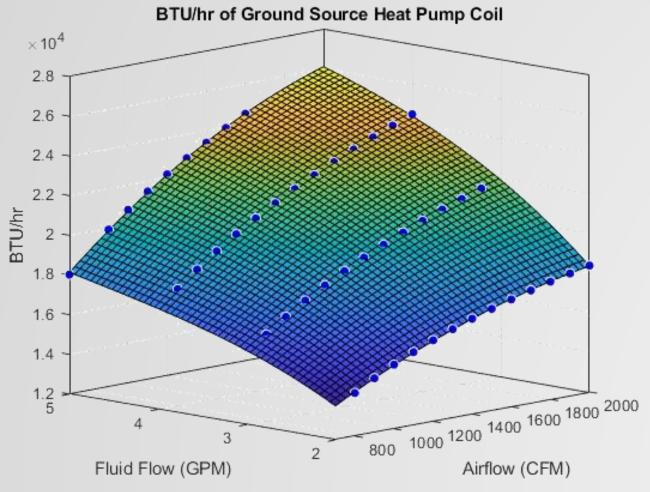


Airflow Diagram



System Characterization





The heat transferred from the coil is:

$$Q_{coil}(\overline{x}) = -0.102(CFM)^{2}(GPM)$$

$$-0.0005(CFM)(GPM)^{2}$$

$$+1.7 \cdot 10^{-6}(GPM)^{3} - 63.21(CFM)^{2}$$

$$+2.948(CFM)(GPM) - 0.0846(GPM)^{2}$$

$$+15.766(GPM) + 2328.35$$

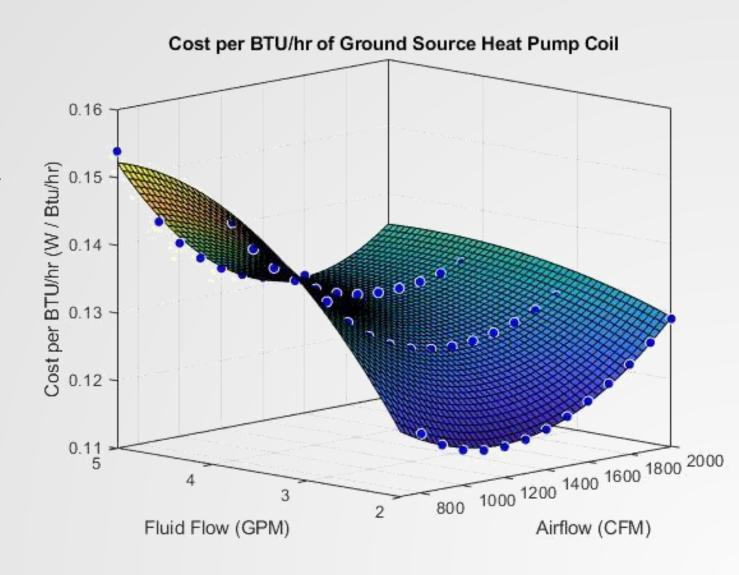
System Characterization

We seek to minimize:

min
$$J(\overline{x}) = \frac{C_{fan}(\overline{x}) + C_{pump}(\overline{x})}{Q_{coil}(\overline{x})}$$

w.r.t. $\overline{x} = \{CFM, GPM\}$
s.t $Q_{coil}(\overline{x}) \ge 18,000$
 $688.5 \le CFM \le 1524$
 $0 < GPM \le 5$

where J(x) is the cost function in W / Btu/hr, and $C_{fan}(x)$, $C_{pump}(x)$, and $Q_{coil}(x)$ are defined as shown to the right.



Algorithm Selection and Analysis Tool

Key criteria used when selecting the optimization algorithm:

- Repeatable convergence to optimum value.
- Ease of use.
- Low computational demand.

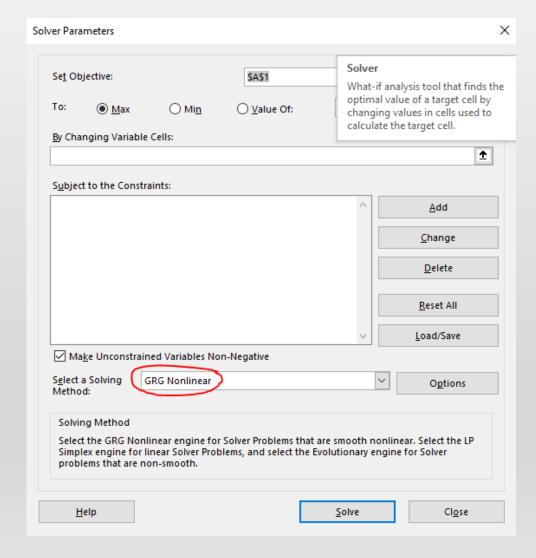
IGRG! (generalized reduced gradient) aka... the method of feasible directions.

Advantages:

- Fast convergence
- Implemented in Excel.

Disadvantages:

- Dependent on IC's
- Needs smooth, continuous functions.



Optimization Results

Our optimization led to a constrained minimum of:

$$J(\overline{x}) = 0.1198 \text{ W/(Btu/hr)}$$
 located at:

$$\overline{\mathbf{x}} = \{1518.95, 2.308\}$$

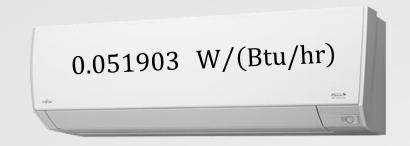
Assumptions made:

- 1. Efficiency of coil.
- 2. Pump starting power.

No startup power: $J(\overline{x}) = 0.031965 \text{ W/(Btu/hr)}$

(pressurized system)

Breakeven point: $W_0 = 78.42 \text{ W}$





0.11812 W/(Btu/hr)



Questions?

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or.... message me on teams.

