

957, 958, 959, 960, 961

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\neg p \vee \neg q)$$

$$\varphi(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$\underbrace{x_1 \oplus \dots \oplus x_n}_{\text{NNF}} \quad 4n$$

$$\{0, 1\}^n$$

$$2^n$$

$$2^{n-1}$$

$$\{0, 1\}_{x_1} \times \{0, 1\}_{x_2} \times \dots \times \{0, 1\}_{x_n}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}$$

alphabet (finite)

a  
aa  
aab  
abac

String: finite seq. of letters from  $\Sigma$

$$a \cdot b \neq b \cdot a$$

$$(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$$

$\varepsilon$  : empty string

$$\Sigma_1 = \{a, b\}$$

$$\Sigma_2 = \{c, d\}$$

$$\sigma \cdot \varepsilon = \sigma = \varepsilon \cdot \sigma \quad \text{for any string } \sigma$$

Language: A subset of the set of all finite strings on  $\Sigma$

$\Sigma^*$  : Set of all finite strings on  $\Sigma$ , including  $\varepsilon$

$\Sigma^+$  : " " " " " " " " , excluding  $\varepsilon$

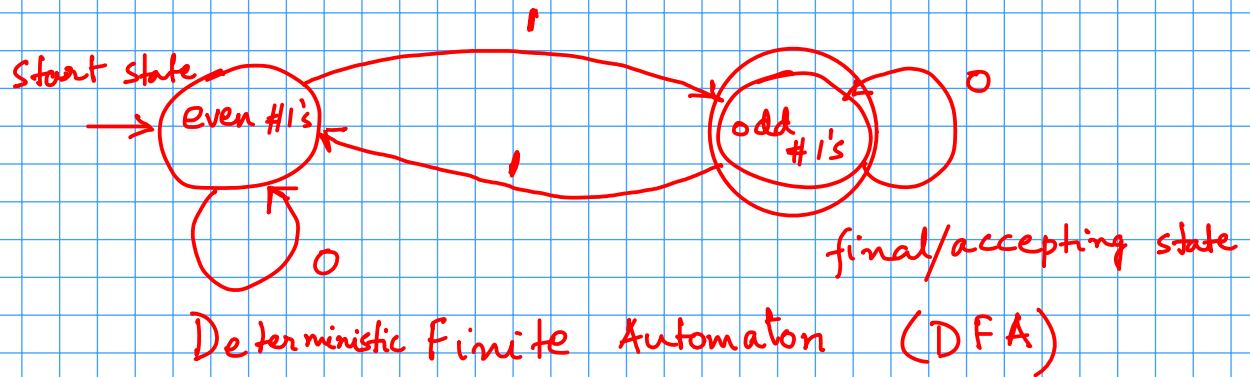
$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$

Is  $\Sigma^*$  countably inf?

Example:  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$$\rightarrow L = \{w \mid w \in \Sigma^*, \#1's \text{ in } w \text{ is odd}\}$$

State: summary of what has been seen so far.



$$L_1 = \{w \mid w \in \Sigma^*, \#0's \text{ is a multiple of } 3\}$$

or  $\#0's \bmod 3 = 0$

