

NFA with ϵ \equiv NFA w/o ϵ \equiv DFA

Regular Expressions

Syntax:

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$e ::=$

- a
- b
- ϵ
- $e_1 + e_2$
- $e_1 \cdot e_2$ $e_1 e_2$
- e_1^*
- (e_1)
- λ

$+ a * b$

$(a + b)^* b$

Semantics:

$$\llbracket a \rrbracket = \{a\} \quad \llbracket b \rrbracket = \{b\}$$

$$\llbracket \epsilon \rrbracket = \{\epsilon\}$$

$$\llbracket e_1 + e_2 \rrbracket = \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \cup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket e_1 \cdot e_2 \rrbracket = \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \cdot \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket$$

$$= \{u \cdot v \mid u \in \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket, v \in \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket\}$$

$u \in \Sigma^+, v \in \Sigma^+$

↑
pre-
dence

$*$
 \cdot
 $+$

$$a b + a \quad \llbracket (a \cdot b) + a \rrbracket = \{ab, a\}$$

$$\llbracket e_1^* \rrbracket = \bigcup_{n \geq 0} \llbracket e_1^n \rrbracket$$

$$e_1^n = \underbrace{e_1 \cdot e_1 \cdot \dots \cdot e_1}_{n \text{ times}}$$

$$e_1^0 = \epsilon$$

$$e_1 = a + b \quad \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket = \{a, b\}$$

$$\llbracket e_1^3 \rrbracket \ni \begin{array}{l} a \cdot a \cdot a \\ a \cdot b \cdot a \\ b \cdot b \cdot a \end{array}$$

$$\llbracket \underbrace{(a + b)}_{e_1}^* \rrbracket = \left\{ \overset{e_1^0}{\vdots} \epsilon, \overset{e_1^1}{\underbrace{a, b}}, \overset{e_1^2}{\underbrace{aa, ab, ba, bb}}, \dots \right\}$$

$$\llbracket e \rrbracket = \llbracket a + b \rrbracket = \{a, b\}$$

$$\llbracket a^* + b^* \rrbracket = \{u \in \Sigma^* \mid u = a^n \text{ or } b^n, n \geq 0\}$$

$[a^* \cdot b^*]$

$L(a^* \cdot b^*)$

$[(a^* \cdot b^*)^*]$

$L(\downarrow)$

$ba \in [(a^* \cdot b^*) \cdot (a^* \cdot b^*)]$
 $\epsilon \quad b \quad a \quad \epsilon$

$aba \in a \quad b \quad a \quad \epsilon$

ϵ	✓	✓
a	✓	✓
b	✓	✓
ab	✓	✓
ba	x	✓
abb	✓	✓
aba	x	✓
aaa	✓	✓

$a^* \quad a^*b^* \quad \text{Is } L((a^*b^*)^*) = L((a+b)^*)$

\subseteq easy

\supseteq

$(a^*b^*)^6$

$ababba$

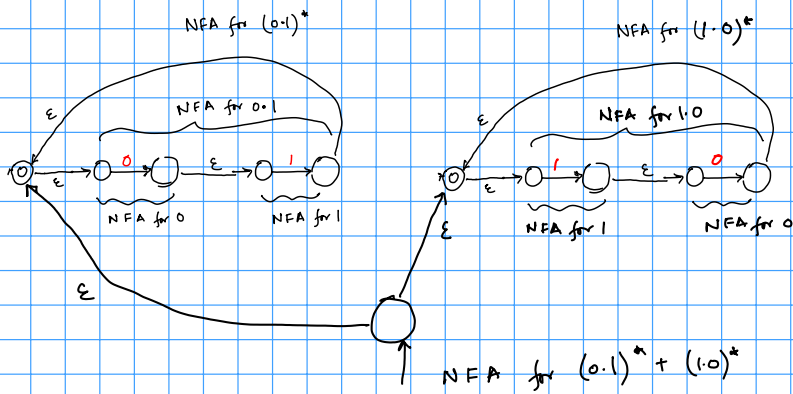
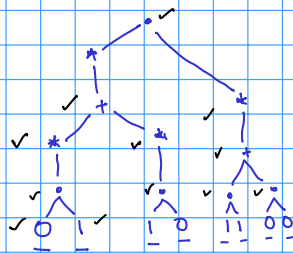
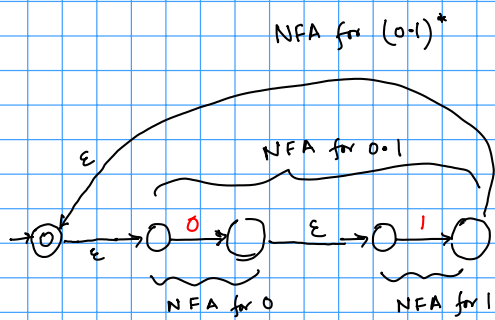
$(a^*b^*)(a^*b^*)(a^*b^*)(a^*b^*)(a^*b^*)(a^*b^*)$
 $a \quad \epsilon \quad \epsilon \quad b \quad a \quad \epsilon \quad \epsilon \quad b \quad \epsilon \quad b \quad a \quad \epsilon$

$*$: Kleene closure
 Kleene star

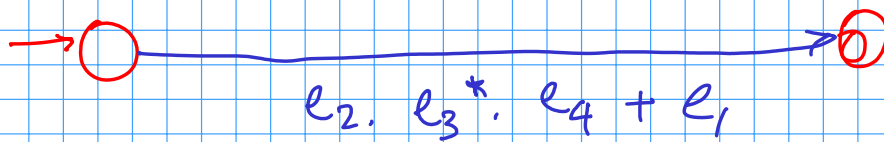
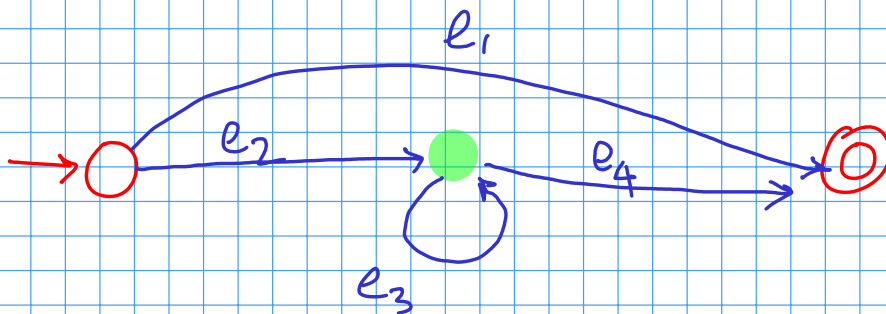
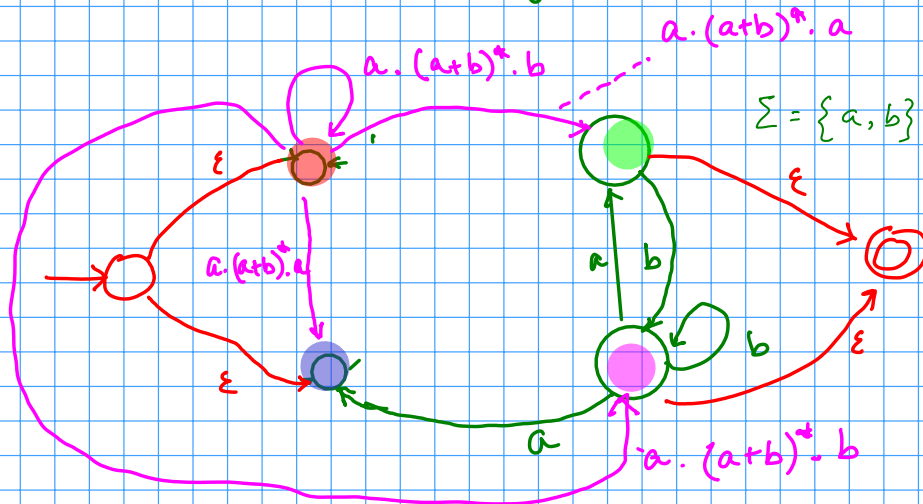
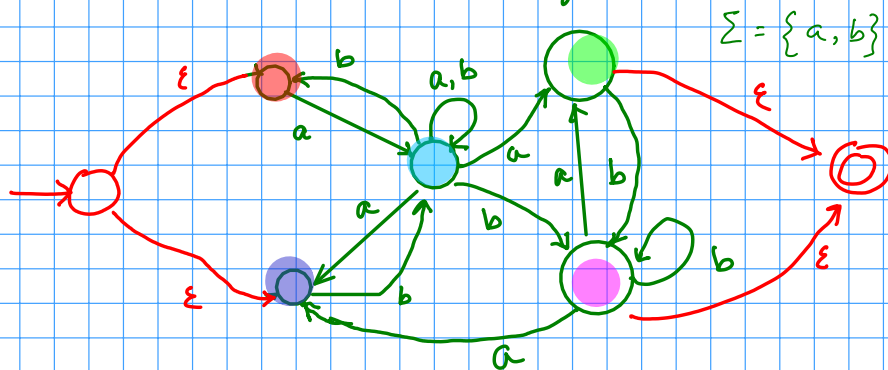
$$L(\text{reg. expn}) \subseteq L(\text{NFA with } \epsilon) = L(\text{NFA w/o } \epsilon) = L(DFA)$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\left((\underline{01})^* + (10)^* \right)^* \cdot (11+00)^*$$



$L(\text{NFA without } \epsilon) \subseteq L(\text{reg. expn})$



Reg. Expn \equiv NFA with $\epsilon \equiv$ NFA w/o $\epsilon \equiv$ DFA : Kleene's Thm.
Regular Languages

$$(a^*b^*)^*$$



$$L(\text{DFA}_1)$$

L_1

$$\begin{aligned} &= \\ &\subseteq \\ &\supseteq \end{aligned}$$

$$(a+b)^*$$



$$L(\text{DFA}_2)$$

L_2



$$L_1 \cap (\Sigma^* \setminus L_2) = \emptyset$$

$$L_2 \text{ is reg.} \Leftrightarrow L_2^c \text{ or } \bar{L}_2 \text{ is reg.}$$

