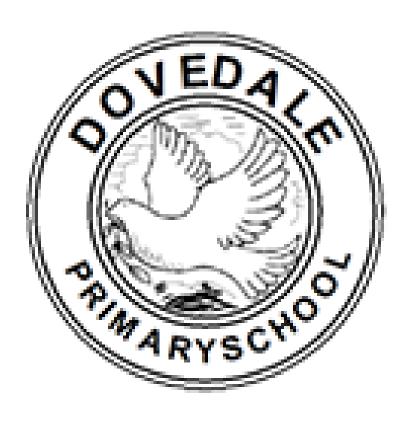
KS2 SATs 2025

KS2 SATs Guidance for Parents
Autumn 2024



Department for Education





KS2 Assessment in 2024

Statutory assessment

- KS2 national curriculum tests with outcomes in the form of scaled scores.
- Each pupil registered for the tests will receive:
- a raw score (number of raw marks awarded)
- a scaled score (ranges from 80-120)
- confirmation of whether or not they attained the national standard

Teacher assessment at KS2 for writing, using the interim framework for teacher assessment.

Attainment

Children develop at different times and in individual ways, but at the end of Year 6, the DfE guidelines for English and maths are as follows:-

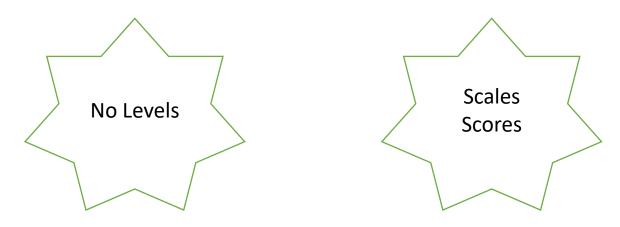
- Children not meeting the WORKING TOWARDS
 'Nationally Expected Standard' category for a pupil at the end of Year 6
- WORKING TOWARDS the 'Nationally Expected Standard' for a pupil at the end of Year 6
- WORKING AT the 'Nationally Expected Standard' for a pupil at the end of Year 6
- WORKING AT GREATER DEPTH within the 'Nationally Expected Standard' for a pupil at the end of Year 6

ALL CHILDREN ARE DIFFERENT

Key Points

The curriculum is challenging and has an increased focus on developing children's subject knowledge and skills.

The National Curriculum has 'expectations' children are required to meet at each banding (EXPECTATED STANDARD).



100

Scaled Scores

- Tests at the end of KS2 will report in scaled scores.
- The 'expected standard' will always be set at 100.
- Raw scores in the test will be converted to scaled scores.
- The 'raw score' that equates to 100 might be different each year.
- Pupils who score 100 or more will have met the 'expected standard'.
- Pupils who score below 100 will not have met the 'expected standard'

Raw score	Scaled score				
0-2	No scaled score				
3	82				
4	83				
5	84				
6	86				
7	87				
8	88				
9	89				
10	90				
11	91				
12	92				
13	92				
14	93				
15	94				
16	95				
17	95				
18	96				
19	97				
20	97				

Raw score	Scaled score
21	98
22	99
23	99
24	100
25	101
26	101
27	102
28	103
29	103
30	104
31	105
32	105
33	106
34	107
35	108
36	108
37	109
38	110
39	111
40	112

Raw score	Scaled score
41	113
42	114
43	115
44	116
45	118
46	119
47	120
48	120
49	120
50	120

What will be assessed?

Assessed by tests (marked externally)

SPaG

Paper 1, short answer questions.

Paper 2, spelling.

MATHS

Paper 1, arithmetic

Paper 2, reasoning

Paper 3, reasoning

* No Calculator Paper

READING

ONE PAPER

Reading booklet and associated answer booklet.

What will be assessed?

CONTINUOUS TEACHER ASSESSMENT

WRITING

CONTINUOUS TEACHER ASSESSMENT or TEST SAMPLING SELECTED SCHOOLS

SCIENCE

Thresholds

These change year upon year depending on how children do nationally.

KS2 SATs scores		2017		2018		2019		2022		2023		2024		Change from 2023 to 2024
@_Missi		Raw score	%	RS	%	Raw score								
Maths	EXS	57	52	61	55	58	53	58	53	56	51	54	49	-2
/110	GDS	95	86	96	87	95	86	96	87	94	85	93	85	-1
Reading	EXS	26	52	28	56	28	56	29	58	24	48	27	54	+3
/50	GDS	39	78	40	80	41	82	41	82	38	76	40	80	+2
GPS	EXS	36	51	38	54	36	51	35	50	36	51	35	50	-1
/70	GDS	56	80	56	80	55	79	55	79	55	79	53	76	-2



Reading

- This test consists of a reading answer booklet and a separate reading booklet.
- Pupils will have a total of 1 hour to read the 3 texts in the reading booklet and complete the questions at their own pace.
- They can approach the test as they choose: e.g. working through one text and answering the questions before moving on to the next.

Question Examples

s ack at the text box Who	has already had a holiday in space?	
Look at the table abou	t Anousheh's trip into space.	
Complete are		
Where did she start he	er trip?	
Where did she stay in	1 space:	
How long did she sta	ay in	2 marks
space?		
	arab	200
Look at Anousheh's	blog entry for September 25th.	The iguanodons are described as inoffensive Look at the paragraph beginning:
Leany a gro	oup of words that site	Look at the paragraph beginning: I do not kn Explain how the descriptions of the idea that they were
blog for others to re	ad.	Explain how the descriptions of the iguanodo the idea that they were both inoffensive and but Use evidence from the to
		the idea that they were both inoffensive and but use evidence from the text to support your ans
		Use evidence to

SPaG – Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar

- Paper 1: 45 minutes to complete the test.
- Paper 2: Spelling test paper consisting of 20 spellings. This is not timed and takes around 15 minutes. Administered by the teacher.

-00B	21.00
BCDE	28. (A) (B) (C) (C)
(B) (C) (D) (E)	20 ABCOUL
(B) (D) (E)	30. A B C O E
0 0 0 E	30. A B C D E
A B C O C	31. (A) (B) (C) (C)
A B C D E	32. (A) (B) (C) (C)
	33. A B C D E
(A) (B) (C) (C) (C)	24 ABOOE
A B C O E	35 ABCOU
ABCDE	36 ABCOUL
A B C D E	37. A B C D E
A B C D E	38. A B C D E
. A B C O E	38. ABCDE
4. (A) (B) (C) (C)	39. (A) (6) (C) (C)
5. A B C D E	40. A B O O E
5. (A) (B) (C) (C)	41. A B C D E
16. A B C D E	42. (A) (B) (C) (E)
17. ABODE	43. A B C D E
18. A B C D E	0000E
19. A B C D E	
20. A B C D E	45. (A) (B) (C) (C)
21. A B C D	
22. A B C D	
	[
23. (A) (B) (C) (D)	49. A B C D
21 (A) (B) (C)	

Question Examples

as a planet. Tick one.	Tick the option that shows how the underlined words are used in the sentence.
was is	My baby brother was born in the hospital where my father works.
was was	Tick one.
i-	as a preposition phrase
is is	as a relative clause
is was	as a main clause
	as a noun phrase
Tick one box to show which part of	of the contence is a relative clause
lick one box to snow which part of	of the sentence is a relative clause.

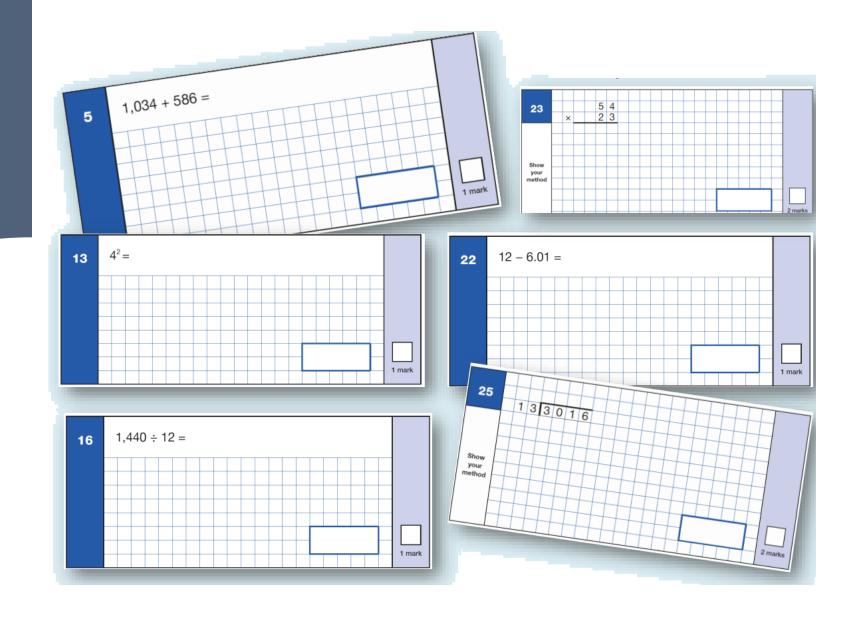
Mathematics

- Paper 1: Arithmetic 30 minutes to complete the test.
- Paper 2: Reasoning 40 minutes to complete.
- Paper 3: Reasoning 40 minutes to complete.

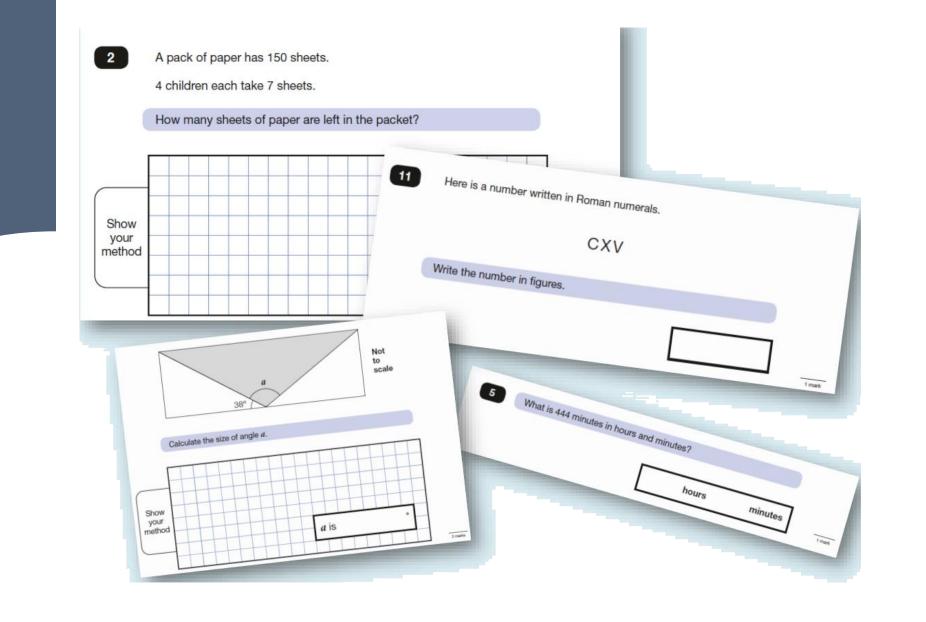
Paper consists of 1, 2 and sometimes 3-mark questions where children can earn a mark for showing the correct working out even if they answer incorrectly.

NO CALCULATORS

Arithmetic Examples



Reasoning Examples



Expected Standard in Writing...

- The DfE have issued guidance for schools.
- Children must be competent spellers, have legible handwriting and be able to incorporate a range of features into their writing (end of year expectations).
- Writing needs to be consistent across genres.

This marning, 4th April in the year of our aller 1866. I proceeded to the Actican are standed from Sor new examples of rawing and clord. May I say, I was astonished to meet the chameleons, which have only been seen once become in 1632

As the four rose, I managed to keep calm which standing amproct the most deadliest species of plant on this appelland.

Interestinate, the plant because when threatened, it shoots out poison darts.

Following this, I was alarmed to witness the venerages plant instantly kill a deserctions creature stom just one town. The most space plant, was trugic pleath, was the stragic pleath, was the stragic pleath, was the stragic pleath, was the stragic pleath.

As the day carried on , I proudly stood next to be rare chameleons only seed once becore in 1632) which were all dressed cylike and beautical. I cannot say how extroiding it was, to watch them all change their bright colours on their scaled skin; when and so many more colours which I gidn't legal existed. My colleague, who inspired to some on to soil him on this journey, and risk my like to gird this animal

Interim teacher assessment framework at the end of key stage 2 - reading

Working at the expected standard

The pupil can:

- read age-appropriate books with confidence and fluency (including whole novels)
- read aloud with intonation that shows understanding
- work out the meaning of words from the context
- explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, drawing inferences and justifying these with evidence
- predict what might happen from details stated and implied
- retrieve information from non-fiction
- summarise main ideas, identifying key details and using quotations for illustration
- evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader

DfE Guidance

The pupil can:

- · write for a range of purposes
- · use paragraphs to organise ideas
- · in narratives, describe settings and characters
- in non-narrative writing, use simple devices to structure the writing and support the reader (e.g. headings, sub-headings, bullet points)
- use capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contraction mostly correctly
- spell correctly most words from the year 3 / year 4 spelling list, and some words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list*
- · write legibly

Working at the expected standard

The pupil can:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting language that shows good awareness of the reader (e.g. the use of the first person in a diary; direct address in instructions and persuasive writing)
- · in narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- · integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- select vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect what the writing requires, doing this mostly appropriately (e.g. using contracted forms in dialogues in narrative; using passive verbs to affect how information is presented; using modal verbs to suggest degrees of possibility)
- use a range of devices to build cohesion (e.g. conjunctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns, synonyms) within and across paragraphs
- use verb tenses consistently and correctly throughout their writing
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 mostly correctly[^] (e.g. inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech)
- spell correctly most words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary
- maintain legibility in joined handwriting when writing at speed

Working at greater depth

The pupil can:

- write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences, selecting the appropriate form and drawing independently on what they have read as models for their own writing (e.g. literary language, characterisation, structure)
- distinguish between the language of speech and writing and choose the appropriate register
- exercise an assured and conscious control over levels of formality, particularly through manipulating grammar and vocabulary to achieve this
- use the range of punctuation taught at key stage 2 correctly (e.g. semi-colons, dashes, colons, hyphens) and, when necessary, use such punctuation precisely to enhance meaning and avoid ambiguity.

When are the tests?

The SATs will be held in the week beginning Monday 13th May 2024.

Tests must be taken ON the day.

Monday 12 th May	SPaG Paper 1 and 2	
Tuesday 13 th May	English reading test	
Wednesday 14 th May	Maths paper 1 (arithmetic) & paper 2 (reasoning)	
Thursday 15 th May	Maths paper 3 (reasoning)	

Absence during the test period - Pupils who miss one or more component of a test and do not qualify for a timetable variation will not be awarded a score for that test.

Special Educational Need and Disabilities

- Some support can be given to children who have a Statement, or Educational Health Care Plan.
- Requests for additional time will be made by teachers using their knowledge of children and the children's individual needs.
- Children who are unable to sit and work for a long period because of a disability or because of behavioural, emotional or social difficulties may receive some support.
- Children with English as an additional language and who have limited fluency in English may receive some support.

What do we recommend?







GOOD ATTENDANCE



GOOD PUNCTUALITY



A GOOD BREAKFAST



LOTS OF PRAISE AND ENCOURAGEMENT!

