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Find the maximum sum of products of two arrays.

Posted on [January 27, 2019](#) | by [Prashant Yadav](#)

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An algorithm to find the maximum sum of products of two [arrays](#).

We will implement a simple algorithm in javascript to find the maximum sum of products of given two arrays. Both the arrays will be of the same length.

Example

Input:

```
[1, 2, 3]
[5, 4, 3]
```

```
[4, 7, 5, 2]
[2, 3, 2, 1]
```

Output:

```
26 = 5 * 3 + 4 * 2 + 3 * 1
41 = 7 * 3 + 5 * 2 + 4 * 2 + 2 * 1
```

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Implementation

- We will first sort both the arrays in any order.
- Then we will find the product of the each elements and add them.
- Everything will be written in [ES6](#).

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```
let productSum = (arr1, arr2) => {  
  //sort the arrays in ascending order  
  arr1.sort();  
  arr2.sort();  
  
  let sum = 0;  
  
  //calculate the sum of the products  
  for(let i = 0; i < arr1.length; i++){  
    sum += arr1[i] * arr2[i];  
  }  
  
  return sum;  
}
```

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Input:
console.log(productSum([1, 2, 3], [5, 4, 3]));
console.log(productSum([4, 7, 5, 2], [2, 3, 2, 1]));

Output:
26
41

Time complexity: $O(n \log n)$;

Space complexity: $O(1)$;

Time and Space complexity

- We are sorting both the arrays which will take $O(n \log n)$ then we are calculating the sum of the products of each element which will take $O(n)$, so Time complexity is $O(n \log n)$.
- We are using constant space, so Space complexity is $O(1)$.

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We sort the arrays so that we should be able to multiply bigger numbers together and then add them to get the maximum sum.

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