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# Check if string contains a substring in javascript

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An algorithm to check if given [string](#) contains a substring.

We will implement an algorithm in javascript to search a given substring in the string. Everything will be written in [ES6](#).

## Example

### Input:

```
'I am Prashant Yadav'
'Prashant'
'Search'
'Yadav'
'substring'
'dav'
```

### Output:

```
true
false
true
false
true
```

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## Using String's inbuilt functions to check if string contains substring

### Implementation

We can use [indexOf\(\)](#) method to check if the given string contains substring.

```
let hasSubString = (str, sub) => {
  return str.indexOf(sub) !== -1;
}
```

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[Copy](#)**Input:**

```
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Prashant'));
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'prashant'));
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Search'));
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Yadav'));
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'substring'));
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'dav'));
```

**Output:**

```
true
false
false
true
false
true
```

Time complexity:  $O(n)$ .

Space complexity:  $O(1)$ .

## Time and Space complexity

- We are checking the substring using string's [indexOf](#) method, so Time complexity is  $O(n)$ .
- We are using constant space, so Space complexity is  $O(1)$ .

Alternatively we can also use [includes\(\)](#) method to find the substring in the given string which uses [indexOf](#) inbuilt to do the same, But it is not supported by all browsers. So you will need to use [Polyfill.io](#) or any other library.

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```
let hasSubString = (str, sub) => {
  return str.includes(sub);
}
```

As you can see we can only check case sensitive substrings with this above methods.

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We can solve this issue if we use Regular Expressions.

# Using Regular Expressions

## Implementation

- We will use String [match\(\)](#) method which uses regular expressions to search the substring and returns the [arrays](#) of matching [objects](#).

```
let hasSubString = (str, sub) => {  
  //For case sensitive  
  //let re = new RegExp(sub,"g");  
  
  //for case insensitive  
  let re = new RegExp(sub,"gi");  
  
  return (str.match(re) || []).length !== 0;  
}
```

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```
Input:  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Prashant'));  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'prashant'));  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Search'));  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'Yadav'));  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'substring'));  
console.log(hasSubString('I am Prashant Yadav', 'dav'));
```

**Output:**

```
true  
true  
false  
true  
false  
true
```

Copy

Time complexity:  $O(1)$ .

Space complexity:  $O(1)$ .

## Time and Space complexity

- We are using regular expressions to search the substring in the string, so Time complexity is  $O(1)$ .
- We are using constant space, so Space complexity is  $O(1)$ .

Regular expressions running depends upon its implementation so it can be slow some time.

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