Homework Problem 1.5

Mutual information of three random variables? Given three random variables X, Y, and Z, one is tempted to define a "mutual information" for all three variables,

$$H(X:Y:Z) \equiv H(X:Y) - H(X:Y|Z) = H(X) - H(X|Y) - H(X|Z) + H(X|Y,Z)$$

meant to be the amount of information shared by all three variables.

- (a) Using a three-variable version of the Venn diagram for the joint information quantities of two variables (see the lecture notes or Nielsen and Chuang Fig. 11.2), *justify* the above definition.
- (b) Show that this H(X:Y:Z) can be negative (and thus is unsuitable as a measure of shared information) by considering the example of three binary variables with probabilities

$$p_{000} = p_{111} = 0$$
, $p_{001} = p_{010} = p_{100} = \frac{1}{3}$, $p_{110} = p_{101} = p_{011} = 0$.