

# Al Microscope

-Classify Blood Cells-

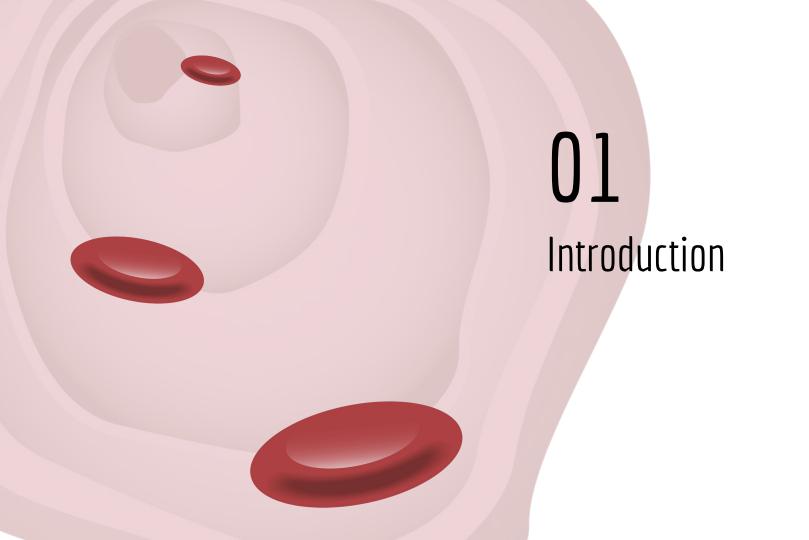
Frauke Albrecht

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02 Data 05 Conclusions

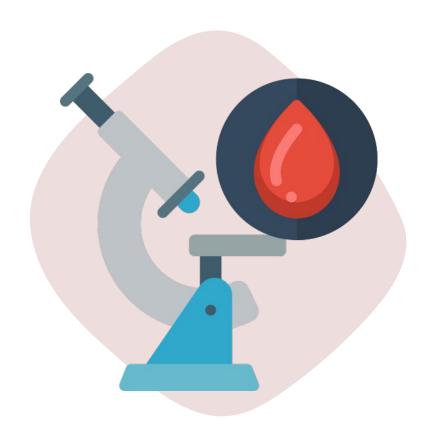
03 Approach

06 Outlook



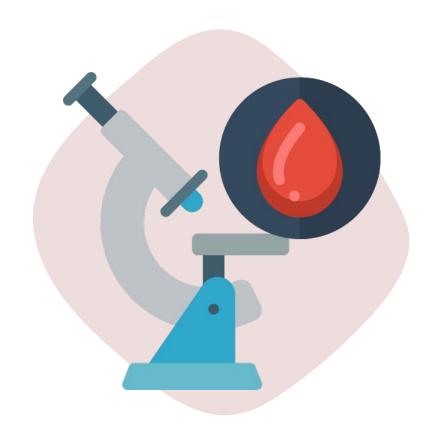
# Background

- White blood cells important for the immune system and defend the body against infectious disease and foreign materials
- **5 main types** of white blood cells
- Share commonalities but are distinct in form and function



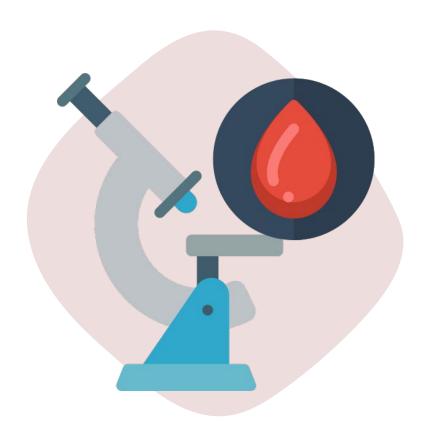
# Objective

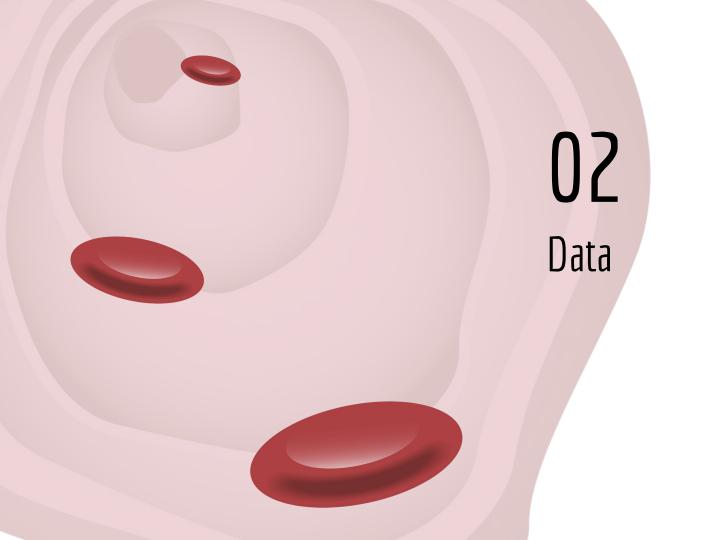
Automize Classification of different types of white blood cells in microscope images

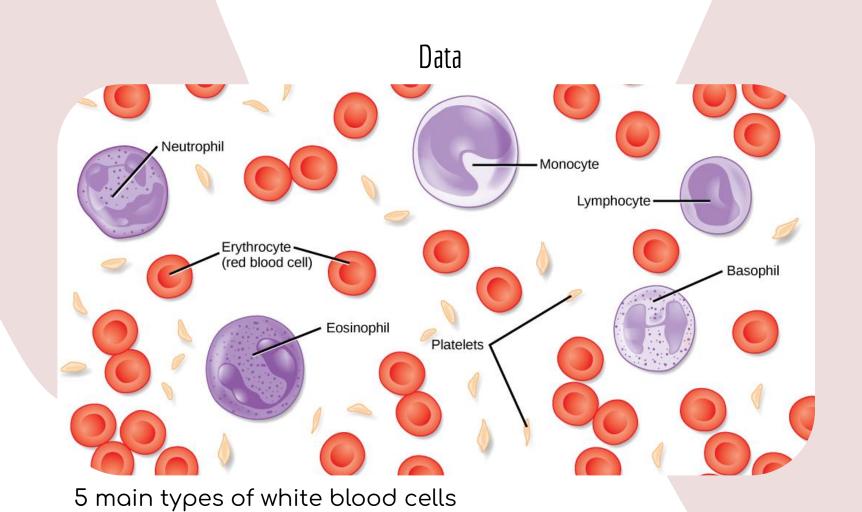


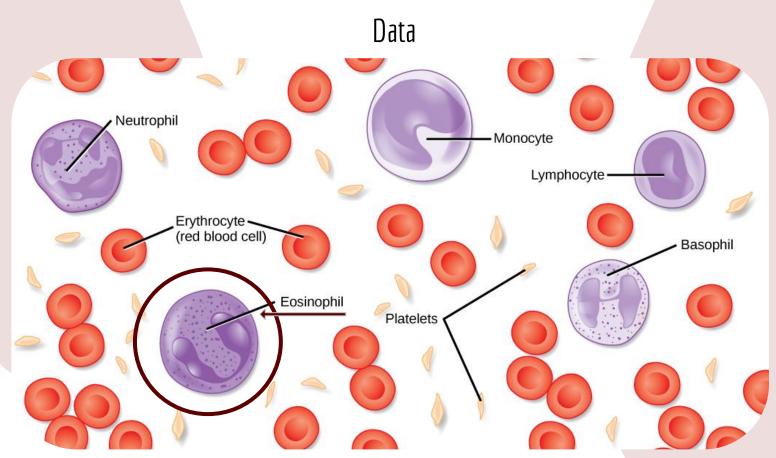
## Motivation

- Support medical experts with visual diagnosis
- Increase diagnostic accuracy

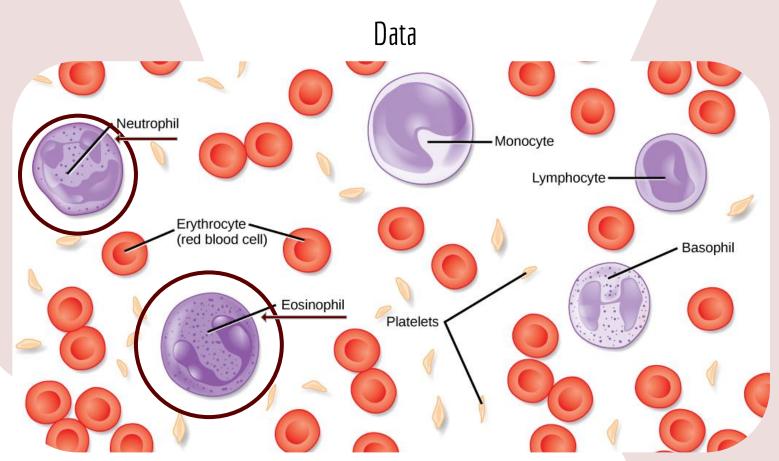




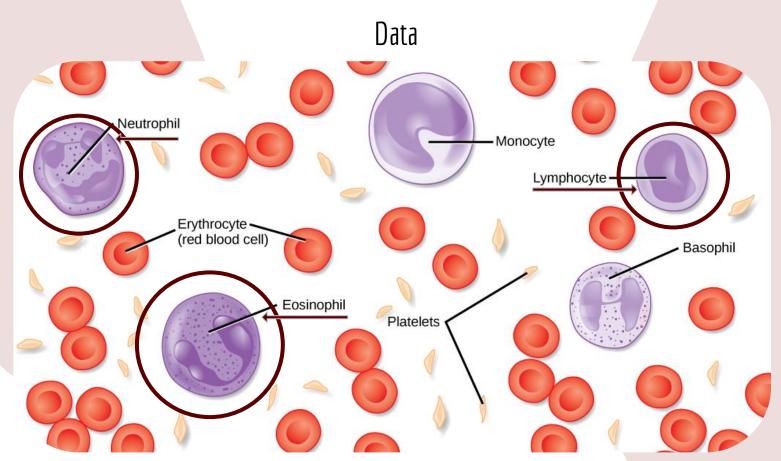




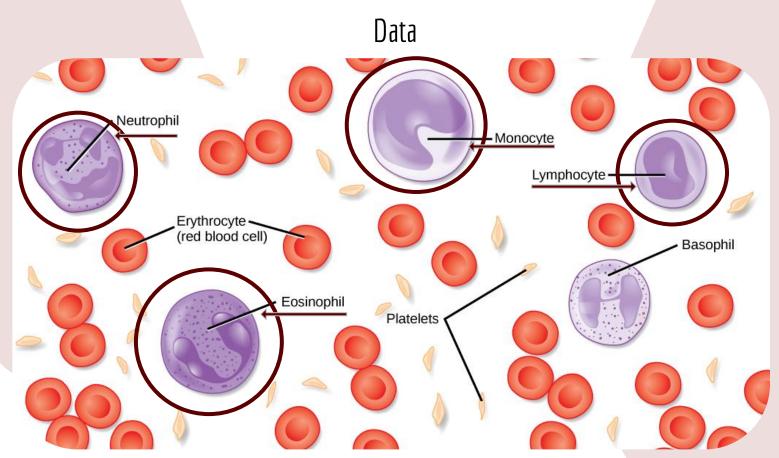
5 main types of white blood cells



5 main types of white blood cells

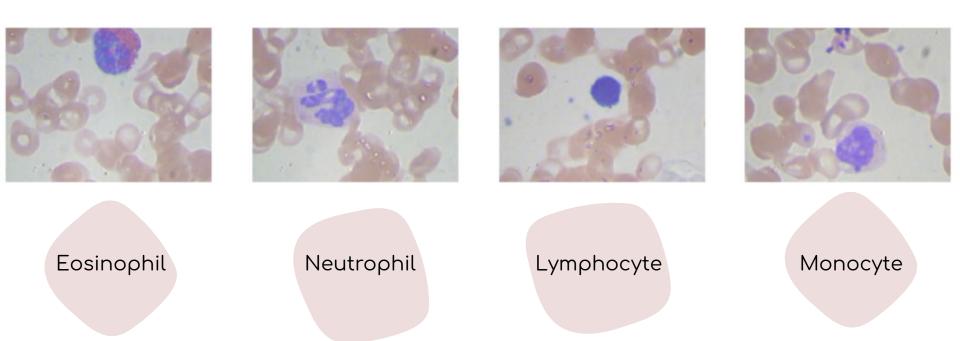


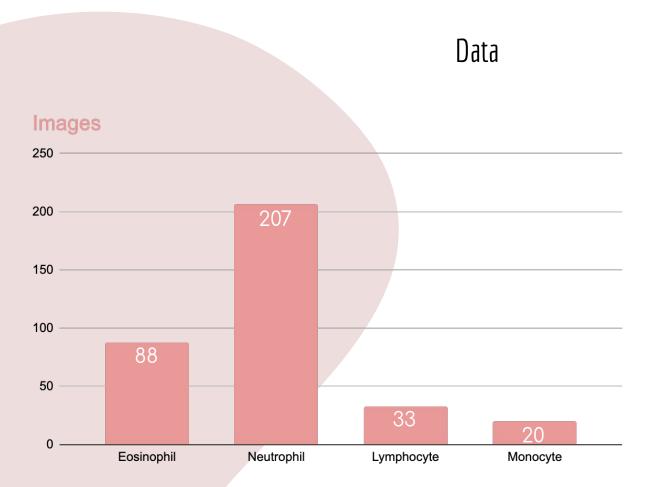
5 main types of white blood cells



5 main types of white blood cells

## Examples

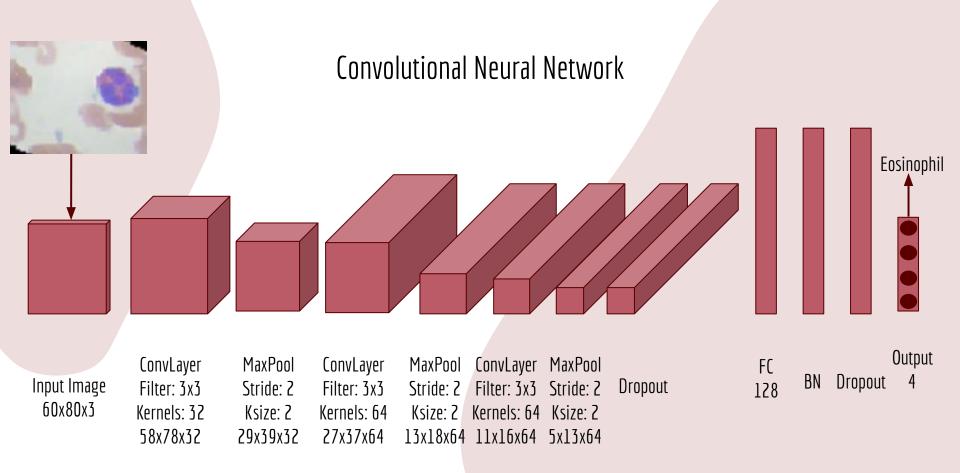


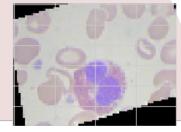


348 images total

Images have been augmented to about 2500 for each category

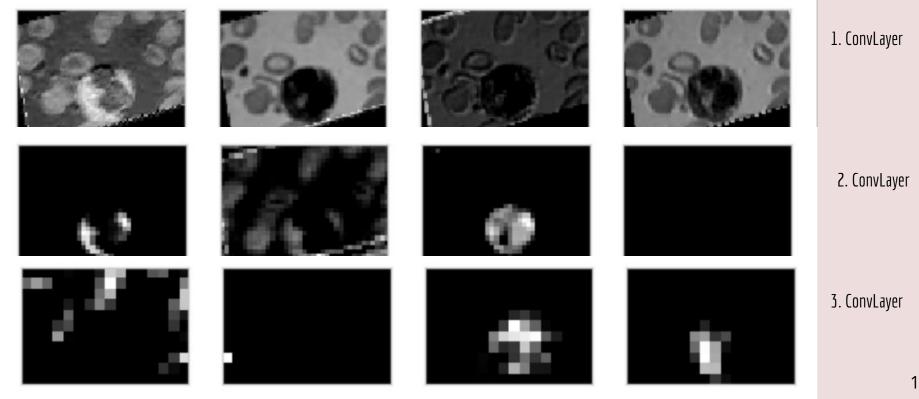






input

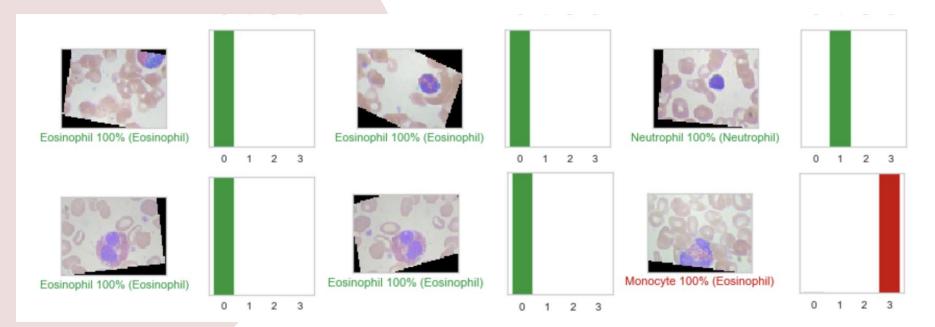
# Feature Importance

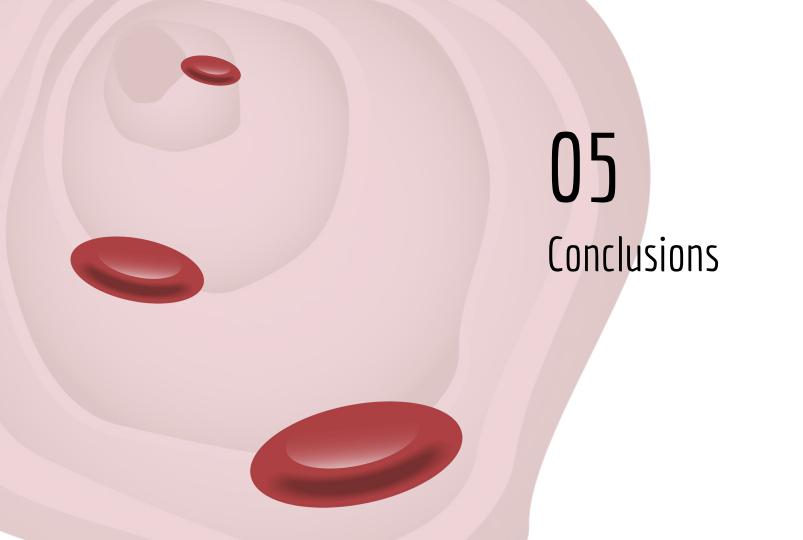




#### Results

#### Accuracy 85%



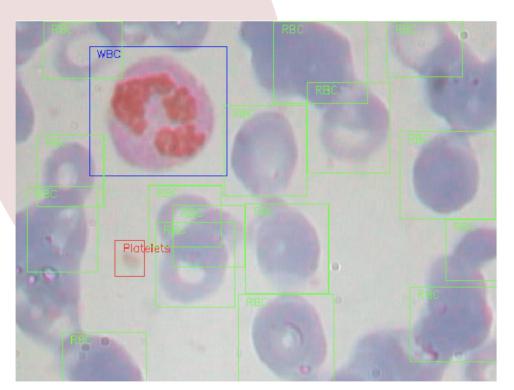


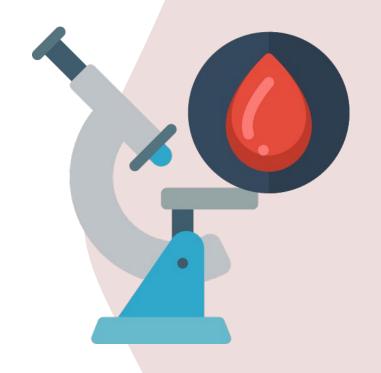
#### **Conclusions**

- Developed automated tool for blood cell classification from images
- Classified 4 types of cells
- 85% accuracy
- First step to a bigger problem:
  In practice important to detect and count white blood cells



## Outlook: Object Detection





An increased or decreased number of leukocytes indicates the presence of a disorder.





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https://github.com/froukje/

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## Data

Category		
Eosinophil	Responsible for combating multicellular parasites and certain infections; control mechanisms associated with allergy and asthma	
Neutrophil	Kill bacterias. Migrate toward sites of infection or inflammation	
Lymphocyte	Lysis of virally infected cells and tumour cells; Release cytokines and growth factors that regulate other immune cells; Immunoregulation and cytotoxicity; Secretion of antibodies	
Monocyte	Replenishing resident macrophages under normal conditions; migration in response to inflammation signals; differentiation into macrophages or dendritic cells to effect an immune response.	

### Data

Category	Туре	Size	%
Eosinophil	granulocyte/ myeloid	12–17µm	1 - 3%
Neutrophil	granulocyte/ myeloid	12-15µm	60 - 70%
Lymphocyte	mononuclear leukocyte (agranulocyte)/ lymphoid	6-10µm	25 - 40%
Monocyte	mononuclear leukocyte (agranulocyte)/ myeloid	12-10µm	2 - 10%

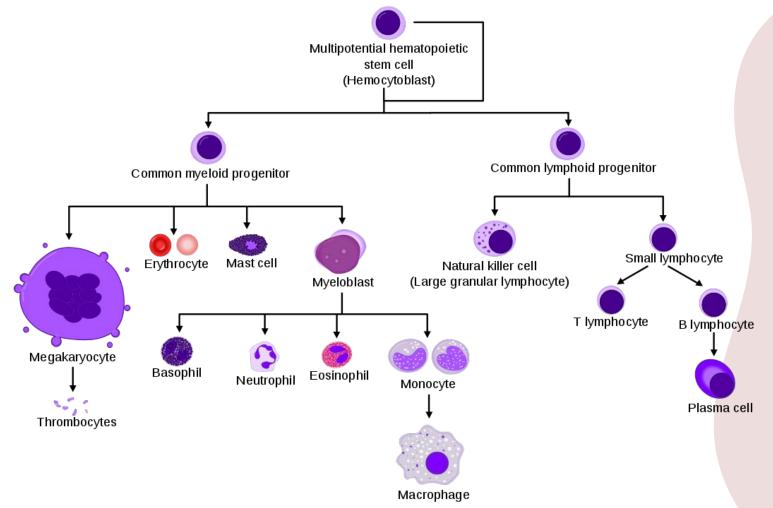
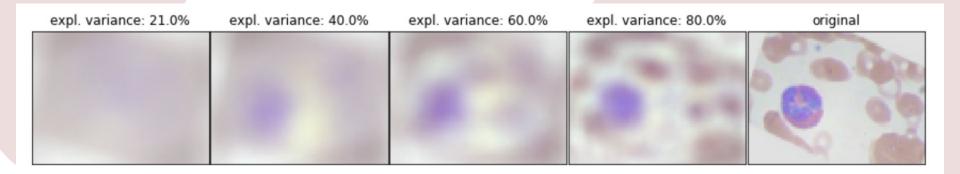


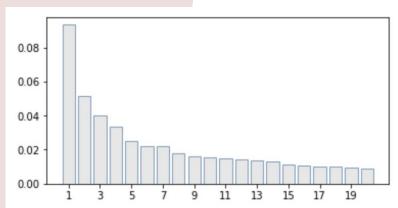
Image: "By A. Rad and M. Häggström. CC-BY-SA 3.0 license." - Image:Hematopoiesis (human) diagram.png by A. Rad, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=7351905

## Principal Component Analysis

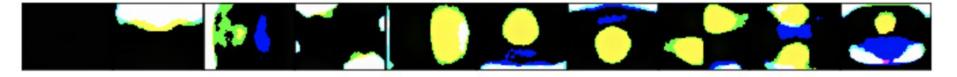


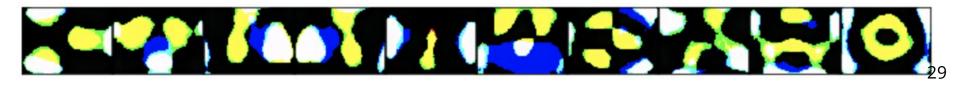
## Principal Component Analysis

#### Explained Variance



Eigenvectors





## Principal Component Analysis

