Aneurismi

Single allelic variants frequency in patients group compared to healthy people

Reference: Table 1

CYP2A6*2

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 2.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 1 # To avoid p-value = 1
print(ctable)
##
            allelic.variant
             AA AT
## group
##
    control 145
    patient 319 14
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.8138
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3348569 2.7207877
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.9092758
```

CYP2A6*B2

##

```
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.126
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
CYP2A6*14
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 14.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
##
            allelic.variant
## group
              CC CT
##
     control 146
    patient 320 11
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
   Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.7857
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3638609 5.4910320
```

Allelic combinations frequency in patients group compared to healthy people

sample estimates:

1.254086

odds ratio

##

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - allelic-combinations.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
            combination
             AA-AA-CC AA-AA-CT AA-AG-CC AA-AG-CT AA-GG-CC AT-AA-CC AT-AG-CC
## group
                    23
                                     117
                                                          2
     control
                              1
                                                 1
                                                                             1
                                                                    2
                    42
                              0
                                     264
                                                11
                                                          1
                                                                            11
##
     patient
            combination
##
## group
             AT-AG-CT
##
     control
                    0
     patient
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
   Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
```

```
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.01129
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Clinical features in patients

```
CYP2A6 2 - singolo vs multiplo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 2 - multipli.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                 multipli
## allelic.variant
                   0
               AA 265 53
##
               AT 13
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
  Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.2364
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.000000 1.703047
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
##
CYP2A6 2 - sangunanti vs non sanguinanti
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 2 - sah.csv"
```

```
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                   \operatorname{sah}
## allelic.variant
                     0
##
                 AA 72 246
##
                 AΤ
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
##
   Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.505
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.1775993 3.0171264
## sample estimates:
```

```
## odds ratio
## 0.6594533
```

CYP2A6 2 - fumo vs non fumo

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 2 - smoke.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
##
                  fumo
## allelic.variant
##
                AA 235 83
##
                AT 12
                         1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.1969
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.005458611 1.645295289
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
      0.23663
{
m CYP2A6~B2} - singolo vs multiplo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 B2 - multipli.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  multipli
## allelic.variant
                    0
##
                AA 35
                         9
                AG 242 44
##
                GG
                    1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.4813
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

CYP2A6 B2 - sangunanti vs non sanguinanti

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 B2 - sah.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
```

```
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 1
print(ctable)
                  sah
## allelic.variant
                    0
                         1
##
                AA 11 35
##
                AG 67 221
##
                GG
                    1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.8699
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
CYP2A6 B2 - fumo vs non fumo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 B2 - smoke.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
##
                  fumo
## allelic.variant
                    0
                         1
##
                AA 34 10
##
                AG 212 74
##
                GG
                    1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
  Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.7868
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
CYP2A6 14 - singolo vs multiplo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 14 - multipli.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 2
print(ctable)
                  multipli
                   0
## allelic.variant
##
                CC 270 54
##
                CT 12
```

```
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.7246
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.218925 4.846200
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
    1.249121
CYP2A6 14 - sangunanti vs non sanguinanti
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 14 - sah.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  sah
## allelic.variant
##
                CC 76 244
                CT
                    0 11
fisher.test(ctable)
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.0749
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.7596854
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
##
         Inf
CYP2A6 14 - fumo vs non fumo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - CYP2A6 14 - smoke.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  fumo
## allelic.variant 0
                         1
##
                CC 240
##
                CT
                   7
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
```

##

```
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.4798
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3578376 6.9387894
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
    1.711172
Allelic combinations - multiplo vs non multiplo
```

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - allelic_combinations - multipli.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 2
print(ctable)
##
              multipli
## combination
##
      AA-AA-CC 35 11
##
      AA-AG-CC 223
##
      AA-AG-CT 12
##
      AA-GG-CC
                3
                     2
      AT-AA-CC
                     2
##
                4
      AT-AG-CC 13
                     2
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
  Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.3926
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Allelic combinations - sangunanti vs non

```
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - allelic_combinations - sah.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 2
print(ctable)
```

```
##
             sah
## combination
               0
                    1
##
     AA-AA-CC 11 35
##
     AA-AG-CC 65 203
##
     AA-AG-CT
               2 13
##
     AA-GG-CC
##
     AT-AA-CC
               3
                  3
##
     AT-AG-CC
              5 10
```

```
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.4328
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
Allelic combinations - fumo vs non fumo
filepath = "/home/frpnz/Projects/aneurismi/aneurismi_fumo - allelic_combinations - smoke.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 2
print(ctable)
##
              fumo
## combination
     AA-AA-CC 34 12
##
##
     AA-AG-CC 197
##
     AA-AG-CT
##
     AA-GG-CC
##
     AT-AA-CC
      AT-AG-CC 12
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.7547
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Single polymorphisms and combinations correlation with IA rupture and smoking habits

```
Reference Table 4 ## Smoke + SAH vs No smoke + SAH ## CYP2A6 2
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 2.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  Smoke...SAH
## allelic.variant 0
                        1
##
                AA 165
                        81
                AΤ
                     8
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
```

```
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.2789
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.005673704 1.961495500
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.2556439
Smoke + SAH vs No smoke + SAH
CYP2A6 B2
```

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 B2.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  Smoke...SAH
## allelic.variant
                    0
##
                AA 24 10
                AG 148 72
##
##
                GG
                    1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.8943
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Smoke + SAH vs No smoke + SAH

CYP2A6 14

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 14.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
                  Smoke...SAH
## allelic.variant
                    0 1
##
                CC 166 78
                CT
##
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.7494
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
## 0.253243 4.946661
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 1.215131
```

Smoke + NOSAH vs No smoke + NOSAH

CYP2A6 2

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - no sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 2.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 1
print(ctable)
                  Smoke...NO.SAH
##
## allelic.variant 0 1
                AA 71 3
##
##
                AT 5 1
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.2725
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.075263 71.139361
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
##
   4.574082
```

Smoke + NOSAH vs No smoke + NOSAH

CYP2A6 B2

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - no sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 B2.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
ctable = ctable + 1
print(ctable)
                  Smoke...NO.SAH
## allelic.variant 0 1
##
                AA 11 1
                AG 65 3
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 0.4851
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.03708556 29.04874789
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.5129739
```

Smoke + NOSAH vs No smoke + NOSAH

CYP2A6 14

Fisher's exact test is appropriate only for tables, or parts of tables, with two rows and two columns that contain values (for example, a nested section of a larger table may be valid for this test). Rows and columns with no respondent data are ignored by the test, so a table with two rows and two columns may not be valid if, for example, one of the rows has no data. Conversely, a table with three rows and two columns may be suitable for the test if one of the rows has no data. You can use this test on its own or in addition to the chi-square test. If you request the chi-square test and Fisher's exact test on the same table, a single chi-square column is used to display the results for both tests. If you request Fisher's exact test on a table that does not meet the requirements, it is not carried out. The value returned by Fisher's exact test is the two-tailed p value, which does not distinguish between significantly high and significantly low results.

Serve aggiungere CT 0 nel dataframe

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - no sah - smoke - nosmoke - CYP2A6 14.csv"
dat = read.csv(filepath)
ctable <- table(dat)</pre>
print(ctable)
##
                  Smoke...NO.SAH
## allelic.variant 0 1
##
                CC 74 2
##
                CT 1 0
fisher.test(ctable, alternative="two.sided")
##
##
   Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: ctable
## p-value = 1
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##
       0.000 1429.848
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
```

Smoke + NOSAH vs No smoke + NOSAH

Allelic combinations

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - no sah - smoke - nosmoke - allelic-comb.csv"
dat <- read.csv(filepath, header=TRUE, sep=",", row.names=1)
fisher.test(dat, alternative="two.sided")
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data</pre>
```

```
##
## data: dat
## p-value = 1
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided
```

Smoke + SAH vs No smoke + SAH

Allelic combinations

```
filepath = "aneurismi_fumo - sah - smoke - nosmoke - allelic-comb.csv"
dat <- read.csv(filepath, header=TRUE, sep=",", row.names=1)
fisher.test(dat, alternative="two.sided")

##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: dat
## p-value = 0.8598
## alternative hypothesis: two.sided</pre>
```

Bleeding and smoking in AA-AG-CC polymorphisms combination group

```
filepath = "bleeding_smoking_in_AA-AG-CC.csv"
dat <- read.csv(filepath, header=TRUE, sep=",", row.names=1)
fisher.test(dat, alternative="two.sided")

##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: dat
## p-value = 1.413e-05
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.01103686 0.37781542
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.09563267</pre>
```