

ARE213 Problem Set #1B

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1 Problem #1

1.1 Part A

Under the assumption of random assignment conditional on the observables, what are the sources of misspecification bias in the estimates generated by the linear model estimated in Problem Set 1a?

I think this is referring to the covariance between smoking and age.

1.2 Part B

Now, consider a series estimator. Estimate the smoking effects using a flexible functional form for the control variables (e.g., higher order terms and interactions). What are the benefits and drawbacks to this approach?

2 Problem #2

2.1 Part A

To calculate the propensity score, we estimated a logit model of mother's tobacco use (0=non-smoker, 1=smoker) as determined by the predetermined covariates shown in Table

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Table 1: Propensity scores calculated for mother's smoking status

	Mother Tobacco-Use Status	
	(1)	(2)
Mother's Race not White or Black	-1.956*** (0.134)	-1.954*** (0.133)
Mother's Years of Education	-0.817*** (0.028)	-0.818*** (0.028)
Marital status	-0.205*** (0.005)	-0.204*** (0.005)
Father's age	-1.256*** (0.022)	-1.251*** (0.021)
Father's Years of Education	0.029*** (0.002)	0.030*** (0.001)
Father Mexican	-0.131*** (0.005)	-0.131*** (0.005)
Father Puerto Rican	-1.961*** (0.173)	-1.957*** (0.173)
Father Cuban	-1.267*** (0.058)	-1.268*** (0.058)
Father Central or South American	-0.567 (0.364)	-0.567 (0.364)
Father Race Other or Unknown Hispanic	-1.933*** (0.205)	-1.932*** (0.205)
Plurality of Infant	-0.890*** (0.120)	-0.889*** (0.120)
Sex of Infant	-0.148*** (0.054)	
Mother's age	-0.019 (0.017)	
dmage	0.003 (0.002)	
Constant	2.873*** (0.088)	2.707*** (0.064)
<i>N</i>	114,610	114,610
Log Likelihood	-44,310.690	-44,315.790
Akaike Inf. Crit.	88,651.370	88,655.580

Notes:

***Significant at the 1 percent level.

**Significant at the 5 percent level.

*Significant at the 10 percent level.